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or less severe and less dangerous, by which a refractory and noisy convict can be quieted than the straight gag used in this prison?

Q. No sir, I do not. While I have been on night duty, I have used the gag a great many times. I have had some men that I didn't hardly know what to do with them, but I didn't know any other way, and couldn't study up any other way, but with the gag.

2. What is your opinion as to the necessity of enforcing absolute quiet in the cell house and in the solitary by day and night, as an element of discipline in the prison?

A. I say that it is very important and the only way to keep discipline.

2. If hollering and yelling were permitted in the solitary ^{or in} the cell house, would it, in your

[illegible]

opinion, be possible to maintain the discipline of the prison or secure its safety for any great length of time?

I don't think it would if it was allowed.

Commissioner A. M. Jones:— Is it not in your opinion more necessary that the solitary be kept quiet on account of being known as a place of punishment than any other place in the prison?

I should think it would.

Very often we have had as high as forty men in there and twenty-five or thirty of them new men—just come in to the prison, and it is very necessary to keep that place quiet.

2 What effect, if any, in your opinion, would it have if the men were marching to or from their work, and should hear a convict yelling or hollering in that solitary?

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I should say it would have a bad effect from the fact that it is known by all the convicts that that is a place of punishment, and if they were noisy in there, I should think it would have a bad effect on the rest of them.

2 In your opinion would it be dangerous?

1 It would be dangerous to the discipline and that would lead to other trouble.

M. H. Luke,
being duly sworn, testifies as follows:

Examination By
Commissioner A. M. Jones.

2 Please state your name?

1 M. H. Luke.

2 Please state to the Board of Commissioners if you are an employee of this institution?

295 - a Jan.

2 How long have you been an employee of this institution?

A Since about the 1st of October 1844.

2 What positions have you held while employed here?

A I was here as guard for about thirty days. I was then detailed as Captain of the night watch.

2 How long did you occupy that position?

A From about the first of November to the first of March.

Warden McClaughry:— You occupied the position of night watch from about the first of November to the first of March?

A Yes sir.

2 I will ask you if, during your term as Captain of the night watch, you knew of any man being punished with a whip or strap or lash or cane who was in the solitary undergoing punishment, or any where else in the prison?

The first part of the paper discusses the importance of maintaining accurate records of all transactions. It emphasizes that without proper documentation, it is difficult to track income and expenses, which can lead to errors in tax reporting.

The second part of the paper provides a detailed explanation of the various deductions available to taxpayers. It covers items such as mortgage interest, state and local taxes, and charitable contributions. The author explains how these deductions can significantly reduce taxable income and, therefore, the amount of tax owed.

In the third part, the author discusses the importance of keeping receipts and other supporting documents. These documents are essential for verifying deductions and credits claimed on a tax return. The author advises taxpayers to keep these records for at least three years after filing their return.

The final part of the paper offers some general advice for maximizing tax savings. This includes tips on choosing the right filing status, taking advantage of tax credits, and consulting with a professional if needed. The author concludes by encouraging taxpayers to stay informed about changes in tax law and to plan accordingly.

Answer to my knowledge.

2 Did you, as Captain of the night-watch ever order any such punishment?

Answer I did not.

2 Would you have permitted it?

Answer I certainly would not.

2 Did you ever receive any orders or anything that could be construed as an order, to inflict any such punishment upon anybody?

Answer I never did.

2 Did you, while Captain of the night-watch, ever find it necessary to apply the gag or to direct the gag to be applied for the reduction to good order of noisy and refractory convicts?

Answer In a very few instances.

2 When you so apply the gag, did you, in the first place or did you not, warn the convict of the consequences of his continued obstinacy, and tell

The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the
 various methods of determining the age of the rocks. The
 most common method is by using the relative positions of the
 different layers of rock. This is done by looking at the
 different layers of rock and seeing which one is on top of
 the other. The layer on top is the younger one, and the
 layer on the bottom is the older one. This is called the
 principle of superposition. Another method is by using the
 different fossils found in the rocks. Fossils are the remains
 of plants and animals that have died and been buried in the
 ground. By looking at the different fossils found in the
 rocks, we can tell which rocks are older and which are
 younger. This is called the principle of fossil succession.
 A third method is by using the different minerals found in
 the rocks. Some minerals are only found in certain types of
 rocks, and by looking at the different minerals found in the
 rocks, we can tell which rocks are older and which are
 younger. This is called the principle of mineral succession.
 The last method is by using the different colors of the
 rocks. Some rocks are a certain color because of the
 different minerals they contain. By looking at the different
 colors of the rocks, we can tell which rocks are older and
 which are younger. This is called the principle of color
 succession.

him that the gag would be applied if he didn't keep quiet.

I always gave them warning, and never used it only in extreme cases.

2 When you used it, did you continue to use it at any time after the convict had expressed a willingness to behave himself?

Ans Sir

2 Did you, during your term as Captain of the night watch, know of any bad or injurious effect to any convict following its use?

I never did.

2 Do you know of any better method or any safer method or any less severe method of bringing refractory and noisy convicts to submission after all other means have failed, than the use of the gag?

I know of no other way that it could be done. I know of

no way that we could stop a noise when a man utterly refused by telling him that he must keep still, than to use something of that kind.

2 Do you know anything about the alleged whipping of a convict named Harris in this prison?

I do not.

2 Do you know anything about the alleged strapping or whipping or gagging of a convict named Gus Reid in this prison?

I do not.

Commissioner A. M. Jones: - Have you ever seen an instrument of this kind [indicating whip] in the prison?

Ans Sir

2 Did you believe until now - that is before the death of this convict Gus Reid, that there was such an instrument in the prison, or did you believe that it would be