

Ottawa Ills
18th July 1857

Friend Dauplais

General Tug will visit
your City in a few days
with the strongest letters in
his favor for the appointment
of Marshall that any man
has come from this state
giving him a left we
can fight under good appointed
easier than bad ones I have
just returned from Billewille looked
over the proof sheet of the Olive
branch or a little pamphlet
the poor is printing to distribute
in the North you find
it will do good G W Walker

Geo E Walker
Ottawa Ill
Feb 18/57

Recommends I. H. Foy
for Marshall

Wm Abell
Palo Alto
Calif

Pal

July 18/57

To Mr. Palo Alto Cal
July 13
Stephen A. Douglas
~~Springfield~~ Illinois
Chicago State

Ms.

Re: To H. W. Miller July 10, 1857
Wm. Thompson Co., Washington City Springfield Illinois
Dear Sir

As you belong to aen public men of
the state I wish to ask a favor
of speal encl. I trust that you will
not neglect me & have him to gether
in time or even man. For the Benefit
of the united states I am braked
up & come here for nothing & come so think
that I am intitled to compensation for long
service and knowing you reu to be
a gentleman that is friendly to me.
Postrotto I have thought best apply to
Congrep. for Relief — It has been said
if you will be like good as to help
me in this matter I will ever pray
for you & your good health and happiness
than to advise me
on this subject and if you think best
I will draw up a Petition and send
it to you for your Apparee and
get you to sign it and when you
have your elect in Congress to
say it before the House and try
to have it pass this will be a
greate help to me for been contay

Continued

is prosperous and Rich and
I believe is willing to help all
Parties and I know that there is
a greater many that gets Positions
that is not more deserving of them
than one I have seen you see
often in Washington and believe
that you will be me Justice and
fair which I may be under many
thanks

Very Respectfully

Hon-

Stephen A Douglas

Springfield Illinois

William H.

P.S. I was a Soldier in the war of
1812 and in the Seminole Indian war
under General Taylor in Florida and
Please to answer some

J. L. Adams
East Paw Paw, etc.

Feb 18th/57.

East Paw Paw Decr 18. 1851
Wm Stephen A Douglas

Dear Sir, came this
last Spring there was a few Democrats with
Myself petitioned the Post Master General
to discontinue the Sub Class Office in the
Ground that there was no reliable Element
living in the vicinity of the office that would
Collect Revenues, and stated to the Deptt
in our petition the reasons that the office
was within 4 miles of East Paw Paw office
and 4 miles of West Paw Paw office and the
Patrons of that office would be better accom-
modated for Mail facilities than the gen-
erality of the people that live in the interior
of the County as they live on the road lead-
ing from Park Station to East & West Paw
Paw, and I further stated the policy that the
present incumbent had pursued and was still
pursuing, that he used the influence his position
gave him to do all he could to defeat the Demo-
cratic ticket and was a Whistle Blower against
John's paper and Greeley's NY Tribune and such
like publications, and to sum up his political
Character in a few words, he turned traitor to
our Party under previous administration and

Continue. the whole neighborhood is farms =
= North political friends and they die more
to defeat our Candidate for Congress than
any other section of Country around of the
same number for they had the whole Baptist
Church priest and all to operate against us. and
bring in the file. We have no Representation in Cong-
= ges that we can approach hence the reason for
addressing you. If you would sum the Dept took
no Notice of my and my friends petition for
they have sent on for him to enter into Bell with
the Dept. and proceed to continue in the duties
as he applied at P.M. If you will be so good as to
interest yourself in this matter you will con-
fer a lasting obligation upon me and upon the
friends of our Party

to the Hon. Stephen A. Douglas Yours Massing
Chicago Ill 3 W. Adams

Omaha Nebraska, I.
July 18th 1857

Dear, S. A. Douglas

It may seem presumption in me to intrude myself upon your valuable time, or to seek your favorable consideration, when doubtless there are so many others already favorably known to you who are desiring like favors with myself. But I take this liberty, the more readily, perhaps because of your peculiar sympathy for a class of men who are obliged to come out their fortunes by their own energies. Although a stranger to you I need not say that your own history is as familiar to me as the play ground of my school day days. Although a young man of but little influence in 1852 I used my utmost endeavours to secure your nomination to the Presidency at that time, And when you were fighting the never to be forgotten battles of Job, and Mech., 1854. I wrote you a letter over my own signature expressing of my sympathy and hope, I was the first man in the section of Ohio where I then lived to espouse the principles of the Nebraska bill, and long before its passage I supported it by public speeches, and by published letters. At that time I held the office of Recounting attorney for the County of Turnbull (Western Reserve) Ohio,

I was elected in 1853. During the year 1854 all the factions united, and in the fall of 1855 running for that office a second time, although I had filled the office to the entire satisfaction of every man, they beat me by about two to one. I expected it, and was not disappointed. For having been born and reared in the famous Western Reserve I knew something about the power of fanaticism. I had in about ten years time worked myself from nothing, without friends, without money, or the advantages of early education, to a position at the Bar where I was in competition with the ablest lawyers in Northern Ohio, and I was favorably talked of as the next candidate for Congress against the notorious Joshua R. Giddings. But I had as yet made but little money. My means were very limited, and I had fully determined, when my term of office should expire, in the spring of 1856, to abandon that abolition country & seek a home in the far west, and accordingly in July last I removed to Quincy Illinois, where during the fall I plottet myself I did some reading for Mr. Buchanan and the fifth Congressional district. But my business prospects were being as flattering then as I had anticipated, I removed this spring to this place, where I soon invested my money in some real estate and a house for my family, and now again in so in Quincy I am about out of business, then being but little doing here in the profession of the law,

I am no seeker after place, for the mere sake of it, but I should feel dreadfully sorry to have my life prove a failure, especially as I was once on the high way to fame and wealth, I want something to do, something that involves responsibility, I refer to some of the Territorial offices here, not any one in particular, but should prefer one that would not call me too much away from my profession, I do not intend to press this matter, I only suggest it, and should be very glad to receive a few traces by your own pen in reference to the subject.

When I left Ohio numbers of my democratic friends there suggested that I should see what any form of the kind I mention they could most readily find a helping hand, for instance Hon. R. P. Barnard late Chief Justice of Ohio, and now U. S. District Attorney for the Northern District of Ohio, and at Quincy Messrs. Morris, Corbin & Brown, mentioned the same thing, and I presume Hon. Thos. A. Richardson would be favorable to me, I could send you numerous news paper articles, but I have written in vindication of the principles of the Kansas Nebraska bill &c., as well as news paper notices from the time itself, but I will not tax your attention with any thing of the kind at this time - Hoping to be pardoned for this intrusion & trusting I may bear the pleasure of an early reply. I am with great respect

Your obt. servt

(over)

Douglas D. Belden

From "the Turnbull Democrat"
Warren Ohio July 1856

PERSONAL.—Our late talented fellow-citizen, D. D. Belden, Esq., we learn, purposes locating in the flourishing young city of Quincy, Illinois. Mr. B. was one of the ablest forensic debaters at this bar, and we have no doubt his talents and energy will raise him to an enviable distinction in his new field of enterprise. We're gratified to know that he has buckled on the armor to do battle for the Democratic cause, and will of course do good service. We wish him success.

"Drake Times"

D. D. Belden, Esq.

This gentleman has recently removed from Quincy, Ill., to this place, where he has located permanently. The Quincy Herald pays a handsome compliment to Mr. Belden's talents, which we append below:

"D. D. Belden, Esq., late of this city, and formerly from Ohio, has located at Omaha City, Nebraska, with a view to engage in the practice of his profession, and to attend to the business of a general land agent. Mr. Belden is an able lawyer, an accomplished gentleman, and a thorough-going business man; and we unhesitatingly predict for him a useful and brilliant career in the land of his new home in the far west. Success to him in all his undertakings."

D. D. Belden
Omaha City
Nebraska
Loring Dr.

General order No 1

No 1st Regt Kans Vol

(For the protection of the Ballot Box)
Lawrence July 18 1857

To the People of Kansas

The convention at Topeka on the 15 inst passed
the following resolution

"Resolved that Gen' James H. Lane be appointed
by this convention and authorized to organize the
people in the several districts to protect the ballot
boxes at the approaching elections in Kansas"

Now therefore, in pursuance of the authority thus
vested in me I do earnestly request the people of
Kansas to form Companies in their various neigh-
borhoods, towns and settlements, and every
man enrole himself in some one of the
same; that when each Company shall
contain not less than Thirty nor more than
Eighty men, it elect a Captain, one First
& one Second Lieutenant - two Sergeants and two
Corporals, and that it make a perfect and
complete Roll of its Officers and men in
accordance with the printed forms which
will be transmitted from this office.

It is also desirable and I hereby request
that the Captain of each Company shall



1st year student

not well educated

but will improve quickly

and you can expect to
see him in the first class in arithmetic
in a few weeks. He is a good boy and
will grow and expand more and more
and will be a good citizen in a few
years. He is a very good boy and I am sure

you will be pleased with him. He is
a good boy and I am sure
he will be a good citizen in a few
years. He is a very good boy and I am sure

2

require a Registry to be made of all persons
in his neighborhood, town, or settlement, if
any such there be who shall refuse to
enroll himself in said Company and trans-
mit the same with his Company's Roll to
this Office.

When the aforesaid Rolls shall be received
Commission for the Officers will be promptly
forwarded after which requisitions for arms
signed by the Company's officers may be sent
to the Office of the Quarter Master General.

Kansans expect every man to do his duty
in this matter, the time has come for thorough
organization and efficient action - The
despotism which has been forced upon us
must be overthrown - we must look to
the ballot box as the instrumentality of
our disenchantment and prepare to defend
that ballot box at any and every sacrifice
against any and every attempt to violate
its integrity.

The General Staff as organized this
day consists of M T Conway Adj Gen
E B Whitman Quar Master & W A Phillips
Com Gen each with an office in this
city.

F. W. M.

make these cases

100

Correspondence may be conducted
with any of these officers and information
at all times obtained from them on the
line of their respective duties

Signed at the office of the Adj Gen
this day

J H Lane Comby

By M T Conway Adj Gen K.T.

S. A. Douglas Esq

At the request of
Genl Calhoun who is temporarily
absent I forward to you whatever
may be of interest regarding Kansas.
The above was found yesterday and
is now in the hands of Genl Walker.

Respectfully yours, M. T. Comby

J H Lane
Chf off: S.G.O.

Letter from
Mr Calhoun's
Clerk Kansas,



S. H. GOVER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE AND VENERABLE RELICS, FORMERLY BELONGING TO GEN. GEORGE WASHINGTON. By peremptory order from the owner, I will sell on THURSDAY, the 1st instant of May, at my store, No. 84 Baltimore street, the following articles, which were once belonging to Gen. George Washington, consisting of a FIELD CHAIR, made by GOLDEN, a cabinet maker of Boston, and used by Gen. Washington during the Revolution; also, an elegant GOLD CIGARETTE CASE, made of Mahogany wood, 4¹/₂ inches long, with his coat of arms and motto, and the original CIGARETTES, all fully and perfectly identified by a certificate from ROBERT LEE FORD, Esq., the sole surviving executor of Gen. Washington's will.

The articles can be seen at my store, No. 84 Baltimore street, on Wednesday and Friday evenings, and Saturday morning, from 9th to 12th hours.

Baltimore, May 18, 1857.

Sam'l H. Gover
Baltimore
Md.



~~Private~~

27 May 57

Sharon Springs, N.Y.
July 18, 1857.

My dear Sir,

When in Washington, about
the middle of May, you mentioned to me
that Daniel H. Eldridge, Esq., had been
appointed Postmaster at Plano, Kendall
Co. A.A.

I have learned from his brother-
in-law, who resides in this place, that Mr.
Henning, the late P.M. refuses to deliver up
the office to him, and until he receives
his Commission.

Mr. Eldridge's bond, I learn,
has been returned to the Department, executed.
There seems to be quite an excitement in
the village on account of the refusal of
Mr. Henning, but Mr. Eldridge seems to
have thought he was not entitled to take
possession of the Office until he had received
his Commission.

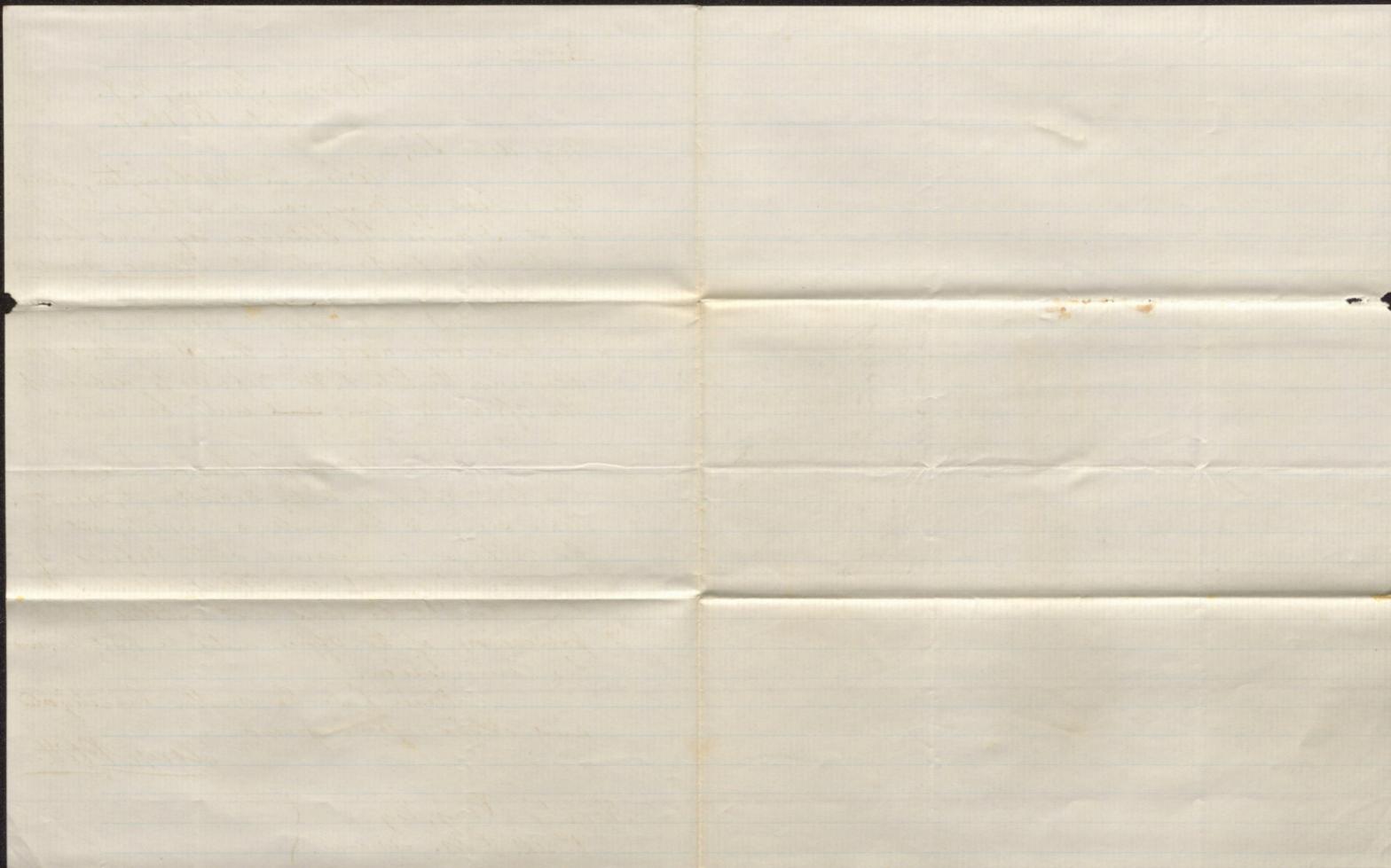
Please have the matter investigated
and oblige your friend,

George Blitt

Noratio Knij, Esq. }
1st Ass. P.M. General. }

July 21. 37.

Wrote Geo. Hill Esq.
as directed earlier
July 21. 37.)



Whitehall July 19th. 1857

Senator Douglas

Sir,

We are about to establish
a thorough Democratic Paper in this town.
The material was kindly lent to us by —
Mr. John Wyatt, thinking the machine
that constitutes a Printing Office would
be far better in use (especially in a good
cause) than laying idle.

The Feminists of the Rock Island
Railroad, will be at Whitehall, which
with its other advantages, make it the
most important town in the County.

We are both young men, thorough
practical printers, having followed the
business in New York, St. Louis &c. —
but we are commencing at Whitehall
~~in~~ under adverse circumstances

but hope by perseverance, close application
to business, and doing the principal part
of the work ourselves, there will be no
such word as fail; if we do no other
two men had better try to establish
a Democratic paper in Green County.

We may have a little difficulty with
the editorial department in the first
commencement but that can be remedied
(if it should so happen) by employing a man
in that capacity.

He would like to publish your
opinion on the Utah difficulty being
apparently an exciting topic; if it was
only half a column, or it might be as
well to copy it from some other paper
which is your supporter.

Hearing that you would pass through
Whitehall in a few days, our main
object for writing was that you may
give us a call, on our first

that a few words of instruction —
would be of considerable advantage
with due respect —
we remain your obedient Servt
Castley & Walsingham

Judge Douglas Esq. —

Cattley & Washington
Whitechapel
Essex

Received
July 26th 1857



New York July 19th/51

Hon S S Douglass
Chicago } Dr. Sir

Mrs Strother writes me from Europe stating it his her wish to dispose of her furniture now packed up in Washington a full set of Caned furniture for Parlor & Library a beautiful set of Bohemian Glass are among the articles which she obtained in Paris many of the articles are rare and beautiful if you should wish any of these things I will send you a list with cost etc - there are about six thousand dollars worth

in all for which she wishes
to get five thousand -

Should you desire anything
please address me

Care Clark Stauffer & Co.
New York

Please present my regards to
Mrs Douglass to whom I hope
some day to present my respects
in person -

With my best wishes I am

Yours affly & sat

Thomas D Day

of St Louis

Hon. D. Day
St Louis
Mo.

July 19th 1857.



Madison, Wis. July 19³⁷

Hon. S. C. Douglas,

My Dear Sir,

I beg to remind you of your kind promise to write the Secretary of the Navy in behalf of my brother Ebenezer Read. A letter of the kind you indicated to me will be of the utmost consequence in his case.

I think a decision will soon be made, and hence the communication must, in order to avail him, be soon made. All the testimony of the government witnesses as well as that of his own, was of the most favorable character; and I doubt not a letter from you will secure my brother's restoration.

Very Yrs.

Elanor Read

Daniel Read
Madison
Wis.
augt 19/37,



Pane Co, Illinois

Burlington July 20th/59

Dear S. D. Douglas

Dear Sir

We are awaiting
very patiently for my appointment
for the Burlington Post office.
The present encumbrance has moved
some four or five Miles of from the
mail route & the office is running
about from house to all the
neighborhood in to it. the black
republicans expect to have it
and they don't care what becomes
of the office, please to write if my
appointment has been sent I think
it has been sent & they are detain it
as long as they can. I rec'd a line from
J M Harrington Esq. some three
weeks ago he told me that my
appointment would be forth in
ten days. yours respectfully
J W Elliott

1860
with
each
new

J. W. Ellithorpe
Burlington
Verm Co
July 20th 1888
about the
Post Office

Rock Island July 20. 1857

Dear Sir.

Your kind favor of the 17th instant was received this morning, and has given me great satisfaction, as I shall now expect the appointment, every day, until I see it announced. I hope you will pardon me for troubling you so much — the matter was of very great importance to me, and the only fear I had was that in the great amount of care upon your mind and the important interests on your hands, you might delay to write.

I notice by a letter in the A. T. Herald of 16th inst. that

Rumor says that Purse Dobbins, brother of the late Secretary, has resigned his commission. He is now on his way to the United States.

Thanking you again for the enduring obligations I am under to you, and trusting that I never shall forget them

I am as ever

Very respectfully Your friend
J. S. Danforth



Henry S. S. Danforth
M.D.
Chicago

J. B. Danforth Jr.
Rock Island
July 20/57





Rock Island Aug 20th 1857

Dear Dr.

The following notice I cut from the Washington States of Aug 1857:

RECEIVED
LIBRARY OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA
AUGUST 20 1857
Mr. Reynolds has been some eighteen years in the
service, seven of which have been spent at sea.
Purser Thomas B. Nalle has been detached from the
Washington Navy Yard, and ordered to the U. S. steam
frigate Mississippi, bound to the East Indies; in place of
Purser Reynolds resigned; and Purser Andrew J. Watson
has been ordered, in place of Mr. Nalle, to the Washington
Navy Yard.

This confirms the notice in the Boston Post
of the 11th and renders it certain that
there are now three vacant purserships.

I understood, when I was at your house in
Chicago, that it had been agreed that the
first vacancy should be given to Mr. Slickett's
friend from Louisiana, and the next should
positively be given as recommended by
the Illinois delegation in congress. Giving
the first to Louisiana, there are now
two more vacancies, the first of which
it was agreed should be given to
Illinois.

For years I have been anxiously waiting
for a proper time to push my claims
to a place of this sort, and have been
particularly desirous of a pursership, having

taken some pains to inform myself in regard to its peculiar duties.

For twelve years I have been daily tied down to the tread mill of a mass paper, always making my paper almost exclusively political; always advocating every measure of the party, and the election of every regular candidate. There is not one single exception either in regard to men or measures. Many six hours of that time has been spent in this county, and in the unremitting and unceasing effort to keep the enemy at bay, and keep our own men up to the line. I have done so, and in the midst of and surrounded by an infected region of disunionists I have laid the foundation for a triumphant democratic county, very soon; I have made the city democratic, beyond a question; kept the enemy at bay in the County where no one else are making headways. At the late town elections we carried every supervisor in the County except 3 and those three in the three strongest republican quarters. The aggregate vote of the County showing a democratic majority.

When I came to town I had \$12,000 in cash and saved nothing, nearly six years of hard service here, and twelve in all, leaves me about in the same condition. I owe nothing at all now, and could probably sell out so as to have a little more than when I came here. But I am tired. I have no leisure to study or travel and my body as well as mind needs rest. Had I given devoted my energies to business instead of politics I might have been wealthy, but now I am 38 years old, have spent twelve of the best years of my life in the thankless task of editing a paper, and I need rest and change of climate. I am sure I can discharge the duties of a pastor acceptably; besides giving me a living it will give a chance for travel and improvement. I am sure, too, that if you insist upon the appointment now, that it will be made. And could you know my anxiety in regard to a change of business and climate I am sure you would not be offended at my indecision, but would write to the Secretary of the Board of and insist upon the appointment, at once.

Very truly Your obt Servt
J. H. Danforth Jr

Hon J. H. Douglas

JES

Chicago Ill

J. B. Danforth
Rock Island
Ills

Indians Agency of the Upper Platte
Near Fort Laramie, July 20th 1857.

Honble

Judge Douglass,

Sir:

Though personally a stranger to you, yet one of your constituents, from the fair & beautiful Illinois, trust you will pardon me this intrusion upon your time & attention, when you are made aware, by the deposition of matters & things which I am about to lay before you, that I address you on a subject of public importance, in which I have personally or privately no other interest than that of any other citizen of the Government, who, in the discharge of his whole duties, takes a pride & a pleasure in saying, that the Republic receives no detriment.

The subject matter in hand refers to the Indians who have within the last three months made incursions into the Valley of the North Platte, within the boundaries of the Territory of Nebraska, & taking possession of the country, in force, if not by force - have erected buildings & planted & planted several hundred acres of grain at two different places, viz House-sho-buck 11 miles west, Deer Creek, 100 miles west of Fort Laramie, having a mine as deep as certain persons at each post, with a large stock of horses, mules & cattle.

I have made special Reports of this Invasion & occupation of the Indian Country to the Hon^rble the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, I have requested a Order & instructions in reference to the manner in which I shall proceed, in order to check & put a stop to these Raids which are in my opinion destined to lead to Indian War, & produce calamities which every one will deplore.

By the Act known as the Intercourse Law, passed by Congress in 1834, & subsequent years, the Indian Agent is required to regulate & control the trade & intercourse between the Indian Tribes & the Whites of his Agency. But this is a case in which I am powerless; for the Mormons will not obey, or obey any Laws except those of the Mormon Legislature or Church. The latter is the ruling power.

The object of these Mormon priests is plain & obvious enough to me. It is proposed evidently to seize upon this great emigrant road to Oregon & California by the "Mormon Church" & monopolize the Indian trade, & the trade with emigrants, which is lucrative, & of course, controlled by the Saints.

The few Indians ^{hostiles} now in the country, not according to me, cannot make any resistance to this monopoly, being too weak.

It will not enter into a detail of the horrors of the Mormon Church, ^{which} I suppose to be adopted in order to check this evil, but will only suggest that a military force is the only remedy, for the Mormons have no scruples, or, at least show none. They are emphatically, like the snakes of the Desert "Their hands are against every man" which is not a Mormon, & it is a grave & serious question for a patriot & Christian to decide, whether or not

they be permitted to occupy Utah, as a Country, or any Soil of the W^mn's Republic, for better suited perhaps to apply the axe & cut up root & branch now all trees & shrubs rather than permit them to grow & give the Indians a chance to us, & our Children forever. All past history of the Mormons admonishes us that there is no other way to deal with them than by force. Reason & Argument are useless with them, and succeeded by these Ministers of Iniquity.

I shall be most happy to communicate to you any facts or information which may come within the sphere of my observation, in relation to the conduct & proceedings of the Mormons Church, for I am not very far from the "Saints" standing about midway between them & the frontier of Civilization.

In order that you may be satisfied as to my operative standing, I beg to refer you to Hon^rble Senator Davis of Maine, & Sec^rl^r of the Legation in London.

Very Respectfully
Your obedient Servt
Thomas S. King
Indian Agent, Upper Platte

W. J. Drift
Post. Larimore
July 24th 1852.

Ottawa Aug 20th 1857
Wm. D. A. Douglass.

Sir. The bearer of this
Capt. L. L. Mc Cormick visits Tom daying
a Change in the Peru Post Office and
is himself an applicant for the Office.
The Question of the propriety of a change
Capt. Mc. Cormick is ~~not~~ ^{at all} prepared
to represent fully to Tom today upon
party policy - of this we have no means
of judging. Between them the representation
of those who desire a change
Capt. Mc. Cormick is the active
prominent & reliable Party Man in
Peru. We would do much & should
do, to meet his views & wishes, while
we are bound to say that the present
incumbent Dr. Winslow has always
been National of our Party. But perhaps
his quiet Neigh borlay Meunus never
led him ~~to~~ in ^{any} event to neglect
the proper discipline of Party rules
We have no doubt that all statements that
Capt. Mc. C. will be strictly true - A change
to meet his views would not injuriously affect
this affect our Party - but would perhaps
increase the influence & concentrate the

Strength where now is the activity
and energy and perseverance of
our Party operations — not claiming
it proper for us to interfere to much
with the Party operation of so large
& influential a place as Peru in
the will ask for Capt Mr. McCormick
such attention as his wishes seem to
you to demand & if you do not think
the change expedient make expla-
nation & returns as you do well
know how to render — We should be
well pleased to see Capt Mr. McCormick with
service to his satisfaction, for he
is competent — able & willing to
render to the Part. Patriotic
Services — very truly & most
Respectfully Your Friends

W. D. & W. W. Atkinson
Jno. H. Nic.

Ottawa July 31/57

J. L. McCormick Esq.
or si — I have
just received a letter from
Mr. Leckman requesting
me to forward his letter
to you with explanation
— Mr. L. expected to see
you on Monday July 20 but did
not — he left here on
Tuesday and will spend a
few months with his family
in Middleboro Mass. — he
went away in so much of
a hurry that he forgot
to send to you — but
~~though he~~ I am sure you
will receive his letter
from me. I remain Yours very
affectionately S. Stabbins

asking for a
change of Post
Master at
Perce.

Cushman & Dix

July 20/57.



Hon Stephen A. Douglas

My Dear Sir

Permit me to
trespass upon your time for one
minute.

Our friend Peter Gorman will
be a candidate for Door-keeper of
the House of Rep. this winter. I am
sure he would feel & acknowledge
another added to the many debts
which he owes you, if you
could speak a kind word for
him to any of the Representatives
whom you may meet or communi-
cate with.

I would also feel much indebted
to you, as in addition to my personal
friendship for him, it would (his success)
place him in a public position which
could aid a plan of his and mine to
put this State right in the next national
Convention. As ever very truly yours

Geo. W. Nammend
20 July 1857

E. Nammend



Col E. Howard
Ellicott's Mills
Howard Co Md.
July 20/57.





Post Office Department,
Appointment Office,
July 30. 1857.

My dear Sir:

Enclosed please find case
of Plans, Ill. I beg leave to call your
attention to the accompanying letter of
Geo. Plitt, Eng. of the 27th inst.

Please return the case & favor
the Department with your advice at an
early day. Oldridge's Commission is still
held up.

I am very respectfully,
Your Obedt Servt.
Horatio King
1st apt. P.M. Hotel.

Hon S. A. Douglas.
Chicago,
Ill.







Morris Ill July 20/57
Hon G. A. Douglas

Dear Sir

Permit us to introduce to you George Commerford a good sound Democrat, who wishes the appointment of Post Master at Minooka in this County in place of E. Tucker a red hot Black Republican. Mr Commerford sent a petition signed by all the Democrats in his Town also by a Member here and by Post Master Farley and Ellwood & others of Lisle he presumes his petition had been mislaid or he has been misrepresented at the department knowing that you can procure the appointment for him at once we have advised

to see you personally
By procuring him / the
office you will oblige
your democratic friends
in Grundy County as the
Minooka office in the hands
of a democrat can do
our party a great deal
of good,

We are your etc
David Le Roy
Wm. H. Steers
L. C. Stott

David Le Roy
& others.
Morris Ills
recommends
Geo. Commissiford
for P.M at
Mirrobra Ills

City of Washington July 2^d 1857

Hon J A Douglas

Dear Sir I received several days since the letter you was kind enough to write in favor of Mr. Bell's appointment at Mallana in Sicily. I sent the same with no. 16 my letter and various other similar letters from different persons in the eastern cities to all over S. & S. I received also your kind letter to me in which you ask me to read your Springfield Speech and give you my opinion ^{about} certain points in it touching the Dred Scott case and the Union question. I received from Charly Lempkin a prompt copy of the speech. the first that arrived at Washington. I took it forthwith to the Union office, and that was the copy that was published here and was several days in advance of any other paper ^{here} or the West. That speech was all the theme of talk and gossip in Washington for several days after its publication, and was deemed by all one of your best efforts and was and still is approved by all our friends and (out of certain opposition papers) is not condemned by even our enemies.

What you said about the decision in the Dred Scott case could not have been better done for the object in view. You seize upon the salient points in the opposition to that decision toward the question whether any one can be made a citizen of the U. S. under the Constitution and you place all those who insist upon it that the negro is a citizen in the ridiculous and indecent attitude of insisting that the negro

Politically and socially is equal to the white race and man and man that is not abased and servile in the corporal right to demand that no distinction shall be or constitutionally of law it seems will revolt at the proposition, and let us can be made by the congress of the U.S. prejudicial to the slave make that issue where ever we are called to speak upon or race that is not also applicable to the white race. That part divides the principles of the two political parties of the present of the case is the great point to us before the People I say the two parties for really stood upon the N.C. party I stand it always an uphill business to argue a constitutional question and a question of international law before the masses. The fewest number of common minds can be made to understand the great and often difficult question that arises in our complicated system of governments State and National. The lines involved in more difficulties growing out of the use of power of the National government, where they are located with regard to the personal and municipal rights of the citizen, and what may be done by the nation and what by the state, altho you and me and thousands of others may fully understand yet we cannot make those lines so plain as that the unlearned voter can see them. This is precisely the case in the question as to what Congress may do and may not do in relation to the Territories which is decided in that case.

But when we tell them (the mass) that the court decided that the negro was not the equal of the white people in the money or politically and all those who oppose that decision are insisting that the white man his wife his sons and his daughters are no better in this government, and have no more rights and ought not to have any more than the negro, every mind of all the measures to admit a state, and congress has the right to repeal and destroy mass however uneducated and ignorant can clearly comprehend it, and one of those acts or grants may not congress repeal them all and

I say the two parties for really stood upon the N.C. party as a mere accolade to the great Negro worshiping party of the day. They are the lascals to the great black ~~best~~ Beast

Your proposition about new territory. I am not so clear about as a lawyer. It appears to me that the question is involved in more difficulties growing out of the use of power in the general government to do what you propose. Then you see or to see. Is it not clear that the only clause of the constitution under which congress gets the power to organize a territorial government is the admission of new states. This territorial government thus put in motion by the U.S. in the territory and under the constitutional power of the U.S. is a political creation brought into existence and endowed with life, and being, and is a part of the act of admitting a new state. In this political being thus created the American citizens there are endowed with certain ^{natural} rights and certain great interests grow up under it. Now I doubt the power of Congress afterwards to annihilate those rights. If Congress ^{and grants} various laws all of which are necessary parts of the preparatory not to have any more than the negro, every mind of all the measures to admit a state, and congress has the right to repeal and destroy

upon that principle what is to prevent congress from suspending
every law made by congress in the progress of incorporation and
final admission of any new state admitted into this union since
1789. the day we formed the present National government. I ask
where you never once excepted the principle, that the power that
brings into existence (the parent for instance) carry & bring, has a right
to strike that being out of existence. what is to prevent us
from striking a state admitted out of the Union. These states are
partners. the constitution is the articles of partnership. This contains
a clause to admit new partners. but no clause to turn out a partner.
we for instance admit a new partner partially by giving him a part
of the profits and benefits of the concern, with a promise to take him
into full partnership so soon as a certain period arrives or a thing
happens, and that prospective partner accept the offer and comes in
and the whole firm without his consent withdraw this offer or contract.
It strikes me there is but one way to do it and that is revolution
it is the same principle that will turn a state out of the union
or permit a state to withdraw from the union. It is revolution.

Please throw out those hints to you to be considered I know
your powerful mind and acute perception will at once see
and grasp the subject. I have not time to say more now

Yours truly

John S. Douglass

W. C. Cornell

Received S. C. Cornell Oct last evening all well remember me to your lady

M. W. C. Cornell
Washington D. C.

[1857]

Tuesday July 20th

Dear Sir

Your friends here expect you to pay them a visit before your return to Washington, and I think you should disappoint them. Please let me know when we may expect you.

Your very truly

J. Morris

Dear J. A. Douglass.

J N Morris
Quincy Ills
July 16

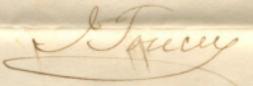
3 19 1861

Navy Department,
July 20th, 1857.

Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of the 15th instant, calling attention to the application of Col. J. B. Danforth for an appointment as Peuner in the Navy, and to say that the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Peuner Reynolds has been filled. Upon the occurrence of the next vacancy, the application will be brought to the attention of the President for his consideration.

Very Respectfully
Your Obedient Servant



Hon. S. A. Douglas,
Chicago,
Illinois.

Hon. I. Jones
Secretary of the
Navy. Washington
D.C. July 20th 1857.

Enclosed
July 26th 1857
110

P. L. S.

Montgomery
Nov 18 1863

For the remainder of my time I
will remain at the same place & do
what you say. I will go to the
army when I am called or if I am
not wanted I will go to the army, but I
will not go to the army.

I will not go to the army and
I will not go to the army and

Montgomery Nov 18 1863