

# Athletics Again Defeat the Chicago White Sox : Pir

## MACKMEN MOVE INTO SIXTH PLACE

Bush Blanks White Sox in Pitchers' Battle Which Lasts Eleven Innings

PICK'S HIT SCORES STRUNK WITH GAME'S LONE RUN

Sensational Fielding of "Stuffy" McInnis Robs Chicago of Victory

GEORGE M. YOUNG  
ers' battle that it visions  
at Shibe Park arday, the

## JUNIOR SCHOLASTIC TRACK STARS IN ACTION



EARP - EPISCOPAL



WALSH -



MAYOR SMITH'S SON OF PENN. CHARTER

## PHILLIES SUBDUED BY CAREY'S STICK

Pittsburgh Pirates Break the Champions' Winning Streak by Score of 4 to 2

PITTSBURGH, May 19.—The Pittsburgh Pirates turned the tables on Pat Moran and

the same management as LINDENWOOD  
NN. RADNOR, Pa., now open. Good rooms,  
excellent table; attractive rates at both  
houses. For terms or booklet write either  
house.

HAVERFORD, PA.  
IE OAKS Opens June 29. Most attrac-  
tive summer hotel near  
a. Write for lit. & rates. E. I. Amthor, Mgr.

Clothier presented the report of the  
sbyterian Historical Society.

Delegates Appointed

The Rev. William H. Roberts, of Phila-  
phia, submitting his report as chairman  
the special committee on co-operation  
union, announced the appointment of  
legates and alternates to the quadrennial  
eting of the Federal Council at St. Louis  
ct December. They include:

Principals—William H. Roberts, D. D., Phila-  
phia, Pa.; Robert F. Coyle, D. D., Fullerton,  
Cal.; Reuben H. Hartley, D. D., Quincy, Ill.;  
mes D. Moffat, D. D., Washington, Pa.;  
lliams McKibbin, D. D., Cincinnati, O.;  
aries R. Erdman, D. D., Princeton, N. J.;  
ar P. Hill, D. D., Chicago, Ill.; Maitland  
xander, D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Robert Mac-  
zie, D. D., New York, N. Y.; William H.  
ck, D. D., Marshall, Mo.; William J. Darby,  
D. D., Evansville, Ind.; Edgar A. Elmore, D.  
Chattanooga, Tenn.; J. Ross Stevenson, D.  
Princeton, N. J.; George Reynolds, D. D.,  
w Rochelle, N. Y.; Charles Little, D. D.,  
ash, Ind.; John F. Carson, D. D., Brooklyn,  
Y. J. Frank Smith, D. D., Dallas, Tex.;  
H. Jowett, D. D., New York, N. Y.; John  
Stone, D. D., Chicago, Ill.; President Will-  
H. Landon, D. D., San Anselmo, Cal.;  
ham O. Thompson, D. D., Columbus, O.; Mr.  
S. Wells, Lake Forest, Ill.; General George  
Shields, St. Louis, Mo.; John A. Mc-  
aine, Washington, Pa.; Henry W. Jessup,  
New York, N. Y.; Hon. E. B. Beard,  
anion, Tenn.; Robert S. Fulton, Esq., Cincin-  
i, O.; Alba B. Johnson, Esq., Philadelphia,  
William H. Scott, Esq., Philadelphia, Pa.;  
P. Crowell, Esq., Chicago, Ill.; David B.  
mble, Esq., Pasadena, Cal.; W. M. Cosby,  
Birmingham, Ala.; T. W. Synnott, Esq.,  
onah, N. J.; President John Willis Baer,  
adana, Cal.

Alternates—George Alexander, D. D., New  
rk; David H. Jones, D. D., Evanston, Ill.;  
D. Kneeland, D. D., Boston; William B.  
nings, D. D., Germantown, Pa.; Daniel Rus-  
D. D., New York; William L. McEwan,  
D. D., Pittsburgh, Pa.; Mark A. Mathews, D.  
Seattle, Wash.; Wallace Radcliffe, D. D.,  
ashington, D. C.; Robert Hunter, D. D., Phil-  
phia, Pa.; H. B. McCauley, D. D., Paterson,  
J.; A. H. Barr, D. D., Baltimore, Md.; H.  
Minton, D. D., Trenton, N. J.; John Dixon,  
D. D., New York, N. Y.; James H. Snowden, D.  
Pittsburgh, Pa.; John R. Davies, D. D.,  
Philadelphia, Pa.; J. G. K. McClure, D. D.,  
icago, Ill.; Robert Freeman, D. D., Pasadena,  
i.; S. M. Templeton, D. D., Rockwell, Tex.;  
an T. Bergen, D. D., Minneapolis, Minn.; R.  
es Montgomery, D. D., St. Louis, Mo.; John  
Edenburn, D. D., Toledo, O.; Edgar W.  
rk, D. D., New York, N. Y.; Hon. William  
Potter, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. William J.  
van, Lincoln, Neb.; Charles S. Holt, Esq.,  
icago, Ill.; William I. Pittsabee, Pittsburh,  
i.; Y. E. Middlebrook, Esq., Nacogdoches,  
i.; John A. Bell, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Hon. M. B.  
Ampleton, Dallas, Tex.; Logan C. Murray,  
q., Louisville, Ky.; Hon. Mahlon Pitney,  
ashington, D. C.; Hon. Cyrus H. McCormick,  
icago, Ill.; H. H. Prentiss Nichols, Phila-  
phia, Pa.; Frederick A. Wallis, Esq., New  
rk, N. Y.

## EPUBLICANS WILL URGE DREADNOUGHTS

Minority Report Promised in the House on Navy Appropriation Bill

From Public Ledger Bureau  
WASHINGTON, May 19. — Republican  
nbers of the House Committee on Naval  
airs held a conference today and de-  
ad to file a minority report on the naval  
ropriation bill as voted yesterday by  
Democrats of the committee. When  
bill reaches the floor the Republicans  
Phil insist that two battleship dread-  
noughts in addition to the five battle  
cruisers voted by the majority, which are  
also classed as dreadnoughts, shall be au-  
thorized.

There is a prospect that an amendment  
authorizing the construction of one or two  
battleship dreadnoughts may be written  
into the bill before it leaves the House. Dem-  
ocrats, it was said today, doubt the wisdom  
of a naval bill that ignores the construc-  
tion of such vessels, and there will be  
an effort to include battleship dreadnoughts  
as well as the five battle cruisers pro-  
posed.

## Girard Alumni Banquet

The Girard College Alumni held their  
annual banquet last night at the Hotel  
Walton. More than 300 persons were pres-  
ent. Among the guests of the evening were  
United States District Attorney Francis  
Shunk Brown, ex-Governor Edwin S. Stuart,  
Dr. Hobart A. Hare, William Potter, Ed-  
ward B. Smith and John M. Campbell.  
Plans were discussed for the building of a  
new clubhouse.

## Animal Lovers Plant Tree at Historic Site

A horse chestnut tree was planted in In-  
dependence Square yesterday by the hu-  
mane societies in commemoration of the  
national kindness-to-animals movement and  
as a part of the exercises of "Kindness to  
Animals" Week.

## The Summary of the News

### THE WAR

LYNCH SENTENCE not confirmed by higher  
military authorities in Ireland. Page cables  
that United States appeal for delay has  
reached Britain. Page 1

AUSTRIANS REACH BORDER of Italy on  
Tyrol front. Rome admitting retreat on  
two lines. Page 1

GERMANS WIN WEST MEUSE LINE in vio-  
lent attacks, in which two fresh divisions  
are thrown against French. Page 1

SEA AND AIR ATTACK on El Arish, Turkish  
base in Northeastern Egypt, made by Brit-  
ish. Page 6

U-BOAT ISSUE CLOSED. Germany holds. Will  
not reply to United States note. Page 6

GENERAL  
COLONEL ROOSEVELT AT DETROIT pleads  
for military and industrial preparedness.



# New Bryn Mawr Plan for Ruling College Faculty

## NEW BRYN MAWR PLAN FOR RULING COLLEGE FACULTY

**Directors Announce New Arrangements Regarding President's Powers  
FACULTY TO NAME THREE  
AS ITS REPRESENTATIVES**

**Members Also Will Elect Their Own Committee on Appointments**

The board of directors of Bryn Mawr College announced yesterday new plans for the governing of the institution. In these plans they revealed the fact that Dr. M. Carey Thomas, the president, has been relieved of many responsibilities which, hitherto, she has taken alone, but which hereafter she will share with others.

Three changes stand out prominently, it was said. The faculty had asked representation on the board. They got it. The new plans set forth:

"The faculty shall elect from among the full professors and associate professors, after their first term of appointment, a committee of three who shall hold office for three years, except that the two members, chosen at its first election, shall hold office for two years and one year respectively. Members of this committee shall not be re-elected at the end of any three-year term until after one year shall have elapsed. This committee shall have the right to attend and take part in the discussion at all meetings of the Board of Directors unless by special request of the board, but shall have no vote."

**Considered as Sweeping Change**

What some consider the most sweeping change is in the decision to name a committee on appointments from among the faculty and the new plans in this regard set forth:

"The president shall consult this committee before making any recommendations to the board of directors on reappointments or refusal of reappointments of officers of instruction. In all such cases the recommendations of this committee and the vote taken shall be reported in writing to the board of directors. Before taking action the committee shall consult with the departments concerned and with the dean of the college. If the case of a member of the committee is under consideration the other members of the committee may appoint a substitute of like rank to consider that particular case. Whenever practicable this committee is to be consulted as to initial appointments."

An important change is also revealed in the new clause governing the tenure of office at the college. In this connection the new plan states:

"Professors and associate professors appointed for indefinite terms shall be removed only after a conference between the Committee on Appointments and a committee of five directors, at which conference the president of the college shall preside, and only after a written report of the findings of said conference shall be made to the board of directors for consideration and action by it. All teachers of the above groups shall be entitled to have the charges against them stated in writing and to have a fair hearing on the charges before this conference before its findings are reached."

This same clause provides that in the event of a decision not to continue the appointment of or to remove a professor or associate professor, leave of absence may be given at the option of the board with full salary for one year.

**Professor Said to Approve Plan**

The new governing plan embodies many of the suggestions made by the 24 professors of the college called upon for suggestions by the investigating committee of the board. This meeting was held in April

Continued from Page One

when the professors made their recommendations. The board has granted a number of these requests and have denied or ignored some. However, it was stated last night that the new plan met with hearty approval among the professors who realized that the board had even more than met them "half way."

Those who have been active for reforms at Bryn Mawr say they have consistently objected to President Thomas having what they termed "the sole power of appointment, reappointment or dismissal of faculty members." The new plan meets this demand on the part of those objections, they admit.

It has been repeatedly charged by them that President Thomas was the sole intermediary between trustees and faculty and that members of latter had no redress from judgments pronounced. The new plans change this rule.

No attention was paid by the Board of Directors to the demand that the college be changed from what has been charged a "sectarian Quaker college"; that the trustees should not be restricted to members of the Society of Friends, and that faculty members should have advantage of the Carnegie Pension Fund.

**Board's Complete Revised Plan**

The complete revised plan of the Board of Directors, as approved and made public at the meeting yesterday in the Provident Building, at 4th and Chestnut streets, follows:

"The board of directors of Bryn Mawr College, recognizing the primary responsibility of the faculty in academic matters and in the maintenance of high professional standards among its members, and wishing to emphasize this responsibility, as well as to promote closer co-operation between the directors, president and faculty, has adopted the following plans for the governing of the college:

**THE PRESIDENT.**

"The president shall be the executive of the college and shall represent it on public occasions.

"The president shall be the presiding officer of the faculty, council and senate and at all conferences of the Committee on Appointments or conference between that committee and committees of the board of directors or the Academic Committee of the Alumnas Association. In the absence of inability of the president of the college to act as such presiding officer, the dean of the college shall act in her stead. Or, in the case of her inability to act, the recording dean. Or, in the case of her inability to act, the senior professor of the faculty.

"The president shall bring business from the faculty and from the college before the directors, except in so far as this may be presented in written communications from the secretary of the faculty.

**THE FACULTY.**

"A. Constitution—The faculty shall consist of the president, the deans and all officers of instruction holding positions above that of instructor.

"B. Functions—The faculty shall have power over all matters pertaining to admission requirements, to undergraduate curriculum, instruction, including attendance,

examinations and recommendations of candidates for the degree of A. B.

"The faculty shall forward to the board of directors nominations for fellowships and scholarships, in accordance with the regulations.

"The faculty shall be consulted before an academic department is established or discontinued.

"The faculty shall have the power to elect committees on library and laboratories, and these shall have power to confer with and to make recommendations to proper committees of the board of directors.

"The faculty shall have power to elect its secretary and to elect and constitute whatever committees may be desirable for the conduct of its business, and to determine all matters pertaining to its meetings.

"The faculty shall report in writing all important actions to the secretary of the board of directors.

**Faculty Representation on the Board**

"The faculty shall elect from among the full professors and associate professors after their first term of appointment a committee of three, who shall hold office for three years, except that two members chosen at its first election shall hold office for two years and one year, respectively. Members of this committee shall not be re-elected at the end of any three-year term until after one year shall have elapsed.

"This committee shall have the right to attend and take part in the discussion at all meetings of the board of directors, unless by special request of the board, but shall have no vote.

**Committee on Appointments**

"The faculty shall elect a standing committee on appointments, consisting of five members, at least three of whom shall be full professors; two may be associate professors after their second term of appointment; the members of the committee shall hold office for five years, except that the first election shall be respectively for one, two, three, four and five years. Members of this committee shall not be re-elected at the end of any term until after one year shall have elapsed.

"It shall be the duty of this committee to become familiar with the teaching of the faculty and staff, to advise with the president and, in general, to keep in touch with academic work of the college.

"The president shall consult this committee before making any recommendations to the board of directors on reappointments or refusal of reappointment of officers of instruction. In all such cases the recommendations of this committee and the vote taken shall be reported in writing to the board of directors. Before taking action the committee shall consult with the departments concerned and with the dean of the college.

"If the case of a member of the committee is under consideration, the other members of the committee may appoint a substitute of like rank to consider that particular case.

"Wherever practicable this committee is to be consulted as to initial appointments.

**THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL**

"a—Constitution. The council shall consist of the president, deans, all full professors and associate professors after their

first terms, and associate professors who are heads of departments, who have been connected with the college for three years.

"b—Functions. The council shall have power over all matters pertaining to higher degrees and shall have charge of the learned publications of the college.

"It shall have power to elect and constitute whatever committee may be desirable for the conduct of its business and to determine all matters pertaining to its meetings.

"The council shall report in writing all important actions to the secretary of the board of directors.

**THE SENATE**

"a—Constitution. The senate shall consist of the president, deans and all full professors who have been connected with the college for three years.

"b—Functions. The senate shall have sole power to impose the more serious penalties, including the suspension and expulsion of students for all academic offenses.

"The senate may make recommendations concerning student activities which affect academic work.

"It shall have power to appoint whatever committees may be desirable for the conduct of its business and to determine all matters pertaining to its meetings.

"The Senate shall report in writing all important actions to the secretary of the board of directors.

**Officers of Instruction**

"The grades in the teaching staff shall be as follows: 1, professors; 2, associate professors; 3, associates; 4, lecturers; 5, instructors.

"Appointments may also be made of demonstrators, assistant demonstrators, assistants and readers.

**Tenure of Office**

"Professors shall be appointed for indefinite terms, except in the case of the appointments of professors not previously connected with the college, in which case the initial appointment shall be for three years, and if renewed shall be for an indefinite term.

"Associate professors shall be appointed for terms of three years until after the third appointment, when the appointment shall be for an indefinite term.

"Associates shall be appointed for terms of two years or more.

"Other officers of instruction shall be appointed for terms of one year or more.

"The foregoing appointments shall respectively cease at the expiration of the several terms agreed upon, but notice of reappointment or nonreappointment shall be given in writing by the president of the college in case of associate professors in the first term of appointment, associates and those of lower rank on or before the first day of March of the year in which the appointment terminates, and in case of a professor or associate professor after the first term of appointment on or before March 1 of the year preceding that in which the appointment terminates; in the event of a decision by the directors not to continue the appointment of or to remove a professor or associate professor leave of absence at the option of the board may be given to such

professor or associate professor by the directors, with full salary for one year. All appointments are subject to regulations covering the retiring age.

"Professors and associate professors appointed for indefinite terms shall be removed only after a conference between the Committee on Appointments and a committee of five directors, at which conference the president of the college shall preside, and only after a written report of the findings of said conference shall be made to the board of directors for consideration and action by it. All teachers of the above groups shall be entitled to have the charges against them stated in writing and to have a fair hearing on the charges before this conference before its findings are reached.

"These regulations supersede all previous regulations of the board of directors which in any way may conflict with the provisions herein contained. All actions taken by the faculty, council or senate are subject to review and determination by the board of directors.

"The foregoing plan may be altered or amended by the joint consent of the board of directors and the faculty, or by the board of directors alone after due notice to the faculty and after giving the faculty an opportunity for conference between committees of the board and the faculty to consider the proposed amendments or



Northwestern's  
Trial Republic

New York Evening Post

THE DECISION of the trustees of Northwestern University that no president be elected in succession to Dr. A. W. Harris, a committee of deans serving instead, carries a recent tendency in university government to a new extreme.

The explanation offered is simple: The friction among departments has been so constant that a co-operative administration is thought more likely to succeed than one in which executive powers are concentrated in a single man.

Several years ago President Schurman included in his report to the Cornell trustees a strong statement of his opinion that our university faculties occupy a false position in having no direct voice in the government of their institutions. Our universities he held to be far from the ideal republic of letters and science; we maintain instead "an alien ideal, the ideal of a business corporation engaged professors and employees, and controlling them by means of superiority, which is exercised either directly by 'busybody trustees' or indirectly by delegation or usurpation by a 'presidential boss.'"

OUR DIFFERENCE  
FROM ENGLISH SYSTEM.

Other have remarked the contrast between the American university and the English college, the legal corporation of which consists of the head and fellows, who are the faculty, or the German university, where the faculty is subject only to the light touch of a minister of education.

The fact that practice is more democratic than theory in our universities does not satisfy some who insist upon every safeguard to freedom of the faculty. In a recent issue of School and Society we are told that there is a steady movement "in the direction of placing the educational affairs of colleges more in the control of the faculty than of the president."

However that may be, the example of the Northwestern will not soon be followed by others.

The University of Virginia pursued exactly the opposite course. It is for good reasons that the office of university president has developed till its incumbent has as many functions as in national government are given an entire Cabinet. He is the visible head of the institution, representing it before the public. He is minister of finance, intrusted with the task of raising money and distributing it in the proper manner. He is a chief magistrate in that he controls policies within the main lines laid down by trustees, reconciles opinions, and is the advisor of every one charged with an academic duty.

LOSES POWER BY  
SPLITTING RESPONSIBILITY.

To disperse these responsibilities is to impair the effectiveness with which each is performed. For looking after the outer affairs of a university, for example, it is all but essential that one man hold its dignity and authority—to represent it to trustees, alumni, public, to the state, if a state university, to private donors, if supported by endowment.

As for adjusting rival claims within the university, one man can do much better than a committee of several jealous heads. Most members of a faculty do not wish to bother with the mechanics of university administration. They find a truer "freedom" in the ability to devote their time to study and research. There are even few deans, under that existing state of affairs which some think "autocratic," who are not glad that their duties are limited.

After all, university heads are few and foolish who do not see that they serve themselves and the university ill by exercising arbitrary authority.

The movement of which the writer in School and Society and others speak is probably only a temporary and minor adjustment in the general fixation of the balance among the different branches of university administration.

TRUSTEES USED TO  
DISTURB BALANCE.

At one period that balance was most frequently disturbed by the undue power in some directions of the trustees. Later, as the tendency to choose a business man for university head grew stronger, there was really something to fear from the encroachments of an executive who might sometimes be unsympathetic to scholarly ideals.

But the proper functions of the trustees, the president, and the faculty are now pretty well understood.

General policies belong to the trustees—the number and range of appointments, the scale and advancement of salaries, tenure of office, the distribution of funds among different objects.

The president has executive powers. But the teachers are by no means without administrative voice. Within the general policies, for example, all educational questions belong to the faculties, which must bring their influence to bear upon the president and make him a means of communication with the trustees. The offering of new courses, the raising of standards, would naturally be suggested first by the faculty, who would see that the president was fully conversant with their arguments before he took the matter to the trustees.

PRESIDENT MUST  
MAKE APPOINTMENTS.

Similarly, the president is expected to make nominations for appointments on his own responsibility, but he will always consult departmental heads. A number of institutions—Pennsylvania, Illinois, Bryn Mawr—now require that appointments and recommendations be upon approval of the department concerned, but this has only put under stood practice into words. The president will consult with the faculty upon budget demands, and here he should have a revising power. In many other directions what may be called the consulting function of the faculty is real and important.

The presidency of the modern university is the outgrowth of the same demand, as Dr. Elliot once remarked, that brought into being the long-term and powerful presidency or chairmanship of boards, corporations, commissions and institutions. To such executives it has been found wise to give ample power, limited less by specific checks than by the understanding that his position is dependent upon the good-will and spirit of co-operation he keeps alive in his colleagues. But the very variety of interests that the university president has to consider and promote dictates the grant to him of sufficient power to hold each in control.

The friends of any great educational institution will, in general, find it more profitable to pay attention to the spirit of the administration, seeing that it is harmonious and vigorous, than to elaborate rules governing in every detail the duties of different officers.



# SUFFRAGISTS TO HEAR REPORT FROM SOUTH

## Emergency Convention of National American Women's Association to Meet at Atlantic City.

(United Press Dispatch.)

ATLANTIC CITY, Aug. 30.—Several hundred of Dixie's fairest daughters will take an active part in the emergency-called convention of the National American Woman Suffrage Association here Sept. 6.

They will bring with them some "inside information" on what the southern politicians think of suffrage, and on their report to the convention will depend whatever decision is made for future suffrage activity below the Mason-Dixie Line.

So important is the South regarded by the suffrage leaders that one entire evening session of the convention has been set aside for a presentation of the Dixie suffragists' report. The night of Sept. 7 will be officially known as "Dixie Night," and it promises to furnish one of the big surprises of the convention. On that night the delegates from all parts of the country will get some first-hand information from southern women on now the South stands on suffrage. According to Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, president of the national association, the information will not be displeasing.

Details of the information to be presented to the convention by the southern leaders are being jealously guarded, but it is admitted that there are surprises in store for those who have been laboring under the delusion that the southern states, as a whole, are opposed to granting the ballot to women.

Among the representative women who will speak "Dixie night" and tell of the strides woman suffrage is making in the South are Mrs. B. J. Cunningham, president of the Texas Woman Suffrage Association; Mrs. Edward McGehee, president of the Mississippi Federation of Women's Clubs, and Mrs. Lila Meade Valentine, president of the Virginia Equal Suffrage League. Other southern leaders on the program include Mrs. Eugene Rielley, vice president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs; Mrs. Gluldford Dudley, president Tennessee Equal Suffrage Association, inc.; Mrs. T. T. Cotnam, vice president Arkansas Woman Suffrage Association, and Mrs. Thomas Jefferson Smith, president Kentucky Equal Rights Association.

President Wilson and Mr. Hughes have been invited to address the convention, considered the most important ever called in the suffrage history of the country. Its specific purpose is to determine the political policy which the National American Woman Suffrage Association—a strictly nonpartisan body—will follow during the coming fall campaign.

## Brown and Walsh to Umpire Ball Game to Increase Charity Fund

Mordecai Brown and Ed Walsh, the Big Moose, will handle the indicators at the baseball game between the Swift & Co. and the Western Electric Company teams of the Commercial league at Comiskey park on Saturday afternoon.

In addition to the baseball game, a program of athletic events, a concert by the Aryan-Grotto band and a soccer football game will fill the afternoon.

The program is under the direction of Oh Key Oh, an organization built up for the purpose of helping others, and the funds derived will be used for charity.

The employees of Swift & Co., the G. H. Hammond Company and the Omaha Packing Company have co-operated to make the afternoon a success.

## Senate Ratifies Bird Treaty With England

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The Senate has ratified treaties between the United States and Great Britain to protect migratory birds in the United States and Canada. The treaty, a pact of wide scope, said to be the first of its kind ever negotiated, was signed by Secretary Lansing and the British ambassador here two weeks ago.

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