

W G Atkinson
 Louisville Ky
 Decr 24/57.
 Number for Speech
 Congratulates
 Laura Speer,
 for distinction

Louisville Ky 24th Dec 17/57

Dear -

I tender you my kindest
 thanks for your speech on the
 Presidents Removal delivered in the
 Senate on the 19th Inst. I heartily
 congratulate you for so trim that
 an effort. Gladly observe in
 the noble sentiments contained
 in it, & consider them like
 yourself & your whole public
 career firm as the northern
 star whose true fixed &
 lasting quality lies moleculous
 in the firmament -

Please send me when
 convenient as many copies
 more as you can, for distin-
 guishing - - - Accept

My kindest regards &
most distinguishing
consideration -

Thomas G. Atkinson
Attorney at Law

A.M.

S. H. Douglas
South W. S.

1736

Lexington McLean Co. Ill
Dec 24. 1857.

Hon. S. D. Douglass

I say Sir

I am one of those men, who voted for Fremont. I have heretofore considered the doctrine of "Popular Sovereignty" a mere dodge of the Democratic Party, but Sir, from your late speech which I read in the Democrat Press. I begin to think that you, sir, at least, mean something by Popular Sovereignty. Do I ask too much, then, to ask you to place my name upon the list of those to whom you send your speeches, etc. Yours truly A. J. Anderson.

A J Anderson
Lexington Ills
was for Remont now for you
wants you to send him back.

Savannah Hill Ill Dec 24th

Mr Douglas Dear Sir
Please send me same copies
of the speech which you deliv-
ered lately in Relation to Kansas
and its Leavenworth Constitution
If you have any thing to
spare in the line of Patent Office
Reports Please send me something
I would rather have something
Agreement Mr Douglas don't
send any thing to the past
Master him or it will go to
Black Republicans. If you
have any speeches refused to
send some of them and
whether you do any thing else
Send to Mr Henry Rollbun
or J S Roberts Respectfully
Yours &c J M Anderson

J. McAnderson
Summit Hill
Ill

wants yr Steel
& doct occasionally

North Mt. Pleasant Miss.

December 24th 1857.

Dear Stephen A. Douglas.

My Dear Sir.

Though a stranger to you, yet I assure you I would take it as a very great pleasure to receive from you your speech on the president's message, if printed, and ^{any} other document or report printed for distribution. In complying with the above request you will confer a favor on

very respectfully
your obedient servant
J C Barnett

J C Barrett.
North M'Pleasant
Miss. Decr 24/57.

Wants Speech

WD

Port Royal Dec 24th 57

Hon J A Douglas
Washington D C

at the risk of
troubling you again &
cannot deny myself the
pleasure of expressing my approbation
of your course in the Kansas
matter -

Myself and other old line Whigs
that I could not mix with
the Abolitionists supported you
and as a consequence the
nominee of the Democratic
party for the reason that
we believed and advocated
that your Kansas & Nebraska
Bill guaranteed to all territories
the right to make their own
Law - nothing else will
satisfy the people or the

and are aims of our free
government — When the Administration
halted all eyes were turned
upon you, for if you failed
all was lost —

Happily for us and as I
believe, for the perpetuity,
of our own free institutions
you was equal to the task —

Your former acts stand out
in bold relief and are
indubitably stamped upon
the history of your country —
what the future is to
bring forth we cannot
foresee — blot out the
past and nothing of the
future and that one
such place you prominently
among the most exalted of
the opponents and defenders
of the rights guaranteed to
us by the Constitution of
our common Country —
The right and the master are
with you — you cannot fail —
With great respect ever etc etc

One word as to General Donisthorpe
It is possible an effort under
the present circumstances
may be made to defeat
his nomination by the
Senate —

If any allusion is made
of a personal matter of his
that breee came before
the Grand Jury I as
the Foreman of that Jury
would be happy to give
you all the facts in
the case — I do not know
then now so it may
not be necessary — J.W.D.

N Belcher

Port Royal

Decr 24/58.

Approaching course

Want you to take care
of Mr Danforth —

Polk City, Iowa, Dec. 28th - 51.

My Old Friend:-

From the fact of our former intimacy, and the fact that I have ever approved of all your political acts, I presume now to address you.

There is no act of your political life which I more highly approve than your present bold and honorable position in relation to Kansas. That you will be sustained by the Democracy of the entire North-West there is no question whatever. You will stand by you almost to a man. Your "enabling act" is the only plan of pacification. It is the only just plan. If the people of Kansas, with slavery, equipped by a vote of the actual bona fide citizens, I have no objections; but I object to forcing either slavery or freedom on them.

I have seen a copy of the Kansas
Nebraska act, and I now desire
to see it carried out. Have no
fear, of old friends, your friends
will never waver in your
support. We did, do now, and
shall ever sustain your claims to
the President, so long as your name
is before the people. Iowa
most certainly is a Dingley
State. If you wish any thing
carried out here, you have only
to intimate it.

Please send me an occa-
sional document, if you have
not time to write..

Yours truly,
J.C. Bennett.


P. Please forward my respects to
R. B. Hall, of Massachusetts.

L C Bennett

Pocahontas

Iowa

Dec 21st 1858

Approve your Course
entirely N.W. of you

Wants a Doctor now
there.

1859

Bermudian Adams, C. Pa. Dec. 24. 1857.
Hon. Stephen A. Douglas

Dear Sir,

You would very much oblige
me by sending at your leisure, if you can conveniently
do so a copy of your Speech on the Presidents
Message, with regard to Kansas affairs; together with
the reply of Senator Bigler of Pennsylvania.

Hoping you may be successful in the
stand you have taken I am your

Very Respectfully
Wm S. Brown

M. S. Lower
Berwickshire
Decr/58 Pa
Wants yr Speckled
Peglers

Send

Richmond Virginia

Decr 24th 1857Hon. J. D. Douglas
U.S. Senate

Sir, I have duly rec'd the pamphlet copy of your speech, on
Kansas Lecompton Constitution. I think
your position is impugnable and
well defined and defended. I have
been a constant stickler for the
rights of the people. If we do not
adhere to this fundamental principle
- watch it with jealous vigilance
and defend it with unflinching
vigor our institutions will slowly
but surely be stript of their dis-
tinctive character. I herewith send
to you a small pamphlet written
and published in 1836 which may
not altogether fail to interest you
in a leisure hour. I have never
been in public life, but have
been a candidate opposing one

The re-election of Mr. Paul Bunn, whom
he was defeated, tho' not in this State,
and once last Spring being opposed
as I was to the Kansas Act - this act
I was opposed to, because it broke up
the Missouri line, and chiefly because
I did not think it was favorable
to the South - I believed the South would
not gain Kansas, and will lose the
Missouri territory and so escape before
so far as I was this time a can-
didate or have M. H. Goode - I have
been a candidate thus you will
perceive to stand against my party
when I thought they were wrong - In
the one case, the Democratic party
was defeated in union with my
efforts, and in the other, the South is
already well nigh, and will be fully,
soon, convinced that the Kansas Act
which I opposed, will not enlarge
the slave-power.

Supper me - I thought, without, that
the Kansas Act would have been
wiser if it had fixed the time at

which the people of the (or any) terri-
tory might legislate on the subject
of negro slavery, to exclude or admit,
at that period, and not sooner, when
they the people should be engaged in
the act of forming a constitution
preparatory for admission into the
Union. To allow territorial legislation
unsupervised by Congress in the earlier
stages of the organized territory than
when in the act of forming a constitution,
is to invite strife and to excite a
sectional struggle from the moment
the territory is organized till it becomes
a state. If the strife is carried from
Congress it will resort to the whole
country besides, and it has seemed to
me that the only effectual legislation
to be had on this subject, is this,
that Congress shall refuse to inter-
vene until the territory is in the act
of offering a Constitution, and then
intervene to this extent, that the con-
stitution, however produced & offered,
shall be unimpeachable, the act of
the people preparing this will in fair

and authentic modes - letting the people
of the organized territory up to the time
of their making their constitution, have
no power independently of Congress to
legislate conclusively on this or any
other subject. The idea on principle
of entire non-intervention is not
available - it is impracticable. We
have seen it so in this Kansas af-
fair. Congress may be forced to inter-
fere to prevent territorial agents from
usurping the attributes of popular
sovereignty. Congress may be forced to
interfere to protect its interest in the
public lands in the territory - ^{The Execu-}
tive may be compelled in the view
of Congress to send the militia there.
The federal government cannot shake
off the duty with which it is charged,
either by the Constitution expressly, or by
the incidental power, to govern what-
ever territory it possesses or may acquire.
The constitution of the territory appears
to become a state, must be judged
of by Congress, and Congress not only
will, but should, discriminate. One
congress not not be destined to

its moral obligations, admit a
Mormon Commonwealth! However
fairly and regularly its republican
constitution may have been con-
structed and offered! Then, to what
extent can the doctrine of non-inter-
vention be just and proper? Only,
I humbly think, to this extent, that
Congress - The General Government, in
more appropriate terms shall not inter-
vene and refuse to admit a state
because it sanctions negro slavery,
or because the offered constitution, being
of republican form, is not to the
taste of the constituted authorities of
the general government, or to this or
any other domestic institution; the
people of the territory, the white, being
denied ~~to~~ the power to exclude or to
establish slavery, until in the act of
forming their constitution, and then they
do form it in the respect and all other
in this own way; the general government

retaining the power and intending to
exercise it, in the consummation of
the transition from a territory to a
state, to judge and determine, having
a decent regard to the fundamental
morality of our civilization, whether
the people of the territory do them-
selves in fact speak in their con-
spicuous signal for admission into
the Union. I am anxious that the
abolitionists will say that negro slave-
ry is repugnant to the our civi-
lization - if so, then the constitution
of our fathers ought not to have
^{allowed} it but so it is, this is settled,
and even the abolitionists, may they
be ready & willing to throw off the
federal constitution, ought to be
perfectly satisfied, if the people of
a territory, when coming ^{into} the Union
as a state, shall be left to fix this
matter in their own way - The individual
settlers, at all anterior periods, being
free to go to the territory with their
slaves, subject to the power of the

majority when they come to make
their Constitution, to exclude them.

Such is my simple view of the
whole subject without argument
or comment, and I express it to
you as an enlightened statesman,
who is willing to open his eyes
and apply his judgment and
conform his conduct to the wisdom
which experience presents for his
contemplation.

With assurances of high respect
I am yr fellow-citizen
R. Collier

R. R. Collier

Plumburg Va

23 Dec 51

Rec'd your speech leaflets
of St. (an interesting letter)

Send a pamphlet for
your personal

W.C.

Beny G. Connell
Oenia Ohio
Congratulate, & happy
encourage you to go
on Dec 24 1857

Xenia ^{Ohio} Dec 24 1857
Hon S. A. Douglass

Dear Sir

I admire the
course you have pursued in relation
to the Kansas Question, and the courage
you have exhibited, so manfully stand-
ing up in the Legislative Halls of the
Nation, and differing with ^{the} President
and many of his friends in this matter,
although not agreeing with the Dem-
ocratic Party on some questions, hereto-
fore before the country, as also with
yourself. Yet I am disposed to enc-
ourage, and strengthen the hands of
~~him~~ who manfully stands up for the
right. Such are the motives that prompt
me to address you, and to say
maintain the position you now occu-
py, and you will meet the app-
roval of your countrymen, and

in due time reap your reward
in a position. That shall stand down
your name to coming time, as
one of the benefactors of your race
and permanently associate your
name with the distinguished men of
the nation. The true men of the
south themselves, cannot but appr.
e^eciate your course, and position
as true to the instincts of Liberty
and right, however they may
fail to publicly acknowledge
it. Excuse the liberty. I have
taken Sir, as a stranger personally
to you, but not to your acts, and
and course, as one of the representatives
of the country in her national council,
of this addressing you.

As one of your countrymen. I feel
it a pleasure, as well as a duty
to commend your course, and

encourage you, to stand by your
principals, as aromed, and sure,
and certain, shall be the approval
of the nation. //

Yours very Respectfully
Benj^m G. Conwell
B

1799

Providence Decem 24 1883

You S. A. Douglas

Dear Sir

In behalf of the Young Men's Christian Union of this city I venture to solicit from you an address before them of such time and upon such subject as may suit your convenience.

Can you not sir pay us a visit during the present vacation, your presence here would be very acceptable to our citizens of all parties, and at the same time benefit a most worthy and excellent institution, which is presided over by the Governor of the State.

Waiting to receive
from you a favorable reply stating
terms &c I am very Respectfully

Your Obedt Servt

Tho R A Doyle

for the Committee

W. H. Doyle
Brookhaven Rd.
Dec 2 4/5th
Invitation to adopt the
Young Men's Christian Union

Andr J. Fosdile

Reed City
Decr 24/57.

for a speech

W.D

Reed City, 18 Dec 24th, 1857.

Mr. Douglas:

Dear Sir—

Will you have the kindness
to send me a copy of your speech
delivered at the opening of Congress.

Yours truly,
J. Andrew J. Fosdile

1860

Philadelphia Dec 24/1807
Known as

I am engaged in collecting information for a volume designed to exhibit the chances of profitable industry, or openings for trade, commerce or manufactures, that now exist in any part of the world; the theme is a comprehensive one, but the materials unfortunately, are scattered and scarce.

The venerable Prof. Ullman has expressed approval of the undertaking, and kindly furnished a suggestion or two, and Prof. Henry of the Smithsonian has sent me Prof. Booth's report on the Chemical arts, which contains some suggestions of)

practical and economical im-
portance. It has occurred to me
that perhaps upon proper appli-
cation, you would do me the fa-
vor to suggest - direct me to where
I may find an item of information
as to one want not fully sup-
plied, and failing not entirely over-
plied, one product that might be
more successfully cultivated, and
substance now worthless that by
some process might be made
valuable, or one manufacture
that might be profitably estab-
lished or established. If you will
do so, due credit shall be given,
some body, perhaps be benefited,
and the favor be greatly & gratefully re-
membered by

Y. Obt Servt

E J Headley
Box 166 P. O.,

[FEBB 1861?]

Philadelphia Dec 24 1853
Hon S T Douglass
Please send me a copy
of your Speech or speeches in the
Senate during the present month
direct to me Philadelphia Pa, if you
have them in pamphlet form
Respectfully
Dct G H Garrison.

20 East 20th Street
New York City
Dec 24 1853
Dear Sirs
I have the honor to inform you
that I have received your
copy of the speech of Mr. Douglass
in the Senate of the United States
on the 1st instant
and I thank you for it.
Yours & C. F. Scott
for the Anti-Slavery Society
of New York

R. J. & Garrison (?)

Philadelphia,
Decr 24/59.
Wants Speech

Leavenworth City Kansas Territory.

Hon S. A. Douglass. December 24th 1857.

My dear Sir

You will please pardon the liberty I take in addressing you at this time when I inform you that I have long been an ardent admirer of your public life, but since your last speech in the Senate I feel almost to do you homage, the true, and manly course, you have, and are now pursuing in regard to the rights of Kansas, causes the people of this Territory to speak your name in praise, they feel, in you they have a worthy friend, and protector, and if your life is spared, I feel the people of the whole country in 1860, will look upon you, as second to our own loved Washington, and will show their love, for you by placing you, at the head of the Nation, where we should have an honourable and truthful President.

I am a native of your state, but now a resident of this city, where I am in the practice of medicine. I hope you will be pleased to send me such papers, books and documents during the session as you may think will be of use to one who desires to keep posted in the affairs of the country. Wishing you a long life of health, and usefulness I am your friend, and well wisher

Alfred. F. Goss

Dr Alfred L. Gof.
Dear Dr. Wm. H. Cusa
Decr 24. 1854,
a native of Hbd -
- can do you no
harmage - All
think you worthy
of warmest support
Wants Speeches &c,

W.D

1860
John C. Frémont
for President
and
John C. Frémont
for Vice-President

In Press,

PHILADELPHIA AND ITS MANUFACTURES IN 1857.

[Letter from JOHN GRIGG, Esq.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 1, 1857.

MY DEAR SIR—I notice in the newspapers that you are preparing a work on Philadelphia and its Manufactures, and I am desirous of seeing you to say how glad I am to hear it, and to wish you heartily success. I regard the project as an extremely important one—the very thing that our City has long needed. Philadelphia is no doubt the greatest manufacturing city in the Union, and yet Pittsburgh, to say nothing of Boston, has a wider reputation in this particular, because she has taken pains to collect and publish the facts.

A publication of the kind you propose will benefit not only our manufacturers, but also our *merchants*. The circumstances which determine a man in buying his goods in any one of our Atlantic cities in preference to another, are often very slight, and if you show forcibly what our city is doing in manufactures, it will contribute materially to turn the tide in our favor. From forty years' experience in dealing with Southern and Western merchants, I know that nothing will impress them so strongly and favorably as a demonstration that goods are largely manufactured here. Convince them that this is a superior centre of Manufactures, and the rest is easy. They will prefer visiting the *fountain-head*, where the goods are manufactured, and select for themselves.

I have retired from active business, as you are aware, and therefore have less interest in your enterprise than others, but so important do I regard it, that as soon as your work is published, I will take great pleasure in contributing to, and using my influence in naming to our energetic Board of Trade, a plan that a copy of your forthcoming work may be found on the counter of every merchant in the South and West.

Yours truly,

JOHN GRIGG.

To E. T. FREEDLEY, Esq.

[From the PUBLIC LEDGER, August 11.]

Boston, under the auspices of the Board of Trade, with a commendable enterprise, yearly collects such valuable and useful statistics, and scatters the facts over the whole Union, thereby helping vastly the manufacturing industry of that city and of Massachusetts generally. Philadelphia should do the same, and we are pleased to see that a determined and systematic attempt is about to be made by gentlemen who appreciate the importance and value of the work, to collect and present an accurate history of Philadelphia and its Manufacturers for the year 1857. This work is to be edited by EDWIN T. FREEDLEY, well and favorably known for his "Practical Treatise on Business," who will be assisted by others equally competent to the task.

[From the EVENING BULLETIN, August 18.]

We have before us the introductory part of a book called "Philadelphia and its Manufactures in 1857," shortly to be published by Mr. EDWIN T. FREEDLEY, in which it ought to be the ambition of every manufacturer to appear and have his works fully and faithfully described. Mr. Freedley is well known as the author of an excellent work called a "Practical Treatise on Business," which has met with great success. No one is better qualified than he for the preparation of a book on Philadelphia manufacturers. He designs that it shall fully exhibit the development, variety, and statistics of the manufacturing establishments, together with sketches of remarkable manufactures, and a list of all articles now made, and the address of the principal manufacturers. Such a work will do a great deal of good, and in its preparation Mr. Freedley ought to have the hearty, unreserved confidence and co-operation of all our manufacturers. The introductory chapters that we have seen are admirably written, and one of them contains a valuable historical sketch of the city and its early manufactures. It is beautifully printed, and we have no doubt that Mr. Freedley, with the exercise of his characteristic zeal and industry, will make it the most valuable work of the kind ever published in Philadelphia.

[From the PENNSYLVANIAN, August 19.]

As it is evident that this work will be greatly advantageous to the general business of our city, and as Mr. FREEDLEY is well known as a practical business man, we hope he will receive every assistance in the prosecution of his researches from those who can impart the statistical information he desires to obtain. Its publication will be actively pushed forward, and the advance sheets which we have seen are very creditable as to typographical arrangement.

[From THE PRESS, August 10.]

We strongly approve of the work, judging from that portion of it which is before us. *Its plan and purpose are good, and our manufacturers should take an interest in a book intended largely to benefit them.*

No Grizz
Phila
Decr 24/57
Wants some suggestion
about his publication

W

Cincleville Dec. 24th 1857

Hon Stephen A Douglas

Dear Sir I take the liberty of writing you a few lines at this important crisis in the Democratic party, not that anything I can say will be of any importance to you, which will be the gratification of learning what the people in this part of Ohio think of you late acts. Then it but one opinion among the people here, and that is that you are right. If there is to be an effort made to strike out the only living principle from the Nebraska bill, and the Lincoln Nate platform, it will receive such a fine among the slaves, as they never mett the slaves before. No power on Earth need tremble for a moment that they can stifle the convictions of the people upon their right to rule and govern themselves. The faith in the right of the people to rule and govern themselves is deep and

alpenwaking and the attempts
from any quarter to violate
this principle will stir a volcano.
It strikes a cord in the patriotic
heart infinitely deeper than
all party considerations, (as obliga-
tion as we find upon this)

It is impossible that men can be-
so hostile themselves as to attempt
to control us who have spent
our fortunes, and pledged our
honor that the people of the ter-
ritory should have a fair opportu-
nity, especially in Kansas, to vote
for their own slaveholding state-
men, to change position, to take back
what we have said, & renounce
the theory of the Lincoln platform
and the Nebraska bill.

Are men who now stand where
they always have, vindicating the
same great principles, to be allowed
need of facts to justify, and those who
have left the platform, to claim that
they are the simple pure? This may
be attempted in the temporary flesh
of brief authority, but when any
power or person attempts to diffuse
this spirit among the people they will

soon learn their most fatal
mistake. The Seminole of the
month, and the nation have built
themselves up on the Lincoln platform
firm, like the rocks to be rolled over
throm earth ruined by striking
out the only plank on which we
can stand, as national democrats.

The truth is just as certain, as God
reigns, no democrat from the north
who surrenders up the right of the peo-
ple to govern themselves, and votes
to receive the second bill constitution,
without a fair vote of the peo-
ple of the territory to accept or reject,
can ever be elected again.

Men need not deceive themselves,
petty malice may enchant itself in
its vain effort to drown sum it
cannot equal, but there is a power
behind and that power will be felt,
and it will be justified when who
now stand in the breach, and bent
back the threatening innovations
upon the democratic platform
all eyes are turned toward you at
this crisis, and with entire confi-
dence that you will shield the prin-
ciples of the ~~party~~ democracy, from

all upravts, and pilot the
democratic ship safely through
the storm. Permit me in con-
clusing to say that if any of your
old friends turn away from this
the hour of your greatest trou-
ble for truth there is one who
will not beat into ranks upon
you hate acts with a deeper
admiration than ever, and
with thousands around this
part of the country, will support
and protect you in the noble
steward you have taken. If we are
to be cast out of the democratic party
for vindicating her principles, it would
be a rich prize, for it would include
the entire mass of the people, nine
out of every hundred and with you
as principle I hope our countri-
men will hear the voice of the peo-
ple at home, they are good men
but no one of them could ever
return again if they were to vote
for the Leesburg constitution.

Most truly yours

Wayne Griswold
Hon. Stephen A. Douglas }

Wayne Griswold
Concord
Dec 21/15
Lansing

Karnsburg Ky Dec 24/57

Senator Douglass

I have read with great satisfaction the masterly speech recently delivered by you in the Senate on "Popular Sovereignty". I suppose it has ^{been} or will be, published for general distribution - and I am so anxious to possess it in pamphlet form that I take the liberty of soliciting a copy.

With perfect respect
James Harlan Jr

James Harlan Jr
Harrodsburg Ky
Decr 24/57.
Wrote along the Speck

Aquaticus

Dipodomys

Perognathus

Peromyscus

Prairie Cottage near Jacobs
Christian Co. Ill. Dec. 24. 57

Dear Sir,

Excuse me for requesting of
you copies of the Post Office Report for 1856,
Agricultural and Mechanical.

Allow me also to say that your late move
upon the Kansas question has made a
Douglass man of an old line Whig.

Respectfully

W. Hinkley

Hon. Stephen A. Douglass
U. S. Senate

Direct

Doct. W. Hinkley

Jacobs

Christian Co

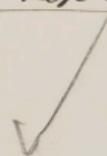
Ill.

Dr H. Henckley

Tacoma

Decr 24/54.

You have converted him
well, Post Office Reptg.



January 1st 1898 - 1000

Spent the day at the beach
and the afternoon at the
University of Michigan's
Botanical Garden. Visited
the University of Michigan's
Botanical Garden.

Spent the day at the beach
and the afternoon at the
University of Michigan's
Botanical Garden.

Spent the day at the beach
and the afternoon at the
University of Michigan's
Botanical Garden.

Plymouth

Hancock Co. Minn. Dec 24/89

Hon S A Douglas

De Sir will you

do me the kindness to send a package of the various kinds of evergreen & flower seeds if you will confer the above favor you will receive the thanks of one your friends not yet in her teens who is proud of the appellation of being a native of the prairie state and to state you so nobly represent, I have been reading your speech on the Kansas question and my Pa says that you are bound to be the next President of this glorious Republic don't allow me to flatter when I say I hope that day may soon I know if ladies of this vicinity had to decide the question they would be one but one response and that would be unanimous that Hon S A D is our choice for the white house. your course

is highly complimented and my Grand Pa Hippel
says you are the man that we want as you are
so much like Old Gen Jackson. I fear you
will say that Kate is a politician but that is
not the case, but I think it is not wrong
and I have a notion to write to that old
Bachelor of a President and if I do I intend
to say word to him about Kansas and
if he does do something so all the people
can vote just as your speech dictates
but he will hear from me
I wonder if that old S & D does not think
this in the store and that will be the
last but will he do it time will tell
my respects

I remain your friend
Kate Hippel

Kate Heppler

Plymouth

Decr 24th/57.

Want unprinted

& say you can have
Anne for best)

Speech sent.

J J Hoffman
Mapillon o
Dec^r 24/57
Want also Speeches
for Ornament

Sent

1759
Mapillon, Dec 24th 1857
Hon Stephen A Douglas
Dear Sir

Will you do me the favour to send a lot of your Speeches on the Kansas Constitution I want them for distribution in our County our Democratic paper takes sides with Buchanan & Bigler in doing so it misrepresents the Democracy very much as the Democrats can't be found in the County to agree with the Editor (Mr Mc Gregor) he says the Presidents views will finally prevail & that he don't want to be compelled to back out as he did in 1854 having opposed the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, he has threatened me a little being Anti Slavery because I urged him not to sustain Biglers views & advised him to hold still if he dared not take ground with the Cincinnati Platform on that subject, he & I were together in Cincinnati laboring

to the best of our ability in a modest way to procure
the nomination of Mr Buchanan & of course defended
the platform there made during the Campaign
your friends H B Payne & M Gray can
tell you, this County was almost unanimous for
Buchanan, Now they are just as unanimous
in sustaining your position on the Kansas question
hence I would like to distribute your speeches
through the County so as to prevent any mischief
from his paper, if in doing this I shall be subjected
to the loss of the powers that be & decapitated, all right
for 20 years a faithful Worker in the party never
scratching a name after our ticket was made no
man or set of men can read me out or drive me from
the party though they did remove me for expressing
my opinion on this subject, being on the platform
I would still be right, thus believing I have
no desire to play the Hypocrite for the sake of
a pretty commission, however I dont apprehend they
will have the courage to do any such thing

if ever the familiarity of a partial Stranger who
presumes upon a formal acquaintance with you
in Washington last Spring that he is licensed to offend
you in that way although claiming to belong to the
party setting up no further pretensions than to be an
honest, independent, natural or legitimate member
of the great Democratic family,

If it is not
asking too much of you I should be gratified to
have an occasional Document from you, our
representative from this district (B J Litter) is a
renegade from us of a Republican No nothing, as you
are aware, we get nothing from him of Mr
Hugh dont send much to this part of the State
I trust you may succeed in your proportion
to settle this Kansas matter & that speedily.

Respectfully yours &c.
J. J. Hoffman
P. M.,

Office of Spirit of the Times,
Paterson, Ohio.

Dec 24, 1857

Hon. S. A. Douglass:

Dear Sir—
I send you enclosed a copy of the paper I publish, containing your speech. As some bitter-heads were trying to raise a clamor about it, I deemed it no more than an act of justice that you should be judged by the plain tenor of your own words. And sir, I take pleasure in congratulating you upon the bold manly stand you have taken. Now, in Southern Ohio, your friends are exultant, and you have constrained the admiration of even your bitterest foes.
Excuse my freedom, and believe me to be

Your sincere friend

M. Wood

W C Hood

Ed^r of the Times

Portsmouth

Decr 24/54

Enclosed
is a copy of the paper
containing yr speech &
Comments -



to 1500 ft. and 10
miles or more to the west.
The surface of the land
is very uneven, and
the soil is thin and
poor, and there is a
great deal of water,
which is a great
hindrance to agriculture.
The climate is
temperate, and the
soil is very good,
but the water is
scarce, and the
people are poor.
The country is
mostly covered
with forests, and
there are many
rivers and streams.

Tragedy

of
the
country
is
that
there
is
no
water
and
no
fertilizer
to
make
the
soil
good.

Sandusky Oct 20th 1857.

Sir Will you oblige me by sending
me your Speech on the Brompton
Constitution in pamphlet form as I
desire to preserve it.

Very Resp.

Jacob Woornbeck

Hon: S. A. Douglass.

Dub Hoornbek

Sanusky O

Dec² 24/59.

Want

Speed

Post

Nichol Decr the 21st. 1757.

Dear Sir

I would be glad to get a copy
of your valuable Speech & if convenient a number
of copies for friends. Also any other day or Plan
you will be thankfully received. I have much interest
in reading & preserving such works

The Stephen A. Douglas.

W.S.D.

Washington } Respectfully yours the
I.C. } Robert Howell

Dear friend Nichol Dega Co.
N.York

R. W. Howell
Nichols & Co
Decr 24/55
with a few lines of the Parch

Sent

Chicago Decr 24th 1837

Dear friend

I have not written you because I suppose an answer if not hopeless, to be hardly expected. I however think it well enough to say as "Amicus Curia" that it is here admitted on all hands our meeting the other evening was a mod complete success.

The Buchanan Organ "pro tempor" v. Wentworth failed in his several days endeavor to split our meeting. The meeting came on but so did not the row, although we saw that the head of it in the tail where we had expected + "crushed it out" head tail - all.

I will not take occasion to say in brief that if your positions are sustained we leave the City Co. a deb, on our hands. You personally were never before in so firmly entrenched in the Confidenc

of all clayer, as you are now. The
tribublⁿ hoped thy coule see you carrying
water on both shoulders or else break
down. They now almost despair - All
I have to say is persevere - husband
your resources. Now who help themselves
~~may~~^{can} call on Hercules. Hercules
is coming to the resuce in the ablo
metes of the People. ^{I think his letter says -} ~~Inchiarous pointed~~
Creates more sympathy than admiration
or support from Democret, herd.

I send you word
to Mrs Dayley, that as she is the
better half - that if you cannot
Reply we shored like of all things to
hear from her under ^{her} guised ~~sign~~
sign manual. No nised her
at a party we had this week
& my wife talked about ^{too so much that} ~~me~~ I
grew jealous & certainly should
have done some desperate thing, if
Mrs D was one of our sex. Our

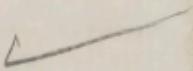
grandam friend Mrs Lammon
thought I looked blid, because Mrs D
was not here - She think, I believe
that Mrs D is a kind of rival
of hei, in my esteem - but
She is mistaken - that's all -

My wife begs to be
remembered to Mrs D after much
worself - Excuse the scrabb
Or fiddly

H. H. Hoyrd

Thos Hoyne
Chicago, Ill.
Dec 24/69.

Poliot & friendly



Sent

1759

Grenwich Dec 24th 1837
From Stephen A. Douglass

Sir
I am desirous of obtaining
a copy of the Patent Office
Reports of Agriculture for 1836.
Although from a different
State. I know of no public
man to whom I could
apply. More likely to confer
an individual farm & to
whom I would be willingly
be under obligation as Senator
Douglass.

With highest Respect.
Truly yours
Thomas Ingalls
Grenwich
Wash Co
N.Y.

W. H. Ingalls

Greenwich

No.

Letter 24/57.

Want Pat Office Rep.
agriculture 1854

Dec. 24, 1857.

Vermont Junction Co. Illinois Dec 24/57

Hon. S. A. Douglas

Sir

From present prospects I anticipate rather a warm time in Congress on the Kansas question, and knowing you would like to send the Douglas documents (in fact now all Douglass men) some documents I give you a list in and near our town who desire to be remembered in the way of documents

Yours as ever

Wm. W. Johnson

C. Webster	^{list}	Thos Hamer
Daniel Bates	J. J. Trail	Wm Walker
John Green	Benj. Robinson	Genes. Gustavus
Benj. Flake	Stephens & Winans	Jepe Cox
Supt. Mr. Clark	Joe Darling	E. Kirkbride
Warren Vail	A. Davidson	Ias. Ditchfield
R. C. Ware	Thos Bailey	Wm. Burleigh
Joseph Hamer	John Seal	A. M. Nuttall
Washington Walker	G. Shultz	Joseph Argo
Cooper Farr	Wm. Mayo	Wm. Davis
Wm. Nelson	Stephen Lindsay	John Russell
John Agle	Wm. Stoops	J. B. Whitehill
Supt. E. C. Gardner	H. J. Holmes	H. J. Johnson
E. Stoughton	M. E. Steaman	John A. Webster

Wm H Johnson

Vermont

Fulton Co. Ill.

Decr 24. 1857.

Gratulatory London
List for Speeches.

Opposites, & odd numbers

are regarded as evil

So I think now

that we will have a good opportunity
of understanding Indian ways of life

and I will try to make the old man
understand our ways in return.

He seems to like us very well
but I am not so sure about the old man.

He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.

He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.
He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.

He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.
He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.

He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.
He seems to be a good man but
I am not so sure about him.

Elkton, Maryland,
Decr. 24. 1857.

Hon. S. A. Douglass,
Washington:
D.C.

Dear Sir:

Feeling

that you are right on the
Kansas matter & desiring to
read yours and other speeches
on the subject, you will favor me
by sending your speeches
which are published, and
those in reply to yours by Bigler
and others, on the same -

Yours truly,
J. L. Jones.

J. G. James
Elkton Md
(Decr 24/59.)

Want your Speech
J. Beale

Sent

Galloway Decr 24th 1857
Hon S. J. Douglass
Dear Sir

Permit one of your many admirers to congratulate you on your most noble position before the American People and the world. As far as I can learn the Democrats of this region sustain you to a man. Not the first Democrat here has raised his voice to condemn, but all seem delighted with your position. We naturally feel some pride in maintaining our own consistency, and we can do so now most fully, and at the same time give you a hearty I had almost said - an Almighty support go ahead Dear Sir, and we will back you. It may be that we ought to hold a Dem. meeting and pass resolutions endorsing your course. But it seems almost like an act of supererogation. When all approve, It would be like gilding refined gold, painting the lily, or adding perfume to the Rose to call a meeting to endorse you

The Demagogues among the B.
Republicans, are in a world of trouble.
They dare not condemn popular sovereignty
because they see that by doing so
they will drive from them the
honest & fanatical portion of their
party, who certainly compose a
large portion, and who now are
not afraid of that doctrine because
they see that its application in
Kansas will make a Free State of it.
I was assured yesterday by a Staunch
B. Republican, but a very honest
sort of a man, that he was bound
to vote for you for President in '56.
Your position takes the wind clean
out of the B. Republican leaders.

Their only hope is that you will
yet waver back down. Tho' in this
they seem to hope against what they
know to be "light and knowledge".

I meet every day lots of Democrats
from the country who say "Douglas
is right, and we will back him.
But you need no backing in this
region - not even in this Abolition
town for no man here dares to
raise his voice against your
present course. Of course I can't help

every day reminding them of their
great inconsistency for cursing you
for the last three years for the very
thing for which they praise you now.
To wit, your defense of popular sovereignty.
But the reason of the change is obvious.
When they thought it would make
a Slave State of Kansas, they cursed
it; now they think it won't, and
therefore praise it. They have been
just as inconsistent as the South,
who also praised while they thought
it would gore their neighbors off, and
curse when they get a little pricked.
But I have bothered you too long.
I repeat stand firm, son, and to
say the least, all Illinois will be
with you.

Respectfully
Yours
L. G. Lamphier

G.C. Lanphier

Galubang

Decr^r 24/57
says Stand firm. all will

I'll be with you

38 Pine Street.

New York 24 Dec. 1859.

Deasur,

I addressed you in the enclosed letter in expectation of seeing you in this city see this.

I wish to ask whether you expect to be here during the recess of Congress?

From the contents of my first letter you will perceive, the object I have in view was to call to your attention, the financial embarrassments of the County, having their reference, solely, to the unprecedented depreciation of the property, of the Cotton Plantation of the Community; and to suggest the propriety of an investigation by a special Committee of the Senate as to the causes of, and remedy for the evil.

I do not know but what a large portion of your time will be occupied by your position as Chairman of the Com. a Territorie, and in the Kansas struggle, yet, I hope the importance of the subject might induce you to interest yourself in this matter.

I would come myself to Washington to have a personal interview, but, in the general wreck, I, too, have suffered, and while I could very well spare the time, my pecuniary affairs will not admit of the expense! with distinguished consideration I am

Very truly yours
John M. Leitch.

Wm. H. Douglass. over.

I find by application at the Office of the
Notary Public the letter they had been forwarded
you -

John M. Seitch
24 Dec/57. N.Y.C.

wants to consult you
about the financial condition
of the County.

H. L. W. Leonard
P.M.
Strongville O.
Decr 24/57,
Wants a package
of Speech

Post

Sir:

Please be so kind
as to send me a
package of your Speech
On the Pres. 1 Message, and
Controversy with Genl. Butler.
Any other documents
you may send will be
thankfully received.

Yours truly
H. L. W. Leonard
P. M. A.

