

D

WILLIAM SMITH,
SIC.

March 2nd /83

Dear Sir,

Your note followed
me here where I am residing
at present. To write a paper
on the history of Secianism
requires much fuller and
more exact information than
I possess. I probably know
more on the subject than the
readers of the 'Contemporary,' but

March 2 183

certainly far less than would
justify me in taking such a
task out of the hands of more
competent persons.

If you are anxious for
a paper on the subject there
is a professional man connected
with the new University in Ireland
and who has written a very able
book, whom I would suggest for
the purpose as the fittest man
I know. I do not name him be-
cause I have not had time

to consult him, but if you desire
it I will propose the subject to
him in your behalf. In that
case you should give him some
idea of the available space, and
any other information usual in
such cases.

Believe me dear Sir

Very faithfully yours

John Duff

Percey William Hastings Esq.

Villa Cornelia.

Cimiez, Nice.

Nov 1

1883

Sir

I would be very well disposed to write on Australian Federation, if I had leisure. I was chairman of the first select committee appointed on the subject by any Australian parliament, and of the last Royal Commission. But I am very busy with studies for a book, which I interrupted, longer than was discreet, to write an article commenced in the Decr number of the Nineteenth Century and to be printed in January.

I scanned the Reports and other documents
connected with the ^{Federation} ~~movement~~ to be collected
in a little volume, a copy of which I
will send you if any competent person
undertakes to write upon the question.

I have never seen Professor Seely's
'Extension of England', nor any review
of it that I remember.

Yours truly

John Ruskin

Given Dubby

D

Cum gratia
May 4th

1886

My dear Sir

Tell me whether you approve of this
project? I am thinking of writing an
article for your June number entitled
'In Committee' - on the Irish Government Bill,
which had not reached me - a business
indeed - when I wrote the last article.

It would probably ^{be} 20 pages long, and
incidentally deal with the objections raised by
opponents of the measure, as well as
suggest necessary amendments.

And there is the risk that the Bill
will not be read a second time - which
at this distance I can only judge unsafely -
and in that case the article would be worthless
and ought not to be published - for of course
the Bill would not go ^{into} ~~into~~ Committee.

Suppose you approve, may tell
me the latest date it must reach you to
send me proofs for revision. I never before
published an article which I had not revised,
and I see many things which I would have
improved in the last article. In case I
write another proofs are indispensable to me.

Why did you strike out the name of
the place ^{where} it was written? It was intended
to account for any error of the latest facts
which might appear in the article. I speak
'Carmichael's Atlas Meridional' as written in
the 'Nineteenth Century' and 'National Review'
for the same purpose.

Yours truly

James Duff

You have not put your address
in your note, so that I could then be your
publisher.

D

Amos Rice

May 12 1886

My dear Sir

I have received the check
- very thank.

As respects a second article
it will be too late to begin one
when I have seen the debate
on the second reading. I could
not get time to revise; and
though the text was very correctly
printed from copy, it wanted the
final touches without which I am
always dissatisfied with my work.

I intend to write, and publish at
some timely moment when I have
a chance of being listened to - a
plan of our best Constitution
on Mr. Gladstone's general lines,
which would probably content
the Ministry in Ireland. What unless
in any case ensure them for
play. Mr. G. has forgotten
them.

If the Pulls are read a second
time and withdrawn in considera-
tion, the whole might appear
in July. There is no use in
mustering details till the House of
Commons have said yes or no

to the general principle. I have
thought the subject out carefully,
and only await the right moment.

My fingers tingle to cross her
fosterer's shallow and impudent pre-
sibilities, but I do not wish to
repose the chance of being listened
to on a precipitate engagement in
the matter.

Vy With love

Yours Truly

D

St Martin lantosque

Alpes Maritimes

14th July / 86

My dear Sir,

I am busy on the article, but I wish to wait for the latest news. I will despatch it to you on Monday the 19th, by which it ought to reach you on Wednesday evening the 21st or Thursday morning the 22nd.

As I cannot hope to see proofs, I will thank you to have it read as carefully as the last was, and I particularly

wish the printer to send me
proofs the moment it is revised
that I might telegraph any
correction in case of necessity.

I mean to keep it as close
to ten pages as I can, but I
am not able to estimate it
very closely yet, while it is in pro-
cess of being written.

Very Faithfully yours

Charles Drayton

Villa Marguerite
Nice
April 6th

1892

Dear Mr Bunting

Do not trouble yourself about the republication of the Carlyle papers. I have accepted a proposal of Sampson Low & Co to have the publication for three years which will give the little volume an unusually good chance of making its way in America and Australia.

What you say of the Labor vote in the House of Commons, is one of many illustrations of the fact that our leaders know nothing of the warnings which greater Britain supplies.

One man one vote has been before the Democratic parliament of Victoria for more than an entire generation without becoming law. Within the

last few months it has been rejected by the ^{Legislature} ~~Legislature~~ ^{Cornish} ~~Assembly~~ in New South Wales, and ^{Legislature} ~~Assembly~~ in Victoria

Smashing the House of Lords seems the easiest task to some deluded Radicals, but in Australia where there is manhood suffrage and the Upper House has no hereditary rank wealth or prestige, thirty years have been spent without success in trying to bring it to submission

Very faithfully yours

Samuel Butler

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Jan 31st 1892

Dear Mr. Bunting

One of my sons from Australia has just arrived on a short visit, and as I shall be much engaged for a time it would be well to send, as soon as possible the review of Part III, and the proof of Part IV. of the Carlyle papers that I may finish the work satisfactorily.

I shall not discuss your note on the Cash question; it was humiliating enough to discuss it once. But the necessary consequences of it need trouble neither of us. You have no lack of contributors, and will never miss one. And for my part I will feel it a relief to escape from so troublesome and profitless a task as writing for a monthly review has proved.

You do not I think take cordially to the

alternative I proposed to supplement inadequate
payment, and therefore we will say no more
about it. Very faithfully yours

Oliver D. Dwyer

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Jan 1892

Dear Mr Bunting

If one sends a brief to a barrister with an inadequate fee, the barrister returns it; if we consult a London physician and tender him less than the fee he expects he is careful to inform us of ^{our} ~~his~~ mistake. Is there any good reason why a man of letters should not follow these examples? I have never written for money, and in truth never gave a thought to the scale of payment for review articles, till your volunteered offer on the receipt of the first of the Carlyle papers to "increase the honorarium" turned my attention to the subject. I have several times written the article in the Contemporary Review which the critics pronounced to be the best in

the number, and I find that I have been paid at the
notable rate of less than a penny a line. It was
certainly not wonderful that you should propose to
increase the honorarium. But by your cheque I find
you have not increased it; on the contrary you
have diminished it, by paying for ~~33~~ ³⁴ pages
as if they were 30. Why so? Is a ~~paper~~ ^{paper} ~~studied~~
studied with remarkable letters by Carlyle, and
containing such a report of his conversation as
has not before appeared less valuable than my
ordinary lucubrations? Is the article different
from what you supposed it to be when you made
your proposition? The critical press have been emphatic
in their reception of it. The chief of them, the
Spectator, says it is not only the best paper of the
number, but the best in any of the reviews
for January; that it contains the veritable
language of Carlyle, and will be a permanent
addition to English literature. Right I do allow
a public company who own a review to
pay me for this article, at the rate paid to the

man who furnished dreadful accidents to the penny
press. A couple of weeks ago a well known contributor
to the Nineteenth Century, who visited me here told me
he was paid two guineas a page for his articles
and more than once had received £50. for a
paper little over twenty pages.

I desire to keep faith with you and my
readers, and I therefore send you the concluding
paper of the Carlyle series (that it may be put
into type as soon as practicable) without waiting
the decision of this cash question. Nor shall
I debate it any more, for it is not of the slightest
practical importance to me, but it must get
settled now once for all in whatever way
you think proper.

It may of course be that the profits of
the Review do not admit of adequate payment
of contributors. In that case there are other
compensations you can make me which I prefer
to money. I am far from London and know

few publishers; you are in London and know, or can know
any you please. I wish to bring out the Carlyle papers
in a handsome little volume when they are complete,
and would be glad to sell an edition of them at a fair
price to a respectable publisher with all rights for
two or three years. I would not sell the copy-right
as I believe it will be a permanent work as a
true picture of Carlyle in his dressing gown and
slippers. This will put you to some trouble, but
you do not know I think, what inordinate trouble
these papers cost me. The letters had to be copied by
an amanuensis, and a young Russian was the
only man I could get to do it in haste; they had
to be revised and re-revised several times to
guard against his necessary errors, a task which
with my impaired sight could only be repaid by
a great and acknowledged success.

I am going to London in June to arrange
for a People's Edition of my historical works, and
I want a page of the Contemporary Review's
Duffy

Jan 21/92

advertisements sheet from time to advertise them
How many times in the year can you give me a
page, in lieu of an increased honorarium?

The revision of the III paper, and the h.s.
of the fourth and last go to you by this
post in a registered parcel

Very faithfully yours.

Swan Duffy

Villa Marguerite
Sunday.

1891

Dear M^r Bunting

I am greatly disturbed and disappointed by your note this morning proposing to cut off the article on Carlyle before the ^{Conversations} ~~Consequence~~ begins. It will entirely destroy the effect of it. I had just prepared part II. with immense trouble for my eyes are again very weak, and I revised part I., which I understood was not to appear till January, sending them to you today. I wired at once as you asked me to do my objection to the

proposed alteration and if it has been made
it will destroy my interest in the series they
cost me a great deal of trouble were calculated
I think to make a remarkable impression
and I took more pains with them than any
thing is worth at my time of life.

I do not at all understand why you
altered the arrangement suggested for
such sufficient reasons by yourself,
and to which I assented of only beginning
the series with the new year

Very faithfully yours

Edwin Duffy

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Nov 13th

1891

Dear M^r Bunting

It will perhaps be better for the reasons you state to begin the Carlyle papers in January. I never sent you any thing of which I had such a strong conviction that it would be well received by a wide public.

I will send you tomorrow a revise of the payment of members article. I am not at all delighted with the coadjutors you propose to give me. If you had named them originally I fear I would not have been one of the company. Could you not get M^r Bryce to write on the subject; and as the other side ought to be heard ~~on the subject~~ M^r Dicey. The

question is not at all pressing as nothing
can be done in the next session of parliament
and it would be better to have a good batch
even in February, than a middling one in
December. The question ought to be treated
chiefly by men who have no personal
but only a public interest in it Festings letter

Very faithfully yours

J. D. P. 11

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Nov 9th

1891

Dear M^r-Panting

I have sent to the printer a revised of the Carlyle paper with some additional letters which had been accidentally omitted from their right place.

Pray look over the article and consider whether you ought not to send to the literary journals some announcement of the rich Carlyle materials which the Series will contain, Ex pede Herculem

I have received the proof of the Payment of Members article, but you have not sent me proofs of

^{the} other articles on the subject which would enable
me to understand your design. Mine was
intended to be one of a batch, and
to appear last or among the last
in the batch. This is the only way in
which I can consent to its appearing.
Published by itself it would be ridiculous
as it only touches one corner of the
question. I ~~had~~ retain the proof till
I hear further

Very faithfully yours

John D. Duff

Ville Marguerite
Nice
October 19th

1891

Dear M^r Muntz

I spent my holidays in the mountains
preparing for publication Conversations And Correspondence
With Thomas Carlyle of which I told you last year.

I travelled with him for six weeks in Ireland
in 1849. In his account of that excursion
(My Irish Journey Sampson Low & Co) he
repeatedly describes how I made him talk
In fact he talked of anything I suggested
and I suggested such men books and events
as were of most interest to me.

It will make hot or perhaps three
articles for as the correspondence was copied
by one hand and the conversations by another

I cannot measure the materials accurately,
but I do not think I have published anything
in the Contemporary so likely to excite public
interest. There are nearly a hundred
letters out of which I have made judicious
selections covering a wide variety of subjects.
I would prefer to publish when parliament
is not sitting, and could send the first
papers so as to reach the printer's hands by
the 1st November.

The note you forwarded to M^r Schnadhorst
seems to have produced some effect. Sir
William Harcourt has since propounded
at Glasgow the identical policy I suggested,
but its effect will be seriously diminished
by disclosing it beforehand.

Very faithfully yours

Leven Duff

Nice
Wednesday evening

1891

Dear Mr. Munton,

As I was finishing
my article a telegram arrived
to the New York Herald Office
here stating that the negotiations
with Mr. Russell had in the
end entirely failed. If this be so
my article will be of no use.
It was written on the supposition
that they had substantially
succeeded and it does not
admit of being altered to
harmonize with the new circumstances.

As it is possible the telegram
may be erroneous. I send a
little more of it ready for the
press. There are about 5 or 6
Mr. S pages to be revised and
copied in order to complete
it. Tomorrow if the negotiations
have succeeded, I will send
these pages to you otherwise it
would be of course useless

very faithfully yours

W. D. Duff

Villa Marguerite
Dec 10th

1890

Dear Mr Bunting

The time has not come when I could write with any advantage on the Irish conflict, because though I am disgusted with Parnell and all his works, I am dissatisfied with Mr Gladstone.

He has been as loud about the butchery at Mitchelstown as upon the atrocities in Bulgaria, but he proposes to leave the system which produced it in full force. While his Irish parliament was haranguing in Dublin, some future Balfour, or indeed Balfour himself, might order new Mitchelstowns or new Dipperaries.

Suppose after exposing the Bulgarian atrocities, he had proposed to leave the Turks in full control of that state, what would you have thought of the wisdom and justice of such policy? and what would Bulgarians have thought?

And with the Land Question it is rather worse. If he will not give the Irish Parliament the power of dealing with the question, and cannot settle it himself because Mr Labouchere (who seems to be the real leader of the Liberal Party) will not allow him, why was not the Land Purchase Bill of the present government accepted and the difficulty got out of the way?

Nothing would give me more satisfaction than to exhibit Parnell as he really is to the Irish people, if I knew what was to succeed his downfall. Had Mr Gladstone given a prompt and frank answer to the questions sent him by the Irish Party, had he said that after Mitchelstown and Tipperary it was impossible to refuse the control of the police to the Irish Parliament, and that as respects the Land Question if the Imperial parliament did not settle it beforehand it must be left to the Irish parliament — for to leave it to an

Imperial parliament in which the Irish members were reduced to thirty was what he could not venture to propose — had he said this, I would have thrown myself immediately into the fray.

Certainly the question may be as you say not the form of Home Rule, but whether there is to be any Home Rule at present; but though it would be a stunning blow to me to go down to my grave without seeing Home Rule accomplished, I would rather do so, and bequeath the question to a future generation, than accept the burlesque of it foreshadowed in the Hawarden conversation.

That conversation rests you will say on Mr Parnell's authority. Very true, and I would be quite ready to disbelieve it if we were told what was said, but when the ^{vital} interest of my native country is at stake I cannot be content with mysteries and conundrums.

Perhaps before another month we will have light
in the darkness, and then I will willingly write.

A Catholic clergyman who was a close friend of
M^r Justice O'Hagan requests me to ask your permission
that he should copy from the Contemporary Review
with due acknowledgment, into a little periodical
which he edits, the last paper the judge wrote. I
hope you will see no objection.

Very faithfully yours

Samuel Duffy

If Mr S will not give
Home Ruler a definite answer
to suggest for the next election will
be seriously compromised.

Nice
Saturday evening

1890

Dear Mr Bunting

Up to this time the latest news ^{here} about the Irish conflict telegraphed is that the deputation to Gladstone produced no result. There will be no telegrams posted tomorrow and as the postmen get a holiday on ~~Saturday~~ Sunday evening the Times of Saturday will not be delivered until Monday morning.

If anything were settled either way I would begin to write immediately but while nothing is settled it is impossible what I write may be totally at variance and

inapplicable by the time the C R is published
and this would render us both ridiculous

Unless a result be arrived at in London
today which I would receive on Monday
I must give up the idea of writing at
present. It is only someone on the spot
with the latest information in hand who
can write usefully on a current and
fluctuating question. I think you will
agree with me in this.

Very faithfully yours

E. J. Duff

Villa Marguerite

Dec 15th

1890

Dear M^r. Bunting

I can think of nothing else but the Irish difficulty, and I am not indisposed to write a short article upon it say of a dozen pages. Pray tell me the latest day on which the M. S. would be in time to reach you with the understanding that I am to get a proof for revision without which I will never again publish anything.

And pray remember if I am to undertake this work that what I

write will not necessarily be your opinions
but mine. I dare say we are at one in
thinking that Parnell has rendered
himself impossible as a public man
~~not~~ only by the Divorce Court business
but by his shameful violation of confidence
respecting the Hawarden Conference

But I am equally clear that his
revelation has rendered it necessary
for Mr Gladstone to specify his ^{scheme} ~~scheme~~
of Home Rule. He says himself that the
plan which Parnell attributes to him
would be shameful treachery to Ireland
and I quite agree with him. But to go
on any longer in the dark would be to ruin
the Irish Cause. I can only begin to write

When the Parliamentary party come to some decision which I
am eagerly waiting. Mine will be the Irish view of the question, it
may be right of you to get some person to write a short article
giving the Gladstonian view and couple them together.

Very faithfully yours

A. J. P. S.

Villa Magnanite

Rice

Feb 9th -

1890

My dear M^r Bunting

I have received your note and cheque. As respects the articles on Responsible Government in Australia - for there must be at least two perhaps three, my sight is the only difficulty. But I have employed a man to read me the State Papers minutes of Cabinet, and other documents which it is necessary to consult, and I will try how far this tedious and wearisome method will enable me to do the business.

If you have got any of M^r A Todd's books on Parliamentary practice and government in colonies pray send them to me. They must

have been sent you for review.

I intend to bring these articles out in a volume after some time. You have been always perfectly frank and generous as to my using articles after they have appeared in the Review but I wish for a general understanding that I shall be always at liberty to use them when I see occasion. They are written for public ends and are produced with such difficulty in my present condition that the payment for them is scarcely worth consideration.

I am glad to see the journals consider your last number a good one. I was much struck with Mr. Hill's article.

Kindest regards to Mr. Bunting
Very faithfully yours
Susan P. Barry

Villa Marguerite

Nice

April 3rd

1890

Dear M^r Bunting

The article is too long and I will cut it down to twenty five pages. But it is impossible to avoid having a second part on the same subject. First because the story of how Victoria got responsible government must be told, as it is there mainly I propose to describe the working of it, and secondly because there are some important disclosures which I get from unpublished Cabinet papers of M^r Childers who was a minister in Melbourne before he became a minister in London.
I can now survey the whole field better

than I could last month, and I perceive that
it will require five articles instead of three
How colonies get responsible government

Two articles.

How they used responsible government

Two articles

What lessons their transactions teach men
at home.

One article.

If there be too many for the Review,
pray say so without the least hesitation
and we will drop the subject, and cancel
the article in type.

I will not feel annoyed but relieved
from a heavy burden if the task be put
off to some other period, but you may be
assured the question can never be dealt

with more briefly; M^r Bagehot's articles on a similar
subject ran through a year I think in the
Fortnightly Review.

If you determine to go on, this is what I
propose to do. I will ask you to postpone
the first article from May to June, and
I will then undertake to furnish one every
second month till the series be completed
So with the first in June, the second
in August, the third in October, the
fourth in December, and the last in
February.

I will not trouble the printer with corrections
of the ^{present} article till he is done with your May
number, but remember it is not to be
published till June.

I am going to Wiesbaden this day month

to consult an oculist there, but I will take the
necessary books, and papers, with me and do
a little work every day, until the articles
are completed.

Very faithfully yours

C. Swan Duffy

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Dec 26th

1889

Dear Mr. Bunting

I have made a great effort to finish and send you the article on Federation in order that it might be printed as soon as possible, and two proofs sent to me. Pray remember two proofs.

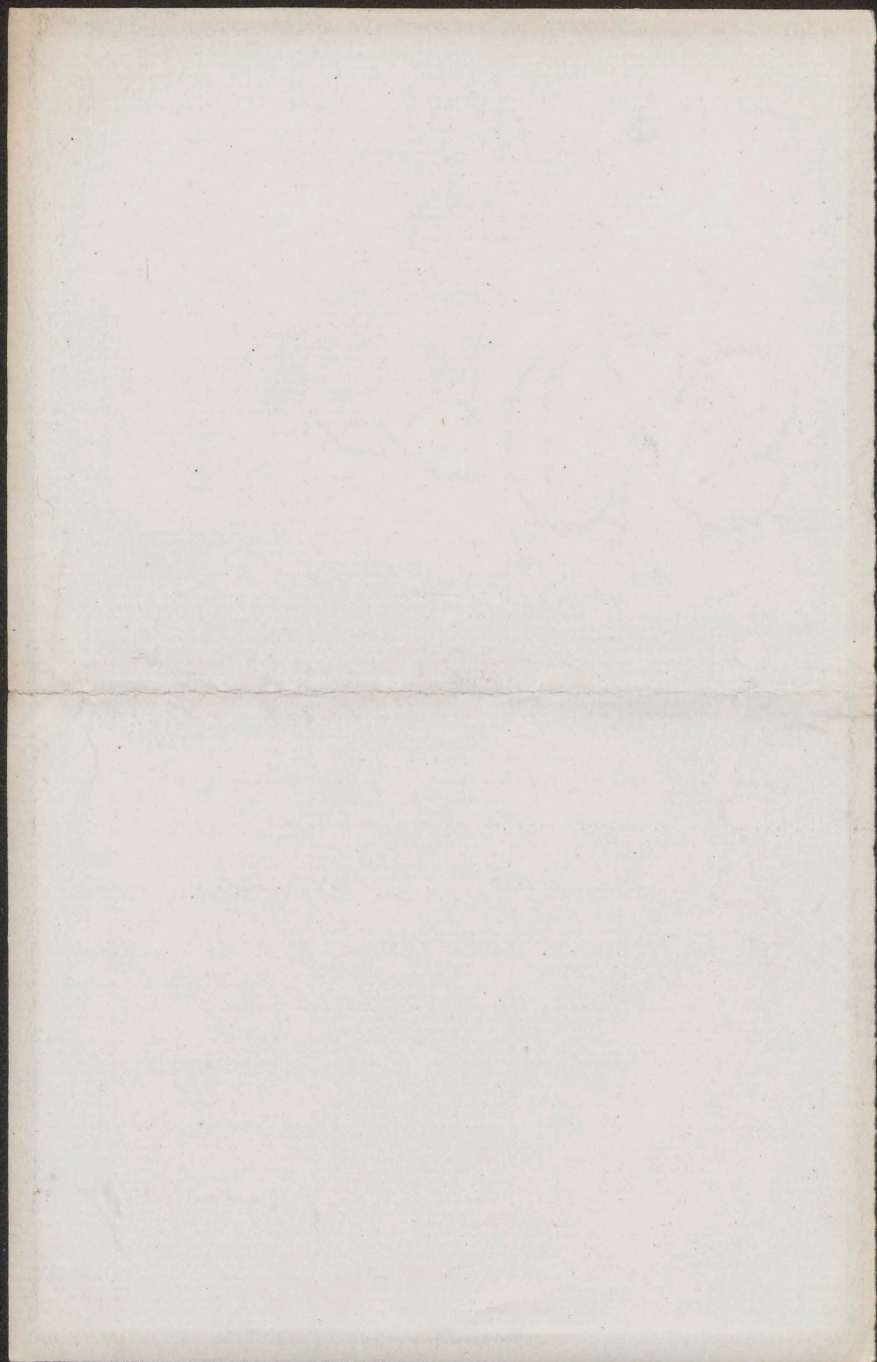
I will never again print an article which I have not had an opportunity of revising; it is too vexatious.

I know you will have some difficulties with printers at this season but please let me have the proofs as soon as practicable.

The compliments of the season to Mr. Bunting

Very faithfully yours

Samuel D. May



Villa Marguerite
Dec 16th

1889

Dear M^r Bunting

you are greatly pressed with business.
I know, so much so indeed that I do not understand
you not satisfactorily.

You do not tell me whether the Carlyle conversations
is among the projects you approve of they would run
to two or three articles at least, provided the first one
caught public attention in the way I hope it would.

Neither have you told me whether you are willing
to consider benevolently, a paper a friend of
mine who was a writer in the Nation Congregationalist
is preparing on Davis and his times, apropos of
the two Davisian ^{volumes}, which are shortly to appear
almost simultaneously. And provided you

do not like it whether you will entrust the subject to
some one of your own selection.

I have assistance of course else I would be at a stand
still, but I have not yet discovered any method
by which M. S. and Parliamentary papers can
be scrutinized by deputy without enormous labor

Very faithfully yours

Ernest Dabb

Villa Marguerite
Nice
Dec 10th

My dear M^r Buntin

Though my eyes are very little better I am unwilling to send you further apologies, and I will try to do what you ask. I will send you an article on Imperial and Australian Federation, early next month so that I may get a proof which is indispensable to my comfort. I will follow it as speedily as I can with an article on Responsible Government with a democratic franchise, but the latter requires great research in Parliamentary Reports and state papers, to secure accuracy, and I have long shrank from it with my impaired sight.

I have been meditating another paper, and want to ask you whether it would probably be fit for the C. R. — Conversations and Correspondence with Thomas Carlyle. You will see by his Irish Tour

that I was his travelling companion, and I was intimate with him for upwards of thirty years. He talked cheerfully on any subject I suggested, and with his knowledge and consent I made notes of his dicta. They cover every man, and every subject, of any importance that interested me, and would be likely to interest the world. I have besides about fifty letters of his which are as ^{pleasant reading} ~~interesting~~ as

Thackeray's letters recently published. It may be that such an article would suit one of the Anglo American magazines better than the C. R.

And now I want you to do something for me. I sent to Keegan Paul last week the M. S. of a memoir of Thomas Davis and I have got a collection of his essays published in the Cornhill Series which will appear next month.

He is the fountain head of Irish nationality as it has ^{been} preached, and practised, in recent years, and he was my dearest friend in the world.

A literary friend of mine is writing a paper on Davis and his days, which will have more or less

relation to these two books. I want you to consider
this paper for the C. R. if it is suitable to publish it
speedily, and if it is not, to put the same business
into the hands of some person selected by yourself
who will make Thomas Davis known to English readers.

As you ask about my health, I may tell you that
it is very satisfactory except for the state of my
eyes, and the winter here is so comparatively
mild that I can bear it very well.

Kindest regards to M^{rs} Bunting

Very faithfully yours

C. Duffy

Villa Marguerite
Nice
October 9th
1889

Dear M^r Banting

The ship by which my
daughters arrived from Australia was
several days late, and it is only today
I have got settled in my house.

I am most anxious to write the
article on Australian Democracy but
there are too impediments which prevent
my doing it at the moment. In the
first place my eyes are still suffering
which would render it very difficult to
examine papers and authorities.

and in the second I am bringing out in January
a memoir of Thomas Davis, the best man, and
the honestest politician I have ever known. But
if I keep you waiting I will endeavour to
make amends by making the article as good
as I can. The minute I am able I will put
the article in hand, but it will not be very
soon. Very faithfully yours

L. S. Duffy

6th December '88.

Villa Marguerite,
Nice.

Dear Mr. Gunning,

Fortune has dealt
me an unlucky stroke. During
three months in the High Alps
when I projected literary work
enough for a long leisure, I
found my left eye suddenly
become weak, and the oculist
whom I consulted has absolutely
prohibited ^{me} from reading and writing.
For eight weeks I have not
been able to read at all, and only

to write by dictation. The ma-
terials for two or three Australian
articles are under my hand, but
they need an examination of dates,
facts, and documents which no one
can make for me. The oculist
promises me a recovery but cannot
fix a period, and meantime I
am helpless, and need more philosophy
than I can command.

As soon as I am myself again
I will fulfill my promise to you.
I am glad to see you are
having excellent and telling articles;

Though I have not yet seen Mr. Frederick
Harrison's appeal I am sure I will enjoy
reading it - read to me.

My wife joins in kindest regards to Mr.
Hunting and you

Very faithfully yours

W. Duff

one more evening
my best anticipations
of meeting you &
my gratitude for your
kindness
Yours

1907

Dr. J. S. Smith & Co.
Aug 29.
Dr. J. S. Smith & Co.

P.S. - you will observe there
is no purchase of four
barrels - a sample statement
of cost.

I enclose my strictures
on Hume's Union in accordance with
over any kind suggestion.

I may say that Mr. Rogers M. P. the
late Prussia Secretary and my old
tutor at Oxford some little time
ago told me that it was an
of material benefit of the liberal



Party that Mr. Hyman's statements
sd not go unchallenged & of
his own accord intimated that
I sd write a reply.

You will kindly observe that I
dealt only with matters of which
there can be little if any doubt.
The attitude of the Catholics
towards the Union which some
of them were duped by the

promise of Emancipation into
supporting sd I think he treated
separately.

I am going away on Wednesday -
t Cape Town but I hope to be
back again in England on the
19th Oct. My address in Dublin
is 14 Blackhall St. and
of course the earliest communi-
-cation either to me or from me

must be sent to or come from
home.

I will be very grateful if you
do with the MS whatever
suggests itself to your kind
judgment. As you are good
enough to look at it I give
myself the pleasure of leaving it
entirely in your hands. More especially
having regard to the fact that I
shall be away from home.
Remember me kindly to Lady Dufferin &c

D

Price. 6th June

1888

Dear Mr. Bunting,

The difficulty in the way of my writing an article about the Contest with Home is that I have written a book about it two years ago. "The League of North and South," Chapman & Hall, in which I have said everything I have to say on the subject. I would feel restrained from using the same materials or referring

to my own look. Nobody else August, I think. I would
would be under this restraint not have any difficulty in
and it would be very much writing myself but that my
better that the subject was opinions against Roman in-
dealt with by some outsider. -terference in Irish affairs are
who had the Resolutions of the as well known in Ireland as
Bishops and the members and Sir W. Lawrence's upon Teetotalism
that look before him. The book in England. It was in that
can be bought at Audie's li- quarrel in which all the bishops
brary for 4/6. but two took the wrong side

If you do not know anyone that I left Ireland in 1855.
fit for this task, I will find On the other hand the Irish
you a writer, but the article members in dealing with the question
could not be ready sooner than recently have used rude and

disrespectful language which
was neither necessary nor judicious.

There is no chance at
all of my going to London
till next year.

Very Faithfully yours

Edmund Duffy

P. S. I would much rather
you selected a writer yourself -
He need not necessarily be an
Irishman.

D

Nice 24 May

1888

Dear Mr. Bunting,

The foreign colony
leave Nice in May or June,
and when your note reaches
me I am in the middle of
packing up to go to San Martin
Lantosque where I propose to
pass the hot months. I will
not arrive there, however, till
about the end of June.

I am very tired after having
written a book. My library

is all packed up as we are
changing our villa in September
and I am quite out of town
for writing an article at present.
Up in the mountains I hope
to lay the bases for one or two.
The article on Responsible
Government in Australia
needs a great deal of reading
of parliamentary papers and
Memoranda, all which I
have in my library, however,

and I will take it up when I return
to Nice.

I do not think of going to London this
year though I want to see Southey's apoc-
ryphal volume I mean to bring out in October.
The selection of a publisher is a point upon
which you could advise me, no doubt, and if you
you have a little leisure I will ask your advice.
My compliments to Mr. Murray.
Very faithfully yours
G. D. D.

D

Rice. 12 Dec/87

My dear Mr. Bunting,

I would rather you
kept the article over for another
month; ^{than divide it} I do not think that it
would divide well. The object for
which it is written would be lost.
I fear if the beginning and end
were not brought into immediate
relation.

The printer has sent me
only one proof instead of two,
and has not sent the M.S. Mr.
Editor is much to blame as I

impressed upon him so strongly
the necessity of sending me two.
I could have sent back the
proof corrected to day, if I had
got a second & kept a record
of the corrections upon.

I have made plain the
quotation, pages 8 & 9.

As I see you put the additions
& the names of your other contri-
butors, pray announce this article
in the contents as by Sir L. Gavan
Duffy, K. C. B. & C., and perhaps on
this occasion it would be judicious

To add, formerly Prime Minister of Victoria.
Believe me

Very faithfully yours

L. Gavan Duffy

V Nice Nov 28

Dear Mr Bunting, ¹⁸⁸⁷

I send you the
Australian article early that
after returning the proofs, I may
get a revise, for it is odious
to me to publish without re-
vision. Pray direct the printer
to send me two proofs, as well
as the original MS. Two proofs
are necessary in order to keep
a record of the corrections made

and to ascertain easily from
the review that they have been
carried out.

When I have leisure I will
begin the article on Responsible
Government with a Democratic
Franchise, but I will not
be in a hurry to publish it,
as I want the attention of
statesmen and politicians to
the serious questions it raises.

I hope to be in London
in May, and then or before
I propose to publish the

"Fare Constitution" in a pamphlet,
and elicit opinion upon it.

Kindest regards to Mr Bunting

Very Faithfully yours

L. James Duffy

P.S.
Do please direct the printer
to lose no time in sending me
the two proofs

The article goes by this
post in a registered parcel.

①

Villa Francinelli

Rice. 25. Oct

1887

My dear Mr Bunting,

When I told you
that your correspondent for-
=rowed my proposal of neu-
=tralisising the colonies, I in-
=tended to send you the report
that you might judge for
yourself. I have been very
busy, and only find time to
do so now. The report which
was drawn by me as Chairman

of the Royal Commission was signed by the foremost men in the Colony; three of them had been, or were to be, Law Officers of the Crown, three Speakers, and three Prime Ministers. You will probably be surprised to see that it was discussed in the Times, and otherwise attracted considerable attention at the time.

I am thinking of writing an Australian article for your December number. But the

political one I spoke of on the example which Australia furnishes to England in the union of Responsible Government with Democratic franchise, but a social one to begin with. I have, naturally, many notes on Australia, and when I came home seven years ago, Cassell & Co. made me a very tempting offer to write a book on Australia, but I declined because all my mind was given up to Irish affairs.

I am disposed now to whip
the cream of my Australian
meditations. If such an
article will suit you for December
or January, please tell me,
and for which month you
would prefer it?

Kindest regards to Mr. Bunting

Very Faithfully yours

L. Susan Duffy

D

Shelbourne Hotel

Dublin July 22

1887

My dear Mr. Bunting

I have written an article
which I have been meditating
for a year, on a fair and satis-
-fying Constitution for Ireland.
I have had the advantage of
consulting some representative
men in Ireland, and I am
in hopes that it solves, or will
at any rate contribute to solve,
the difficulty

As I would like it to appear
while I am in England, I will
send it to you (as soon as the July
number is out of the printer's
hands) to be set up.

And while sending the contemporary
there are two things I must ask
of you - that no one shall
see a proof till it is revised
and that you will give me a
dozen reviews to send to as
many public men whose
opinion would strengthen the
chance of success.

I will make it as short as I
can, but it will reach the
length of articles which I published
in the Nineteenth Century a
couple of years ago - considerably
longer than my articles in the
Contemporary. But I can promise that
it will be much read.

If you please may tell
me the earliest date ^{at} which
the printer will take it up?

It would be ready for the September
number, immediately after the
rising of Parliament

Believe me
Y^r faith^{ful} friend
G. G. D. D.

Villa Francinelli

Rice 3rd April /87

My dear Sir,

Your telegram reached me four days late, having been addressed to St Martin Lantagne, an Alpine village where no one lives in the winter except the villagers.

Your idea is an excellent one, but to be carried out the writer needs to have Harvard under his hand, and be near the British Museum. Unless it were written with exact knowledge of

The circumstances out of which each Act arose, it would be worthless. For, as far as I know, they are collected. In fact to be as well done as it might nowhere, the history of the period be it needs one man to collect the facts carefully, and another to state them effectively. I hope you will find someone in London to do it; and even if it be not in time for the present Controversy, it would be a permanent contribution to political history.

If I were the editor of the Contemporary Review I would spend £100 on the project; half of it on the necessary enquiries, made by an industrious sag who would gather the materials from Parliamentary papers, ~~and~~ Contemp

orary pamphlets, and Hansard's debates. For, as far as I know, they are collected. In fact to be as well done as it might nowhere, the history of the period be it needs one man to collect the facts carefully, and another to state them effectively. I hope you will find someone in London to do it; and even if it be not in time for the present Controversy, it would be a permanent contribution to political history.

You know better than I do what men are fit and available for the two branches of the work, which can only be effectually done in London.

I feel so strongly on the present Controversy, that I am extremely sorry that I am unable to be of service in the way you desire it.

Believe me my dear sir
Very Faithfully yours

J. S. Duffy

D

H. Markham Leatorque

July 23 1886

My dear Sir

There are two or three corrections
which I will trouble you to make in my
article.

1. On the sentence saying the Red Party had
not lost a seat, please put this note
& the article was written before the
South Island election. Ed.
2. On the sentence about Yverville
'like the shepherd boy before the
army of Israel Samuel.' please correct
it by inserting the name of the leader
on an other side - I have not a bible
at hand.

3. In the paragraph describing
Lord Hartington's relation to the
Irish question, insert at some
suitable point. "It is ^{contended} ~~proved~~ by good
evidence that the Irish question is
an agrarian ~~and not~~ ^{rather than} a political
one, and certainly the noble Marquis
has substantial ground for holding
this opinion."

Please send me a revised as
early as practicable - Adieu

V. J. F. P.

Geo. Duby

D

Binswood,
Withington,
Manchester.

My dear Sir,

Yes, it is true I
wrote something for you,
if I asked ever to be asked
again. It is too late to write
for next month, but, if
agreeable, I will try something
for the month of Jan.

If you receive my
suggestion to make I should
be glad to have it. If
not I should ~~be glad~~
probably

take up an aspect of
his first question suggested
by Mr Bryce's paper.

A careful subject,
with free treatment, would
be these developments of
his career - analysis, debating
in a Democratic Party
- chair at.

Very truly yours,
Herb. M. Buckley.

Percy W. Huntington.

7th May 1887.

Pinewood
Wilmington

Memphis

22

23

24

D
Examiner of Times Office,

Manchester 14th May 1887

Dear Sir,

The line I should have
taken on the supposed Irish
topic would have been to
infer our inability to make
laws for Ireland from the
policy we have always
pursued & are now pursuing
as regards Education, both
primary & universal, a
policy which is Protestant,
strongly tinged with
secularism & the rule of

education, prevents us from
reversing. But I have
perhaps better let Ireland
alone. You seem to be
fully equipped for the present.

The recent develop-
-ments of the cause, the
rise & fortunes of ~~that~~ hal-
much belauded institution,
and I think furnish ma-
-terials for a readable
article. Mr Chamberlain
would be open to some
just but not ill-natured
criticism, and I should
endeavour to point out

the dangerous effects of too
much party mechanism
in political life. If you
liked this I would get
materials together, ~~to~~ but
I would rather not pledge
myself for any particular
matter in advance, my time
being much occupied, and
my health, since a serious
illness last autumn, not
first-rate. But I would
give you ample notice of its
employment.

Very truly yours,
Herbert Spencer.
 Percy W. Bucking & Co.

D
Examiner of Times Office.

Manchester 12 Feb. 1888

My dear Sir,

You will be surprised
to hear from me again so
soon, but the truth is that
I have set seriously to
work on Froude and
see my way to complete
it in time to let you
have it in London by
the morning post of
~~Wed~~ Monday the 20th.

This is a short month,

but perhaps that date
will do. You may
entirely rely upon it.

Very truly yours,
H. B. D. Buckley.

Percy W. Bruntling Jr.

BINSWOOD,

WITHINGTON,

MANCHESTER.

Didbury,
Aug. 16.
1889

Dear Mr Bunting,

Thanks for the
cheque, a receipt for
which is on the other
side. I also thank you

for your thanks, sincerely
trusting that they convey
approval.

Let me just say that
I am now free from the
restrictions of office hours,
and can work on at anything
uninterruptedly. sincerely yours
Henry Druckley.

Received from W Percy Duntley Esq.
on behalf of Contemporary Review,
Twenty five pounds.



Henry Duntley

Aug. 16. 1889.

Withington, Manchester,
April 30th 1890.

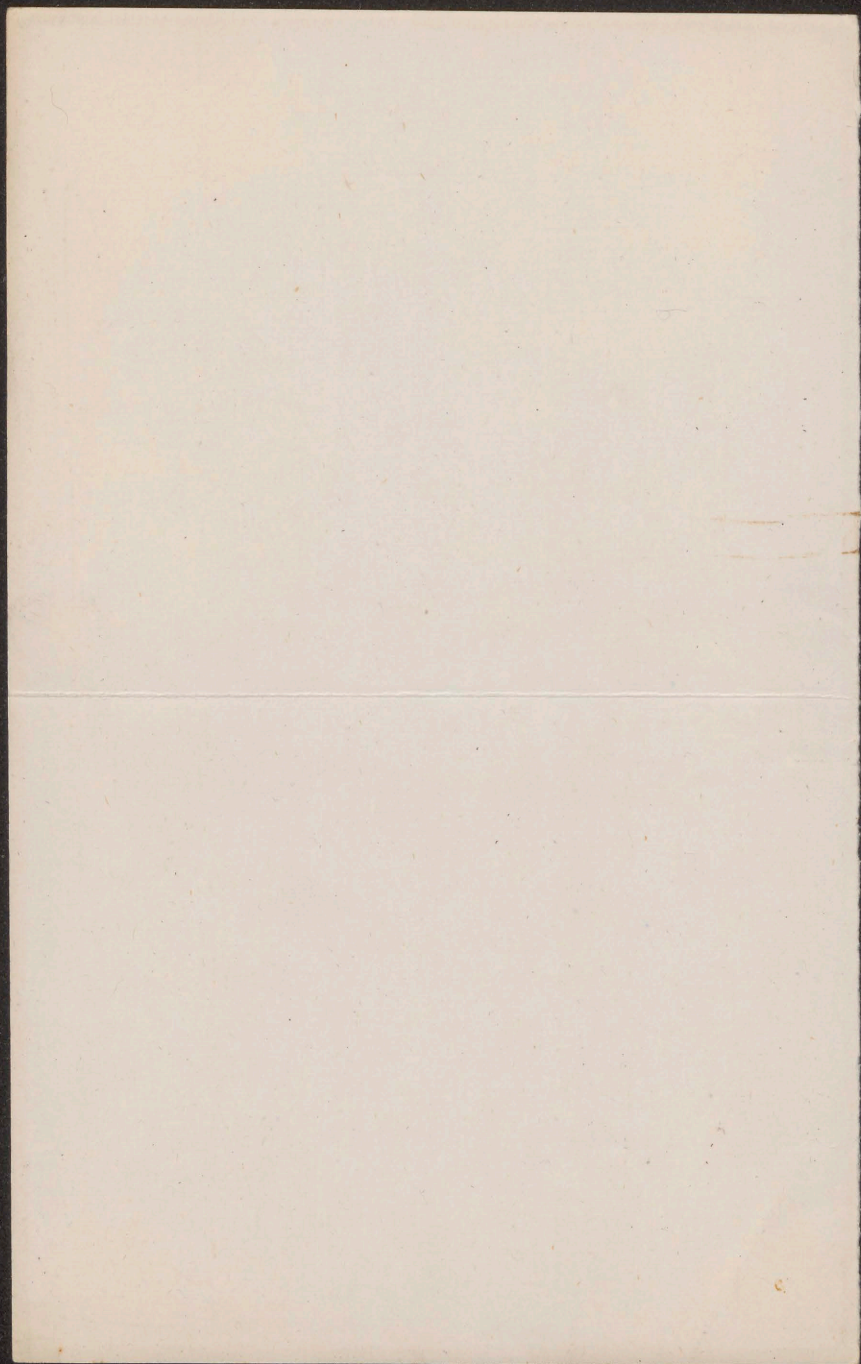
My dear Sir,

As I happen to be
writing in the same series
as W Froide, I should
hardly like to undertake a
review of his life of
Beaumont.

Very truly yours,

Henry Duckley.

Percy Wm. Bunting Esq.



Dec. 6th
1893

9, EGERTON ROAD,
FALLOWFIELD,
MANCHESTER.

Dear Mr Bunting,

The question of the
House of Lords is one of
great difficulty and I con-
fess that I hardly see
my way through it. Reform
as you say is dangerous.
It would strengthen the
Lords, and this is not what
is wanted. Abolition is
impossible without a rev-
olution. Then the third, the
limitation of the veto - what
does that come to? AT

present the Lords would not reject a Bill sent up a second time if in the meantime there had been a dissolution - that is no Bill of the first importance, such as we have in view. If there is to be a veto at all - that is a power of rejecting a Bill sent up from the Commons - can it be more limited than this? If the Lords are to be bound to pass a Bill sent up to them the second time by the same Parliament, the only use of their function -

- that of enabling an appeal to be made to the nation, would seem to be at an end, and they might just as well be required to pass all Bills sent up to them. I should like to know your views on this point.

I quite agree with you that any article on the ~~subject~~ subject should be tentative, expository and ^{suggestive} rather than ~~subjective~~ dogmatic, and this is the line which would be most agreeable to me. But I am rather pulled up at that third point. Have you a word to offer? our party have been

fed a stimulating diet,
and will hardly like to
be told that they cannot
kick the House of Lords to
pieces, though they will
have to listen to reason.

I have been ill of the
influenza the last three
weeks, and go tomorrow for
a few days to the sea side.
Till the end of next week

my address will be —
c/o Mrs Just, Myrtle Bank
Grange, near Carnforth.
Perhaps I may hope to
have a line.

very truly yours,
Henry Dunckley.

Paris,

Aug. 23rd 1892,

Dear Sir,

I received the proof sheet, of my article yesterday and return them to you with as little delay as possible. As you will see I am in Paris, so they had to be forwarded to me. I quite approved of all the corrections but the facts to which you have put "queries" are according to my own experience correct. (1) As to the caps of "Point d'Alençon" worn by the wives & daughters of rich farmers, during a residence of eleven months in Normandy, I have seen many of these & have often been told by Normans & residents in this part of France that many of them were worth £20. (2) My remarks on the harvest of 1888 are also correct. I verified them this morning by referring to the back numbers of the "Journal des Economistes". One reads (juillet-sept. 1889, p. 437) that the corn harvest in 1888 was only 89 millions d'hectolites, instead of the

average which is of 110, & that the weight
of the hectolitre was only 73^{lb} 8 instead
of the average which is 77. Further in
1888 the average price of the Corn in France
was 43/ the quarter that is to say
12/ above the English price. Also in
sept. 1888 I was in London & read in
the "Daily Telegraph" information sent
by the English Councils in France that
owing to the failure of the harvest
the loss to the agriculturists would
be £ 80,000,000. This affects the
town population very little but
in the country causes great misery
there is not sufficient work for the
labourers & the farmer is unable
to pay his rent without borrowing.
I could give you many more facts
bearing on this subject, but will
not trespass on your time
hoping that what I have said

will prove that I am not mistaken
in my information.

(3) I heard hundreds of times the
expression "les messieurs prêtres"
a term of respect used by the
country people in Normandy.

(4) Being a government official
on leave I do not wish my
name to appear to the Enragé
but have no objection to the
initials as I have put them.

As I am travelling, I shall
have no settled address for some
weeks; but if you have any
further communications
to me, it will always ~~reach~~
be forwarded from:

121. St. Marks Rd.
N. Kensington

Remain.

Yours faithfully,

Emile Guillaume Duperré

121. St. Mark's Rd
N. Kensington
Isca House
May 7 1892.

Dear Sir,

I send you an essay
entitled "Country Life in France"
which I hope you may consider
fit for publication in the "Contemporary
Review". As it deals with the
condition of the rural population,
I think it may be of some interest
in view of the discussions which have
lately taken place on the subject,
especially as my information is drawn
from personal experience.

I am a Frenchman residing
at present in England. For
various reasons, I do not wish
my name to appear in connection

with the Essay if published, but
as I believe you do not accept
contributions from anonymous
writers, I sign my name here
only, and not to the article.

Should the article not meet
with your approval, I beg that
it may be returned to me, for
which I enclose stamps

Believe me.

Yours faithfully

J. M. Dupeyron

26, BRUTON STREET,

BERKELEY SQUARE. W.

19. July 1894.

Sir,

I regret that I have
been unable to answer
your letter earlier.

I am sorry that I
cannot comply with
your request that I
should write a paper

upon the Turf, especially
in connection with the
question of betting -

It is a subject upon
which I do not feel
qualified to give an
authoritative opinion,
though I do not hesitate
to tell you that I

consider gambling in
any form to be foolish -
as the world is generally
supposed to ^{generally} consist of
fools, I imagine that
gambling can never be
suppressed!

I am, Sir,

Yours faithfully,
W. Ham.

W. Percy Bunting Esq D

49, Gordon Square,

W.C.

7 Dec' 86

My dear Mr Bunting

A friend of mine, Mrs John
Cunliffe, has asked me to write
you about a paper on "George
Eliot's" "earlier life" which was
forwarded in September to the
Editor of the "Contemporary" and
has not since been heard of.

It is by a Mrs Barclay whom
Mrs Cunliffe knows, and
knows to be a reliable in-
formant, who was a friend

and correspondent of Ellis
Evans before the latter came to
London. I believe she has
many letters which may see the
light one day. Meanwhile
she has put into the paper re-
ferred to what she is at liberty
to publish all her old friends
and Mrs C. assures me that
you need not hesitate all giving
her reminiscences room.

The recent appearance of some
lost material in the American

issue of Mr. Cross' life of his
wife probably offers a favour-
able opportunity for reviving
the subject on this side.

You understand that Mrs
Barclay is not personally
known to me. But thro' this
roundabout channel she
wishes your attention directed
to her paper - which, if you do
not care to use it, she w^d
possibly send somewhere else.

Believe me to be
Yours very truly
J. Oswald Dykes