

II. 32

Cincinnati Ohio
June 1st 1856

My Dear Sir

The outside chance is ten to one for Buchanan they play their part well but they commenced to soon. Yesterday morning things looked gloomy, the Northern delegations stood 16 for Buchanan and 10 for Douglas. It is thought to day that they are all right. Some of the Ohio delegates got off the track they are all right to day. Kentucky is now thought well after the first ballot cast her vote for you. Our friends there hope that Virginia will follow in the wake. Coming with her enough votes to win.

Our friends look bright to day. Southern Ill & Northern Indiana have sent a respectable outside delegation. They came in last night and are all for you. Our friends from Wis are now here

Mr. Steadman is working faithfully
and energetically. David Rhodes
is quiet, but has his points set.
Chase is to day represented by
~~long outside & inane delegates~~
There is an under current working
which will I feel confident by
the means of your receiving the
nomination. The delegates from all
sections ful well disposed towards
you, and will cast their votes for
you in preference to a new man.
Our friends are acting with disre-
sion - Buchanan's friends are to fast
they are rather disposed to force him
onto the convention. This game will
not win, thus is a bitter feeling growing
up between the friends of Peace &
Buchanan. That ~~attack~~ which reflected
on President Pierce, and published in
the Pennsylvanian, has been re-published
in the Circumlocution Enquirer. It has
caused much bad feeling and
will have a tendency to defeat
Mr. Buchanan. I wish we had
about five hundred good respect-
able & energetic men from
the west, who would act with
discipline and with firmness

We could then keep the west right
and if we can only do this we
shall win. Washington M^o Law is
counting for you. There is a large
crowd in the City. Burnett House
is head quarter. I am staying
at the United States Hotel with
the Vermont delegation. They are for
Peace, which means "all right"
We must contrive some way to get
up a strong press for you
& I think we can do it. Major
Ward is his - working well. He
comes from the Contaminated district
of Ohio. They sent "Glick" here as a
Buchanan man. He told me to day
that you was his first choice and
that after the first ballot he
should go for you. I hope to get
him first and last.

I shall take pleasure in
writing to you from time to time

Very truly, Your

Friend

& obt Servt

Charles P. Button

To the
Hon S. C. Pender
in Sen. atw

Chas P. / Patton
Cincinnati Ohio
Jan 1st 1836

Political



Cincinnati June 1st 1880

Dear Judge

Indiana is all gone & wrong. Comments unnecessary, I have not determined what I shall do about presenting your name difficulty in this I bear no letter from you and can't control the delegation who are wild for your name to be presented which I think wrong - it is against my judgment Buchanan is strong has forty candidates for vice & will cheat them all - I don't know what will be the result but of one thing be sure I will take things in my own hands if necessary and if you don't get the nomination you will be borne from the contest without dishonor

your friend
W A Richardson

W. A. Richardson

Cincinnati Ohio

June 1st 1856

Political

✓

P. W. Ward, Clerk
Cincinnati, Ohio
June 1st 1856.

576

S. A. Douglas, meets Cincinnati, Ohio: June 1st, 1856,
Washington, D.C., will do so.
Dear Sir:

Nearly all the delegates from the various parts of the country now in the City, Mr. Buchanan from Penn., have brought with them several renowned followers to make an outside pressure; they depend much on that kind of effect, for advancing the cause of Mr. B. But, they commenced too soon and their influence is slowly subsiding acting rather ~~to~~ ^{for} him than in his favor. The noise they occasion resembles running water, passing over rocks on shallow places. The friends of Mr. Pierse are not numerous and have no hopes for him, many of them are manifestly determined to ally themselves on the side of Douglas. Your own friends exhibit a firm determination to stand by you and your cause to the last moment. They are ^{to a man} exerting a powerful influence and an ~~to~~ irresistible under current counteracting the schemes and plots that are formed to you by certain

Sectarians who have crawled into the Party like rats. Among your friends here and there, occasionally, ~~one~~ is noticed who is slightly inclined to wavering in firmness, he is looked to and carefully cared for, by some of your friends, who immediately take him in charge & preserve him from ^{from} antagonistical influences. The Party, among whom it is hard to say who is endeavoring to do the most for you, are Dr. Cook, Wash, McLean and Freedman and Bob Smith ^{they} hardly allow themselves time to eat or sleep, so busy are they in your behalf. Your immediate ~~and~~ friends of the Delegates present an intelligent and genteel appearance, making themselves pleasant and courteously agreeable to all with whom they come in contact. Numerous questions put to your friends by Buchanan men are mildly and courteously answered; and not unfrequently little matters brought up by those unacquainted with you are satisfactorily explained to the respectful enquirer, so that every thing is, and nothing left undone by your friends to preserve a unanimous

Harmony justly worthy of applause commanding even the respect of your enemies. The Ill. Delegate from Rockford, Mr. Housman and myself ~~we~~ ^{we} together, he & I much of a gentleman, and proper care is taken on every occasion to exert an influence ~~for~~ ^{for} your good. But this is with us. As to the conduct of one concerning whom ^{upon} modesty forbids me to speak, you are politely referred to the Delegates from Ill, and your friends here in general.

Judge Castle of this City on Saturday informed me that for something Mr. Ball and Chapman had said vs Mathews of the State Senate that the latter was armed and in search of Mr. B. to attack him. Knowing that the Room of the Ill. Delegates was no place to settle his dispute with the above Party I took measures to prevent any trouble in our Room at this time hasten lastly. No man can be a friend to you who would attempt to involve any of your friends in trouble at such a time as this and by God no man shall do it in my presence. Stanley Mathews was a short time since a strong Anti Slavery man - he is not to be

trusted.

Sunday morning, Mr. Bushman's friends after two days deliberation attempted to ~~conclude~~ Compromise with the friends of Mr. Douglas - like this - : that whoever received the most votes on the first Ballot Mr. Douglas' friends should vote for on the second. But it was no go - We expect to ~~do~~ do nothing on the first and second Ballot. - But, to elect you for the Third Ballot, God speed us success.

I have not ~~had~~ had time to look over this letter, such is the hast I am in and you must pardon its defects.

Truly yours, A. M. Ward.

How do you & Douglas -

Le Roy P.C. Mading Co O.
June 3rd 1856

Mon. S. A. Douglas
Doctor

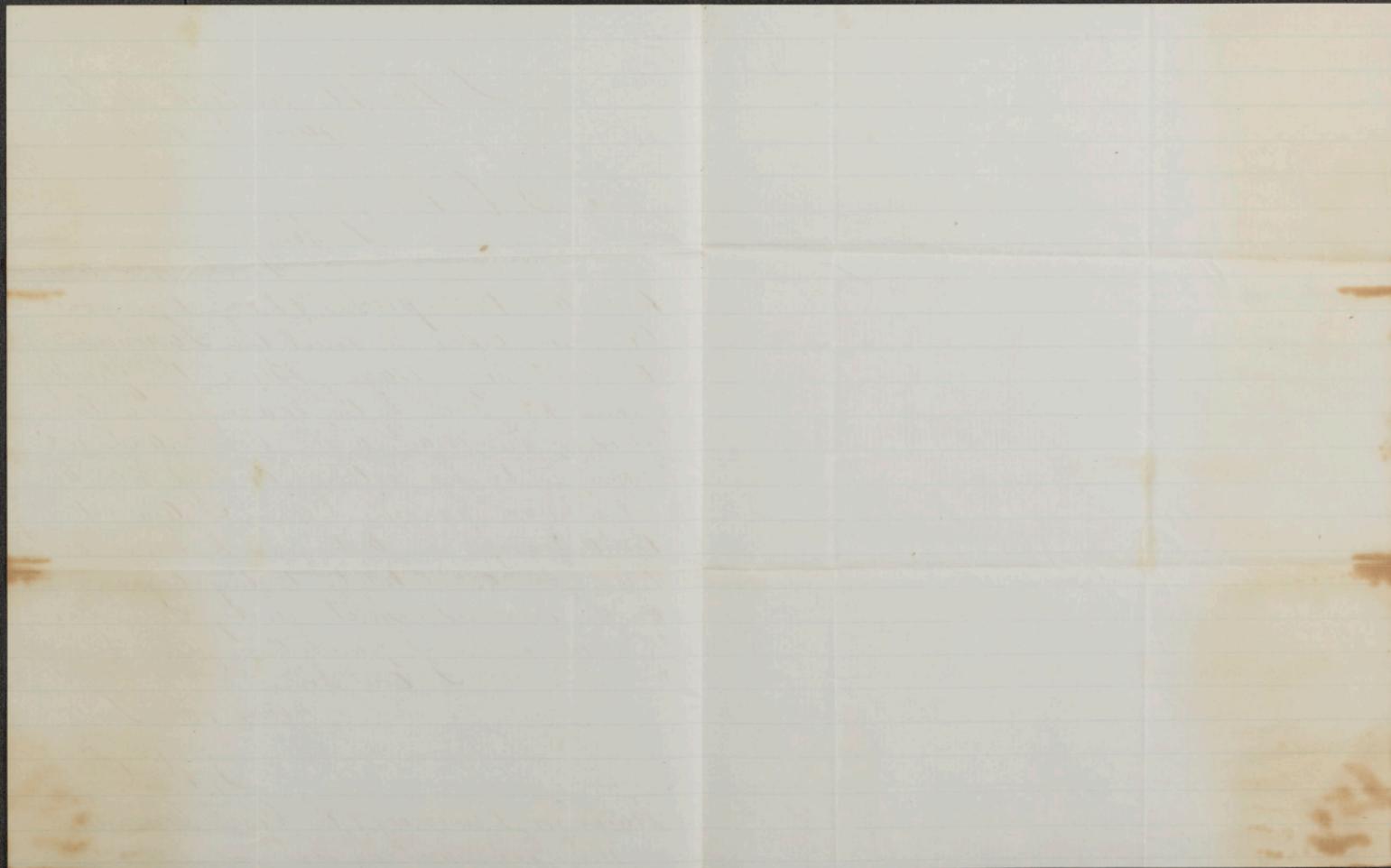
Send me any
and all the Speeches & doc^{ts} that you
can, in order to meet the Fusionists
at least half way. "Bliss" the flunkies
from our dist to the lower house is
flooding the mail with doc^{ts} and we
want to be up to them, do send me a
lot if you possibly can. I am collecting
the Autograph of distinguished Democrats,
will you oblige me by writing a few lines
on the enclosed shitt, giving date, place
of residence &c I frank them for my Library

I am Sir

Yours very truly

J. D. Ellis

Hurrah for Democracy & the Ninth Convintion
May God speed the right S. N. E.





II 32

Cincinnati

Head Quarters

No. 4 Burnett House

June 4th 1856

My Dear Sir

I am sorry to admit
 that our prospects now look bad
 last evening the tickets which
 had been issued, to members off
 this press were revoked & each delegation
 were allowed one ticket for each
 district elector - Illinois therefore
 had only eleven votes - two hundred
 & two states have been issued and there
 is not at this time over twenty of
 your friends in the convention, i.e.
 of the outside delegations. It is now
 declared that Buchanan friends have
 obtained the tickets of those delegations
 who had no delegates. The convention
 meet at ten o'clock. It is now twelve
 & they have agreed till 4 PM
 No action taken on the New York
 delegate. Committee of resolution have
 brought in their report & platform, Endorsed
 by all 5 obs. A strong Nebraska platform
 resolution on foreign relations not
 yet adopted. I shall obtain you

the report to send by the mail
Our friend now feel in better spirits,
this delay is helping us. I trust
that your name will be presented
to the convention, and not withdrawn.
Friends from the South say to us
"hold on" and "we will come to you
aid" & I believe they will
or they will prove fools to themselves

Indiana is playing the very
old hury with us. Still I am
too blind to believe that I your
name is not with chance & Mr
Buchanan is not nominated by
the six ballot, that you will receive
the vote of that state.

Col. Richardson & Maj. Haas are
rather disengaged, I am going to
see it. Let our friends face the
music & take a bold stand &
we will be successful

Very Truly Your friend
& off Servant
Charles P. Butter

Hon. J. S. Donahoe
U. S. Senate
S.C.

Col Alex P. Miller is at this moment
by my side, he says that Buchanan
& our friends in Ohio never felt
better than at this moment.
The resolution favoring so strong
of your principle, on Nebraska &
Kansas has had a good effect
every individual delegate voted
to endorse the resolutions & it brought
to my mind, the name of the Hon
Stephen A. Douglas the author of
that great cardinal truth of the
democratic party, & they must
sustain him. Mr Miller says that
this morning, delegates from Ohio
who yesterday voted for Buchanan
are to day for you

C.P.B.

Cha G Button
Cincinnati Ohio
June 4/56

Political



State of California $\frac{D}{D}$ In the District Court
 County of Sacramento $\frac{D}{D}$ of the 6th Judicial District
 Henry A. Canfield - Plff $\frac{D}{D}$ June 4, 1856
^{vs}
 M. G. Vallejo - Dft $\frac{D}{D}$

Capt Friesby Town says,

I know about the proposition made by Vallejo to the State, (objected to by Plff's atty objection overruled).

The proposition was made to Legislature in 1849 Dr. Robinson was Member of Legislature in second session in Jan'y 51. I was acting as agent for Vallejo. I was at San Jose when the agreement was executed it is in my writing, short time before vote was taken Mr. Robinson obtained the agreement drawn by me on a pledge that he would use his influence for a removal, at his request \$2500. was inserted in agreement no money pd - the condition were that some parties concerned to assume one half of responsibility of this proposition & all expenses attend the enterprise & in payment of half an interest equal to 1/2 half of the town was to be paid to them but in mean time fee of property was to remain in Genl. Vallejo absolutely - The Capitol was removed from San Jose to Vallejo, public buildings were put up, state offices & state houses & all expenses chargeable to sd parties interested - Public buildings by my estimate Am't. to \$79000, they were built in 51 bills were pd by Genl. Vallejo -

Denes - Of what property was the so called lots mentioned in agreement to be taken from - (objected to by Plff) because instrument explained = overruled objection

Mrs. The time of V embraced one league of land laid out in connection with Capitol, every thing was in the instrument we organized ourselves with. It was made without Corporation to assist in this project, Genl. V retaining the property, permitting no to advise as to its disposition, but we were not to receive compensation or any right until final payment of proposed donations to the State. it was understood that the Genl shld go on & sell property and that property so sold shld be credited to the use of money so on account of public buildings & donations -

The so average lots were to be taken from the entire tract of land -

Genl. Val was at my house & informed me that McClellan & Caulfield had called on him concerning Agreement Afd. & he referred them to me, they came to me & informed me that they called for a deed to 50 in Vallejo, in course of the visit handed me this agreement - I told Caulfield I was prepared to carry out the agreement with Val, I asked him if he would take them subject to such conditions & he said No.

Nothing said about improvements I don't think I told him I would sell lots cheaper than elsewhere -

The name were Genl Smith Capt Cristy Maj Allen, Genl Green, Genl Estell, Mr Pippinest, Genl. Douglass, Mr Baldwin who employed the Company -

The proprietors had several meetings, for not all present, each time as number withdrew from enterprise

there was no conveyance made, some may have purchased lots, I was transacting Genl V's business & was agent of all the parties up to last of 1850, there was an instrument drawn by Genl V don't know whether it was delivered, I held it, we acted under it. I don't know how many instruments of writing were drawn - done by Plff = Did you draw any similar instruments for other Members of Legislature & if so how many, I don't recollect of any -

I don't know number of conversations had nor can I say the conversations ^{were} with Robinson -

My impression is that they were -

I don't think I was on familiar terms with Robinson - the conversation when he requested me to put in the \$2500. Was at San Jose it was at request of parties that it was put in -

Do you recollect that you ever had conversation with Chas Robinson on any subject whatever -

Ruled out by Court became witness answered the same half dozen times -

State of California
County of Sacramento

J. C. R. Bradford, clerk

of the Sixth Judicial Court, hereby certify the above and foregoing to be a true copy of testimony remaining of record on file in my Office.

Witness my hand & seal of said

Court this 21st day of May

1856.

J. C. R. Bradford, clerk

By W. C. Garrison, D. C.



Dist. Court C. Ind. A.

H. A. Campbell
vs
M. G. Vallejo

Copy. Testimony

\$5.00

Articles of Agreement Made and entered into this first day of December in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and fifty - by and between Mariano G. Vallejo of the first part and C. Robinson Esq. of the second part, Witnesseth that the said party of the first part for and in consideration of the sum of Twenty five hundred dollars to him in hand paid the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, doth covenant and agree to convey to the said party of the second part Fifty average lots in the City of Vallejo the said lots to be conveyed upon the same conditions to the said party of the second part as from the property of the original proprietors in the said Town or City in witness whereof the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and seal this first day of December A. D. 1856

M. G. Vallejo

State of California
County of Sacramento

J. C. H. Bradford

Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court, hereby Certify that the above & preceding is a true Copy of Agreement remaining of record on file in my Office

Witness my hand & Seal
of said Court this 21st day
of May 1856.

J. C. H. Bradford, Clerk
By H. C. Harrison, Adm.



Copy Agreement

State of California,
Office of Secretary of State.

I, David J. Douglas, Secretary of State of
the State aforesaid and Keeper of the
Records thereof, do hereby certify, that L. H.
Bradford whose name is signed to the
above certificate, was at the time of such
signing the duly elected Commissioner and
acting Clerk of the County and District
Courts in and for the County of Sacramento
State of California, and full faith and
credit are due to his act in that capacity.

Witness my hand and
the Seal of State, at
Sacramento, this the
4th day of June
A.D. 1856.

David J. Douglas
Secretary of State
By W. P. R. Wood
Deputy

Sec. 84. If any person or persons shall, directly or indirectly, give any sum or sums of money, or any other bribe, present, or reward, or any promise, contract, obligation, or security for the payment or delivery of any money, present, reward, or any other thing, to obtain or procure the opinion, judgment, or decree of any judge or justice of the peace acting within this state, or to corrupt, induce, or influence such judge or justice of the peace to be more favorable to one side than to the other in any suit, matter, or cause depending or to be brought before him or them, or shall, directly or indirectly, give any sum or sum of money, present, or reward, or any promise, contract, obligation, or security for the payment or delivery of any money, present, or reward, or other thing, to obtain, procure, or influence any member of the legislature, or to incline, induce, or influence any such member of the legislature to be more favorable to one side than to the other on any question, election, matter, or thing pending or to be brought before the legislature or either house thereof, the person so giving any money, bribe, present, or reward, promise, contract, obligation, or security, with intent and for the purpose aforesaid, and the judge, justice of the peace, or member of the legislature who shall accept or receive the same, shall be deemed guilty of bribery, and on conviction shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a term not less than one year, and shall be disqualified from holding any office of honor, trust, or profit in this state.

State of California,
Office of Secretary of State,

I, David J. Douglas, Secretary of State of the State of California and Keeper of the Records thereof, do hereby certify, that the above is a true copy of the eighty-fourth section of the Act of this State entitled "An Act concerning Crimes and punishments" passed April 16, 1850, and that said section is now in force as the law of this State.

Witness my hand and
the Seal of State, at
Sacramento, this the 3rd
day of June A.D. 1850.
David J. Douglas
Secretary of State
By W. H. R. Wood
Deputy

II 32

Cincinnati June 4th 1856

Dear Friend,

You asked me to write you what should I say that such a Convention never did nor never will again assemble in the name of the Democracy. You have heard of Union among Free Soilers &c but you never began to see it work so well as is going on here among men claiming to be Democrats, such an outbreak of opposition you cannot conceive. Many of your real friends electing as such, dare not come up for you. They are in fact fearful of results personally dangerous to themselves, and the same is the case with many who would vote for Pierce. It looked dark very dark last evening old friends layon to quail, whereupon a few of the faithful took off our coats and agreed never to surrender, I went to Soule, such men, looked them to never fail, he said like a brave man. I never will, Judge Conley

is the representative of a great principle
& can die only with the principles & laid
Since his election as a Senator he had never
written you a word, because by so doing would
imply distrust of his former fidelity. With
the exception of himself Slidell has nearly
succeeded in getting the whole La. delegation
& now trying to compel a vote as a whole
against which he protested. I feel proud of him.
He spoke very kindly of Pierce.

We may hold down together but doubtful
Solomon is worth all the rest, never will surround
Ind. with less care than we are now in. Then
Mr. Softs for you or Pierce, Horace very uncertain
Repolties when read, those on Nebraska were
read with more real enthusiasm than I
ever before witnessed, Ex Gov. Medill, Wood
& Co. crazy for Buchanan. God i his favor do
I have sent the President a list of the S. Senators &
for whom they are to cast their first vote, He can thus
see who are safe. Colgate of Geo. a true friend
& Pierce & yourself no mistake
Yours &c. T. B. Chapman

I write this at the reef as soon Wednesday
Payne, Rice & myself are roaming together
at the "Minneota" ^{work} as Payne calls it.

BVB Chapin
Cincinnati Ohio
June 14/56

Political

Sac City Cal. June 4th 1856
Hon S. A. Douglas

Within the last three weeks a portion of the Citizens of our state have been in a state of Anarchy from the excitement of a popular outbreak caused by the assassination of James King of Williean. An organization was formed in San Francisco styling themselves Vigilance Committee who have existed since that time. Many persons at first sympa- thized with them but their recent acts convince the thinking portion of our community that their designs is to subvert the government. It is a very strange state of affairs I hope it may be peaceably settled. The Executive of the state has issued his proclamation against the organization of San Francisco his orders have also been transmitted to the Maj Generals of four Divisions of the state

to have their volunteer and
independent Companies in
readiness on the requisition of
Gen Sherman of San Francisco
when their services may be
required. I have not met with
a person who sympathizes
with the Republican Party
who has not sided with
the Revolutionists. I am in hopes
the matter will be settled
peaceably but if resistance
and Bloodshed becomes
necessary I shall enroll
myself under the banner
of those who support our
Constitution and laws.

By the next steamer you
will hear of the result.
It is a melancholly thought
to see so many persons who
disregard the internal peace
of our Country. It would seem
that they were hired eni-
savys seeking to destroy
our Constitution. I read your
Speech delivered in the Senate
on Kansas affairs on the 20th instant

I think your sentiments there
expressed will endorsed by
every lover of our Common Coun-
try. It would seem from the
Newspapers from the East that
Freement will be nominated
as the Abolition Candidate for
the Presidency. In case such
should be the case I will here
leave testimony against him
about the Beef contracts for
Indians in this State also it
would be well to examine
how he betrayed the interest
of the United States in pur-
chasing Alcatraz Island in
the Bay of San Francisco from
Mr Temple of Los Angeles and
allowing Palmer Cook & Co Bankers
to get it from him. The trans-
cripts are in the Attorney Gen^t
Office in Washington City.
Hoping success may attend
all your efforts

Remain your friend
W^m B Keed.

W. W. B. Hood
Sacramento City Cal
June 4 1856

Encloses Evidence in regard
to the Character and Standing
of Bogard Gov^r Robinson of
Kansas Territory

W.D.

Sacramento City Cal. June 4th /50
Hon S. A. Douglas

Sir

I enclose you documentary evidence showing the character of Charles Robinson who reputes himself as the Governor of Kansas. You will also receive a copy of the Journals of the Legislature of California the year he served in the Legislature from Sacramento County. His course in California was of the most perfidious character. I shall give you a short sketch of it as I learned it from those who were most intimate with him. In the summer of 1850 many persons doubting the right of Sutter's to the extent which he claimed determined to take possession of lots situated in Sacramento. The City Council passed ordinances protecting those claiming under Sutter. The other party were called squatters who formed themselves into a body deter-

meant to sustain each other
in maintaining their possessory
rights. Robertson was a suspicious
member of their organization.
The authorities of the City endeavored
to arrest them which led to
fight between the parties. Robert-
son was second in command.
the Commandeer was killed in
the fight and some of those
who sided with the City author-
ties. They were taken pris-
ers and confined in the
Prison Brig. The sympathies of
the people were so great in
favour of the squatter that
Robertson while confined for
the charge of Murder was
elected to the Legislature.
The squatter placed implicit
confidence in his integrity.
He claimed to be a Whig although
those who elected him were mostly
Democrats. He commenced the
betrayal of the party who elected
him for his opposition to those
who claimed lands under
Mexican Grants and threw him

self into the power of John C
Frémont to whom every squatter
in the State was opposed too.
voting on every ballot to return
him to the U.S. Senate and
also with Mly. Vallejo to fix
the seat of Government upon
his Grant. He borrowed means
from ~~one~~ of those first friends
and gave the obligation upon
which the testimony was
elicited. The suit was tried
last winter and Caulfield
was nonsuited upon the
grounds set forth in the depo-
sition. I was informed by Mr.
Crane who was in the Legislature
of that winter a short time.
That Robertson proffered to vote
to retain his seat in the Legis-
lature if he (Crane) would
support Frémont for the U.S.
Senate. Robertson informed
him that his vote was suffi-
cient to give him (Crane) the
seat. I intend to have Robertson
indicted in Santa Clara County

next July when the Court meets,
by having ~~them~~ Mr Crane summar-
ed before ^{them} will mark the cour-
tial where the final vote was
taken in that contest. There is a
prospect that a requisition will
be made for the person of
Chas Robinson by the Executive
of this State. For that reason
it might be well not give
publicity to the evidences
I send you. but you can
use your own discretion.
If such a measure would
make a hero of Robinson
it should not be carried
out. I am told that parties
to whom I have shown this
testimony have determined
to have a warrant issued
and by which a requisition
could be demanded of the
Executive of this State.

I remain yours

M^r B Hood

Cincinnati
June 5th 1856

My dear Sir

I have not written to you sooner because things were in such a state that your friends thought it likely that you might be ~~suspected~~ not be able to form a clear opinion of what is transpiring - Things have I think been very unsettled. Indiana had left us fairly from the beginning and Georgia is said to have in Buchanan their second choice.

I consider it certain that Pierce cannot be nominated - and regret to say that his eastern friends have not come up to the expectation of your friends.

That portion of the platform which relates to the foreign policy of the country, is creating a good deal of difficulty.

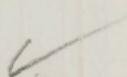
The New York question is to be settled by the convention today, and I hope it may be settled satisfactorily.

Very much yours
Peter Gorman

Hon S. A. Douglas

Peter German
Cincinnati Ohio
Aug 5th 86

Political



June 5, 1856

N. O. 2 June. 1856

Dear Sir

It may be well enough you should be informed if not previously informed -- that according to Report Senator Wilson from Mass. sits under false Colours -

His real name is said to be "Colbath" & not Wilson - Said to come from N. H. into Massachusetts, & there changed his name from some unfavorable opinion of his own toward his own family. A Gentleman here from Mass. has told me the fact is unquestionably so -

I despise all such like scoundrels generally: - but I consider this man Wilson is such a false unprincipled man, that I look upon the designation of a false name as in perfect keeping with his general dishonesty - & therefore may deserve exposure - if true -

Respectfully yours

Humble
S. Douglas &
W. Sarah }

John Henderson

FREE



Henry L. Douglass
U.S. Senate
Washington D.C.

A
F. W. H.
The New York Post Office
Postage Paid

100 miles S.E.

We are by
the way down now as we went
in our direction back to town &
we could not travel back to town as
we would hit the mountains so
we had to go up the road. It was a
long and narrow road. It went back to
the mountains and it seemed small down
there. There were some small houses
and we had to go through them to get to
the road. It was very hot and
we had to stop at a small
house to get some water. We
had to walk up the road to get to
the mountains. It was very steep and
we had to climb up the road. It was
very hot and we had to stop at a
small house to get some water. We
had to walk up the road to get to
the mountains. It was very steep and

we had to stop at a small

house to get some water. We
had to walk up the road to get to
the mountains. It was very steep and



589

BURNET HOUSE.

A. B. COLEMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Cincinnati, June 6 1856
One hour after the nomination.

My dear Senator:

Your telegraphic despatch read in Convention this morning settles the nomination of Mr. Buchanan for the next Presidency. The hearts of the representatives of the Democracy melted at your orationarity, and you are already determined upon as the successor of Mr. Buchanan in 1860.

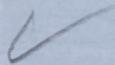
Col. Richardson was regarded in the Convention with more consideration & respect than any other man. He represented you well & fitly.

Yours very truly,
John S. Cunningham.

Senato Douglas
U.S. Senator
Washington

John S Cunningham
Cincinnati Ohio
June 6/86

Political



Mr. J. A. M. H.

^{Lorain Co}
Salisbury Ohio
July 6. 1860

Hon. A. A. Douglass

Dear Sir

You will excuse me for troubling you, but I have no place
to write to you except home and resort to you
on the Kansas question. I mean to stump
the County of Lorain in the coming
campaign and as the question will
be whether men have a right or are capable of
governing themselves I would like to have
all the evidence before me. I am in favor
of the principle established in the Bill
of Emancipation of Kansas, and shall give that
man my support who is its true ex-
ponent.

Yours With the Highest Regards

E G Johnson

Salisbury Lorain Co Ohio

E G Johnson
La Grange Tex

Maths Reportg Speech

Sund June 11/56

Glencairn

June 7. 1856

Dear Sir

Though the battle has been fought and
lost nevertheless it may not be uninteresting to see
the causes which led to the result. Of me though however
you may be satisfied you have come out of the fight
uninjured. Indeed I heard frequent expressions from delegates
who had opposed you but after the nomination saying "Now
as honest a man as ever went down from being the
President after Buchanan" and such was indeed the
general feeling - But to return to my object - First of all
the general tone of the country is for reciprocity and
Buchanan age & experience as well as Moderation
brought that entire sentiment to his support - The Whigs
who used to vote with us - the leaders toad Democratic & all
the usurpation abominated Buchanan - In this locality too
the terrible hostility to Ward & Sewall & the externe who

were charged with having boasted that if you were elected they would be all present with you and & believed that Mr. Leavenworth had made such boasts. There was universal dissatisfaction of the party at the City and County against you as the great object of to break up Mr. Leavenworth's influence at Washington. These things caused the whole Party here to act against you not so much to Buchanan but for the reasons of which I have spoken. As a consequence the "Democratic convention" here acted systematically & deliberately to nominate the Friends of fifty to each State as bound to claim for Buchanan. Indiana too went firm and solid for Buchanan, as a result I anticipated for the first time from a remark which Bright drafted to me in the cars on my way from Washington here. Indeed on looking back to the masters of which I advised you from N.Y. Bright ought to have always preferred the course from Indiana. The singular folly of Indiana took down your strength in the Ohio neighborhood as it did in the local election of 1856. Your city people & the New York leaders came here for you with a heart to rescue you from Johnson but finding the outside pressure so strong for Buchanan made a bargain with his friends. But notwithstanding all

of the Virginia delegation had on Thursday night come over as a change of two of them would have denied the slate to do - so that even you would still have been nominated. Some of the Virginians advised me that they took up Buchanan as the first place mainly because they supposed him to be the most likely to be able to beat Poor - They often try to beat him. But now that Secession required them to hang to Poor, under circumstances should give them a desire to come for you for you who in reality they prefer. So you see that nothing but an unlucky conjunction of different events beat you at last - On to Poor he had no shadow of chance from the first.

Such is a rapid sketch of matters & things as they actually occurred. The detail is infinite.

Very yours

H. J. A. Douglas

D. T. Disney

A. T. Disney
Cincinnati Ohio
Jan 7 1856

Political

Hon and Dear Sir

Haney Lycoming Co. Pa
Saturday June 7th 1856

Having heard a great deal
of the "Kansas Affairs" and being anxious
to hear something of the what has been
said in the Senate and House of Representa-
tives. by the different Senators and Representa-
tives on the said subject, I most respectfully
request you (if it may please your Honor) and
most sincerely hope it will, to send me some
Speeches. In Haste

Lions

Most Respectfully
G. J. Drakey

Hon. Stephen A. Douglas N.C.
of Illinois.

C S Drake
Muncy Penn

Wants one

Sent June 9 1856

Navy Times, New York

June 7. 1856.

My Dear Friend -

I was astonished to see that the
Massachusetts Delegation led off against us yes-
terday morning. Yet when I reflect
that our democratic friend A. B. Brown
was upon the ground, full of ardent
aspirations and liberally encouraged no
doubt by foreign and domestic friends,
my astonishment abates.

I trembled for you when
I saw our friend Pierce going so
clearly

clearly by the board, while he
might have saved himself and
friends so handsomely by with-
drawal after the first or second
ballot. And I was delighted
therefore when you cast yourself
and friends loose from his care by
those letters to Maj. Richardson,
of which - if in your stead at
that time and place - I would
rather have been the author
than the recipient of the nomi-
nation. All your friends here
seem to say this to-day.

And it is upon that timely
and eminently judicious step
that I desire - as one of the hon-
blest though not the least sincere -
of your personal and political friends,
to congratulate you.

I cannot disguise my deep
and abiding regret that Tennessee
should have bolted at that critical
moment - for I knew the Democracy
of the State preferre yourself, and
the delegates, on turning from P.
voted once against you merely to
fulfil a sort of previous promise.

Met Tennessee is Democratic,
and unless Andrew Johnson takes
"a wrong shoot" she will give her
vote to our nominee.

I had hoped Mr. Pease
would get a majority of concular
votes as enclosing his fidelity to
the cause, to the Constitution, and
more especially as enclosing his
accommodative conduct.

Be patient, my dear friend -
The Convention of Charleston, four
years hence, shall tell the tale.
Remember me to my dear cousin. //
My warmly affe friend
Hon. S. A. Douglas } J. W. HAMM
W. S. Sancte }

Sept. 20th 1860
Geo. Washington Jr. / 1860
Folsom

St. Louis June 1st 1856

Dear S. J. C. Douglass
D. F.

I really regret very much that you did not receive the nomination, but I suppose there was at present no chance for it, and your letter declining to be in the way of an amicable and harmonious adjustment, which was published here this morning, has had a good effect.

The Platform is a triumph of your principles, and I doubt not will contribute to your future benefit. If Buchanan does right you must, if alive, succeed him.

You should at once begin the preparation of the Ulysses - his triumph on that platform must allay the embittered feeling which has preceded your present success and the several opposing issues of the present will be threshed in silence before the next session.

Bob Richardson and the balance of you should be wide awake and vigilant.

Faithfully yours

John Sloman

John Hogan
St Louis Mo
June 7th 1856

Pitiful

11
12
13
14

W. Poston
Cincinnati Ohio
June 7 1856

Political ✓

Cincinnati 7 June 1856.

My dear Sir:

Before you receive this note you will have heard the result of the nominations by the National Convention of the Free & Cray recently assembled at this place. I know you too well either to indulge in the language of complaint or regret.

From the first without informing you of my preference, I gave waited upon it, & found my single vote which I determined to cast for you, swell, till you obtained the united vote of my state. The Boys of Buchanan interest however had sapped it to the centre, & as Richardson consulted with me as to the propriety of his course your friend should adopt, & showed me your despatch, I, knowing that the Missouri, Kentucky, & other delegations were demoralized by fear, determined to make the withdrawal upon the idea suggested by yourself, which was the true one, & therefore withdrew you from the contest when you were at the acme of

your strength. Another ballot would have been fatal. I thought it better that you should end by a splendid retreat than perish by sacrifice of faithfully adh-
erents. The Vice Presidency was the bait, & many seducers bit, but were caught instead of getting it.

In my own part I feel gratified that the South have generally awarded you their support, but I fear the folly of their division between you & Genl. Price, & I fear they will yet deprive us of it.

I know your many & direst tempta-
tions not to give in, nor does my own
frame of mind allow me to say any
thing more. I deemed the true bond
of honor with the South was to safe-
-guard the most absolute & able shan-
-kion of the Kansas side, & not the Ad-
-ministration, & I acted accordingly,
until further personal adherence
to your interests would have been
faithless, & not only detrimental to you
but treacherous to the Democracy.

part the country. As it is, I feel
you occupy a position more brilliant
& slavery less powerful than the nominees
with appearance of great
& sincere esteem

I remain

Very truly

your friend

H. H. H.

Stephen A. Douglas

W. Preston

Washington

D.C.

Campfield Mahoning Co
Ohio June 9. 1854

P. H. Lewis
Campfield Ohio
June 9th 54

Hon S A Douglass Sir I write

Political

W/

again for the purpose of ascertaining your position on the subject of 2 Millsey acts - on. It is understood in this portion of Ohio that you favor that measure. Which fact no doubt reduced your force in the Cincinnati Convention. If you now have time I will still be pleased to hear from you as there is an 1860.

Coming June 1st

H. Lewis

1000 ft. above the village
Dug out of the hill side
and the water
is held in
the lake
The lake
was formed by a
dam built across a
natural depression
in the earth
about 1000 ft.
above the village
The dam was made
of large stones and
was about 100 ft. long
and 20 ft. high
The water is
about 100 ft. deep
and the lake
is about 1000 ft.
long and 100 ft.
wide

Muskogee, June 9, 1856

Hon. A. J. Douglas:

Sir: I am desirous to have copies of your Report and Speech on Kansas affairs, and if not too much trouble, would feel obliged to you to have them sent to me. I write to you because I am not personally known to Senator Douglass, and have not been long known to any body, or writing myself to the Democratic party.

Very respectfully
D. Markee

O ManRe
Favor R Ohio

Waut Report & Speech

dat Jun 19/06

Painesville Lake Co.
Ohio June 9th 1866

Hon. S. A. Douglas:

Dr Sir:

I would thank you for several copies of your able Report on Kansas. I would be thankful also for any other documents on the relation of the Administration to the Affairs in Kansas.

No one can entertain any doubt of our success this fall. But, notwithstanding, we are bound to work. I would stand & fight on the Democratic National Platform if I had the entire world against me. If it be possible to enlighten the mind of the masses in

this cause of Black Republicanism
upon the real question - the
relation of the Central Govt to
the Territories - the extent of the
legislative power of Congress
over the people of the Territories
- questions upon which they
are least informed - I say if
it be possible to enlighten
their minds we - few working
Democrats here - are bound
it shall be done - God speed
the right - we sincerely trust
voters shall act intelligently -

I have the honor - dear Sir -
to be your most humble
servt -

A. J. Williams -
Hon. S. Averly Jr.

A. J. Williams
Painesville Ohio

Waut Report

Sat June 19/06

Dear Friend Mr.
Wm. H. Seward
Dear West

Wm. H. Seward

Post office, Springfield, Illinois.

June 10, 1836.

My very dear Sir:-

I returned from Cincinnati on Saturday, in company with the Springfield delegation. It is unnecessary to say that we all feel deeply disappointed at the result of the action of the convention. It was unmistakeable that there was a deep undercurrent of feeling in your favor running through the entire convention, and had it not been for the external cry of "availability," "Pennsylvania's last chance," "safe man," "prudent political statesman," "can carry the doubtful Northern States," and all such stuff, echoed and re-echoed from ten thousand voices from the South, I firmly believe, you would have received the nomination.

The South admitted that with you as the leader every Southern State would have wheeled gallantly into line, but the pleading, railing, shrill and cry of the North, threw a wet blanket over Southern enthusiasm. I only hope and trust that Illinois may one day have it in her power to reward Indiana and Ohio for their treachery. There was a few noble souls in the Ohio delegation that should be forever honored.

prominent among them stands, Sam McMary
and Stedman. In the Indiana delegation,
there is no or redeeming spot—not a star
to light the darkness of her treachery. She
basely, cowardly, deserted us at Buena Vista.
She deserted you at a trying moment in 1832
at Baltimore, and at Cincinnati she closed the
volume of ingratitude.

That the masses were with you I have
seen the most convincing proof. On our way
to the Convention, every Democrat we met
among the people, was fond for you; and
on our return home, at every station, ^{in Indiana}, the
crowd in the cars would呼urr for Buchanan,
the people at the station, would answer—
"A—n Buchanan, hurrah for Douglas!"
There was not a single exception to this rule.
In Illinois, among the real, Simon pure,
there was a feeling of disappointment not easily
described, while the fishy Democrats and
Whigs were jubilant at the result.

Your true friends, the Nebraska men, are in-
dubitably deeply chagrined. We all anticipated that
the justice of the nation would have risen
superior to "availability," and given you
the nomination. Had the convention possessed
one-tenth of your firmness, they would have
done so, and my word for it—the Nebraska

men would have taken care of the balance.
They would have had such a fight as would
have gladdened the Democracy, such enthusiasm
as would have brought back to the
recollection of the veterans the glorious
contests of Jackson.

But no matter, the nomination is made, and
for your sake, we will make Pennsylvania right
proud to see that her magnanimous rival is in
as dead earnest at the ballot box as ~~she~~ he
was before the convention.

It would have done your heart good to ^{have seen how}
gloriously you retired from that convention—how nobly
"old Dick" placed you on the record,
and the almost idolatry with which your
name was cheered, when it was announced
that for harmony, conciliation, and brotherhood,
you visited Tony's name withdrawn.

"No power on earth said a Pennsylvania
to me, "can prevent Douglas from being
President next time." His noble conduct in per-
mitting (that was the word) Mr. Buchanan to get
the nomination, will never be forgotten." He has one
great satisfaction, he has placed old Brock, on his
(Douglas) platform." These and many similar expres-
sions from all sorts of people, were the prevail-
ing topics after your withdrawal.

I have deemed it necessary to say this

Much to you of things that transpired there, as I had a better opportunity of feeling the pulse of the outsiders, than either Harris or Richardson who were all the while among the different delegations. They both worked like beavers.

I am sorry to say that my wifes health is very delicate. I fear very much that unless I can take her to some more genial Climate, she will not be with me long. My own private means will not permit me to go to Europe - a voyage which I feel satisfied would be very beneficial. Is there not some employment abroad, some consulship, where there ~~had been~~ is a vacancy, to which this Administration could send me, that would about pay expenses. If I were able to do this myself I would not ask it, but I know there are continually employments abroad coming up, where the Government requires careful, safe men, and I would be under eternal obligations if I could secure such a place through you. Will you please give your views about the chances.

Hon. J. A. Douglas

Very truly by friend
MacAdiller

John Soltitt
Lafayette Ind
June 10/56
Political

Lafayette, Ind.
June 10. 1856.

My dear Sir, This letter is not written by you enemey to harrow up your feelings, but by one who is sincerely your friend, admiring & well wisher, to sooth your feelings by giving you a true account of why the Delegation from Indiana voted as they did in the late Cincinnati Convention. It is no less strange than true that those who were for you four years ago & down to & after the time we had a conversation at Chicago in July last were for Mr. Buchanan at the late convention, and that those who were against you at

the time above indicated,
you to all appearance, and
I suppose sincerely, for you at
the late convention. Why this
turning to you I shall leave to
your own conjecture, not knowing
myself, but presuming it was
from pure & proper motives,
while on the other hand I shall
plainly state the motives that
actuated your original friends
in voting against you. Among
those friends I know I may, in
all truth, count myself.

To the Pennsylvania Delegates &
all others with whom I conversed
I said my heart was with Clay,
but my head was with Buchanan,
or in other words, I preferred
you for President but him
for a candidate, and I
knew that this feeling was

fully shared & entertained by
a large majority of our Delegates
& of our citizens from this state,
(not less than 10,000) in attendance
at the convention. Of this large
number I can with truth say
that I believe 39 out of every 40
~~were~~ preferred & demanded the
nomination of Mr. Buchanan for
this race. This was undoubtedly
the sentiment of our friends in
the state and upon the
principle of representation I
was not at liberty to thwart it.
But added to this was my own
clear conviction of the superior
strength of Mr. Buchanan, &
which has been fully confirmed
since my return home. The
up and experience of Mr. Buch-
anan tended not a little to
produce this result, and it was

strengthened by a large infusion
of National Whigs who agree with
our platform & will vote with us,
but who beg us that we should
give them a man of the older
time - the compeer of Clay and
Webster - one in whose conservative
sentiments they had confidence
and one whom they had not been
in the habit of personally abusing
as they had you & Pierce. This
feeling was not to be disregarded,
and this vote we can now get
& must have to carry the state
against the present Kansas
excitement. Now Douglas I
have written you frankly but I
hope not offensively, for I wish
you will & sincerely hope you
may yet reach the Presidency.

I shall be glad to hear from
you. Truly your friend

John Pottet

Hon. S. A. Douglas,
U.S. Senator,
Washington U.C.

Franck W. Sherman
Marshall Mich
June 10/56

Political

✓

Manhasset June 10 1856.
Dear Frank Dayley.
My dear Sir

The result at Cincinnati was
not just as I had hoped, but we will look to the
future. We have got - if not the candidate
we wanted - we have got the Platform.
This is a triumph of the real Democracy - a
great triumph of Yours personally & politically.
It may well save us from an otherwise sleep
which might otherwise have followed the nomination
of Buchanan. If we do by responsibility go down
on points the platform contains the principle
of a glorious resurrection. Note 1 candidate
in next in 1860. If we succeed in this - we
can not fail in the future afterwards.

Whatever "time chance" Mr. Lee
Cap says "happened & all men may do, I am
at your service & in your service in Michigan
personally & politically to the end.

Yours most respett,

Franck W. Sherman



Cornellville Pa
June 11th 1856

Hon S M Douglass
Sir.

Will you be kind enough
to send me copies of your several speeches
on the slaves question? For the same I
will be greatly obliged.

Respectfully yours
Wm. Locard

Wm Quail
Connellsville Penn

Want Some Speeches

Sat June 19 1856

Connellsville
Penns.

Paris Ill June 12th 1856.

Dear

S. A. Douglass. After my best respects to you, and hoping you are in good health and may long enjoy that greatest of all blessings [good health] I want if it is not too much trouble to you to inform me who are or about Chicago or elsewhere are in the habit of loaning money upon real estate security. I have become somewhat embarrassed just at this time. And will be compelled to borrow about three thousand dollars if it can be had. If you can assist me in this matter so that I can obtain that amount one half payable in one and the other half in two years at ten per cent interest per annum payable annually or semiannually and secured by Mortgage on unencumbered real estate of three or four times the value of the above amount. You will confer a very great favor on me and perhaps I may some time have the opportunity of conferring some favor which may be of benefit to you in return. I would not trouble you if I knew any one else in Chicago. Yours &c
Sam'l. Connely.

Sam'l Connely
Parris'les

John Cockrane
New York
June 13/56

Political

Lag Grik
June 13/56 56

From D. A Douglass
My Dear Sir

I was very
long to see the Coo.-o-doh
boat just leaving the wharf
as I was hastening to see
you before you left to-day.
I was at the
Washington, whether I return-
ed after the Convocation. Other-
wise I should have had
the pleasure of seeing you
here, and of hearing your
admirable speech.

I deeply regret that
all Committee affairs were
not otherwise ordered. I regret
it still; but yet am deca-

Wanted, in your opinion, to
the letter upon the subject, under
the respect to him of a successful
opportunity - Had some money,
not been done at the auction.
How much were done, and
others undone, can easily be
known. Now see respecting of
other results -

Yours @ Ossian N.Y.

Potteray was appointed
to a Mastership place -
above what he asked - Ask
from 1500 to 2000 dollars
per term. I moral to
have mentioned this to you
when I saw you at Wash-
ington; but forgot it in my
business. in office hours -

Very truly yours
John Delane

Private and confidential,

Hon Stephen A. Douglas

Chicago June 14
1856.

Dear Sir;

Mr Sheahan who is in Washington at the present time will be able to give you all the local news of this city. I fear however he is somewhat too injurious in regard to our prospects at the present moment. Although I do not see that any very serious interests have been meshed into our ranks yet our divisions are dangerous. The reports of a new paper to be established are particularly injurious to the times.

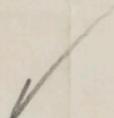
If you have not changed your views on the subject of the post office since I saw you (and I know of no reason for doing so) it is important that action should not be delayed. Wm Price Thos Dyer or Dr M Miller would be acceptable.

We greatly need some personal pressure here

for our own do much to harmonize. Your
Symon will speak here on his return
from Wis. There will be a great effort
in Ab & we want every possible aid from
Abroad,

Very Truly Yours
D. Bramhall.

D Brainard
Chicago Ills
June 14/56
Private & Confidential



Circleville Ohio.
June 14. 1856,

Nor. Stephen A. Douglass.

My Dear Sir,

I take this
early opportunity to express to
you personally my high respect
and appreciation of your work
in regard to the Cincinnati
meeting - By your self-sacrificing
and courageous conduct, you have done more
to elevate your name; and
to plant yourself in the af-
fections of the American De-
mocracy than almost any
act of your life - /

In Col Richardson to whom
your interests were confided
you also had a true and
noble man. Those courteous
and honorable bearing won
for him also the highest
respect of the whole conven-
tion - I was in favour of
the nomination of Mr. Bu-
chanan at this time -
& I think you will be sat-
is-fied that such was our
best policy - at any rate
such was the irrevoable
judgement of a majority
of the convention - . . .

Had Gen. Persu withdrawn
earlier I cannot say what
might have been the chances
as to your name - but my
impression is that the re-
sult could not have been
changed - Possibly you
might have checkmated
Buchanan & both of you
left the field. but that would
not have left you half as
long as now - for I wish
to say to you that here after
I am for you first, second,
and forever - and such
is the feeling of all my
Buchanan friends -

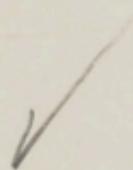
you will recollect me as
brother of Dr Wayne Griswold
of this place with whom I am
now staying and who is, the
greatest friend & admirer
you have in all Ohio. & Ex-
cuse my familiarity -

Will you have the kindness
to send to me Pug's Kansas
speech also Clays, & some of the
best of your own, direct to
Greenfield Massachusetts
I should also be pleased to
hear from you by letter -
I have the honor to be
By July yours &c

Whiting Griswold

Hon. S. A. Douglass.

Whitney Griswold
Circleville Ohio
June 14/56
Political



595-2

Sandusky Ohio Jan 14th/11
Dear S A Douglas, Dear Sirs

You will confer
a favor if you will lend me your
Speeches and your letter in Reply to
Mr Bunker of N H (that is if you have them)
on the Kansas and Nebraska
bill the abolitionists are making all
sorts of statement, ~~the~~ in relation
to them,

You very Respectfully

P. H. Riley

(Address Philip H Riley)

FREE



Dear G. A. Douglas No 85
Washington D. C.

26/61 - infuse

Wheat flour 200g

John W. Allen
O. H. W.



Springfield, Ohio, June 16/56

Hon. J. A. Douglass:

Dear Sir - Can you conveniently send me one or two copies of the report of the Committee on Territories of which you are Chairman. I have read it in my newspaper, but desire it in more convenient form. I regard the facts set forth in that report on the Kansas question, as conclusive against all the reports and slanders that have gone forth against the Kansas act and yourself individually. Any other paper bearing on that question, will be thankfully received.

Allow me to say further, that your withdrawal at the Cincinnati convention, at the time and in the manner in which you did it, has had a happy effect on the public mind, as showing your regard for principles and the cause rather than a desire for personal advancement.

We had the pleasure of hearing you once in this place in 152, and we very much desire that you may again address the people of this County, sometime during the campaign.

Yours very truly
E. G. Dial

E. G. Dial
Springfield Ohio

Wants 1002 Copies Kansas
Report

Saturday June 20th 1856

Wanted 1000 copies of the

Wanted 1000 copies of the

John C. Miller & others

Bloomingt^{on} Ind

June 16/56

Inform you that you have
been elected a member of
this Society and want a
letter from you

W

Indiana University

Bloomington Ind

June 16 - 1856

Hon. Stephen A. Douglas,

Dear Sir,

We a Committee appointed for that purpose, by the "Athenian Society" of the Indiana University - take this opportunity of informing you that you have been unanimously elected an honorary member of our humble association. And we hope that you will receive this, as the only token, which we are able to give, of the very high estimate we place upon you, as one of our western men. We shall, therefore anxiously look for an answer, signifying your acceptance of the our humble gift.

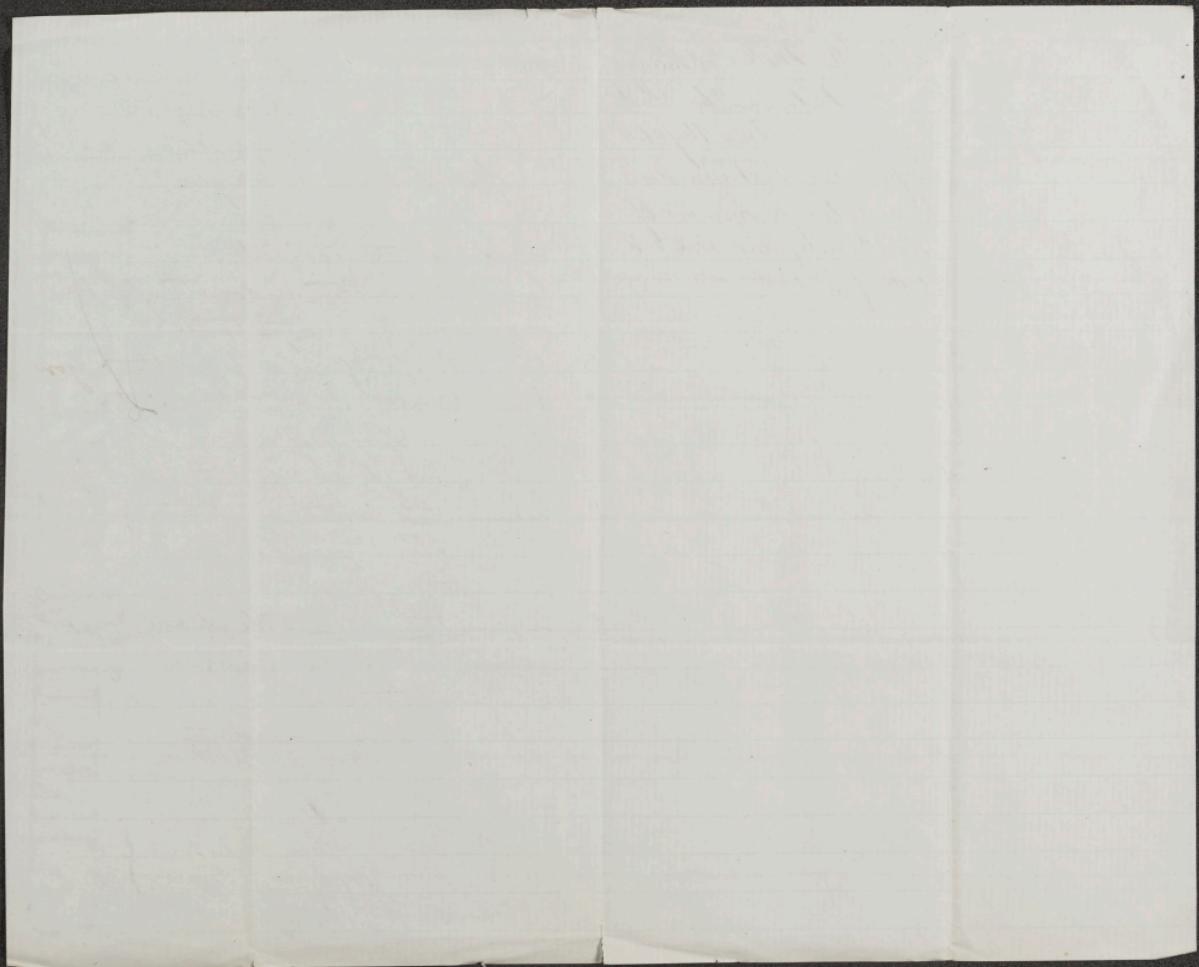
Most respectfully,

Yours &c.

John C. Miller

Levi Hanson } Com-

Henry W. Ballantine } A. S.



Lancaster, June 16th 1856

Am. S. C. Douglass

Sir, Although I am not personally acquainted with you yet I am politically enough so to have been your advocate for nomination for the Presiden-
cy twice - And also to name my youngest Boy
S. A. Douglass. He came into being about the same
time your doctrine was so unanimously made
the Democratic Ocea at Cincinnati Convention.

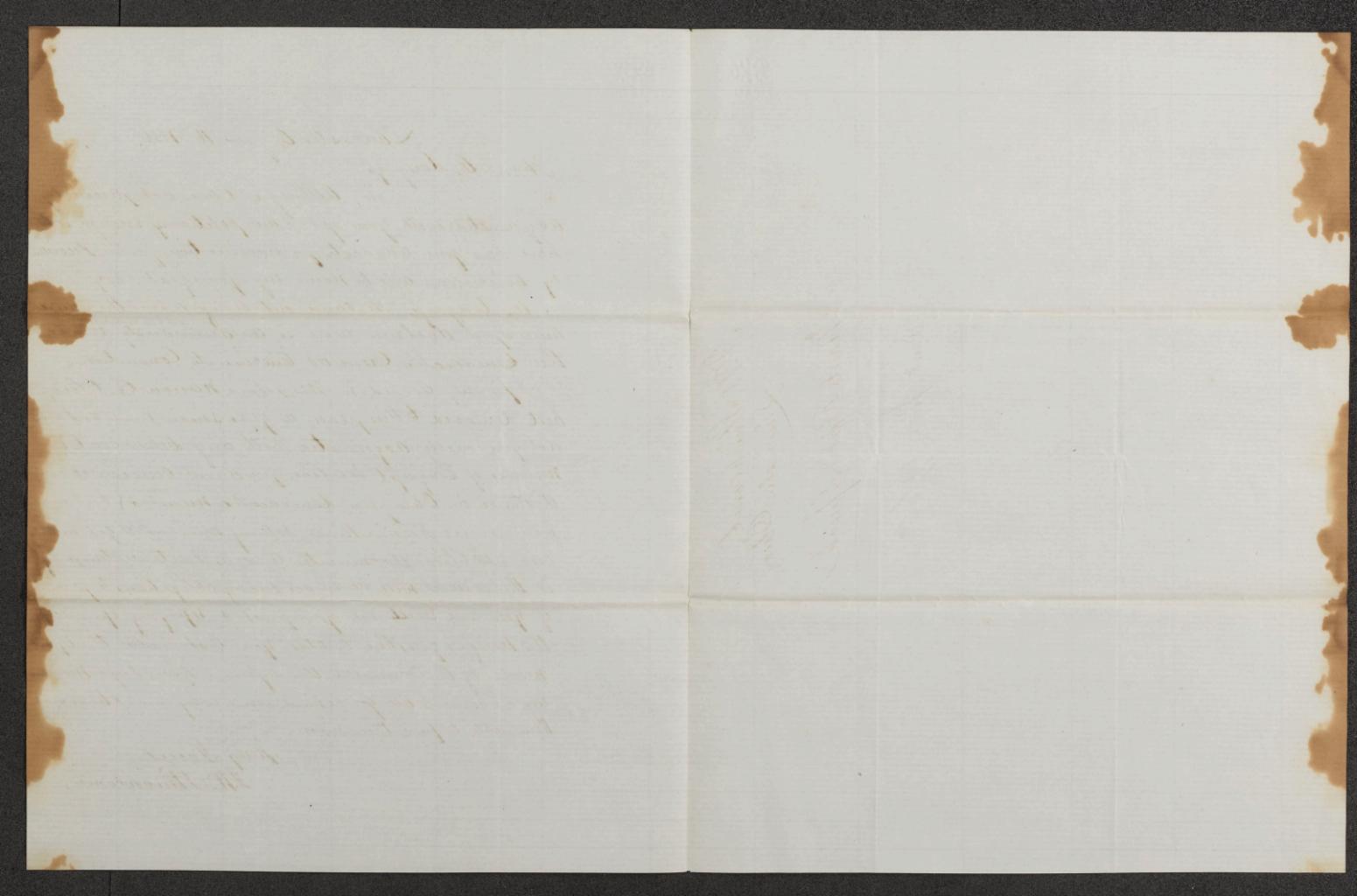
I formerly resided in Mt. Gilead Morrow Co. Ohio -
but removed to this place a year since and as I am
not personally acquainted with any Democratic
member of Congress (we live you know considerable
distance from any Democratic member) but am
with several Fusion Know Nothing members I get nothing
but abolition documents - And as I intend stamping
it this Fall I will be under many obligations to you
if you will send me your first & replyng speech upon
the Kansas question & also your last with the report
made by the Committee this session. When I left Mt. Gilead
my documents all got behind some way and I have not
been able to find them since -

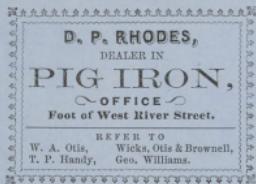
Very Yours
W. Stinchcomb

P. W. Stinchcombe
Lancaster Ohio

Wants Rept & Speech

Sent June 19/56





134

Cleveland, O. June 17 1856

My Sir The convention is over & altho our principles triumphed yet we were obliged to give way to another "Parlor Politician". You will of course remember the frequent talks we had last winter upon the subject & will see I was well prepared for the result as I had predicted it frequently in the last six months to our friends. I want more than ever to see you & to astonish you by naming a few who showed the white feather before the Battle commenced

Thank God Douglass & as all of your friends are not at all disengaged no not all - but on the contrary life being sparing I will still pick the flint & be ready four years from this to make another & more vigorous effort with a few like Stedman we could have won many but the game is young & not out untill played out -

I saw our friend Wilson yesterday.
He said there was a certain belief
at his house all well. I had intended
to come on to Washington before
the convention but could not do
so well. How soon will any portion
of the lands in Nebraska come into
market? I have an idea that
there is money in them & when
I see you I have a scheme to
lay before you & if you agree with
me in opinion I propose that
we make a few dollars on joint
acc. for however strange it may appear
to you I should like to make a
little money & believe it can be
done. Do like the favor to write
me what your programme is for
the season. When you are coming
out & also when & where I can see
you best for you. We are all well
& desire to be kindly remembered
to Granger & family & yourself

Very truly yours
D P Kildare

Mon S A Douglass
Waukegan D. 6.

D. P. Rhodes
Cleveland Ohio
June 1756

Political rose



Mansfield June 17th 1856
Hon S. A. Douglass

D Sir

Permit me though a stranger
to ask of you the favour to send me a copy of your
Report upon the Kansas question made early in the ses-
sion. I am here in the impeded Wilmett district and
desire information in regard to the origin of the
difficulties in Kansas that can be fully relied
upon. any documents calculated to throw light
upon the subject would be thankfully rec'd.

There are a few old line Democrats yet in this
District yes there are a great many such but we
are in the minority at present even here in Old Tioga
the Democratic banner is trailing in the dust but we
are not discouraged we feel confident of the success
of Mr Buchanan this fall and hope and believe that
the sober second thought of the people will again
set them right upon the all engrossing Nigger
question and then the Democracy will be again
triumphant as heretofore ~~or rather~~ before Wilmett
turned traitor Yours truly

D L Sherwood

P.S Please direct to Mansfield Tioga County Pa

D L Sherwood
Mansfield Penn

Wauk Kansas Report

First June 20 1856

Atton June 17th 1856

dear Judge

We among others of
your friends were in the fight at
Recanocati and though defeated
we do not feel Conquered, and
look forward with great confidence
to a future battle when we believe
we will achieve a glorious victory
We feel proud of the position you
~~occupy in the hearts & affections of~~
the people and believe the Illinois
delegation have a fearful account
to settle with their Constituents but
for their defection, You would have
been nominated. From present appear-
ance, no power on Earth can defeat
you again - Some of your Illinois friends
were tried & over cautious, but all
were zealous and enthusiastic in do-
ing what they believed would best
promote your advancement to the high pos-
ition we wish to see you occupy. We
wish to say that among your boldest
Warrerst & most zealous friends was
Judge McCook of Ills. He was always in
the thickest of the fight doing battle

gallantly for Douglass & the Constitution,
His devotion to you, may perhaps create
a coldness towards him from President
Pierce & the friends of Mr Buchanan,
Should this be the case, we feel that
you have a large sum ~~on deposit~~
with both of these Gentlemen, and if
necessary can stand in favor of Judge
McCook. We would be highly pleased
to see the Judge in a better position
than he is now in and would bespeak
for him your kind consideration.

We will be pleased to hear from you
as often as time will permit you to write.
We are very truly your friends and
obe servants

Robert Smith

Hon S. J. Douglas
Mr Weston
Washington

R. W. English

dear Sirs, Douglass
and his friends are
indeed men deserved well of their
country & it deserves well of them
it is a great pity that they should be
despised and reviled death & hell
and their leaders should deserve
no worse end than to be despised &
hated by all the world. We are

Robert Smith &
R W English
Attn Alls
June 17th 1856

Call your attention to the
Eviction of Judge McCork
to procure your nomination
at Cincinnati and desire
to have him promoted.

✓

Hon Stephen A. Douglas

Sir:-

Will you have the kindness
to send me a document from which I may
glean the true history of the Missouri Com-
promise? I desire to familiarize myself with
this measure & also with the Kansas Nebraska
Act. Believing your views upon the
whole subject to be correct my object is to ded-
uce from them to the utmost of my humble
abilities in this campaign, & therefore feel
desirous of acquainting myself thoroughly
with the whole subject.

Yours. Most Respectfully

Geo. F. Clay

Pottsville, June 18th 1856

To H Clay
Pottsville Penn

Friends Dear Sirs

Sus June 20 1856

Tac. City. California June 1850

Hon S. A. Douglas

Dear Sir

I wrote to you by
last Mail enclosing some evidence
of the Felony of Chas. Robinson who
claims to be Governor of Kansas where
further enquiry there are many
other charges of a similar na-
ture that will be proved against
him in this State. you can make
the exposé as I think it is doubtful.
If the witness Fribee would be willing
to criminate himself morally
by making the necessary affidavit.
I shall have the Grand Jury of Santa
Barbara investigate the charges After
which a requisition will be sent on
by the Executive of this State.

I presume the Dem Convention has
proclaimed to the people who are the
Candidates of their Convention eve this.
I think in the selection depends the
safety of our Union. The Executive
of the United States should be decided

and unwavering in his opinions upon
the great Constitutional questions.
The bold and fearless course of yourself
has done more to put the brand
on demagogues and false friends to
the Constitution I observe they dread
encounters with you in debate.
In my letter to you by last Mail I was
somewhat deceived in informing you
that the troubles in San Francisco would
soon be over. I did so thinking others
would be governed by my feelings
but to my sorrow and regret I was
deceived. The Rep of the State with
a great desire to anticipate hope
but favour increased the excitement
but the feeling is I think giving
way which will place the State in
the recent tragedy in an unfa-
vorable light. The Dem Rep of the
State with few exception have
ided with the Executive.

If the U.S. had another Officer but
Genl Wool in charge I think the
difficulty could have been sooner
settled. It is now become alarming

to those who raised the excitement.
Think of Barricades and Armed
patrols marching through a City
of this Republic governed by un-
known persons acting under secret
charts. Our Executive is now without
power as the State has no means of
Arming a force to intimidate
them. Gov Johnson has shown much
firmness. The most material aid
furnished him was from the Preps
who opposed his Election. I am utterly
opposed to all secret association
except for benevolent purposes
as in cases of Invasion by a Foreign
Enemy. The Republican Party has as
little prospects of carrying this
State as that of Mississippi.
I hope the State will not refuse to send
the requisite number of Senators
next Winter. It is impossible to fore-
tell who will be successful in
the coming struggle. I do not think
Ex Senator Foote has any chance of
success some new man will be more
likely to succeed. I have enclosed

a letter to the Atty Gen C. I fear
the result of Land matters in this
state there has been much corrup-
tion in it.

I remain yours

W^m B Hood

Opp. W^m Hood
Sacramento Cal
June 19th 1856
Enclosed with this
Cushing & Co

WD

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

600-2

Mr. Buchanan's Nomination—The Causes Influencing the Same—Mr. Crampton and his Instructions—Douglas and the South—The Western Men on the Brooks Difficulty—Douglas in Reserve for 1860—The Paid Privateering Resolution.

[Special Correspondence of the Daily Delta.]

WASHINGTON, June 10, 1856.

The nomination of Mr. Buchanan is the first step in the mustering of the Democratic forces for the contest of 1856. His election may be regarded as a certainty. I doubt very much whether the Nebraska issue, upon which the battle should be fought, can be completely made up in the Northern States under any candidate. As I predicted, Mr. Buchanan's "outside" popularity carried everything before it. The Brooks and Sumner affair was in his favor, as the state of the public mind at the North incident thereto, alarmed a great many timid men who are usually influenced by the excitement of the mob. But the most singular influence in Mr. Buchanan's favor, was the Crampton affair. The dismissal of that functionary is a matter of more importance than is generally supposed; he most undoubtedly had particular instructions as to his course under such circumstances. When handed his passports, he at once demanded them for his entire legation; sent off his papers to Canada out of the way of danger, and took the train first en route for England. Mr. Crampton departed without paying his respects even to the President or Secretary of State. For the first time since the last war with England, the British Legation at Washington is closed! The dismissed Minister gave a pointed significance to every action, personal and official, and was justified in that action by the letter of his instructions. He received private assurances from leading men in the House and Senate of their disapprobation of the course of Government, and there is no doubt at all but what the Senate is opposed to war upon the enlistment question, especially after Clarendon's apology. All these things were well understood in the various foreign legations here, and from them imparted to their respective consuls at New York, and through those persons to Wall street. The nomination of General Pierce would have resulted in two things, the defeat of the Democratic party and a war with England. Mr. Buchanan's nomination was deemed a necessary and national expression of sentiment, and consequently the very course which the President's friends urged on him as the only way of heading off Buchanan really did more than anything else to secure that gentleman's nomination. If our relations with England had been amicably arranged before the meeting of the Convention at Cincinnati, Mr. Buchanan would not have received the nomination. I believe I am authorized to say that the action of the Cincinnati Convention will prevent a rupture with England in the Crampton matter. Mr. Buchanan's personal and official relations with Palmerston and Clarendon are of the most cordial and confidential character, and he certainly took occasion, while in Paris, to place himself on good terms with the French Government also.

While thousands of ardent and earnest men in the South and West, will deplore the action of the Convention in not nominating that real statesman and truly great man, Douglas, yet, we have the consolation of knowing that we have him in reserve for a not far distant day, that he is growing in popular regard day by day, and will remain like the angel of old with glorious face and gleaming sword guarding the temple of constitutional liberty. There is a great game for the young South to play for the next time, taking the union of the West and the South as the watchword, and fixing on Douglas and Quitman as our never-to-be deserted bearers. Of this, however, hereafter. But I think it would be a wise and just thing, if some public expression were now given by the Southern Rights men in regard to Douglas, an expression which would embrace the idea of political union between the great West and the South, and so altered as to make now, a sincere and effective impression on the public mind and public heart of the Western free States. Why cannot such a meeting be called in New Orleans and published in the *Delta*? The response from the interior would be cordial, and I am certain it would be appreciated by Western men. Don't overlook this in the canvass this summer. While on this subject, let me call your attention to the singular fact, that in the vote in the House on the Brooks and Sumner difficulty, the Western Democrats voted with Brooks, while the Northern Democrats, to a man, voted with Sumner. Straws show which way the wind blows.

Have you noticed particularly the privatizing resolution promulgated by the Paris Peace *Concert?* It is an oblique movement against the United States, and though offered by the French Representatives, was dictated by England. It is a greater actual triumph for her than the taking of Sebastopol—if the Allies had really taken it. It disarms us, and places our shipping and commerce at the mercy of the fleets of Europe—unless we follow the example of other great powers, and maintain an enormous navy in time of peace. Our Government has as yet made no protest against the injustice of the action of the European naval powers in this matter, and I presume it will remain for the next Administration to make some arrangement which will place us on an equality with other maritime nations. If this is not done, and we are thus outlawed at the suggestion of a rival commercial power, let us repeal the Neutrality laws at once, enforce the Monroe doctrine, and give immediate vitality to the principles announced by Soule, Buchanan and Mason, at Ostend. In my next, I will devote some pains to that celebrated Ostend document, and to Mr. Buchanan's position in regard to the same.

JUNE 18, 1856.

LATER FROM TEXAS.

ARRIVAL OF THE PERSEVERANCE.

The steamer Perseverance, Captain Sheppard, arrived this morning from Indianola and Galveston, having left the latter place on the 15th, bringing the following passengers:

Florence Davenport, Mr. Floyd and lady, Mrs. Colson, Colson, Mrs. Pool and three children, J. C. Manly, lady; H. J. Smith and lady, Mr. Stina and family, W. A. and lady, Cox and lady, Mrs. Birdwell and two children; a. Low, Emerson, Nichols, Young, Harris, Bennett, J. Bent, Whiteside, Kilgore, Martin, Walker, M. O., J. Decker, H. Wendt, Fitzhenry, T. J. Pock, and others on deck.

We compile from our papers received by the perseverance the following items of news:

IN NICARAGUA.—As the result of the meetings in Leeton, eleven able-bodied, resolute men, fully armed and equipped, and with means to transport themselves to the patriot army in Central America, left on board Charles Morgan on Thursday. Though few in number, they would do good service in the cause of freedom, and prove themselves worthy sons of the Star State.

The following are the names of the party: P. F. L. E. F. Russell, J. B. Smith, A. Moore, N. R. G. Jno. H. Choseman, M. Conant, James W. Oliver P. Lampton, M. R. Morrison, Henry B. also.

POSTOFFICE CASE.—In one of our Galveston papers we find the following:

RECEIPT COCH.—The case of Haynie & Co. of La Grange, vs. John H. Root, postmaster in Galveston, decided in favor of the defendant. The suit was brought to recover \$200, said to have been remitted to Messrs. Dean & Cramer of Galveston. It was evidence that the letter was registered, and a blank receipt around it, was handed by the clerk to another clerk, to be deposited in Dean's box—that said clerk was noticed to go to the box to do so. A boy came as usual, with him to D. & C. this blank receipt, but no letter containing the money. The receipt signed by Messrs. Dean & Cramer, and returned in application for the letter. This application refused, the chief clerk telling them that the letter had been placed in the box with the blank receipt, and must have been taken by some party having the key. The receipt then in possession of the postoffice, was refused to be given up, and this was brought, which resulted, as we have stated, in favor of Mr. Root.

OTHER NEW SHIP.—Capt. Sterret, says Gazette of the 13th, of the Eclipse, left on board Morgan for Pittsburgh, to build a new vessel for the Galveston and Houston trade, his design to bring a finer craft than has been in these waters—something to float a duck. She is to be broader, with greater capacity for freight and of less draft than any of our present packets. He knows well what will fit the trade and has the taste to carry out a general design creditably. The vessel is to be named the Island City.

Capt. Fred. Smith is now in command of the vessel.

GRASSHOPPERS.—The grasshoppers or locusts have scourged the north of Texas this year, have lately made their appearance in incinity. They confine their depredations, however, to the grass, and to leaves of the fruit trees.

It may be well to know the method used in California to preserve fruit trees or berry bushes from them. The species common to country, and which we presume is identical with this, will not attack any shrub that is wet with sap. To preserve a tree, then, all that is necessary is to sprinkle it with water, and cover it with a coarse cloth during the day-time.—*Graphic Express.*

AS SEXTORS.—The Huntsville Item states General Houston has recovered from his late attack of catarrh, and is now able to stir about among his friends. He will return to Washington shortly.

The Nacogdoches Chronicle states that Gen. Houston is still at home. He has had a very severe attack of illness since his return, which, together with the effect of the sad bereavement he has experienced, will prevent his early return to Washington. At one time his life was despaired of, but he is now convalescent.

STORIA.—The Advocate, speaking of the arrival of the steamer Lizzie Lake, intended for navigation of the Guadalupe, says that the City Council has transferred to Captain Dycus, Montgomery's contract, and he has undertaken to carry it out. He has entered into partnership with Captain Gwartney, of New Orleans, a man of experience in the business of navigating rivers, and they are determined to put the trade as many boats as shall be required in the business.

IAN SKIRMISH.—A letter from Laredo, dated May 28, gives an account of the pursuit and punishment of a small party of Indians by six citizens of Laredo; they came in contact with the Indians (fifteen in number) on the river near Roma. Six Indians were killed and others were taken prisoners. All the stolen property was also recovered. The victors are Americans by birth, though now citizens of Texas. One was killed (Juan Gonzales) and two slightly wounded.

MURKS CHRISTI.—The following are the names of the officers chosen at the late election: First Ward, Henry A. Maltby; Aldermen, Floater, McMurtin; First Ward, Samuel W. Puckett; Second Ward, Cornelius M. P. Norton; Second Ward, Cornelius

[Cont'd]

Ed

Webb

cargo

at Lo

very

the G

very

on co

were

lighte

ed su

in por

declin

pursu

cordis

relens

Mars

The

Caulk

tempo

The

the no

was fi

Sch

on the

shells

Bar

gas, n

the Ba

York.

The

arrive

the 6th

U. S.

19 day

5th. S

The

the 5th

U. :

guns,

Tilton,

Tilghm

Watki

Salle

Coast S

van, of

lin Pier

On the

in ordin

The s

nant of

Juan.

15th.

The

Robb, s

Schoo

coal for

on the

The

Pendeg

vana, I

under 1

Schoo

from N

River.

XX

Was

mitted

of the

ment o

peace

take co

Mr. t

ate ha

subject

sas. It

the spe

had be

been ta

growin

and int

Not o

but the

threate

not of a

but to

wanted

and tha

In the

the mai

in his

voice w

object v

Mr. M

or again

over un

priestly

who is

sole po

Mr. C

man, t

ordering

Mr. S

there,

should

Housen

be outd

dent an

The r

Mr. I

Commit

ency o

New Orleans June 18^A 1856

To the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas.

Dear Sir

I regret that it was not in my power to have been at the Convention at Cincinnati but a care of the H. S. against W. G. Kendall the P.M. of this city prevented me - I take it for granted that ~~it is~~ is generally understood that the east and south understand that the candidate in 1856 must come from the west & if not a fact I intend to be a prophet, having or you know predicted many years ago the election of a young man from Illinois to the Presidency on the occasion of his speech at the Texas Convention in reply to the old man Clay's speech -

Yesterday I read upon a copy of a letter which the 'bulletin' in Washington you would not probably see except by accident.

If the H. S. gives me a handsome fee for my services in the case I have mentioned I will try and look in on you before you adjourn, but I have learned that travelling without money is just as bad as travelling without brains, as the sailor said to the robber - Blow & be damned! I rather travel without brains than money.

The next four years is pregnant with great

events - If the discontented N. N. & the Black
Republicans or Abolitionists unite upon Banks,
India, McLean, Fremont, Seward or any of that
" ilk ", they will get more votes than Fillmore
and all the States which they can now
carry. I think they must succeed to the
Democracy - know nothingism like idiots
& that class of monsters rarely seek matrimony
& must die young - The coming contestation
will prove disproof of that, but the next
contest must be a sectional one & between
the east and the south on the slavery
question, the great & growing ~~great~~ West
must decide - Connected by ties of blood
affection & love with the north, & equally
bound to the south by the great arteries
of the Mississippi & other rivers, it alone
can give peace to the country & defend
the minority against the tyranny of the
majority - Our next war ~~any~~ must not
be - for any cry of territory, neither
Cuba nor Canada Kansas or Nicaragua
but Civil & Religious Liberty Douglass
and the Constitution - This is an extract
of Mrs. Morse, ~~what are~~ ^{but} times better
than the judgment of me - It is wonderful
what hold Webster had upon the people
simply by the idea which his friend took
pains to disseminate - That he was
the pillar & supporter of that great
Charter of our ~~liberation~~
I care very hardly upon nothing
of what you are no doubt surprised

but to one removed from Congress & a
political party, it is a noble "Ode in memory
of rural" -

Remember me to Richardson and
give him my best wishes for her success
in her gubernatorial race and all our
old friends & believe me your friend.

Grace E. May

Isaac E Morse
New Orleans La
June 15 1856

Political
also clipping ✓

Express "S" New

We have a saying we have heard
in the Improvement work over the last ten
years and very well it is the work
younger men & younger men

and it
has got out of date. Men who used
to be young now are getting old.