The University of Chicago Department of Practical Theology THEODORE GERALD SOARES PREACHING AND RELIGIOUS EDUCATION JOSEPH MANSON ARTMAN October 19, 1923. RELIGIOUS EDUCATION DIRECTOR OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING ARCHIBALD GILLIES BAKER 335298 My dear President Burton: I am addressing you directly and sending a copy to Dean Mathews regarding the needs of my department. We are well staffed as regards the division of Preaching, Church Administration, Vocational Training and Missions. The field of Religious Education is developing so rapidly that, although Professor Artman, Professor Ward and I are all working in it, we are not able to keep up with all the demands that are made. We need particularly a man who has come to the problem from the school standpoint. All three of us have come up from the church standpoint. I am clearly convinced that the church emphasis is the most important but we very much need a school man to supplement our own work. He should preferably be a man who has worked in some university School of Education,. He should be thoroughly familiar with the experimentations and tests that are now going on in the educational field. He should, of course, be a man of very definite religious convictions, and thoroughly sympathetic with the church and organized christianity. I think we should not take a young man, but should seek someone of experience, and who is already known in the educational field. I think we should appoint him to a Professorship with an adequate salary. I am thinking of a man of the type of Professor Rugh, or even Professor Kilpatrick or Professor Holmes of Harvard. I do not imagine that either of the two last named could be secured. I mention them only to indicate the type of man that I think we ought to seek. With the new developments in Week Day Religious

With the new developments in Week Day Religious instruction and with the opportunity of developing significant research in the field of Religious Education it is important that the University should be fully staffed in this field. I very much hope that it may be possible to secure a man at the beginning of the next academic year.

Very sincerely yours,

Theoly Loaves

TGS/JJ

- Ontober 19, 1925.

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in this will be a very much hope back it may be concluded to so me mer at the september of the best pendenta your.

very sincercly yours,

The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

April 10, 1924

My dear President Burton:

Referring to the hopes I expressed to you that we should be able to undertake a new curriculum for persons preparing to teach Bible and Religious Education in colleges, I would say:

- (1) The unit of preparation should not be merely academic preparation in some field like Old or New Testament, but the needs and the total life of the undergraduate student. That is to say, our proposed courses should do something more than train men in a given subject. It should help them to understand the life of the undergraduate in its entire range, viz. studies, extra curricular activities, fraternities, athletics, etc.
- (2) The work of such a teacher should not be identical with that of a Y. M. C. A. secretary. The Y. M. C. A., however, should be one of the data of the situation in which he plans his work. He should be essentially a teacher but should see and exploit the educational value in such aspects of the student life as are in touch with the Y. M. C. A.
- (3) There should be some type of project work connected with these courses; that is to say, the teacher should set the undergraduates to work at supervised tasks, as for example, in churches, Sunday Schools, Settlements, charity organizations, etc. At this point it would be necessary for him to cooperate with the Graduate School of Social Service and Administration and with the Divinity School.
- (4) These persons should be given training in teaching under the direction of the Divinity School faculty. It should follow, therefore, that they should be in such touch with fraternities, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A. and other student groups as would enable them to form classes.
- (5) This group of men would contain a number of men of exceptional power who will come to us from all over the country for this particular purpose. Already it seems probable that several will be here. These men should form a separate group by themselves and be given a status which would enable them to do something more than merely attend classes.
- (6) Both Dr. Willoughby and Professor Artman will undoubtedly be in a position to help in setting up this training. I should regard the first year, however, as essentially one of experimentation in a field which has not yet beenthoroughly staked out. I think, however, there can be no doubt that it is one of exceptional importance. The teacher of religion in college should be trained to a sort of, even if not definitely so-called, pastoral relation.

The above you can see are as yet very much unorganized suggestions. I am hoping, however that when these new men come, several of them will be fellows of the National Council of School of Religion - we shall be able to do a great piece of work. Very truly yours, Shaile dlaheers

SM.MH President E. D. Burton.

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President &. D. Burbleauf.

The University of Chicago The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

May 11, 1925

My dear Mr. President:

Mr.Payne informs me that he has forwarded to the Board of
Trustees the action of the Divinity Faculty and Conference, asking for
the establishment of the degree of Th. D., recommendations for which

***History** As the case now stands only
are to be made by the Divinity Faculty. As the case now stands only
vocational degree which we can give is a Bachelor of Divinity. This
has become a graduate degree requiring as much residence as the Ph. D.

***Kindyree as will as
We wish to continue giving an occasional Ph. D. as at present by
recommendation through the Graduate Faculty. It has become imperative
however, in our opinion for us to give a doctorate to men especially
preparing for the pastorate and religious work other than teaching. The
Ph, D. is largely a teacher's degree.

The grade of the doctorate which we ask to be allowed to give is the same as the Ph. D., but it will center on vocational efficiency in the conduct of religious institutions like the churches rather than on research as in the case of the Ph. D. degree.

I might add that this degree is now given by the Divinity School of Harvard University, by Union Theological Seminary, by the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary and other institutions.

There is a very decided demand for this among our students and former students.

In view of the fact that all preliminary steps have been taken as regards the Faculty and the Senate, I would suggest that action be taken immediately so that we can make announcement to our present students and set up

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By these Mr. Presidents

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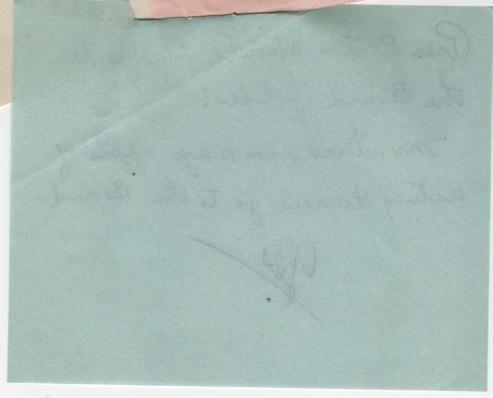
President E. D. Burton, University of Chicago

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Very truly yours,

President L. Dorton, University of thicago Pres. Buton should this go to the Board folder? mr. Dickerson pays appts of acting Deans go to the Board. 400



Office of the President

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2. Answer and retain in your files.
3. Answer and return with carbon of reply for our files.
4. Return with answer on President's stationery for him to sign.
5. Return
 a) With information called for in writing. b) With suggestion of answer in writing. c) Comment in writing.
6. Return and arrange for personal interview.
7. Follow through—and report.
8. Initial and return (sent for information only).
9. AcceptDecline.
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The University of Chicago

The Divinity School December 1, 1924

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

My dear President Burton:

In making up the schedule for next summer, I would respectfully recommend that J. M. P. Smith be appointed to be Acting Dean in the Second Term. G. B. Smith and Edgar Goodspeed are both to be out of residence. I have consulted Mr. Smith and he is ready to serve.

Very truly yours, Shailer Nathurs

M.H

President E. D. Burton,

University of Chicago

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Do Divinity School Beaustur 1 1955

MANUAL DESIGNATION AND ADDRESS.

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very truly yours,

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The University of Chicago

Office of the Recorder and Examiner

May 8, 1925

Dr. J. S. Dickerson Faculty Exchange

My dear Dr. Dickerson:-

At the meeting of the Faculty and Conference of the Divinity School held February 26, it was voted to recommend to the Board of Trustees the establishment of a new degree of Th.D. (doctor of theology, or theologiae doctor) of the same general standing and grade as the Ph.D. but to stand related to that degree in something the same way as the M.D. The general requirements may be summarized as follows:

- 1. From 3 to 4 years of graduate study in which the student chooses a principal department for special work;
- 2. Two languages other than English, one of which must be modern;
- 3. A thesis based on original research involving practical experience in church work, particularly connected with the subject matter of his principal department;
- 4. Two final oral examinations covering a) the general field of theological education and b) the field of his principal subject and thesis.

 A hood to be conferred by the University on the successful candidate.

This action was reported to the University Senate Saturday, February 28. When the question was asked through what Faculty it was intended the recommendations for conferring the proposed Th.D. degree should go to the Board of Trustees, Dean Mathews replied, "from the Faculty of the Divinity School, this being a professional degree." Mr. Laing questioned whether it should not go through the Faculties of the Graduate Shhools of Arts, Literature, and Science if it is a research degree. Mr. Mathews' reply was that it is a research degree in a professional field.

Yours very truly,

Recorder-Examiner

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My dear Mr. Richardson: to perspans the development of the

Pebruary 25 and I am glad of the opportunity of reply-

in Mr. Matthews' communication to you, \$1,150,000.

seems to me conservative but reasonably adequate. With the buildings now in process of construction completed and furnished, and with an endowment to cover the various items mentioned by Mr. Matthews, the needs of the Divinity School now clearly in sight will be reasonably provided for.

or eight years the Swift family, Mrs. Joseph Bond, and others, have contributed to the University for the work of the Divinity School sums which now stand on our books at \$750,000, and in consideration of the further fact, which I discussed with you in New York recently, that the University is engaged in an effort to raise for its general needs the sum of \$17,500,000, and that as soon as this is secured we must at once seek at least another

My dear Mr. Hickardson: lo mottel rucy tot fulcitate your letter of

Pebruary 25 and I am glad of the opportunity of replying to your questions.

he sum still to be provided, as stated in Mr. Matthews communication to you, \$1,150,000. seems to me conservative but reasonably adequate. With the buildings now in process of construction completed and furnished, and with an endownent to cover the various them mentioned by Mr. Matthews, the meets of the Divin-1ty Senesser ed filw sight at viraele wen foomes wit vided for.

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sum of \$5,000,000, for our medical school, it seems to us next to impossible to raise any considerable sum for the Divinity School in the near future, and, on the other hand, very undesirable to postpone the development of the Divinity School for which the erection of buildings now in progress has prepared the way.

Because of this situation, my frank reply to the first question of your letter is that we should like to receive from Mr. Rockefeller an unconditional gift of \$1,000,000 to the University for the Divinity School. This leaves \$150,000 for us to secure from other denors, from whom we should hope to be able to obtain it within two or three years. In view of the situation that I stated before, I do not think we can expect to get more than this sum in any reasonable time. A gift of \$1,000,000, following the griffs from other donors with which we are erecting the Theology Building and Divinity Chapel, would enable the Divninity School to go forward in the work which it has been conducting for thirty years and measurably to keep step with the rest of the University in the development which we feel sure is to follow the efforts we are now making for additional funds. For such a gift we should all be very grateful to Mr. Rockefeller.

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sum of \$5,600,000, for our medical school, it seems to us next to impossible to raise any considerable sum for the Divinity School in the near future, and, on the other hand, very undestrable to pestpone the development of the Divinity School for which the erection of buildings now in progress has propored the way.

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May I suggest that Mr. Rockefeller make whatever gift he decides upon for the Divinity School to the University, designating it for the purpose of theological education, rather than to the Baptist Theological Union? You are, of course, familiar with the fact that by far the larger part of the money expended on the Divinity School comes from the funds of the University. Looking to the future, therefore, it seems wise that all additional gifts for theological education should be made also to the University.

There is another phase of the life of the University variable is working well. I am save that an addition t having to do with religion, but not especially associated their impone to distingtly desirable and that, in view with the Divinity School, which is very near to my heart. the fact that Dr. Davis has accorde very considerable son-I am deeply concerned that we shall make the University a supplement to these contributions would be from the estab body and a great radiating center of religious influence to the city. Much has been done in this direction, but gind if the Redesfolior and fit to make much a contribu we are anxious to do far more, strengthening our preaching \$500a and chaplaincy service, improving our music, and developing am expecting to be in New York to speak to the other effective agencies, so that by the time the new Alumni of the University on March Oth, and to remain i chapel is finished we shall be in a position to minister the city until the evening of Earch 16th/ I understood outstandingly to our University community, the city, and that Mr. Quantwall has made syndiatecate for mes dinner We see before us such an opporthe surrounding region. for the evening of the 9th, and luncheen on the 18th. tunity of service in the field of religion as we think has shell be glad, if you desire it, to confor with you at not hitherto existed, or at least has not been seized, in

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With reference to the Chicago Theological Seminary.

I am glad to say that the school is doing excellent work,
and that the cooperative relation between it and the University is working well. I am sure that an addition to
their income is distinctly desirable and that, in view of
the fact that Dr. Davis has secured very considerable contributions from the Congregationalists of this region, a
supplement to these contributions would be from the point
of view of comity eminently suitable. I should be very
glad if Mr. Rockefeller saw fit to make such a contribution.

I am expecting to be in New York to speak to the Alumni of the University on March 9th, and to remain in the city until the evening of March 10th/ I understand that Mr. Quantrell has made appointments for me: dinner for the evening of the 9th, and luncheon on the 10th. I shall be glad, if you desire it, to confer with you at

such hour as

any University in America. We are giving very serious thought to the whole situation. Personally, I am hoping for definite results within the period of my term of of fice. As our plans are developed, they will call for a considerable our ef mensy to provide for the endowment of the pulpit and the music and perhaps other phases of the whole undertaking.

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such hour as we can arrange. March 7, 1988.

With very sincere thanks for your attitude toward our work, and Mr. Rockefeller's as reflected in your letter.

Tyon my retuvery sincerely yours, inquiry

regarding the our which the University would like to him to

Mr. W. S. Richardson,

126 Broadway, the Richardson had written to President

New York City.

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P. S. turif it occurs to you to ask why I mention 3750,000 as now available, while Mr. Matthews' second column figure is 3650,000, the explanation is that Mr. Matthews' figures did not include, either in the \$700,000 of the first column or in the \$550,000 of the second, a gift of \$100,000 for the maintenance of the building now in process of erection.

Dr. P. T. Gotos. Copy given to mr. Amett.
65 3. Monatain Aven. and to mr. Lufto July 14, 1925.
Boatoleir. B. J.

Vary Sincerely yours, '

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March 7, 1925.

Dr. E. T. Gates. 66 S. Mountain Ave.. Montelair ? H. J.

My dear Dr. Gates:

wishes I lupon my return to Chicago I made inquiry on wrote regarding the sum which the University would like to similar get from Mr. Rockefeller for the Divinity School. llars which I learned that Mr. Richardson had written to President Burton on the matter and thereupon sent you the following Day Letter.

"Answering your inquiry regarding exact sum
Divinity School wishes. I learn upon my return to Chicago President Burton wrote in
detail February 28 to Mr. Richardson in response to a similar inquiry from him, placing
the sum at one million dollars which the
University would like from Eastern friend."

I was very glad indeed to have the opportunity of seeing you yesterday. It is always a very great pleasure to me to have such an opportunity.

Very sincerely yours,

Dr. F. T. Gates, 66 S. Mountain Ave., Montclair, N. J.

TA: CB

March 7, 1925.

My dear Dr. Cates:

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Dr. P. T. Gates. 66 S. Mountain Ave.. Montolair ? N. J.

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SHIRLEY JACKSON CASE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO CHICAGO, ILLINOIS February 5, 1925. President E. D. Burton, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. My dear President Burton: If it meets with your approval, I should like to have a change made in the form of my academic title. At present it reads "Professor of Early Church History and New Testament Interpretation." May it be changed to "Professor of the History of Early Christianity?" This shorter form, it seems to me, would be more accurately descriptive of the distinctive task that now falls to my care both in the New Testament Department and in the Church History Department. For several years past I have given no courses in New Testament interpretation proper, and I presume that in the future my New Testament work will be in the specifically historical section of the field. Dean Mathews assures me that I may count on his approval if this suggestion is adopted. Yours very sincerely, SJC:AB

Pebruary 5, 1925.

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Pours carp chicerely.

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ROCHESTER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT ROCHESTER, N. Y.



December 12, 1924

President Ernest D. Burton, LL.D. The University of Chicago Chicago Ill.

My dear President Burton:

Thank you very much for your letter of December tenth, which rejoiced my heart. We shall count upon your presence here in connection with our Seventy-fifth Anniversary. You will be glad to know that among the participants will be President King of Oberlin, President Evans of Crozer, and Dr. Fosdick of New York. All in all, the program is going to be a particularly rich one and I hope that you will give us as much time as is possible in your busy and burdened life.

Surely, you can recast your material upon the topic concerning which we have spoken, and it will promise a great treat and a most profitable discussion.

I know that all is moving well with you and I rejoice in your wonderfully successful administration.

With cordial and constant regard to Mrs. Burton and yourself,

As always, yours,

Clarence A. Barbour

ROCHESTER THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY OFFICE OF THE PHYSICENT ROCHESTER, N. Y.

December 13, 1924

President Ernest D. Burton, LL.D. The University of Chicago Chicago

My dear President Burton:

Thank you very much for your letter of December tenth, which rejoiced my hears. We shall count upon your presence here in connection with our Seventy-fifth Anniversary. You will be glad to know that among the participants will be Freetdent King of Oberlin, President Evans of Crozer, and Dr. Foedick of New York. All in all, the program is going to be a particularly rich one and I hope that you will give ub as much time as is possible in your busy and burdened

Surely, you can recest your material upon the topic concerning which we have epoken, and it will promise a great treat and a most profitable discussion.

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OFFICE OF THE DEAN WAY

The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

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June 24, 1924

My dear Mr. President:

I am enclosing herewith a memorandum relative to the Divinity School. It is practically the same as that of my letter of December 26, 1923, with the exception that I have added one or two needs which now are clearly in my mind.

I should like to add relative to Section 5 g that Mr.

Baker has already taken up the matter there indicated in cooperation with Professor Park. A very considerable questionnaire on the Eurasian has been sent to our missionaries and we are expecting to get a large amount of information from it.

Very truly yours,

President E. D. Burton, University of Chicago. Shaile Mathews

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OFFICE OF THE DEAN CUMPULATION

The University of Chicago The Divinity School

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June 23, 1924

My dear President Burton:

May I once more refer to the proposal for special training in the field of religious education in Chicago ?

Since writing you, I have talked the matter over at considerable length with various persons. Mr. Edwards, now of Cornell Y.M.C.A. is to be the Executive Secretary of the Fellowship Fund which Professor Kent has established. He and I are thoroughly assone as regards the type peration which we need to set up for these men. We have already a number of these cellows planning to come to us next year. Together with them will be certain persons who, like Miss Davidson, of Smith College, are already teaching in schools. It may be also several persons will be here who have worked in Y.M.C.A. fields. Altogether, therefore, the work as I see it begins to take shape, but I don't want to make any final statements about the matter until Mr. Artman is back, and we can plan the work together.

There are really two fields where definite study and research are needed; one, the type of religious training both in class and out of class which is needed and is possible in college life; second, the type of preparation required by men intended to teach religious matters in college.

As regards the first point, I would suggest, first:

1. College life should be taken as an actual situation rather than as a merely anticipatory of a situation to come in the future. In a sense, of course, it is both, but men should be taught to be religious in the position and situation in which they actually are. When we teach a

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dy dear President Surton:

The come more codes to the proposal fide operated to training the colonier of the contract of

considerable length with verious persons. Mr. Mawards, now of Osmell T.M.C.A. is to be the Executive Searetery of the Followship Fund which Professor Ment has established, he and I are thereagily absonce an regards the type haparation which we need to set up for these men. We have already a number of these delians planning to dome to us nexthans. Together with these will be nortainly persons shortlike Mies Davidson, of Smith College, are already teaching in schools. It may be also several persons will be have who have worked in T.M.C.A. fields. Altogether, therefore, the work as I can it begin to take shape, but I den't was to make any final etabessous about the matter until Mr. Artman is but, and we can plan the sons together.

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The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

child to write we teach him to write then and there, not wait until he has grown up.

From this consideration it follows that the total life of a the unit of interest student should be considered, athletics, fraternities, social obligations, and so forth. The Y.M.C.A. has, to some extent, seen this situation, but it has never really grasped at the educational problems. There needs to be some study of this total student life-field.

- 2. A study should be made of the particular type of intellectual interest which college students have, and the courses given in classrooms should be so organized as to work out in certain, as it were, project courses, or at least something like them. It would be a great mistake to separate the academic work from the total student interest. Also it would be a very serious mistake to think that college student is very trically troubled with intellectual doubt. We have assumed too much that scholastic and technical problems are to the details of our religious teachings. It may be that this is the wise policy, but we don't know whether that or an entirely different, and more pedagodical method is better.
- 3. Instruction in religious education should utilize all the agencies of student activity. It should not undertake to be a rival of the Y.M.C.A. or Y.W.C.A. but here again, the problem is yet unsolved though I am hopeful that steps now being taken will golfar to meet the situation of a djusting total religious life of the student body with its academic and Y.M.C.A. interests. It will be a mistake to destroy the initiation religious estivities of the student in so far as it exists.

Unc University of Chicago

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From this standardion it rollows that the total life of a standard should be sensidered, athleties, fraggrantiles, scalal obligations, and so forth. The T.M.C.A. has, to some extent, seen this alternion, but it has never remity granged at the summetimal problem, "There much to te amount total student life-field."

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The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

With reference to the second main topic, namely, the type of training we should give future teachers of religion, I would suggest the following consideration:

- 1. In view of general conception of this religious education in colleges, future teachers in the field should be put in touch with the operation of the college as widely as possible. They should be me acquainted with the methods of administration, the athletics fraternity life, and so on. Just how to do this is a part of the task which I have outlined for next year.
- from interest in students and student life interests in subject matter, while the teachers should be able, of course, to do original work in the way of resuch, he should also be trained to regard his task as primarily concerned with life rather than with problems. To this end I believe that there should be set up certain type of courses in various departments in which the teaching concept and methods should be particularly emphasized.
- in this particular field into a sort of permanent seminar where the actual operations of the training shall be under criticism. They, themselves, ought to be able to study the problem, and organize suggestions for making of the curriculum for the students as well as the curriculum for themselves. It would be my idea that this seminar should be largely Divinity School seminar rather than departmental. Probably if that were adopted, I should be held to with chief responsibility, but should expect constant assistance and cooperation from Mr. Artman, Soares, and such other members of the faculty as might be particularly concerned with the courses suggested about.

PERSONAL PROPERTY AND PERSONS

To equi on type and the second and toplo, manely, the type of training we should give funders bearings of religion, I would suggest the following consideration:

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The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

- 4. There ought to be a permanent secretary for this seminar who should be able to gather the material, organize the chart, and report, and in general, make a survey, intensive and very intimate of the actual impact of student life and institutional instuction.
- 5. Arrangements ought to be made for some of these students at least to conduct classes in the way of experimenting in types of teaching and curriculum. We should expect also that they would become identified with various student activities, not so much in the way of direction as in the way of understanding. There is need of careful study for the purpose of discovering the really effective approach to the student for the sake of interesting them in their own moral and religious future as present.
- 6. As time goes on it will probably be possible to keep up some sort of correspondence with men and women who have gone out to take their fields of service in institutions.

Additional expense for this work, I thought might carried possibly by the Institute for Religious and Social Research. Such expense ought not to be very great beyond the payment of salary of secretary or clerk. If we are to have teally intensive study into the needs of college life, we must experiment as well as observe, teach as details well as study. This mean direction as some where

Very truly yours,

Shailer Statews

President Burton, The President's Office, The University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois

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4. There ought to be a permanent neutricity for this scalass and separate the chart, and report, and in general, have a survey, intensive and very intimate of the actual impact of strength and institutional instinction.

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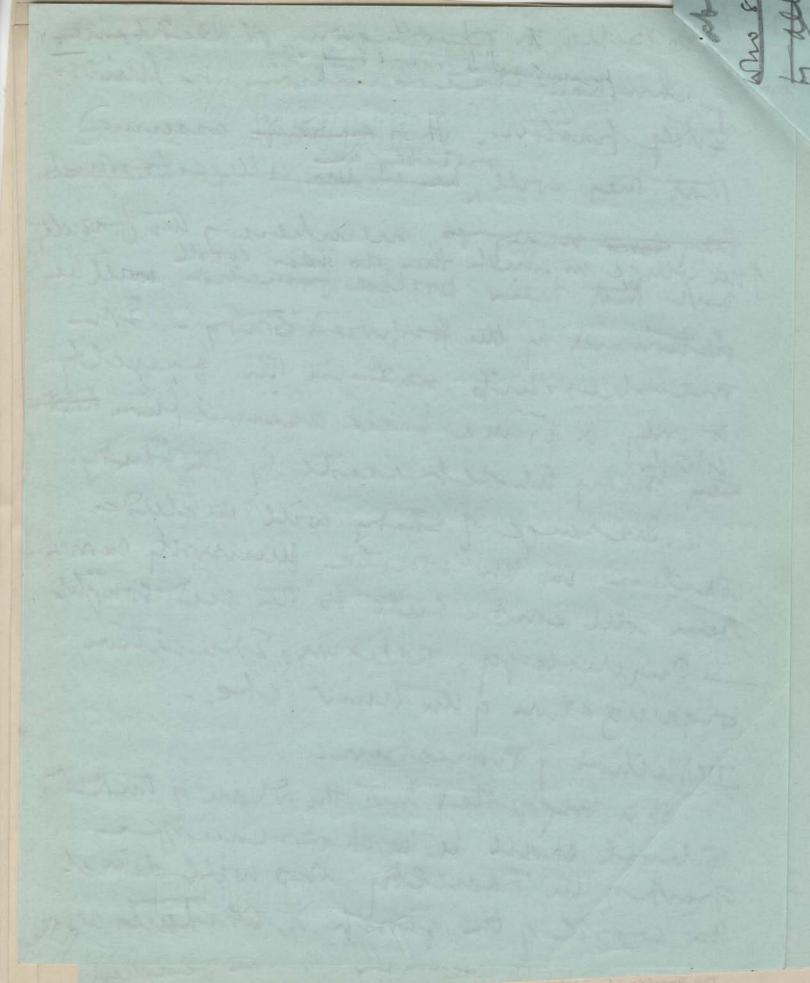
Additional expense for this sort, I thought sight captled comply by the Institute for deligious and Social Research. Such expense ought not to be very great beyond the payment of salary of secretary or secretary or sight to and to have beenly intended as according to the salary of section of callege life, we much experiment as salar as observer, then as the salar as observer, the salar as observer, the salar as observer.

Very view yours,

President Burton, The Presidentle Office, The University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois

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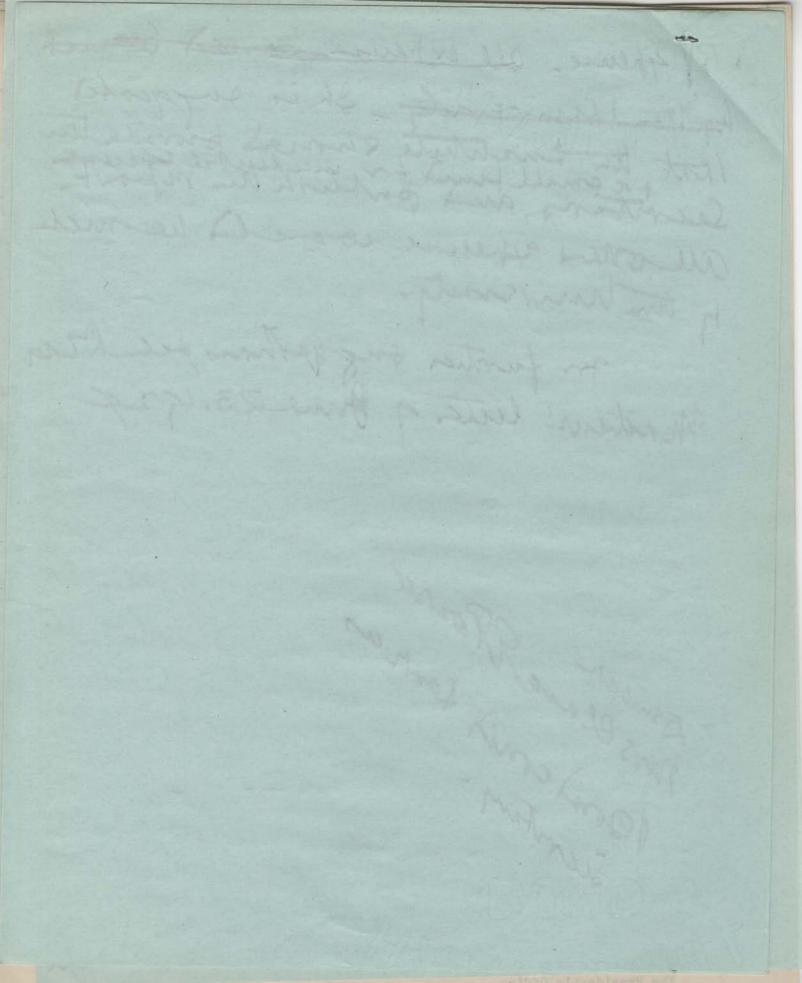
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The Divinity School

April 15, 1924

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

My dear Mr. President:

I met President Paul and Professor Brown of the College of Missions, and we talked over the situation. They find themselves in a somewhat difficult position. In the reorganization of the denomination the Women's Board which has supported the College of Missions, was taken up into the General Board, or United Board. There are, therefore, several groups which have to be persuaded: (1) the Trustees of the College; (2) the Executive Committee; (3) the Board of Managers; (4) the Convention. The Board of Trustees has voted in favor of coming to Chicago. There seems to be some doubt as to whether the Board above them will dare take any definite steps because of fear of alienating a certain element of the denomination.

President Paul is now undertaking on behalf of the faculty to reorganize the Board of Trustees and put through an issue if possible before the end of the year. He is not sanguine about this, but has come to feel that if the plan cannot be put across he will pull out from the College of Missions. He sees no possibility of doing any great thing except in connection here with us.

He is thinking seriously of the possibility of some otherarrangement with us

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My dear Mr. Presidents

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The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

which is rather indefinite in his mind but which might mean the interesting of a group of men to support or found a sort of College of Missions in this connection with us. He plans to keep me posted.

President Paul has just returned from a trip abroad and the enclosed memorandum will show how he finds the missionaries are anxious to have the College moved here.

I suggested that they find out exactly what the Trustees can do. If they are really owners of the building and of the endowment and the managers of the school I suggested that they go ahead and then let rest of the denomination check them if they see fit. That way no actual decision will be forced upon either of the two committees or the convention.

Sincerely yours, Shailer Making

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President Burton, University of Chizago.

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which is retain indefinite in his mind but which might mean the interesting of a group of men to support or found a sort of Cellers of Missions in this comnection with me. He plans to keep me posted.

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President Beston, University of Chingo.

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The University of Chicago

Office of the Counsel and Business Manager

ROOM 1838, 230 S. CLARK ST.
TELEPHONE DEARBORN 9312

April Nineteen
1 9 2 4

President Ernest D. Burton, The University of Chicago.

My dear President:

I am sending with this a copy of a letter of Dr. Mathews, together with a copy of a memorandum of a conversation relative to the possible affiliation of the College of Missions with the University.

The suggestion is that the use of frontage on the Midway may interfere with your plan of the colleges. In any event, I think it should not be presented to the trustees without carrying with it your reaction in the matter.

Very truly yours,

WH: EB Enc.

Dictated but not read.

Wallace Heckman.

Wallace Heckman (B)

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Very truly yours,

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April 25, 1923.

My dear Mr. Heckman:

I am inclosing a memorandum of the conversation about which I spoke. I wish you would give me your opinion on the matter, which I can forward to the persons concerned. They are naturally anxious to have some definite statement from us. So far as I can understand, the conversation represents exactly the position which we should take. If we could tell them this, it would be a great help to them. They expect to have a meeting in the early part of May to make a final report. The matter looks, on the whole, rather promising, but, as one can well understand, there will be opposition from the more reactionary element in the denomination.

Very truly yours,
(Signed) Shailer Mathews.

April 25, 1925.

My dear Mr. Heckman:

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the conversation about which I spoke. I wish
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Very truly yours, (Signed) Sharler Hathever.

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MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION RELATIVE TO POSSIBLE AFFILIATION OF THE COLLEGE OF MISSIONS WITH THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

- I. The College of Missions needs in the way of physical equipment,
 - A. A building for dormitory. In that building there should be a small chapel or assembly room, administration offices, one or more committee or class rooms. The probability is that the building could be erected for less than \$300,000, on the basis of the cost of the building now being erected by the Chicago Theological Seminary.
 - B. Accommodations for married students.
- II. The University of Chicago is in position to furnish without charge to the College of Missions recitation rooms in its new theological building. It can also furnish, if need be, an office in that building for the sake of communication with the Divinity School and general administrative interests. It can possibly furnish some of its flats to be equipped by the Missions Board for missionaries on furlough, as in the case of the Presbyterians.

The University will furnish land of sufficient frontage on the Midway for the building of the College of Missions mentioned above, the same to be arranged on terms similar to those established by the Ryder Divinity School. The rental would be merely nominal, say a dollar a year. It would be approximately the same amount of land as is now used by the Ryder Divinity School.

It might be possible for the College of Missions to buy land in the immediate vicinity, perhaps adjoining the above land. The University business office would assist, so far as possible, in the purchase of this land if desired.

There would be no charge to the College of Missions for the use of the rooms in the University buildings. The College of Missions would thus not be under the necessity of erecting a recitation hall.

- III. As regards the adjustment of curricula, granting of degrees, etc.
 - A. The terms of this are covered by the articles published in the Divinity Circular known as the Articles of Affiliation. They provide that the affiliating college grant its own degrees if it so desired. Such of its students as wish degrees from the University would receive them in accordance with the general plan already in operation with the Chicago Theological Seminary.
 - B. Students in the College of Missions eligible to be registered in the Divinity School may be so registered, and in general the relation of the institution to the niversity will be such as that already held by the Chicago Theological Seminary.
 - C. The curricula would be so adjusted that students in the two institutions could take courses offered in both, the same to be counted toward a degree in accordance with the regulations already in existence. Instructors in the College of Missions giving courses credited towards the University degree would be listed in the Circular of the Divinity School

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MINORANDUM OF CONVENSATION HELATIVE TO POSITEIN APPLICATION OF THE COLLEGE OF MISSIONS WITH THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

- I. The College of M'salons needs in the way of physical equipment,
- A. A building for dormitory. In that building there should be a mail chapel or assembly room, siministration offices, one or more committee or class rooms. The probability is that the building oculd be erected for less than \$300,000, on the basis of the cost of the building now being erected by the Ohicago Theological Seminary.
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as instructors in the College of Missions. The plan would involve the giving of degrees in the field of missions by the University towards which courses given by the faculty of the College of Missions might be wunted. So far as possible and advisable, there would not be duplications of courses in the two institutions involved, but the plan for the graduate work in the field of missions would be co-operative.

- IV. Nothing in the above understanding is to be interpreted as in the slightest degree affecting the rights of the two institutions to maintain their independence and self-determination.
- V. The question is raised whether the University would be able to furnish dormitory space in its flat buildings temporarily, during the possible delay incident to the erection of the College building.

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April 23, 1924

My dear Mr. Heckman:

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letter of Dean Mathews' under date of April 25, 1925, and a memorandum of the conversation attached to the latter.

May I states that this matter having recently come up for reconsideration and Dean Mathews having brought it to make the desired and memorandum, conditions had so changed that the University could no longer give assurance of land on the Nidway for the building of a College of Missions. It was understood between Dean Mathews and myself that the message which he would convey would be not a statement to the effect that the University would not furnish such land but that we would no longer give assurance of this, and would have to consider the case anew, spart from any such information as was contained in the previous memorandum.

Very truly yours,

DESIGNATION .

Mr. Walkace Heckman Room 1838 230 South Clark Street Chicago, Illinois

EDB: HP

April 28, 1924

My dear Mr. Heckman:

I have yours of April 18 enclosing copy of a letter of Lean Mathews' under date of April 25, 1925; and a memorandum of the conversation attached to the latter.

May I etgiesthat this matter having recently come up for reconsideration and Dean Mathews having brought it to my attention, I instructed him to say that since the previous conversation and memorandum, conditions had so changed that the University could no longer give assurance of land on the Midway for the building of a College of Missions. It was understood between Dean Mathews and myself that the message which he would convey would be not a statement to the effect that the University would be not a statement to but that we would no longer give assurance of this, and would have to consider the case anew, apart from any such information as was contained in the previous memorandum.

Vory truly yours,

Mr. Walkson Hockman Room 1858 250 South Clark Street Chicago, Illinois

EDB: HP

The University of Chicago
The Fournal of Religion

The Editorial Office

April 9, 1924

Dean Shailer Mathews University of Chicago Chicago, Illinois

My dear Dean Mathews:

I very much wish that the admirable work which Dr. Hayden is doing might receive recognition in the form of a promotion. As you know the articles which he contributed to the Dictionary of Religion and Ethics were high class in every way. He has written articles and reviews for the Journal of Religion which indicate an exceptional grasp of the problem of the historical study of religion. He has organized in his mind and is working at a book on the methodology of the study of religion which I am sure, will mark the beginning of a new era in the study of religion.

His field is so vast that he has naturally had to put most of his time thus far on mastering the immense material with which he has to deal. He has done this so well that he is an independent and competent critic of the work which is being done in his field.

His ability is being recognized in other places and I am very much afraid that if he is not soon promoted some other institution may take him away from us. Frankly, I should not know where to look to find his equal for the department where he is working.

Sincerely yours,

Gerald B. Smith

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Children of Street Printers

General B. Smith

The University of Chicago

Dear Dr. Buton:

This note will assure you that I are all ready for my sailing tomorrow. The had a most projetable day at Union with valuable conferences with Proposons Scott and Frame. The jonner madea

real impression on me.

may I not thank you wort heartily for the splendid group of introduction letters that you and Dr. Goodspeed worked up you my brueft? I shall wake good use of them. Heeding your parting admonition I shall endeavor not to lose unjely so completely in the just century life of meditenamean lands that Dueglet the contacts with twentieth century scholar ship in germany and England.

With warm appreciation 9 remain, Succeedy yours,

Horold R. Willoughby.

Brooklyn, N.y. March 7, 1924.

Dear Dr. Buston:

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> Biochlyn, Y. y. March 7,1924

Rev. H. A. Kenne Karch 5, 1924.
Professor of New Testament Language
and Literature and Theology
New College, Edinburgh.

Rev. James Moffatt, Professor of Church History D F. College, Glasgow

Wy dear Dr. Kennedy: Very Rev. George Smith D.D., L.L.D. Princip Way Id by this detter beg the privilege of the Old Aberdeen, Scotland

introducing to you my friend, Dr. Harold A. Willoughby?
Rev. Vincent Harry Stanton,

After Five years study at the University following
University of ambridge

several years of graduate study elsewhere, Mr. Willoughby

Phese just been granted the degree of Ph.D. for work in the Professor of Divinity

Oney Testsment and related fields. After a few months in

Europe he will return to the University to join our New Professor Carl Clemen, Ph.D.
Unrestament starrage I covet for him the opportunity of

acquaintance with the Universities, theological schools

and most of all, the scholars of Great Britain. With Professor Carl Bornhausen, Ph.D.

This in mind I am asking him to call on you, and shall

be personally grateful if you can give him a little time and your assistance in understanding the atmosphere and attitude of scholarship in your country.

With great respect,

Very truly yours,

Rev. H. A. A. Kennedy
Professor of New Testament
Language, Literature and
Theology
New College,
Edinburgh

T. TOTA

March 6, 1924.

My dear Dr. Kennedy:

May I by this letter beg the privilege of introducing to you my friend, Dr. Harold A. Willoughby? After five years atudy at the University following several years of graduate study elsewhere, Mr. Willoughby has just been granted the degree of Ph.D. for work in the New Testament and related fields. After a few months in Estament staff. I covet for him the opportunity of acquaintence with the Universities, theological schools and most of all, the scholars of Great Dritain. With this in mind I am asking him to call on you, and shall be personally grateful if you can give him a little and stitlude of scholarship in your country.

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Rev. James Moffatt, Professor of Church History U F. College, Glasgow

Very Rev. George Adam Smith D.D., L.L.D. Principal and Vice Chancellor of Aberdeen University Old Aberdeen, Scotland

Rev. Vincent Harry Stanton, D.D. Regius Professor of Divinity, University of Cambridge

Professor Francis Crawford Burkitt Professor of Divinity Cambridge University, Cambridge

Professor Carl Clemen, Ph.D. University of Bonne

Professor Carl Bornhausen, Ph.D. University of Breslau, Germany

Sent letter of Introduction for Mr. Wlloughby. March 5, 1924

Very Ray. George Adea Calve D.I., L.L.D. Region Professor of Divisity

The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

Alumni Committee on Hulbert Memorial

Dear Friend:

Orange, N.J., March 1, 1924

Dr. Eri Baker Hulbert was Dean of our Divinity School for fifteen years. During that time several thousand of us came under his influence, and his name is one to be honored. It is now sixteen years since his death, and there is no portrait of him in the University, excepting a good-sized photograph in the Dean's office.

The Alumni presented the University with a splendid marble bust of Dr. Northrup, done by Lorado Taft. To date, our first Dean is without a worthy memorial.

At a meeting of the Alumni Association of the Divinity School, held in Atlantic City last May, a committee was appointed to arrange for a memorial for Dr. Hulbert. After careful inquiry, we should like to place in the new Theological Building, soon to be erected on the campus, a large-sized portrait of Dr. Hulbert. The portrait ought to be of the same grade and dignity of those recently presented to the University by the Alumni and friends of Professor Michelson, Dean Hall, and Dean Angell.

Dean Mathews is very anxious to have this portrait of his friend and colleague hung in the new Theological Building. The cost will be \$2,000. It will be painted by the famous portrait artist, Mr. Ralph Clarkson. Will you please mail your subscription within ten days to Joseph C. Hazen, Box 44, the University of Chicago? We should like to raise the entire fund within thirty days, and to make a final report at the meeting in Milwaukee next May.

Dr. Hulbert loved his students like a father, and served the Divinity School to the end of his life. We know that you will want to have a part in placing this memorial to him in the new Theological Building.

Most sincerely yours,

JOHN WELLINGTON HOAG JAMES McGEE JOSEPH C. HAZEN, Chairman

To startuce on at great bas' drash sid cours cross sectaits won appointed to arrange for a nesorial for Dr. Helbert After portrait of Fr. Mulbert. The portrait count to be of the came hear Theological went

The University of Chicago

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Office of the Dresident

January 31, 1924.

My dear Dr. Burton:

with regard to Mr. Insull, I heard him make an extended statement for the Chicago Civic Opera Company at the gala performance last Friday night. He spoke simply and effectively, and with entire ease, and was well received by the Opera guarantors who filled the house. He is not, of course, an orator, and I do not know what he would have to say at the June Convocation.

Mr. Swift, Mr. Sherer, Mr. Arnett, and Mr. Dodge are going to lunch with me at the University Club tomorrow. I have just agreed to give four New Testament lectures on Tuesday afternoons in Lent before the Fortnightly of Chicago, which gives me, I think, a great opportunity.

I will take up the Merrifield matter with Case and Mathews at once. Could we not use Lake in Church History?

That was the field in which Mathews wanted the next new man appointed, and of course we cannot go back upon our undertakings with Willoughby, even if we wished to do so. I cannot think five or six thousand dollars would attract Lake, much as I would enjoy having his stimulating personality brought here.

Cordially yours,

Expand Good June

President Ernest D. Burton, Hollywood,

Southern Pines, North Carolina.

De University of Chicago

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Inniery 31, 1934.

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Southern Pines, North Caretten.

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The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

January 31, 1924

My dear President Burton:

I have yours of January 28th. Goodspeed tells me today that Willoughby has accepted the offer. I should suppose that that would probably mean for the present that Lake was out of it. At any rate, I think I won't say anything to him until I have a chance to talk over with you when you get back. I am especially anxious that we come to some sort of arrangement which will enable us to develop the work in the Department of Church History and also in the undergraduate side as well.

I want to go over with you the whole matter of the undergraduate work so far as religious interests are concerned. I don't think it is enough simply to put in men to teach the Bible or something else. We ought to undertake something which will teach religion and further religion as well as give information about religion.

it religion.

In other words I should like to handle the whole question from the ground up including the Christian Union, the League, the Y.M.C.A, Y.W.C.A. and various other organizations that look towards the religious interests. I will try to have a scheme to talk to when you come. I am very anxious that the whole matter should be handled with a broad outlook and not simply as it touches the welfare of the New Testament Department. I am counting on my certainty that you have the same view.

I hapnot gen any reaction from Goodspeed as to what he wants or thinks about Lake. I suppose when I get a chance to sit down and talk with him more leisurely than I am able to over the telephone or in casual meeting, I shall be able to discover just what his position is. I am mighty glad that he has closed with Willoughby.

The financial prospect I mentioned 22 Mode is Mrs. Wells. I am glad you tell me what you do. I have let Mode know the same thing. The fact is, I have been working on this woman indirectly through Mode for, I should say, nearly two years. I am mighty glad to know she once was interested. The thing which I put up to Mode as the ideal to which we go was, first, the establishment of an Institute of American Church History, which would be a phase of historical work of the University with an endowment group of workers and the building. I should certainly dislike dreadfully to have the Divinity School not share in anything that might come. A real point of interest apparently at the present time is Mode who is her pastor at Wheaton.

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Dean Shailer Matthews,
Divinity School, Just before I last Chicago I learned
University of Chicago. Mrs. Wells offered to give the
Chicago, Illinois, moved thousand collars for a girls
dormitory on condition that a sertain income should be
My dear Matthews: I lifetime and during that of her
husband if he should survive her. When the papers were

I have yourletter of January 25th about Lake. The question evidently has two aspects: first, is Lake a man we want; and second, can we furnish the means to appoint him.

whether we wish to displace Willoughby in order to get Lake in place of Willoughby.

If we are clear on the first point it would seem to me wise for you to say to him on your own responsibility and apropos of your conversation with him that you hope he makes no change without consulting with you and giving you a chance to offer him a position at Chicago if the matter can be brought about financially.

Such a step as this would commit us to nothing yet would give us time to consider what we really want to do and what is practicable to do.

Of course the Willoughby proposition is distinctly easier financially but if Lake is decidedly more desirable we might see whether the matter is practical financially. Can you leave the matter in this shape until I return when I shall be glad to talk it over with you all.

In your letter of January 18th you speak of Mode working on one financial prospect. I wonder if you are thinking of Mrs. Catherine Adams Wells of Wheaton. If so, this is rather a complicated case on which I think we must try to work together. Mode mentioned to me some weeks ago the possibility of securing money from Mrs. Wells, stating that her

The Hollywood Southern Pines, N. C. January 28, 1924.

> Dean Shailer Matthews, Divinity School, University of Chicago. Chicago, Illinois.

> > My dear Matthews:

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Cordially yours,

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socuring money from New Wells, stating that her

The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

January 14, 1924

My dear Burton:

I quite agree with you on the character of the museums of religion as I know them. What I want is really a scientific museum. It should not be a collection but the sort of thing which you will find, for example, in Honolulu where they really have a museum that helps you understand primitive life. We want to organize this museum in such a way that a man will actually see the sort of apparatus men use in religion and how they use it and what they mean by using it.

I think it is a great thing. Much obliged for your information regarding Haskell.

I think we might approach Shaffer of the Post for the Divinity School. What do you say? How about Frank Logan? Also do you suppose McLeish would let us have his money to build a McLeish Library in the Theological Building? The amount he gave will need years to grow into an Administration Building.

Cordially yours, Thailes Makeurs

I think for your information reg

I think Post for the Divinity Sch Frank Logan? Also do you his money to build a McLe Building? The amount he an Administration Building

Che University of Chicago

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My dear Burbens

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Cordially yours.

Towner of

January 12, 1924.

My dear Dean Mathews:

I have read with attention and care your letter of December 26 respecting the advanced program for the Divinity School.

Without going into the matter in detail, I should like to make several comments:

- 1) I am confident that you are altogether right in believing that we must now definitely plan to build into the faculty young men of good promise for the future. That we have only one man under forty-five years of age is a striking fact which clearly points out the policy we should pursue in the further development of our faculty.
- I am particularly impressed with the advisability of the amount of research, which is dealt with under point IV, including at the bottom of page 3 the point received under V on page 6. Sometime I should like to consider with you whether the Institute of Social and Religious Research can perhaps co-operate with the school in this field of investigation. I mean, not by supporting a professorship which would be out of its function, but by co-operating in the initial research. Aside from anything, however, that a research institute could do by an investigation covering two or three years, there is no doubt a continuous work to be done by a school of theology.
 - 3) I am much impressed that the time has come when we ought to be able to enlist Baptist money in this enterprise. It is not creditable to us as a denomination that all the large gifts that have come to us in thirty years have come from three sources: one, the general benefactor of the University, one a Baptist woman, and one a Methodist woman and her family. I am inclosing herewith copy of a letter recently received from Mr. Swift, and my reply.

Yours very truly,

Dean Shailer Mathews, Faculty Exchange.

My dear Dean Mathews:

I have read with attention and care your letter of December 26 respecting the advanced program for the Divinity School.

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- 2) Your general program seems to me to be sound.

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Yours very truly,

Dean Shailer Mathews, Faculty Axchange. OFFICE OF THE DEAN

December 26, 1923

My dear Mr. President:

I believe that the time is especially propitious for the development of the Divinity School along lines of larger service to forward-looking Christianity. This is particularly thrust upon me by the consideration of the field.

- 1. Germany is not likely to regain anything like her old importance in theological research for several years. So far as America is concerned, it is questionable whether Germany will for half a generation attract theological students. Someone must supplement, if not replace, Germany in the field of scientific research in the field of religion.
- 2. France is practically negligible in the field of theological research, although there are of course individual French scholars of outstanding importance.
- 3. England and Sootland are endeavoring to attact American students but it is not likely that they will be more successful in the future than in the past. Furthermore, there is very little methodological interest in British theological study as compared with that which historical method involves. Exception to this general statement will be found largely among those who are not working on theological faculties. Of course, the British contributions to biblical criticism are noteworthy. My remarks refer to that new field of reconstruction of theological thought which has become of importance.
- 4. In the United States there are only three institutions that seem to be seriously facing the reconstruction of theological education Union, Yale and Chicago. We have information from the inside, so to speak, relative to Union that the British contingent is in control and that the old time interest in religious education and the adjustment of church methods to modern

The University of Chicago

MARGO THE NO STATES

Pagember 23, 1923

My dear Mr. President:

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 - to be employed for the constitution of the contraction of the contract of the

religious life are being rather sidetracked. Coe himself left because of this attitude. So far as outlined, there is no serious attempt to consider and if necessary recast the whole scheme of theological training.

Yale has shown marked development in numbers. It is also interested in the practical side of theological training, but so far as can be seen, there is no organic unity in their faculty and even less attempt to make a serious study of the whole problem of theological preparation and religious research.

Harvard, according to Dean Sperry, is to go on its old line, which means of course it is practically negligible in theological education.

5. Even if one were to discount the estimate above given of the situation, it is plain that if there is to be any courageous approach to the problem of preparing leaders for the present religious crisis, it must be made largely from our faculty. If the Divinity School should lose prestige or such leadership as it now possesses, the whole situation in America must be seriously affected. At the present time the Divinity School is a predominant factor in theological education in America. There are few theological seminaries where some member of the faculty has not studied with us. I do not need to remind you that this condition has not been because of any appeal to "short cuts" or theological compromises. But our success makes our responsibility for continued leadership even greater.

I

It is plain that the faculty will at the end of fifteen years have been largely remade. We older men will have run our course and others will be taking our places. It is therefore imperative that we have a number of young men growing up on our faculty. In my opinion there ought to be at least one

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such man in each department. With the exception of Riddle, the youngest man we have is more than forty-five. We ought to be trying out young men until at last we can find one each for the Old Testament, New Testament, Systematic Theology and Church History and Religious Education Departments. This would be doing only what you are already doing in the New Testament Department.

II

It is particularly noticeable that with the exception of the two biblical departments all the other departments are undermanned. In Church History we have only one and half men. In Systematic Theology there are two men, in Practical Theology (Religious Education, Homiletics, Pastoral Duties) we have only two men and some time from a third. In Missions and Comparative Religion, we have one each. It is true that the instruction of these men is supplemented by the work done in the Chicago Theological Seminary, but experience has shown that it is not best to increase greatly the range of electives because of affiliation. The advantages of such an arrangement lie largely in other fields.

III

Of the utmost importance is it that we have men who have a reasonable liberty for prolonged research in all fields. It is self-evident that any slackening of our scientific interest would be fatal to our prestige and efficiency. I believe that the young men whom we can shape up and fill with our own spirit will be the great means of maintaining the scientific "strain".

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theological education has inherited academic ideas and methods, but it has never seriously canvassed its own problems. Our school has always regarded the problem of the curriculum as requiring repeated reconsideration. We have reorganized our conceptions of what a theological education is intended to do. I do not think we have made any serious mistake thus far. Our contacts with Christian activity have given us a basis for judgment sufficiently reliable to lead to our pioneering a number of changes in theological education. I do not need to remind you of the steps taken in the field of biblical study, religious education, missions, the social meaning of Christianity, the development of a constructive theology on the basis of historical method. But now more intensive study of our problem is demanded. We ought to make the same sort of research in the field of theological training as has been made in the training of grade teachers. We need to know the actual operation of the church in a community in order that we may train men for efficiency. There should be practice investigation fields in connection with the Divinity School just as much as there is a department of physiological chemistry and a hospital in connection with a medical school.

There are a number of questions that need to be answered, if we are to have an intelligent approach to the problem of theological education. The need of answers becomes more imperative in view of the fact that there has been developed in "Biblical Institutes" a method of church work which is easily learned which is deadly in its effects. It is always easier to train quacks than scientific practitioners.

The questions I have in mind are such as these:

1. How far are churches actually ministering to the spiritual and moral needs of the community? This would in theory lead to a very widespread

reven mad it jud ,abodiem bas anobi planshas beliredat and nolizoube lapinologic seriously canvassed its own problems. Our school bas slways regarded the profiles of the ourriculum as requiring repeated economic and to meldong .ob of bebredent at moissoubs isological a theological school or besidest our I do not think we have made any serious mistake thus far. Our contacts with Christian activity have given us a basis for judgment sufficiently reliable ob I .noitmoubs lacigolosis al asgnado to redmun a gaireencia ruo ot beel ot not need to remind you of the steps taken in the field of biblical study, religious education, missions, the social meaning of Christianity, the development of a constructive theology on the basis of historical method. But now more intensive study of our problem is demanded. We ought to make the same sort of research in the field of theological training as hes been made in the training of grade teachers. We need to know the sotual operation of the church in a community in order that we may train men for efficiency. There should be practice investigation fields in connection with the Divinity School just as much as there is a department of physiological chemistry and a hospital in . Loodos Isoibes a ditw moijoennoo

There are a number of questions that need to be enswered, it we are to have an intelligent approach to the problem of theological education. The need of answers becomes more imperative in view of the fact that there has been developed in "Biblical Institutes" a method of church work which is easily learned which is deadly in its effects. It is always easier to train quecks than setentific practitioners.

The questions I have In mind are such as these:

1. How far are obtained by ministering to the spiritual and moral needs of the community? This would in theory lead to a very widesprend

survey such as the Institute of Research has put on in Indiana. Immediate survey such as intensive investigation of human contacts rather than mere statistics should be carried on in selected and typical communities.

2. We need to know to correlate the work of the church with other lastitutions, particularly the schools.

S. We need to know how far the total group of human interests oun be treated from the moral and religious point of view. This introduces particularly the complicated problems of religious education, recreation and the study of the moral aspects of all the interests of children and youth.

4. We need to know whether our theological instruction should lay larger stress upon the element of training in practical community work. We need to know the danger of such work as well as its efficiency. In this cannection we need to know how best men can be educated for Ohristian work. In other words, whether there is such a thing as spiritual technique which can be trught somewhat after the fashion of the School of Commerce and Administration.

5. We need to know how far the oburches are compileating and how far they are sasisting in the emphasis on new social interests. There are those who would say that practically the entire education in the ministry should be in the field of social service. Such a view necessarily involves the conception of the function of a church in society.

6. We need to know from actual observation of the churches what should be the proper emphasis in ministerial preparation including prescripts. This involves building up a curriculum. It also to some extent involves the precticed experience of students in church work.

7. There is need that the practical conclusions gained in these various fields of investigation indicated above be constantly "fed in" to our

theological training. This would involve some sort of connection between the teaching force and the research forces at work on the field. Out from such relations there might properly be developed a case system in theological training not altogether unlike that used in law schools. Also demonstration work.

8. There is need also of knowing how far church activity should move into the field of health, utilizing the modern psychology and psycho-analysis.

V

In view of the above I believe the development of the Divinity School involves the following concrete needs:

- a. the appointment of a young man in each of the departments of Systematic Theology, Church History, New Testament and Old Testament;
- b. the appointment of an additional man in the field of Comparative Religion, enabling Professor Haydon to specialize his work in a narrower field;
- c. the appointment of a man of experience in the field of Religious Education who can take up the work of organizing eith a practice school or setting up in connection with the School of Education a day school of religious education as well as an approach to problems of religious instruction of other sorts. He should be a man whose standing in the field of religious education is high;
- d. the establishment of a practice school in connection with the School of Education. Some sort of adjustment with the department of that school has already been discussed;
- e. the establishment of research in the operation of churches for the purpose of discovering at what point the instruction should be given. Such research to be efficient would involve the employment of one or two men, the meeting of the expenses of research students, the cost of publication of the results when advisable;

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Instead of separate specimens, a total unit of a family and its life should as the unit.

be indicated, I have discussed this matter in detail with Professor Haydon, and have asked him to draw up a plan for such a museum in detail.

- g. a publication and extension fund, which might be used to help finance the work of the Religious Extension Club in Missions and Comparative Religion. This institution is a step towards the coordination of the scientific work in the Divinity School and that of the men and women actually at the point of contact between two civilizations and two religions. Its members are trained in classes organized by the cooperative efforts of the Departments of Sociology and Missions and are thus in a position to gather an immense amount of material both literary and museum. We are already undertaking through them an investigation of certain phases of the impact of two civilizations, particular ly with reference to the status of the Eurasian.
- h. We need also more instruction in public speaking, music, with the allied arts of pageantry and there should be further instruction also in congregational activities.
- 1. the school ought to have an increased contact with society at large by means of publications. The American Institute of Sacred Literature is the best channel for such operations both by way of study material and tracts.

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SUGGESTED CAPITAL FOR ABOVE EXPANSION (5% interest rate)

	Assistant Professor in Church History	\$70,000
	Assistant Professor in Systematic Theology	70,000
	Professor in Religious Education	125,000
4.	Expense of Maintaining Practice School	50,000
5.	Instruction in Public Speaking, Music, Pageantry	
	and other Expressional Activities	50,000
6.	Fund for Publication and Extension through the	Action and the
	American Institute of Sacred Literature	100,000
7.	Museum Material for the Study of Religion	10,000
	Fellowships and Service Scholarships, including	20,000
	those for Missionaries on furlough and Research	
	Fellows	100,000
9.	Increase in Salaries; unforeseen needs	100,000
		4000
		\$675,000

- 1. In addition to this there should be provision made in the Budget of the Graduate School of Arts, Literature and Science for abyoung in Comparative Religion, Old Testament and New Testament. Possibly the salary of the latter might be carried on the Divinity School Budget.
- 2. In addition there should be funds (not necessarily endowment) for Research in (a) relation of church and social life, (b) church and health, (c) Missions and noh-Christian religions.

Sincerely yours, Lailer Makeur

SM.MH

President E. D. Burton, University of Chicago

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10,000	7. Museum Material for the Study of Raigion
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Sincerely yours,

HH. ME

President E. D. Burton, University of Chicago

The University of Chicago

The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

335815

December 12, 1923

My dear President Burton:

Referring to your note of December 10, with the reference to my letter of November 20:

Our telephone talk was about the coming of A. E. Holt to the Chicago Seminary to work in co-operation with us in the field of social applications of Christianity. In particular, I spoke about the visit which Davis has just been making to the Selman Memorial people where he had brought up the question about some subsidy for Holt's work. My letter was intended to, as it were, put into your consciousness the idea that the University is particularly the research end of this educational combination, and that we ought to proceed co-operatively, not by way of division of interests.

I have had a long talk with Holt this afternoon. I am hoping he will come to the Chicago Theological Seminary. In such case he will be able to give some courses on the social significance of the church which are not now being given and never have been given. You may recall that he is one of our doctors.

Very truly yours

SM F d

President E. D. Burton Harper Memorial Library Marien Mahrens

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The Divinity School

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

335514

November 13, 1923

My dear Burton:

I should be very glad to run over with you the matters regarding the Divinity School raised by Cross. As a matter of fact, his point about the mixing of undergraduates and graduates, if both classes mean Divinity students, would be more in evidence in the Summer Quarter than at other times. Generally in the other quarters the undergraduates are putting most of their time in the prescribed courses so that the advanced courses are pretty largely taken by those who are alreadyseminary graduates.

As regards the matter of philosophy, we are giving some courses in that field, but if there is anything that we are standing for strongly and even vehemently it is that theology does not rest upon philosophy. Most of the philosophical difficulties disappear when the approach is made through history. There are two ways of course of treating "a deep yearning for a thorough philosophical treatment of the great theological issues of the present time". One is to attempt such a philosophical treatment, and the other is to give students such a training that they get over the deep yearning and see that theology has to deal with experience primarily. We do not neglect the former method, but we emphasize the second. My own feeling is that when a man wishes to solve theological questions philosophically rather than theologically, (that is to say, from the point of view of human experience,) he is altogether on the wrong track. But as I said before, I should be only too glad to talk the matter over with you and get your reaction.

We have at the present time probably as much - incidentally I should say that I hardly think that Professor Cross realizes how much of the discussions of philosophical point of view our courses actually give - philosophy as we really need.

Sincerely yours,

SM.MH

President Ernest D. Burton, University of Chicago Sharter Makeur

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Systematic Theology Rochester Theological Seminary Rochester, New York

November 10, 1923

Preesident E.D.Burton,
The University of Chicago,
Chicago, Ills.

My dear President Burton:

My experiences in connection with the Divinity School during the second term of the last summer quarter were altoget her pleasant. It was a delight to me to meet my old friends of the staff and form some new acquaintances with men from other schools. The classesseemed to be made up of men who had come to the University for a serious purpose and it was a deep satisfaction to me to get into touch with their thoughts. It seemed to me that the work of the Divinity School was being managed with much skill and, if I may say it, your own coming into the Presidency had already given to the members of the Faculty new confidence and energy.

One or two things I sometimes question. The mingling of graduate students and undergraduates in the same clasees, while of some advantage, perhaps to undergarduates, seems rather a disadvantage to both, on the whole. The undergarduate is likely to be the chief loser in the much as much of what is said to the graduates must be beyond him and rather confusing. The other point is this: There seems on the part of many young students for the Christian ministry a deep yearning for a thorough philosophical treatment of the great theological issues of the present time. I am wondering how far the courses offered in the Dovinity School go tow ard meeting this need.

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Systematic Theology Rachester Theological Seminary Rachester, New York

two of our men will probably ask for admission to the University of Chicago next autumn.

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Yours cordially,

George Corass

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The University of Chicago

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Office of the President

September 25, 1923

My dear Dr. Mathews:

The question has been raised whether any different practice should be established in reference to students pursuing a medical course in preparation for foreign missions service. As I understand it, it has been in your jurisdiction to grant such students the same privilege as is granted members of the Divinity School, both in respect to tuition and room rent. It has been intimated to me that you feel that undue advantage had sometimes been taken of the situation, both in respect to students preparing for medical service limiting their studies to strictly medical courses, and in respect to their not fulfilling their expectations and obligations to engage in foreign missions service.

May I raise the question whether any different usage needs to be established than that which we have been in the habit of following?

Very truly yours,

EDB: HP

Dean Shailer Mathews Faculty Exchange

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The University of Chicago

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Very truly prewn

Pean Shaller Laviners

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The University of Chicago The Divinity School

July 21, 1923

My dear Mr. President:

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

A couple of years ago when Baker took up his work in Missions, we talked over the possibility of his going for a year to get in touch with the actual working of the missionary operations - I suppose to Verrigo, and I think the prospect that he go as teacher in one of the colleges, specifically the Shanghai Baptist College. I propose that he go on these conditions: (1) that no salary be paid him by the college, but that the Missionary Union pay his expenses over and back in return for the service which he would actually render. My plan seemed to meet with some favor, but I have not pushed it lately. It seems to me that this would be a very good plan if we could let him so arrange his vacation that he could count three months toward this plan, anticipating another three months, and possibly give him leave of absence on salary for the third three months. This would enable him to be gone for an academic year, and he would get in touch with the actual operations of the missionary institutions and could spend some time also visiting some of the other fields than those of China.

Does this plan meet with your approval? If so, we should begin to plan for this with the Missionary Union or one of the missionary boards for the year 1924-25.

I have made careful inquiries from several persons taking Baker's courses, and they speak in high terms of him. I think he is coming on, and with a little pushing and appreciation he ought to be one of the significant men on our faculty. The missionaries on furlough are very appreciative of his work. He is carrying on his mission plans on broad lines, and some time I should like to have him talk Very truly yours thanks Market over his plans and what he is already doing with you.

SM F d

President E. D. Burton Faculty Exchange

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HOST STEVE TOWN

July 22, 1925

My donn Mr. Pronidents

his work in Missions, so talked over the gown billity of
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President E. D. Burbon

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SHIRLEY JACKSON CASE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS July 2, 1923. My lear President Burton: The relaxation of a vacation and the failure of mail to catch me more fromptly explain my tardiness in answering your letters of Jame 8 th and June 20th. In regard to your inquiry as to What you owe me for reading the Morton manuscrift, I hope you will permit me to do it as a personal favor to yourself and thus give me the satisfaction of feeling that at least on one occasion I have had an opportunity of showing my appreciation of the numerous favors received from you deiring the past fifteen years. I have your letter of June 20th, in which you express your approval of Trofessor. Mc Laughlin's request that I be made Chairman ofthe Department

of Church History. I shall be glad to serve in this capacity as test I can have to Professor Mrc Laughlin, my appreciation of the confidence placed in me under this arrangement. Time weather and extremely good behavior on the part of our new mode of conveyance have made our vacation Thus far very delightful Yours Dincerely, S. J. Case

July 12, 1923.

My dear Professor Case:

I have your letter of July 2nd and am very glad to learn that you are prepared to accept the Chair-manship of the Department of Church History.

Your reply to my suggestion respecting your service on the Norton manuscript is quite too generous, but if you prefer that the matter should be dealt with as you suggest I can only express my great appreciation for your valuable service and your kindness in rendering it.

I hope the fine weather and the good behavior of your machine may continue to the end of your vacation.

Very truly yours,

Professor Shirley J. Case. The University of Chicago.

EDB: OB

Church History. I shall be glad to serve in this est fire croty as trest & wish to express to you They me bas day plut to restel ruov even I -Trad od to lears that you are prepared to scoop the Charrmanship of the Dapartment of Charon History. Your reply to my suggestion respecting your enorses on the street adiresonam negrou ed no ecivies They stood od bluode rest one fact refere not 21 and as you saggest I can only express my great appreciation tor your valuable service and your kindness dis rendering it. O THOU TO TELVESTED BOOK ON DES TENTS OF THE STORY OF THE TENTS OF THE machine may continue to the end of your vacations del prov viore frov Professor Shirley d. Case. The University of Chicago.

to Washor living. I doubt February 16, 1925. 210,000 medium salary is adequate. Of course we never intended to My dear Mr. Burton; - ments of the profession. time are three matters on which I intend to make a few comments not in any way as tendering advice, but merely to indicate the point of view which I have had with regard to them, the Divinity School, the last meeting of the Bantist The Ito THE MEDICAL SCHOOL . committee was appointed, This you have thoroughly in hand no doubt. I shall leave files covering the whole matter. We raised nearly five million, four hundred thousand dollars in 1916-17. Quite a bit has been added to this by interest that has accrued since. As I estimated the matter it would need five of six millions more, partly for building funds, and partly for endowment, to complete the original planses. The rest represent various My estimate was based on (1) Dr. Seems estimate of the cost of maintaining the Hospital; 2) Mr. Plack's estimate of the cost of maintaining the building; 3) Dr. Dean Lewis's draft of the plan for the surgical department. I made an estimate of possible salaries and then compared the surgical, medical, and pediatric departments of some other Institutions, like Johns Hopkins, ty should be free to organ-

revised. Conditions have changed as to building costs and as

But Salling

February 16, 1925.

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There are three matters on which I intend to make a few comments not in any way as tendering advice, but merely to indicate the point of view which I have had with regard to them.

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to the cost of living. I doubt myself whether the \$10,000 maximum salary is adequate. Of course we never intended to compete with the emoluments of the profession. At the same time \$10,000 today is a very different sum from \$10,000 in 1916.

II. I think I have discussed with you the situation as to the Divinity School. The last meeting of the Baptist Theological Union Board a committee was appointed, of which I believe Mr. Gilkey is Chairman, to go over the whole situation. As a matter of fact it is no longer a Baptist Divinity School. You will find that at present there are not more than about twenty-five young men fitting themselves in the School to enter the Baptist ministry. About the same number in addition are ministers and missionaries pursuing special studies. The rest represent various other denominations. In my opinion the contract with the Chicago Baptist Theological Union should be revised. The University should be freed from the obligation of regarding the School of the Chicago Baptist Theological Union as the Divinity School of the University. The Union can use its funds of course to support Baptist professors, or to care for Baptist students, but the University should be free to organize its Divinity School as it sees fit. Of course this is a matter which should not be taken up until next year.

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paign to secure the medical funds. For this reason I should say that any question of increasing the capacity of the athletic auditorium should be set aside. Further I am not enthusiastic about a million dollar white elephant that would stay idle ten months in the year and be used only part of the other two months. Of course Mr. Stagg thinks he can use it for other things the other part of the time, but that use at best would be very fragmentary. Further, it is not needed. The excitement last year was caused by intersectional games. There will be no more intersectional games for a long time. The present accommodations expanded to capacity would take care of all games excepting one or two. These, if desirable, to get larger audiences, could be played in Grant Park Stadium.

In any event, if the question should be considered Faculties of the it is a matter of the Colleges and University Senate. It is a very serious question of educational policy and of educational emphasis.

Very truly yours,

Mr. Ernest D. Burton, The University of Chicago.

HPJ: CB

III. Nothing should come in the way of the camto the cost of alwings I dead a special to each one of paign to secure the medical funds. For this reason I should at beingful gover or ources to thempels at profes complete say that any question of increasing the capacity of the compact with the enclosed of the preference at the sample athletic suditorium should be set aside. Further I am not time 110,000 total to a very different due from 210,000 tu bluow tadt tradgele etidw rallob nolllim a troda oltesiandino stay idle ten months in the year and be used only part of the ACCUSE AND NOT THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PA other two months. Of course Mr. Stage thinks he can use it te eau taint tud emit of to trag redto ent against redto rol . Les niones whe were thome or branch males isolicious relogat best would be very fragmentary. Further, it is not needed. The excitement last year was caused by intersectional games. the tennes of the tent to tentent of the least the tentents of the . emij gnol a rol seman Innoitsearejni erom on ed lliw erod? a decided of four bush like new . Looded of Entric Follows exat bluow withseas of behange anolishommoors increase of SELECTION OF THE STREET SPORT SPORT SPORT DATE OF THE PART OF THE elderised hi ,essel .owf to eno gnifqeoxe sems lie to erso todanderen an the tonoble to order and baggior contents, see to get larger audiences, could be played in Grant Park Stadium. -Jointo has consultate ous sold is at necess out food herobismoo ed bluede neitsoup off li . Jneve yns al seems from the sof the seems of it is a matter of the Colleges and University Senate. It is one the description of the property of the sections when -soule to bus yollog isnelisable to nelisable sucres year a that continue of binade uple. Ecological obligat which

Very truly yours,

Mr. Ernest D. Burton. The University of Chicago.

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HE TO SERVICE CONTROL OF THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE OF

May 11, 1923.

My dear Dean Kern:-

I am very sorry to have delayed so long my answer to your letter of April 10th. The delay doubtless seems to you inexcusable, but in fact it has seemed impossible till now to take it up.

At Chicago, as you perhaps know, the Divinity School is under a separate Board, between which and the University there is a contract, which results in the University having the chief responsibility for the School financially, and the Theological Board instructionally. This arrangement grew out of the fact that the Theological School was founded as an independent school twenty-five years before the present University was founded, and that President Earperedesired to have a Divinity School in the University and did not wish to destroy the old school by competing with it.

Entire independence is in my judgment undesirable.

The isolated seminary tends to become isolated in thought as well as in government. Such schools as Union of New York which are independent seek affiliation with a University. I am sure that in our case the relation of the Divinity School to the University has been a real and great advantage to both.

Whetehr with a free hand I should do as was done

My dear Dean Kern:-

I am very sorry to have delayed so long my answer to your letter of April 10th. The delay doubtless seems to you inexcusable, but in fact it has seemed impossible till now to take it up.

At Chicago, as you perhaps know, the Divinity School is under's separate Board, between which and the University having there is a contract, which results in the University having the chief responsibility for the School financially, and the Theological Board instructionally. This arrangement grew out of the fact that the Theological School was founded as an independent school twenty-five years before the present University was founded, and that President Harperedesired to have a Divinity School in the University and did not wish to destroy the old school by competing with it.

The isolated seminary tends to become isolated in thought as the isolated seminary tends to become isolated in thought as the forement. Such schools as Union of Hew York which are independent seek afrikistion with a University. I am sure that in our case the relation of the Divinity School to the University has been a real and great advantage to both.

Whetehr with a free hand I should do as was done

here thirty years ago, or make the Divinity School outright a school of the University just as the Law Segool or School of Education is, would depend on the local situation; to have it independent but affiliated must be determined by local conditions. It cannot be determined by a general rule.

The two points that are clear in my mind are that a Divinity School should be intimately related to a University, and that its relation should be such as to make possible a vigorous pursuit of the own special aims as a school for the preparation of men for the ministry.

Sincerely yours,

Dean Paul B. Kern. Southern Methodist University, Dallas, Texas.

EDB: CB

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OFFICE OF THE DEAN

SOUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY DALLAS, TEXAS SCHOOL OF THEOLOGY

April 10, 1923.

Fres. Ernest D. Burton, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois.

My dear President Burton:

The Board of Trustees of Southern Methodist University has recently been in session and had before it the question of the reorganization of the Board, looking to a more efficient handling of its rapidly growing problems. Our institution is in its eighth year and now has over 2,000 students, about 175 of whom are in the School of Theology. The Academic Department of Southern Methodist University is largely a Texas institution but the School of Theology is one of the two connectional seminaries for the Southern Methodist Church. Our territory covers that embraced in all of the Conferences of our Church west of the Mississippi River.

From the beginning there has been in the minds of some of us a desire to consider seriously the wisdom of a separate board of control for the School of Theology. The reasons for this will doubtless readily suggest themselves to you. A special committee was appointed at this meeting of our Board to report to the next meeting in June with a recommendation regarding this reorganization.

Dr. Galen M. Fisher, of the Committee on Social and Religious Surveys, has suggested that you might be able to help us. I am therefore writing to ask if you would be kind enough to place before our committee such information as would help us to face frankly and intelligently the best method of control for our institution. If there is any suggestion which you feel free to make, we would be grateful to you for passing it on to us.

Assuring you of our appreciation of this favor, and with kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours

DEAN.

COUTHERN METHODIST UNIVERSITY DALLAS TERAS

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April 10, 1985.

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CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

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October 22, 1923.

President Ernest D. Burton, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

My dear President Burton: -

May I present to you somewhat informally my most recent meditations regarding the Department of Church History, of which you appointed me chairman not long ago! I say "informally" because as yet I have not discussed with the head of the department in any definite way the matter of which I am now writing, nor have I talked with Dean Mathews regarding its bearing upon the work of the Divinity School in general.

The status of Church History research in the world of scholarship today seems to me to be in a very unsatisfactory condition.

Apparently the leadership furnished in this field by the German universities in pre-war days has passed away for the present, and perhaps for several generations if not forever. French scholarship is so dominantly Roman Catholic that not much help can be hoped for from that quarter. The English and Scottish universities will undoubtedly remain conspicuous for scholarship of a particular type, but probably their work will continue to be limited by a strong emphasis upon tradition. Aggressive leadership in this field of investigation would now seem to be the peculiar duty of the graduate theological schools of America.

It is, however, an unfortunate circumstance that the schools in America have as yet gathered so relatively little momentum to carry them forward to a position of leadership at this time. The scarcity of teachers of Church History in America has been strikingly emphasized

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been chosen. The position left vacant at Yale by the death of Professor
Walker has been filled by the appointment of a young man who took his Ph.D.
degree at Yale not long ago in the New Testament field. The Church History
chair of Professor Emerton at Harvard has passed to another New Testament
man, Professor Lake. Similarly at Rochester Moehlmann, a New Testament man,
succeeds Rauschenbusch. My own semi-transition, which antedates each of the
above instances, was evidently an early sign of the times. While we may feel
like congratulating ourselves on the success of New Testament study in producing this overflow, nevertheless I think we must recognize that from the
standpoint of economy in time and efficiency in equipment it would have been
more desirable to have had men who had from the first been trained in the
field of their later work. It would seem very clear that graduate theological
study in America during the last generation had been giving altogether too
little attention to the subject of Church History.

In thinking of Chicago as the place where such study may be pursued most effectively in the future I have in mind the following considerations:-

- (1) The close affiliation between the work of the Department of Church
 History in the Divinity School and the graduate work in History in the
 University. This state of affairs already established with us more adequately,
 I believe, than at any other institution offers great privileges to the
 student of Church History.
- (2) The prestige already enjoyed by our school in consequence of the position held by students who have specialized with us in Church History. I have in mind, for example, Holtom of the Baptist Theological Seminary in Tokyo, McNeill of Knox College, Toronto, Dadson of Brandon, New of McMaster, Allison of Colgate. These teachers direct students toward Chicago rather than to any other school.

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(3) The general policy of the University in providing not simply a staff sufficient for teaching the classes but also a sufficient number of teachers for carrying on adequate research work in the principal divisions of a department. No other theological school in America is, I think, so fortunately situated as ours in participating in this ideal of the University.

If our Department of Church History is to function as it should during the next generation in training leaders in this field, it seems to me that there is one missing link in our equipment that needs to be supplied at an early date. As we are conducting our work at present, the field of investigation falls naturally into three main divisions. First, there is the period of Christianity's rise to a position of supremacy in the Roman Empire and its history until through the incoming of the barbarians the type of cultural development in the Mediterranean undergoes a distinct change. Second, comes the rise of the new nations and the development of history into religiously into that important institution, the Roman Catholic Church of Europe, which still endures as one of the most significant institutions of our own day. Third, the rise of the protestant movements which lead out more especially into the religious history of the British Isles and America. My own peculiar interest focuses upon the first of these fields, while Mode makes himself responsible for the third. The second is at present without a leader in our group. This is not to say that courses are not offered where students may get instruction in the field, but rather that there is no one at present to furnish guidance for professional theological research in this area -- no one for whom this constitutes the "hot spot" in his consciousness as the psychologists say.

In a word, do we not need a third man on the faculty of the Divinity School in the Department of Church History who will be responsible for this at present neglected section of the field? It seems to me that we do, and I trust that I am acting within the proprieties in bringing this matter

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to your attention. In view of the large opportunity which seems open for the development of Church History study in America during the next decade or two, and believing that our own school should take a leading part in this development, I am naturally very anxious that our department should be strengthened in the direction above indicated.

Yours very sincerely,

S.J. Case

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