

you if you can any more
 for the body of the animal
 but if it is late what they
 want with the exception
 of this house or the house
 that what appears they
 had.

I saw some marks which
 I concluded were believed
 were quite mistaken, over
 the shoulders, or the top
 part of the shoulders, I
 believe it was two marks
 then I saw two or three
 marks on the back part
 of the back, and his leg
 marks about the middle
 of an inch long and about
 an inch long. These marks
 I believe to be quite mistaken
 of the you remember of one
 mark of that description
 more distinct than others
 as if it was indubitable
 and running over —
 and saw those marks on the

ham, and they had been lapping over — two marks on the ham about the middle of the ham, on the back part, lapping over to the front.

Q Describe the appearance of those marks,

A Being a colored man, they had a dark, black appearance, with transudation of blood. That is, by the opening of the skin, we found there was a transudation of blood which would indicate that it had been made when the circulation was going on — those were the ante mortem marks — when in post mortem we may find an abrasion of the skin but no effusion of blood.

Q Have you any impression by what instrument those marks were made?

A Yes sir.

have and they had been
lapping over - two weeks
over the four about the mid-
dle of the summer the
back part, lapping over
to the front.
Describe the appearance
of those marks.
Being a colored woman they
had a dark, black appear-
ance, with brownish
of blood that is by the
opening of the skin, and
found there now a brown
redness of blood which
would indicate that it has
been made under the skin
culminated now going over
there were the red marks when
in fact we have no way of knowing of
the skin but no effort of blood.
Show you any impression by what
instrument those marks are
made?

Yes sir.

1
2 State to the Board?

I believe those marks have been made by the strap that was used as a whip ^{and} that has been presented here in the examination.

2 There has been testimony in this investigation by Doctor Dougall in which he thinks that this mark more distinct than the ~~others~~ ^{others} was made since the death of the convict. Please

~~the~~ State to the Board now whether you think it was made previous to that time, and why, in your opinion, it was not made since his death?

Well, the reason why I think it was not made after death is, in the first place it seemed to be a cross mark over the legs and turned over lapping in front, which it would have been very difficult to make without any instrument, though I do not believe the examination

1
I wrote to the Board

and enclosed some articles which I
thought you might find of interest
and which I thought would
be of use to you in the
future.

I have been thinking of writing
to you for some time but have
been so busy that I could not
find time. I am now in the
hospital and am not able to
write. I am sorry that I cannot
write to you more often but I
hope to be able to do so soon.

I am very sorry that I cannot
write to you more often but I
hope to be able to do so soon.
I am very sorry that I cannot
write to you more often but I
hope to be able to do so soon.
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was most very carefully made by incising the skin to see if there was an effusion of blood; but after death there will be only an indentation, and an abrasion of the skin, but no effusion. It looked to me and it was decided then amongst the gentlemen who were present at the examination that they might have been made before that - that they were ante-mortem ecchymosis or ante-mortem injuries. So it looks, and so I believe it was concluded.

Q If made by this strap, would it require considerable force to have made those worst marks?

A No sir, a slight application might make it.

Q Will you explain to the Board of Commissioners why one of them seemed to be indented, and left that impression?

A I think that was post-mortem, before rigor-mortis took place

and pressing the parts down, and it stopped when rigor mortis took place. Rigor mortis takes place when the muscular activity - when muscular contractility ceases, and the musculine, as it is called, coagulates. Then it stays so, and it will stay so until fermentation takes place in the alcoholic reaction, and then solution takes place, and then rigidity. For that reason I judge that this mark had been made post mortem; that the indentation was made and then stopped there and contractility ceased and rigidity took place.

2 But that the blow was ante mortem - that these marks we are talking about were ante mortem?

Q The other marks which I saw, there was no indentation and I think they were made ante mortem. I should say