chief engineer of the Western Electric Company, New York; William R. Blair, director of the government observatory, Mt. Weather, Virginia; Oswald Veblen, professor of mathematics in Princeton University; and Arnold Dresden, assistant professor of mathematics in the University of Wisconsin.

It was the general verdict of the visiting Doctors and Masters that the pleasure of reunion made possible by the conferences and dinners far exceeded their anticipation. The mutual esteem of the University and the men and women it has trained was so obvious that the whole atmosphere of the occasion was that of a genuine home-coming.

# THE QUARTER-CENTENNIAL EXHIBITS

The Committee on Exhibits as originally appointed consisted of the following persons: Dr. J. S. Dickerson, Mr. J. O. Murdock, and Mr. Ernest D. Burton, who associated with themselves, as members of the Committee, Mr. Maurice Block, Mr. J. B. Canning, Professor H. C. Cowles, Professor J. Paul Goode, Miss Helen C. Gunsaulus, Assistant Professor N. M. Harris, Mr. E. A. Henry, Principal F. W. Johnson, Miss Helen Johnston, Associate Professor R. L. Lyman, Mr. Edward H. Miller, Mr. Newman Miller, Dr. W. J. Monilaw, Mr. J. F. Moulds, Assistant Professor H. G. Moulton, Mr. W. A. Payne, Mr. N. C. Plimpton, Mr. E. E. Quantrell, Miss Marian J. Reynolds, Professor F. W. Shepardson, Mr. Denton H. Sparks, Mr. Henry D. Sulcer, and Miss Agnes R. Wayman.

The Committee was divided into the following subcommittees: Books Published by Members of the University, The University Press, Statistics, Photographs, Building Development, The Libraries, Athletics, Finances, Student and Alumni Activities, Departmental Exhibits, Installation.

With the cordial consent of the Department of Physical Culture and Athletics, the main floor of the Bartlett Gymnasium was selected as the place for the principal exhibit. Temporary movable partitions were erected on the north, east, and south sides of this room and on the running-track, making approximately twenty booths. In these booths the following exhibits were placed:

Books written by members of the Faculties, Doctors of the University, and other alumni

The University Press

The University Libraries

The history of the University, illustrated by photographs

Undergraduate and alumni activities

Departmental exhibits, representing the following departments and divisions of the University: Education, Household Administration, Oriental Languages and Literatures, Latin, Astronomy, Physics, Chemistry, Geography, Zoölogy, Anatomy, Botany, Pathology, Hygiene and Bacteriology, Correspondence-Study, Physical Culture and Athletics.

The collection of books published by members of the University included about 3,300 volumes, that of the University Press about 697

volumes. The exhibit of the Department of Oriental Languages consisted of pictures and transparencies illustrating the explorations of the Department in Egypt and Babylonia. The Department of Astronomy showed two cases of transparencies illustrating the work of Yerkes Observatory. The Department of Pathology showed a very extensive series of charts illustrating the research work of the department in the development of cancer. Other departments illustrated the character of their work by charts and apparatus.

A notable feature of the exhibits was a series of twelve large mounted diagrams or graphs illustrating the following aspects of the University's development:

- I. Finance
  - 1. Endowment (by years)
  - 2. Gifts received (by years)
  - 3. Investments in buildings and grounds (by years)
  - 4. Budget: Income, Expenditure
- II. Library
  - 1. Library Staff (by years)
  - 2. Acquisition of books (by years)
  - 3. Books accessioned (by years)
  - 4. Growth in circulation (by years)
- III. General, University of Chicago
  - 1. Registrants; (a) students, (b) three-quarter basis (by years)
  - 2. Course registration, three-quarter basis (by years)
  - 3. Growth of curriculum (by years)
  - 4. Faculty, by years and classes, three-quarter basis (by years)
  - 5. Degrees conferred, three-quarter basis (by years)
  - 6. Map of the United States: Source of students
  - 7. Map of the United States: Distribution of graduates
  - 8. Map of the World: Source of students; Distribution of graduates

These graphs were hung upon the railing of the running-track and the spaces between them were filled with University flags and shields. The material for these graphs was furnished by various University offices notably those of the Auditor and Examiner. The graphs themselves were constructed under the direction of Professor J. Paul Goode.

The installation of the exhibits involved a large amount of labor, in which the various members of the Committee cheerfully took their several parts. The main exhibit was open to the public on Saturday, June 3. As the room in which it was installed was used on Sunday for the Convocation Religious Service, and because of the rain on Tuesday, for the Convocation Service, portions of the exhibit were observed in connection with these exercises by the large audiences attending them.

The attendance at the exhibit was continued until Friday, June 30. An exact record of attendance was kept from June 8 to 30, showing an average attendance of fifty persons per day.

Through the co-operation of various departments of the University, the following temporary exhibits were also held simultaneously with that in the Bartlett Gymnasium:

- I. Harper Memorial Library
  - I. Incunabula owned by the University
  - 2. Manuscripts from the Durrett Collection
  - 3. The Butler-Gunsaulus autographs
  - 4. The Gunsaulus manuscripts and incunabula
  - 5. The Emma B. Hodge Collection of Melanchthoniana and Erasmiana
  - 6. Letters of Mr. Rockefeller, Mr. Gates, and President Harper
- II. Classics Building
  - 1. Paintings of the French Impressionist School

In co-operation with the Renaissance Society of the University, one aim of which is to arrange for exhibitions of paintings and other works of art, this Committee secured for exhibition in the Classics Building a collection of modern paintings, chiefly of the Impressionist School. These were loaned by the Art Institute, Mr. Martin A. Ryerson, Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, and others. These paintings were seen and studied by hundreds of persons and the success of the effort led the Department of the History of Art to follow it with a collection of similar and possibly more valuable paintings, which have remained on view during the Summer Quarter.

- 2. Early Latin and Greek printed texts
- 3. Illustrated books on classical archaeology
- 4. Facsimiles of manuscripts in the Bastard Collection
- III. Haskell Library, Room 32
  - 1. A collection of Bibles owned by the University
- IV. School of Education Library
  - I. A collection of illustrated juvenile books

In addition, the following permanent collections of the University were advertised by bulletins or otherwise:

- I. Harper Memorial Library
  - 1. An exhibit of rare books
  - 2. The George Morris Eckels Collection of Cromwelliana
  - 3. Manuscripts owned by the University
  - 4. The Erskine M. Phelps Collection of Napoleana
  - 5. The Ebenezer S. Lane Collection of rare and illustrated books
- II. Haskell Oriental Museum
  - 1. The Egyptian and Assyrian museums
- III. Julius Rosenwald Hall
  - 1. The museum of Geology and Geography
- IV. Walker Museum
  - 1. The museum of Paleontology

No record was kept of the visitors to the exhibits outside of Bartlett Gymnasium, but the total number was undoubtedly large.

The sum appropriated for the work of this Committee was \$2,400. The total expense incurred was about \$2,200. A considerable portion of this amount was spent for things which will be of permanent value to the University.

The exhibit of the Department of Oriental Languages will be permanently placed in Haskell Oriental Museum, and the exhibit of the Department of Astronomy in Rosenwald Hall. The charts showing the development of the University will be transferred to the corridors of the East Tower of Harper Memorial Library and continued on exhibition for a time. The photographs showing the process of acquiring, cataloguing, and shelving books and the process of delivering books to readers will be continued on exhibition in the Harper Memorial Library for purposes of inspection. The photographs of the various reading-rooms will also be continued on exhibition in the Harper Memorial Library.

The Committee is impressed with the eminent desirability of a permanent exhibit, resembling in some respects that which has just been held. Partly in consequence of the exhibits, the Libraries propose at once to inaugurate an effort to secure and preserve permanently photographs of all members of the Board of Trustees and of the Faculties, of all administrative officers of the University, and of all students who take degrees at the University, also of University buildings and events of University history. But while this preservation of photographs will have a certain historical value, in many cases the photographs thus obtained, or copies of them, should be permanently exhibited in buildings of the University.

Similarly, many of the charts showing the development of the University, perhaps on a reduced scale, might well be maintained and kept always on view, being annually corrected up to date. Especially interesting and instructive would be a series of photographs of buildings, events, and persons, which would present to the eye the history of the University year by year.

It is to be hoped, and the Committee recommends, that in the erection of further buildings the possibility of wall space for permanent exhibit purposes may be kept in mind and plans gradually matured for a permanent exhibit, especially of objects which will tell the story of the University's life.

## THE UNIVERSITY DINNER

The celebration of the Quarter-Centennial closed on Tuesday evening, June 6, with the University Dinner in the new Ida Noyes Hall. To this had been invited many official guests, representative men and women of Chicago, sharing the honor with University department heads and with the relatively small group of pioneers who were members of the Faculty at the beginning. The company was so large that it was necessary to use both the dining-room and the spacious gymnasium, the latter being selected for the after-dinner festivities. This first rather severe test of the facilities of the new Hall only served to increase the happiness of members of the University in the possession of such a splendidly equipped building.

The program of brief addresses was opened by a felicitous speech by President Judson, who introduced Professor Coulter as the toastmaster. The latter, in graceful words, welcomed each one of the speakers, who, together, represented all phases of the University life. The homecelebration idea of the week was adhered to, the "Chicago" thought being everywhere dominant. Mr. Arthur E. Bestor, 'or, who was on the Convocation program of the Decennial Celebration in 1001 as representative of the student body, now spoke for the alumni of the colleges. Miss Mary E. Courtenay, 'oo, expressed the gratitude of the women students because of their new home, her topic, "Echoes of Lexington" suggesting as great a revolution in student life as that larger political one which began on the famous Massachusetts green. Mr. Clifford W. Barnes, '93, the first Master of the University, was the appropriate representative of the graduate schools' alumni, sharing this position with Dr. Katherine B. Davis of the Doctors and with Professor Goodspeed of the Divinity School. The new honorary alumni found opportunity to express their feelings through Dr. John M. Clarke and Dr. George E. Hale, the latter's presence being particularly gratifying because of his former connection with the University as a member of the Faculty. Dean Angell was the natural spokesman for the Faculties, whom he represented with his accustomed skill.

It was a late hour when Mr. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., was called upon to speak on behalf of the Founder of the University. President Judson's prediction that it would be morning before the last song was sung was nearing realization. Despite such a handicap, however, Mr. Rockefeller again proved his ability as an extremely interesting and forceful speaker and gave to the final program of the celebration a fitting ending.

As the guests left the Hall, with its rich decorations, its insistent charm, and its promise of great usefulness in days to come, the memories of the University Dinner seemed certain to abide, as marking the end of a notable commemoration with a social event of exceptional importance and significance.

# THE CONVOCATION SERMON'

By ALBERT PARKER FITCH, D.D.

Esther 4:14: "Who knoweth whether thou art not come to the kingdom for such a time as this?"

There may be still some among us who recall the once highly valued, but now largely forgotten, book from which these words are taken. Esther, a beautiful Jewish girl, has suddenly been elevated to vast and irresponsible power by being made the favorite in the harem of the Persian monarch. And, at the very moment when power is thus put into her hands, a great disaster threatens to overwhelm her people. Through the machinations of their political enemies, the Jews throughout the kingdom are to be destroyed. So Mordecai, Esther's former guardian, comes and begs her to plead for their lives before the king. When Esther demurs at undertaking so difficult, not to say dangerous, an office, Mordecai turns upon her with the rebuke of our text. Great opportunities, he declares, bring with them corresponding obligations. Power is given for the precise purpose of its application to critical situations. "Who knoweth whether thou art not come to the kingdom for such a time as this?"

Now the young men and women being graduated this month from the American universities stand where Esther did. By virtue of your youth and your education, extraordinary power is put into your hands. By virtue of the critical situation which civilization is confronting, the obligation to use that power in the interests of the democracy is intensified. It is a mad world into which we send you out today; it is only because so few of us possess imagination that we fail to realize the insanity of the hour. If you had been told two years ago that the most enlightened nations of Europe would deliberately set themselves to destroy the fertility of the land, the chief source of their sustenance—if you had been told that they were about to dig up, to a depth of twenty feet over an area anywhere from twenty to thirty miles in width and nearly a thousand miles in extent, the barren subsoils, throwing them out upon the tillable soil, rendering great sections of the most fertile land of Europe unproductive for years to come—would you not have

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Delivered before the University of Chicago, June 4, 1916.



My dear Dr. Judson :-The quarter - antimoral of the Unwerty is certainly of sufficient stremment to demand improvedented intrust and cooleration on the part of the alumne. I appreciate the apportunities of Mr. Buton sommitter and home that you may not be disappointed in our efforts collictur or individual to

han the alumni figure appropriately in the cultisation Thank you for your meaning litter . Siverely yours Helin Hyther Sunny. 4938 Woodlawn armu. Chirago. Brember 12 th 1915.

#### THE TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

At the June Convocation of 1916 the University celebrated the twenty-fifth anniversary of the beginning of its work. It would have been possible to select several occasions for such celebration. The University Charter was duly granted the 10th of September, 1890. The first official meeting of the Board of Trustees under the Charter was held September 18, 1890. At that meeting Professor William Rainey Harper, of Yale, was elected to the presidency. On June 1, 1891, President Harper assumed his official duties. On October 1, 1892, the University of Chicago formally opened its doors for instruction. Previous celebrations - the Quinquennial in 1896 and the Decennial in 1901 - were dated from the 1st of July, 1891, and the quarter-Centennial followed the same precedent.

One feature of the celebration was the publication of the History of the University, by Dr. T. W. Goodspeed. As he was himself one of the most active in the plans which led to the formation of the new institution, and as for many years he was Secretary of the Board of Trustees, he was peculiarly fitted to undertake this task. The book is a valuable piece of historical work, and will be for all time the basis on which future histories of the University of Chicago will be founded.

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of Alumni Day, but particularly in the addresses on occasion of
the Convocation Exercises. A quarter of a century is a brief
time, but in this short period many things have been crowded,
which have sufficed to create the University of Chicago.

In the history of the University there have been perhaps five crucial periods. The first of these was from 1890 to 1892, including the formal incorporation of the University, the organization of its first Board of Trustees, the election of the first President of the University and the assumption of his duties, and the opening of the work of instruction in the autumn of 1892. The second was marked by the Quinquennial Celebration of 1896, which signified not merely the end of a five-year period, but the fact that the University was by that time on a sound basis. The third was the Decennial year of 1901, at which time there was held a very interesting celebration, which opened the new century with the very definite promise of a highly developed University. The fourth was the year 1906, when with the death of the lamented first President the first administration came to an end. The fifth was the year 1916, which finished twenty-five years of educational activity, and which also completed ten years of the work and policies of the second administration.

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foundation, organization, and definite and constantly accelerated expansion of the new institution. The period since that time has been marked in the policy of the Board of Trustees by the careful consolidation of the University, by the completion of the endowment necessary to put it on a permanent basis, and then by deliberate development along the lines definitely laid out. In the prosecution of this last policy by the Board it was necessary to establish and carry out certain definite principles. (Here follows page beginning "The first duty, etc."

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The first duty seemed plain, and also imperative - namely, to secure the financial stability of the University by putting an end to deficits. To do this it was obviously necessary that expenditures should in no case exceed appropriations, and then there would be ground for hope that additional gifts for endowment would within a reasonable time provide income which would extinguish the deficit altogether. To keep expenditures down was no easy task. It involved a rigorous policy of undertaking no outlay unless funds were in sight to meet it. It was necessary to explain that what was in mind was not the present or the immediate future, but the situation of the University ten years hence. The Board of Trustees was wisely determined that this policy should be carried out, at the obvious cost of withholding any plans for the development of the University until success had been attained. The results certainly have justified the undertaking. Expenditures were held scrupulously within the limits of income. Successive gifts for endowment steadily reduced the deficit, which disappeared finally in the fiscal year 1909-10. In recognition of the fact and in order to provide securely for the future of the University as then organized, in that year Mr. John D. Rockefeller made his final gift of ten millions, payable in annual installments of one million dollars. Meanwhile, largely as a result of this stable policy, other gifts came in.

The ten-year period has seen the growth of the entire

The first duty seemed plain, and also imperative off oscurs the financial stability of the University by putting tent yesseen yesselvdo asw it aint ob of . atiotheb of bee as eagle and its important in a case exceed appropriations, and in ment of the contract of the co -wobne rol eitle Ismoitibbs tant equal tol bruorg ed blucw erent bluow doidw emooni ebivorg emit eldenosser a midtiw bluow them awob serutibaeque quen of . redfegotis tiolieb edt dalugalitae was no easy task, It involved a rigorous policy of undertaking asw il .il teem of idgle ni erew abnul aselnu valtuo on ineserg edi jon saw buim ni saw ishw ishi nisigwe of yrasseen net vitarevinu ent to moitautia et ita ent to content out to jedy benimused ylesiw saw sector? To brook ent . oned arsey -nity to tees evolves ent is . two beittes ed bluode volley eint lithu ytierevinu edt to thempoleveb edt tot enelg yne guiblod beilitant eved vinistres etimeer edl .benists need bed ageoous midia visuoluguros bied erew seruilbaequa .gariastasbau edi vilbasts themwohe tol still eviscous. . smooth to stimil edt Isosli edt ni vilanii berseggssib doidw , tiolieb edt beouber of mebro ni bas feel end to notifiageser al . Of-2021 usey ment as witerevinu ent to erujul ent rol vierses ebivorg organized, in that year Mr. John D. Rockefeller made his final eno to atmendiatent fauna at eldayed, anothlim met to fift million deliars. Meanwhile, largely as a result of this side policy, other gifts came in.

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This has made possible some distinct departures of great importance. Among these may be enumerated the establishing of a new and higher scale of salaries for the faculty; the establishing of a foundation for the system of retiring allowances; the material strengthening of various existing departments of instruction; and the erection of some of the most important buildings in the Quadrangles, notably the Harper Nemorial Library, the Julius Rosenwald Hall for Geology and Geography, the Classics Building, the Ida Noyes Hall, as a center for the life of the women of the University, the Grandstand and accompanying structures to complete the athletic field, the Howard Taylor Ricketts Laboratory for Pathology and Bacteriology all of which represent a cost of \$

Chicago, November 10, 1916

To the MAROON:

this day represent many years of hoping and working and dreaming. These plans we think will not merely be, when carried out, a great addition to the resources and power of the University, but will render a very valuable service to Chicago, and to the cause of medical teaching and investigation in the entire country.

HARRY PRATT JUDSON

Chicago, November 10, 1916

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The medical plans which were announced this day represent many years of hoping and working and dreaming. These plans we think will not merely be, when carried out, a great addition to the resources and power of the University, but will render a very valuable service to Chicago, and to the cause of medical teaching and investigation in the entire country.

HARRY PRATT JUDSON

The University has no complete medical school. The two years in the basal sciences are provided in the quadrangles, and provided excellently, in the laboratories and with the staff of the departments concerned. Indeed, the University is using the income of approximately \$2,000,000 in these fundamental medical sciences. What is needed to complete the school is provision for clinical work and a clinical staff at the Midway. The first need of course is for a hospital wholly under the control of the University for medical teaching and for medical research. The second need is the provision of adequate endowment in order that the hospital itself may be beyond the need of being financed by income from its patients, and in order that the medical faculty may be free from the pressing need of personal practice. It is not the ambition of the University to plan for a large medical school, or to turn into the medical profession a large number of practitioners. I speak for myself and not by any official action of the Board of Trustees in saying that I believe the University's function is to provide rigorous training for a small number of the best men, and simultaneously to train men as medical teachers and experts in medical research. Nothing more important could be done, not merely for the University of Chicago, but for the city of Chicago itself, than to equip such a medical school as I have indicated. There are no more potent enemies of human society than disease, poverty, and crime. These three are closely related: each is a cause of both the others; each is a result

The University has no complete medical school, , selgnarbaup odd ni bebivorg era seometos fased odd ni arsey Thate end div bue setroisrodel end at .viinelleone behivorg bus of the departments concerned. Indeed, the University is using the income of approximately \$2,000,000 in these fundamental medical sciences. What is needed to complete the school is provision for clinical work and a clinical staff at the Midway. The first need of course is for a hospital wholly under the Isothem not has gaidoset isothem not vitarevial ent to fortaco research. The second need that provide or caseson. end broyed ed yem liesti istiqued end tant rebro ni tremwohne need of being financed by income from its patients, and in order to been gaisserq out mort earl ed yam ytlucal isothem ent tadt of vilavevinu end to notificate and for at it .cotional Isnoered fanthem est of it to to to to them egist a for maig profession a large number of practitioners. I speak for myself mi applaure to brand end to notion istolito yas ye for bas ebivorg of al molfomul a tylistavinu ent evelled I fant anivae bus , nem seed out to we down flame a rol animist everyonin ni streque bus aredoset facibem as mem mist of visucenstiumis medical research. Wothing more important could be done, and nerely for the University of Chicago, but for the city of evad I as foodes isothem a doug giupe of madt , liesti opsoido theises as a series of ere or or ere of human cociety than disease, poverty, and orime. These three are closely related: each is a cause of both the others; each is a result of both the others. Of the three disease is the one with which it is easiest to cope, and when we in any respect solve the problem of disease we are to a large extent solving the problems of poverty and of crime.

dilw eno edi al esseal ee thi edi to . stedio edi and the one with which it is essiest to cope, and when we in any respect solve the problem of disease we are to a large extent solving the problems of poverty and of orign.

Attention has been called in previous Reports to considerations relating to the organization of our Colleges. It has been pointed out that certainly more than one year, and perhaps nearly two years, of the College course is as to its subject matter essentially that done in high schools, and . that this fact is true throughout the country. The matter is receiving more discussion continually in educational bodies. The Faculty of the Colleges of the University of Chicago, through its Committee on Curriculum, is making a definite study of the matter, and will at an early date make a specific recommendation. I am convinced that all colleges connected with universities need a radical reorganization, and that the subject matter of instruction therein should be of a university character, the elementary work being transferred to the secondary schools, where it belongs. In many institutions of the enormous increase in the number of college students. leading to great pressure on the means of instruction, and on funds available, will make this matter a subject for very pressing attention.

of stronged suctivery at belies need sad notinetth considerations relating to the organization of our Colleges. racy eno mant evem vinistree that two beinted need and il of as al earno egallod off to the course is as to . Due , sloodes dgid ni enob jadt vilsijnesse weitem joetdus eit that this fact is true throughout the country. The matter is receiving more discussion continually in educational bodies. The Faculty of the Colleges of the University of Chicago, vhuis efinited a guidam at , muluoirrud no eefinico eti dasordi of the matter, and will at an early date make a specific recommendation. I am convinced that all colleges connected with universities need a radical reorganization, and that the vilerevinus to ed binode alered; notionatent to retiem toetdue character, the elementary work being transferred to the secondary schools, where it belongs. In many institutions estuebuta egellos to redmun ent ni esseroni suomrone ent no bus anotherian to ensem out no erusserq isers of guibsel funds available, will make this matter a subject for very pressing attention.

## SCHOOLS OF THEOLOGY

The University has from the first maintained a Divinity School. It is believed by the Board of Trustees that it is advisable to extend the facilities of the University to similar institutions which may think it desirable to transfer their work to the vicinity of the Quadrangles. The day of isolated theological seminaries is past. Students of theology need the life of the University, the access to great libraries and laboratories, the fellowship of scholars in many fields of thought, the close acquaintance with the spirit of modern science, which can be obtained only by connection with a university, and better if situated in a large city. The school of theology can easily make working arrangements with the university whereby the school retains complete autonomy and yet has opened to it all the university privileges. To extend these privileges is a duty of the university, and they will be extended gladly. Thus far such cooperative plans have been effected with schools representing the Disciples, the Universalists, and the Congregationalists. Others will be welcome. The University is not seeking to extend its borders. It is glad to render a service to all religious cults which desire a trained ministry.

The University has from the first maintained a Divinity School. It is believed by the Board of Trustees it is rafimia of vitarevinu edf to seififies and bretze of eldesives rieds relanate of eldarised it Anids yam doidw anothusitani bedslest to the distinct of the Quadrangles. The day of isolated theological seminaries is past. Students of theology need the bas seinsidil jaers of secons edt , viterevial edt to etil laboratories, the fellowship of scholars in many fields of thought, the close acquaintance with the spirit of modern science. which can be obtained only by connection with a university. end better if situated in a large city. The school of theology yderedw ydiarevins edi diw einemegnara gnidrow edam yliase nao the school retains complete autonomy and yet has opened to it al segeliving eacht bustse of . segeliving vitarevinu ent lis a duty of the university, and they will be extended gladly. Thus far such cooperative plans have been effected with schools representing the Disciples, the Universalists, and the Congregetionalists. Others will be welcome. The University is not esivies some not being sintle arebrod at busine of guidees . vrisions benist s eriseb doidw silvo svoigiler Ils of

The question has often been asked as to the policy of the University in regard to a school of technology. Such a school from the first has been in the contemplation of the University. Again I speak not from any official action of the Board of Trustees but for myself in saying that in my opinion it is not a function of the University at the present time to enter the field of undergraduate technological work. Such work is done adequately in the city of Chicago and in the state of Illinois. A great field, however, in which the University could render an important service to technology is that of graduate work, and in my opinion the proper plan for beginning and carrying on such work is to take it up department by department. For instance, the great Department of Chemistry, if supplemented by a proper building, equipment, and staff, could provide at once for research in applied chemistry in a way which could not fail to render a service not merely in training research students but also in obtaining results of value in all applications of chemistry to the multitudinous needs of the country. Other departments in like manner may from time to time be provided. I trust, with opportunities for research in the applications of science. In that way there would in the end be grouned together a graduate school of technology in the true sense. in which the connections might be made at every point between pure science as now conducted in the University and the various arts of civilized life which depend on pure science for their development.

ent to voice ent of as bedes need netto as notteeup ent University in regard to a school of technology. Such a school from the first has been in the contemplation of the University. Again I speak not from any official action of the Board of ton at it notnigo ym ni fadi aniysa ni llesym tol tud destautl end retne of emit inesero end to vitarevinu end to noffonul a field of undergraduate technological work. Such work is done adequately in the city of Chicago and in the state of Illinois. A great field, however, in which the University could render an important service to technology is that or graduate work, and in my opinion the proper plan for beginning and carrying on row . Junear to department by department . instance, the great Department of Chemistry, if supplemented ots ebivore bluce. State one the state of th jon bluco doldw yaw a mi yujalmedo beilgge ni douseser rol eono fail to render a service not merely in training research students to emolispings lie al ealer to effuser animistdo at oals jud chemistry to the multitudinous needs of the country. Other . bebivore ed emit of emit mort yam rennem eall at etnemtraged enoitsoilegs ent at dorseser not seitinutroggo ditw . teuri I of science. In that way there would in the end be grouped together a graduate school of technology in the true sense. in which the connections might be made at every point between anoirav ent bus vitarevinu ent al betonboo won as eonelos eruq ried tol esmelse eruq no bregeb doldw elif bezilivis to etra development.

Publicity has already been given to the fact that the University has within the last few weeks received a gift of valuable real estate in the heart of the business section of the city, to establish a fund as a memorial to Eli B. and Harrie B. Williams. This gift was made by Mr. Hobart W. Williams, their son. The value of the property is conservatively estimat at two millions of dollars. A major part of the income will during Mr. Williams' lifetime be paid to him as an amuity. The remainder during his life and the entire income after his death will be used by the University for the purposes of the foundation. These purposes are, to aid by means of fellowships, scholarships, or in other ways, and also by means of providing suitable instruction, the work of the School of Commerce and Administration. The School of Commerce and Administration was first organized by the University in 1898, It was impossible, however, at that time or for many years later to provide adequate funds for its maintenance. In recent years under the efficient administration of Dean Leon Carroll Marshall the School has developed in a very interesting and important way. Successive budgets have made possible the addition year by year of such funds as have greatly strengthened the instruction, and as have proved plainly that the School has a great future. Under the magnificent gift of Mr. Williams this future is now assured, and thus one more great branch of the University which heretofore has been in part one of our dreams and in part an inadequately maintained reality becomes a permanent and substantial thing.

Publicity has already been given to the test that To this a bevieser assew well test ent mintiw sed thereview To notice asentand ent to traen ent at etatee last eldantav the city, to establish a fund as a memorial to Elf B. and Harris B. Williams. This gift was made by Mr. Hobert W. Williams, their son. The value of the property is conservatively estimat at two millions of dollars. A major part of the income will during Mr. Williams' lifetime be paid to him as an amulty. ald retts emoont exites end bus elli sid guirub rebuismer edT eds to secognic eds not vitareviau eds yd bess ed fliw diseb foundation. These purposes are, to aid by means of fellowships, scholarships, or in other ways, and also by means of to looded ent to krow ent on the state and the gold very Commerce and Administration. The School of Commerce and .8881 at vitarevinu edt ve beginger tert van districtional redal arsey year for to emit tant to revewed .eldlesogmi asw fl ineset al .consacinism eti tot abaut eisapebs ebivorq of flortad noed need to notistialmise inelotite end tebru areey bus guitaeteini yrev a ul begoleveb and loodog edi lindersM important way. Successive budgets have made possible the benedigneria ylisery evad as abaut doue to racy yd racy noliibba Loodoz edf jedt vinisiq beverq evad as and .notionrate the School .TH to fits insollingement rebut .eruin't isers a san isery erom eno andi bus beruses won al erutur aidi emailliw eno frag ni need and erotofered doidy yfigrevinu edf to donard of our dreams and in part an inadequately maintained reality becomes a permanent and substantial thing.

During the winter a gift of \$200,000 was announced for the purpose of erecting a building to provide adequately for theological instruction. This building by the terms of the gift is not limited to any sectarian use. The Divinity School of the University, and such affiliated schools, of whatever religious faith, as the University may have connected with it, will all be housed in this new structure. It will be erected immediately north of Haskell Oriental Museum, thus balancing Rosenwald Hall and completing the Harper Court. The name of the donor I am reluctantly obliged to withhold at the present time.

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Chicago, January 22, 1916

Dear Miss Colburn:-

I have your note of the 21st inst.

All that is necessary is for you to leave your name on the Committee list, to come to the general meetings of the Committee when called, and to go ahead with the part that belongs to you. My understanding is that you will proceed in those matters that are under your jurisdiction, consulting from time to time with Mrs.

Judson by way of contact with the General Committee.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Miss Cora C. Colburn, The University of Chicago. Chicago, January 22, 1916

Dear Miss Colburn:-

I have your note of the 21st inst.

All that is necessary is for you to leave your name on
the Committee list, to come to the general meetings of
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jurisdiction, consulting from time to time with Mrs.
Judson by way of contact with the General Committee.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Miss Cora C. Colburn, The University of Chicago.

### The University of Chicago

The School of Education

Chicago, January 21, 1916.

Dear Dr. Judson:

I have your letter of January 7th asking me to reconsider my view about serving on the general committee. As you know I am more than willing to do anything within my power to serve the interests of the University, but I am at a loss to know just how to proceed and would be glad to talk the matter over with you at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Cora O. Polhem -

# The University of Chicago

The School of Boucation

Chicago, January 21, 1916.

Dear Dr. Judson:

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NUMBER 13

### THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

### **NEWS LETTER**

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY, TWENTY-FOUR TIMES A YEAR, BY THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, CHICAGO, ILL.

Entered as second-class matter, November 10, 1909, at the Post-office at Chicago, Illinois, under the Act of July 16, 1894.

Chicago, Illinois, November 16, 1916

TO THE EDITOR:

You are at liberty to use or to remodel any portion of this letter, the paragraphs being arranged on slips for convenient choice. If you are not already doing so, will you kindly exchange, by placing the *University News Letter* on your mailing list?

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

In outlining the plans and hopes of the University of Chicago at its recent Quarter-Centennial celebration President Harry Pratt Judson said that what was needed to complete a school of medicine at the University was provision for clinical work and a clinical staff at the Midway, and that in his judgment the first need was for a hospital wholly under the control of the University, for medical teaching and for medical research; and the second need was provision of adequate endowment, in order that the hospital itself might be beyond the necessity of being financed by income from its patients, and in order that the medical faculty might be free to pursue their work of investigation and instruction without recourse to personal practice.

In direct fulfilment of this hope and plan, the University Board of Trustees has just made one of the most important announcements in the history of the institution. The plan announced to be put into early operation provides for an undergraduate medical school, a graduate medical school, and medical research. The first mentioned will be on the Midway Plaisance, in close connection with the science departments of the Univerversity. The standards of admission and of graduation will be as high as those of any medical school in the country, and the number of students will be limited to such as can receive the best possible training with the facilities available.

A teaching hospital, duly equipped with necessary laboratories and lecture-rooms, will provide for clinical instruction. Suitable endowments will free the hospital from



the necessity of depending on paying patients, and the faculty from the necessity

of practice for a livelihood.

The Graduate Medical School will be on the west side of Chicago in connection with the work now done by the Rush Medical College and the Presbyterian Hospital. It will provide for medical graduates who wish further training and for practitioners who wish to keep in touch with progress in medical science. Research will be carried on in both places under arrangements to be announced later.

The plan involves an addition to the resources of the University of the sum of \$5,300,000, one million for the hospital on the Midway, three hundred thousand for a laboratory on the west side, and four millions

for endowment.

Toward the endowment fund the Rocke-feller Foundation offers one million dollars, and the General Education Board one million dollars, provided the entire sum of \$5,300,000 shall be raised. Further pledges of individuals have been made to the amount of seven hundred thousand dollars. Thus \$2,600,000 remain to be secured, and in the near future the University Board of Trustees will initiate a campaign to complete the fund.

In speaking of this announcement, which is probably the most significant that has ever been made in connection with higher medical education in Chicago, President Harry Pratt Judson says: "The medical plans which have just been announced represent many years of hoping and working and dreaming. These plans, we think, will not merely be, when carried out, a great addition to the resources and power of the University, but will render a very valuable service to Chicago, and to the cause of medical teaching and investigation in the entire country."

A later announcement is just made that half a million dollars toward this new medical fund for the University of Chicago has been given by Mr. and Mrs. Julius Rosenwald, of Chicago. Mr. Rosenwald, who is a trustee of the University and donor of the new Julius Rosenwald Hall devoted to the work of geology and geography, is one of the University's most generous and loyal friends; and Mrs. Rosenwald, who shares in this great gift, is widely known for her practical and constant sympathy with many movements for social and artistic advancement in Chicago.

### The University of Chicago

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4, 1916.

President H. P. Judson,
The University of Chicago.

My dear President Judson:

Replying to your note of February 3rd, the sums which are "being mentioned," doubtless in an irresponsible way, as to the cost of the Quarter-Centennial Celebration, range from \$10,000 to \$25,000. The last of these figures seems to me appalling, and even the first, high. I am, however, not more impressed with the money cost than with the great cost of energy and time, and the serious interruption that it seems likely to be to the regular work of the spring quarter, which is a short quarter at best. Perhaps I underestimate the value of such events.

Very truly yours,

RA Julibany

William to Partie

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4, 1916.

President W. P. Judson, The University of Chicago.

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very truly yours,

Dear Mr. Salisbury:-

Thanks for your note of the 4th inst. with regard to the cost of the Quarter-Centennial Celebration. Of course the sums which you have heard are merely conjectures. There will be undoubtedly a certain cost of energy and of time. I do not think that the work of the spring quarter will be seriously interrupted, as I believe no more time is to be taken than under ordinary circumstances. I believe that the Celebration will be worth what it may cost. So far as costs go, nothing will be decided without the careful consideration and full approval of the Board of Trustees.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Dean R. D. Salisbury, The University of Chicago. Obloago, February 4, 1916

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consideration and full approval of the Board of Trustees.

H.P.J. - L.

Dean R. D. Salisbury. The University of Chicago. The University of Chicago

The American Journal of
Semitic Languages and Literatures

7

1208

EDITORIAL OFFICE

February 18, 1916

My dear President Judson:

In connection with the coming celebration of the Quarter Centennial of the University, the Semitic Department is planning to issue a special number of the American Journal of Semitic Languages and Literatures. The number, which would ordinarily appear in the month of July, would be brought out in time for the celebration, June 1st, and placedon exhibition in connection with the Department's display of products. The plan for the number is to make it a Chicago issue, the members of the Semitic Faculty contributing all of the articles for that number.

The budget of the Journal in question is very limited. The ordinary issue of the Journal, on the basis of the budget, cannot as a rule exceed 64 pages. For the purpose we have in mind, the June issue should run to at least 80 pages. Any serious diminution in size would make the number altogether inadequate as a celebration number. I do not see my way clear to carry that issue on the present budget, and I am wondering if it would be at all possible for you to make a special grant from the celebration funds to that particular issue. As nearly as I can estimate before the material is actually in hand, we ought to have about \$200.00 in addition to what is available from the regular budget. If that sum were to be diminished appreciably, we should have to make the three remaining Journals of the year suffer greatly. May I hope that the value of this enterprise will commend itself to you so much that you will find it in your heart as well as in your power to secure us the desired funds.

JMPS-WW

President H. P. Judson University of Chicago Yours sincerely.

# Pebruary 18, 1916

in mind, the Cune issue should run to at least 50 pages. Any serious colebration fumber. I do not see my way plear to dirry that is an an analysis of the colebration of the cole to that of class teams. As nearly as I den estimate before the -ba ni 00.0038 foods even of there ew boad ni yllastoa ei laitelas dition to while is available from the regular bodget. If that sum-

FW-STLTS

President H. P. Judson

Chicago, February 23, 1916

Dear Mr. Smith:-

the special number of the American Journal of Semitic Languages and Literatures is at hand. The appropriation for the celebration would not warrant any fund for the Journal, and in any event if such fund should be provided in that way it would doubtless have to be provided for other journals too, which would make it amount to a considerable sum. If I can find someone who will contribute \$200 for this particular purpose, however, that would make the matter possible. I will see what can be done.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Mr. J. M. P. Smith, The University of Chicago. Chicago, February 23, 1916

Dear Mr. Smith:-

Tours of the 18th inst. relating to
the special number of the American Journal of Semitic
Languages and Literatures is at hand. The appropriation for the celebration would not warrant any fund for
the Journal, and in any event if such fund should be
provided in that way it would doubtless have to be
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H.P.J. - L.

Mr. J. M. P. Smith, The University of Chicago.

### THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

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ROBERT C. CLOWRY, President and General Manager.

Receiver's No.

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SEND the following message subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to.

Chicago, February 17, 1916

NIGHT TELEGRAM

Dr. Albert Shaw,

REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

New York City.

Hold for a day of two and then send me your judgment.

Harry Pratt Judson.

### ALL MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

To guard against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it REPEATED; that is, telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, one-half the regular rate is charged in addition. It is agreed between the sender of the following message and this Company, that said Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any unrepeated message, beyond the amount received for sending the same; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any repeated message, beyond fifty times the sum received for sending the same, unless specially insured, nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines, or for errors in cipher or obscure messages. And this Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward any message over the lines of any other Company when necessary to reach its destination.

Correctness in the transmission of a message to any point on the lines of this Company can be INSURED by contract in writing, stating agreed amount of risk, and payment of premium thereon, at the following rates, in addition to the usual charge for repeated messages, viz, one per cent. for any distance not exceeding 1,000 miles, and two per cent. for any greater distance. No employee of the Company is authorized to wary the foregoing.

No responsibility regarding messages attaches to this Company until the same are presented and accepted at one of its transmitting offices; and if a message is sent to such office by one of the Company's messengers, he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.

Messages will be delivered free within the established free delivery limits of the terminal office. For delivery at a greater distance, a special charge will be made to cover the cost of such delivery.

The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in any case where the claim is presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission.

# NIGHT LETTER

### THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

25,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA

INCORPORATED

CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD

BELVIDERE BROOKS, GENERAL MANAGER

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

RECEIVER'S No.

TIME FILED

CHECK

SEND the following NIGHT LETTER subject to the terms on back hereof which are hereby agreed to

Chicago, February 15, 1916

Dr. Albert Shaw,

REVIEW OF REVIEWS.

New York City.

Reluctant to trouble you again but could you consistently take up matter with Mr. R. on basis facts as you have them?

Of course formal invitation either written or personal will follow. Very much desirous that he give address; could be no political implications.

Harry Pratt Judson.

## NIGHT LETTER

### ALL NIGHT LETTER MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS WHICH ARE HEREBY AGREED TO

The Western Union Telegraph Company will receive not later than midnight NIGHT LETTERS. to be transmitted only for delivery on the morning of the next ensuing business day, at rates still lower than its standard night message rates, as follows: the standard day rate for ten words shall be charged for the transmission of fifty words or less, and one-fifth of such standard day rate for ten words shall be charged for each additional ten words or less.

To guard against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it REPEATED, that is. telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, one-half the unrepeated message rate is charged in addition. Unless otherwise indicated on its face, THIS IS AN UNREPEATED MESSAGE AND PAID FOR AS SUCH, in consideration whereof it is agreed between the sender of the

message and this Company as follows:

1. The Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any UNREPEATED message, beyond the amount received for sending the same; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any REPEATED message, beyond fifty times the sum received for sending the same, unless specially valued; nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines; nor for errors in cipher or obscure messages.

2. In any event the Company shall not be liable for damages for any mistakes or delay in the transmission or delivery, or for the non-delivery of this message, whether caused by the negligence of its servants or otherwise, beyond the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS, at which amount this message is hereby valued, unless a greater value is stated in writing hereon at the time the message is offered to the Company for transmission, and an additional sum paid or agreed to be paid based on such value equal to

one-tenth of one per cent. thereof.

3. The Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward this message

over the lines of any other Company when necessary to reach its destination.

4. Messages will be delivered free within one-half mile of the Company's office in towns of 5,000 population or less, and within one mile of such office in other cities or towns. Beyond these limits the Company does not undertake to make delivery, but will, without liability, at the sender's request, as his agent and at his expense, endeavor to contract for him for such delivery at a reasonable price.

5. No responsibility attaches to this Company concerning messages until the same are accepted at one of its transmitting offices, and if a message is sent to such office by one of the Company's messengers,

he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.

6. The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission.

In further consideration of the reduced rate for this special "NIGHT LETTER" service, the

following special terms are hereby agreed to:

A. NIGHT LETTERS may at the option of the Telegraph Company be mailed at destination to the addressees and the Company shall be deemed to have discharged its obligation in such cases with respect to delivery by mailing such NIGHT LETTERS at destination, postage prepaid.

B. NIGHT LETTERS shall be written in plain English. Code language is not permitted.

7. No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

THEO. N. VAIL, PRESIDENT

BELVIDERE BROOKS, GENERAL MANAGER



TELEGRAPH COMPANY

COMPETING COMPANIES

MONEY TRANSFERRED BY TELEGRAPH AND CABLE TO ALL THE WORLD

### ON TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

### 23,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA. CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD.

ROBERT C. CLOWRY, President and General Manager.

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Time Filed

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SEND the following message subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to.

Chicago, February 11. 1916

Dr. Albert Shaw.

REVIEW OF REVIEWS. New York City.

Under present circumstances would you consider it practicable to raise same question address with Root? Harry Pratt Judson.

### ALL MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

To guard against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it REPEATED; that is telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, one-half the regular rate is charged in addition. It is agreed between the sender of the following message and this Company, that said Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any unrepeated message, beyond the amount received for sending the same; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any repeated message, beyond fifty times the sum received for sending the same, unless specially insured, nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines, or for errors in cipher or obscure messages. And this Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward any message over the lines of any other Company when necessary to reach its destination.

Correctness in the transmission of a message to any point on the lines of this Company can be insured by contract in writing, stating agreed amount of risk, and payment of premium thereon, at the following rates, in addition to the usual charge for repeated messages, viz, one per cent. for any distance not exceeding 1,000 miles, and two per cent. for any greater distance. No employee of the Company is authorized to wary the foregoing.

No responsibility regarding messages attaches to this Company until the same are presented and accepted at one of its transmitting offices; and if a message is sent to such office by one of the Company's messengers, he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.

Messages will be delivered free within the established free delivery limits of the terminal office. For delivery at a greater distance, a special charge will be made to cover the cost of such delivery.

The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in any case where the claim is presented in writing within sixty days after the message is filed with the Company for transmission.

### THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

### 23,000 OFFICES IN AMERICA. CABLE SERVICE TO ALL THE WORLD.

ROBERT C. CLOWRY, President and General Manager.

Receiver's No.

Time Filed

Check

SEND the following message subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to.

Chicago, February 7, 1916

President John H. Finley

Albany, New York.

Despatch received; will gladly wait until Saturday; hope nothing will prevent your acceptance.

Harry Pratt Judson.

### ALL MESSAGES TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS

To guard against mistakes or delays, the sender of a message should order it REPEATED; that is, telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, one-half the regular rate is charged in addition. It is agreed between the sender of the following message and this Company, that said Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any unrepeated message, beyond the amount received for sending the same; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery of any repeated message, beyond fifty times the sum received for sending the same, unless specially insured, nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines, or for errors in cipher or obscure messages. And this Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward any message over the lines of any other Company when necessary to reach its destination.

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Tokyo, Japan. Mar. 7, 1916.

To the Committee on Alumni Participation in the Quarter-Centennial Celebration of the Founding of the University of Chicago. Dear Sirs :-

Your attention is called to the fact that at the regular annual meeting of the University of Chicago Club of Japan, held in Tokyo on the nineteenth of February of this year, action was taken as follows:-

Voted - That we request Professor Frederick Starr to be the special representative of this club at the Quarter-Centennial Celebration of the founding of the University of Chicago, to take place this coming June. It was stipulated that Prof. Starr should appear on that occasion clad in Japanese native costume.

Prof. Starr carries from us a letter of greeting, written in Japanese, which we have requested him to present in translation at the time of the Quarter-Centennial Celebration. We hope that you can make room in your program for the carrying out of our action.

> Signed, Dle Stattom. Taker Shioya.

Secretaries of the University of Chicago

Tokyo, Japan. Mar. 7, 1916.

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in the Ouarter-Centennial Celebration
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Signed,

Secretaries of the University of Chicago

The University of Chicago Club of Japan.
Tokyo, Japan.

Mar. 7, 1916.

The bearer of this notice, Professor Frederick Starr, has been requested by the special action of those concerned to represent the University of Chicago Club of Japan at the Quarter-Centennial Celebration of the founding of the University of Chicago, to be held in June, 1916.

Signed, Lessotton. Lakar Shioya.

Secertaries of the University of Chicago

The University of Chicago Club of Japan.
Tokyo, Japan.

Mar. 7, 1916.

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Signed,

Secentaries of the University of Chicago

Takes Mioya -

Mr. A. - Ocole me to desteny to This as dom as I return; The Alumni Council

The University of Chicago

The University of Chicago

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

March 37, 1916

President Harry Pratt Judson, The University of Chicago

Dear Mr. President:

In trying to make successful the work of the various committees of the Alumni Council and the Alumni Association, we have been brought face to face with what seems to us to be a serious difficulty. We want to present this difficulty to you, because we believe that upon its solution depends to a considerable extent not only representative alumni participation in the Quarter-Centennial, but also the vitality of alumni club work in the future.

As we understand it, during the past twenty-five years the University has given degrees to approximately 10,000 persons. In addition to this number we are told that, roughly, about 10,000 have been in residence for a year or more and have secured nine majors or more credit, who have not actually taken degrees. In other words, there are approximately 30,000 people who have attended the University for a sufficient period to have a real interest in the welfare of the institution, and for that reason willing to be of what service they may.

We understand that of the approximately 10,000 addresses of alumni as given in the Alumni Directory and in the records of the Alumni Office, as nearly as can be checked, thirty-six per cent of them are incorrect; that is to say, that of the 10,000 graduates of the University, we are able to reach through the mail only about 6,400 of them. Of the 10,000 who have nine majors or more credit and were in the University for three quarters or more but who did not actually receive degrees, we have the addresses of so inconsiderable a number that they are not worth considering. In other words, there are some 13,000 alumni and former students who should know about this event, whom we cannot reach through the mail.

As we see it, there are two courses

open to us:

1. To confine our efforts to the 6,400 names whose addresses we have and leave the others out of consideration.

ach -

Dear Mr. President: and the Alignal Association, so have being bruncht Cage to face with what seems to us to be a perious difficulty. e ruse? ent hi drow dulo busuls lo approximately 10,000 persons. In addition to this touchest hot are told out, a cushing about 10,000 have nine hadars or more credit, who have not actually taken . degrees. In other words, there are approximately 30,000 people who have attended the University for a sufficient and all tadretal feet a even of boired tableillus of what servine they may. s, 400 of them. Of the 10,000 who have nine medora or or more but who did not actually receive degrees, was · Lism odd 1. To confine our efforts to the 8,400 names whose .noliterablemoo to too evento est event las event on assecublis

# The Alumni Council The University of Chicago

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

President Judson-#3-

2. To use heroic measures to get in touch with the 13,000 people whom we want to reach.

With the idea of getting into personal touch with some of our alumni and former students whose addresses we do not possess, we believe that steps should be taken to have a representative or representatives of the University speak before some of the alumni clubs throughout the country, urging the formation of strong local clubs, an interest in the magazine, and, particularly at the present time, in the quarterly centennial celebrations.

In order to accomplish these ends, we are of the opinion that some effective preliminary work will need to be done. By this is meant that some organizing and developing work would have to be undertaken before a speaker from the University could get such an audience as would make his trip successful. The person most closely in touch with the individual alumni and general alumni interests is probably Mr. Moulds, the secretary of the Council. If the University could send Mr. Moulds out on such a trip, we believe that it would help build up the broader alumni interests and particularly help alumni participation in the June celebrations.

The chairman of the Alumni Council has taken this matter up with the Council Committee on the Quarter-Centennial through its chairman, Mr. Bestor, and is informed that in making up the budget for this committee Mr. Bestor did not take account of an expenditure of this nature and that it is not practicable for his committee to include this expense.

We present these facts to you in the sincere belief that, unless we are able to reach through the mail or otherwise more than 6,400 of the 20,000 alumni and former students whom we want to get our message to, alumni participation in the Quarter-Centennial will be disappointing.

Chairman of the Alumni Commil

Chairman of Alumni Clubs Committee

S. To use heroic measures to get in touch with the 13,000 people whom we want to reach. present time, in the quarterly centennial celebrations. been like from grenimilerg eviscelle emos fent nonigo to be done. By this is meant that some organizing and developing work would have to be undertaken before de would more and the cooperation of the person most of the deutell. If the University could send Mr. Moulds billed gled bloom to tant evelled ew girt a sous do two alumni participation in the June celebrationes. Centennial through its chairmen, Mr. Beator, and is laformed that in waking up the budget for this counittee Mr. Beator did not take account of an expenditure of committee to include this expense. inmula 000,08 and to 000,8 and erom estwicked to lism and former students whom we want to get our message to, . Buitaionque ib ed and the solution Chairman of Publications Com.

### The University of Chicago

FOUNDED BY JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER

Office of the President

To Mr. O'Hara

Chicago, May 1, 1916

Dear Mr. Bestor; -

that the Alumni Club in Japan appointed him an official delegate to represent the Club at the quarter-Centennial. They have requested Professor Starr to appear in Japanese costume and to read and present a communication from the Club. This ought to be an interesting feature of some part of the Alumni Program. Perhaps you, in view of the dignity of the message, will wish to have it at the dinner or at the annual meeting. Wherever it is to be presented, it will be an interesting little ceremony and will give you a good topic for publicity.

Yours very truly,

D.A.R.-V.

Secretary to the President

Mr. Arthur E. Bestor 450 Peoples Gas Building Chicago

# The University of Chicago

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araH'O .TH of

Chicago, May 1, 1916

Dear Mr. Bertery-

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charter destances to represent the crab at the official destance to represent the crab at the destroit destroit destances. They have requested Professor destroit of the opposit in dependent and to read and present to appear in dependent and the class. This or the object of the Alexant frogram. Inches you is none part of the Alexant frogram. Inches, will wish to have it at the entered of the the class of the the theoretics. The content of the the the sential mobility of the meaning, will also to have it at the entered mobility. Therefore the the presenting and will give you a good topic for its the fill of the senting the the first open a good topic for

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Sacrathry to the Propient

Mr. Arthur E. Bester and Peoples Day Building Caleage

President's Office, Yale University, New Maven, Conn.

May 20, 1916.

Dear Sirs:-

I acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of the charming programme of The University for its Quarter—Centennial. It promises to be one of the most dignified and interesting university calebrations that have ever been organized; and Mrs. Hadley and I only regret that our engagements make it necessary for us to deny ourselves the pleasure of being present.

Very sincerely,

The President, Trustees and Faculty of The University of Chicago.

President's Office, Bale Aniversity, New Naven, Conn. Nav 20, 1916,

-:ania msed

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Very minoerely,

The President, Trustees and Faculty of The University of Chlosgo.

Sent to all Irustees.

20

The Convocation. Boxes will be provided for Trustees. Will you desire a box

containing six seate?

Chicago, May 24, 1916

0:00 P.M. The University Dinner.

Dear Judge Baldwin:-Dinner will be mailed to you to-day or

In connection

with the Quarter-Centennial celebration will you be good enough to express your desires with regard to the following occasions?

Masque in Celebration of the Dedication of Ida Noyes Hall. Boxes will be provided for the Trustees. Will you desire a box containing six seats?

2. Tuesday, June 6th, 4:00 P.M.
Hon. Jesse A. Baldwin.
705 County Bldg., Chicago.

The Convocation. Boxes will be pro-

Chicago, May 24, 1916

Dear Judge Baldwin:-

In connection with the Quarter-Centennial celebration will you be good enough to express your desires with regard to the following occasions?

1. Monday, June 5th, 5:30 P.M.
Masque in Gelebration of the Dedication
of Ida Noyes Hall. Boxes will be
provided for the Trustees. Will you
desire a box containing six seater
2. Taesday, June 6th, 4:00 P.M.

Sud To on granger

The Convocation. Boxes will be provided for Trustees. Will you desire a box containing six seats?

3. Tuesday evening, June 6th, 8:00 P.M. The University Dinner. Complimentary invitations to the Dinner will be mailed to you to-day or to-morrow.

It is still possible to send invitations to guests. If you have suggestions to make I shall be glad to receive them, so that the general invitation and general program may be sent promptly.

Very truly yours.

D.A.R. - L. Secretary to the President

Hon. Jesse A. Baldwin.

705 County Bldg., Chicago.

The Convocation. Boxes will be provided to Trustees. Will you desire a box containing six seates?

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dealer a box containing alm seelert
D.A.R. - L. Secretary to the President
Ron. Jesse A. Baldwin.
Top County Bldg., Chicago.

MARYVILLE COLLEGE MARYVILLE, TENNESSEE OFFICE OF THE DEAN

May 30,1916.

President H.P. Judson, University of Chicago, Chicago, Illinois.

Dear Dr. Judson:

I congratulate you and and your faculty upon the wonderful growth and the great work of the University during the past quarter of a century. I take this opportunity to thank you for your instruction, encouragement, and help that you gave me while I was a student in the University.

Our examinations, annual entertainments, and Commencement take place June 2-8, so it is impossible for me to be present at the Quarter Centennial celebration. I am sorry that I can not be present on that occasion.

With best wishes to you and your good wife, I am

Your friend, Jasher C. Barnes Dean

MARYVILLE COLLEGE
MARYVILLE, TENNESSEE
OFFICE OF THE DEAN

2-8

Chicago, June 1, 1916

May 30, 1916.

My dear Mr. Barnes: H.P. Judson, University of Chicago,

Chicago, Thank you very much for your kind

note of the 30th of May. We are hoping to have an

interesting time on the occasion of our celebration.

I wish you could be with us the past quarter of a With sincers regards. I am

with sincere regards. I am instruction, encourthank von help that you gave me while I was a studyery truly yours; sity.

R.P.J. - L. ments, and Commencement take place
June 2-8, so it is impossible for me
to be present at the Quarter Centennial celebration. I am sorry that I
can not be present on that occasion.

With best wishes to you and your good wife, I am

Dean Jasper C. Barnes.
Maryville College.
Maryville, Tennessee.

Jasper C. Basnes

Chicago, Jone 1, 1916

My dear Mr. Barnes:-

Thank you very much for your kind note of the 50th of May. We are hoping to have an interesting time on the occasion of our celebration.

I wish you could be with us.

With sincers regards, I am.

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Dean Jasper C. Barnes. Maryville College. Maryville, Tenmessee.

## The Alumni Council The University of Chicago

SECRETARY'S OFFICE

200

854 Peoples Gas Building, Chicago May 31, 1916

President Harry Pratt Judson, University of Chicago, Chicago.

My dear President Judson:

Our Committee has taken the liberty of sending two coupon tickets for the events of Alumni Day, June 3 to all of the Trustees of the University except Justice Hughes and Mr. Harold H. Swift who is one of our own alumni. We hope that many of the Trustees will be in a position to use them.

May I also send you and Mrs. Judson these tickets and express the hope that we may be honored by your presence at all of the events under our direction. If you have any guests on Saturday we should be glad if you would let us extend the same courtesy to them.

Cordially yours,

arthur El Zestor

Chairman Alumni Committee Quarter-Centennial Celebration

AEB-M

Calcago. con Journation has tenden the liberty of bending two coupon tioners for the events of flumni ler, June 3 to lead of the frequence of the University example Juckice Euchee and Mr. Masold H. Swirt who as filly decrease one to good that some in the rice to one at

The Alumni Committee has felt that this was a great opportunity to emphasize the relation of the University to its alumni and former students and their contribution to the life of the city, the state and the nation. We have regarded the entire Quarter-Centennial as the occasion for showing our loyalty to the University and our belief in its ever-increasing usefulness. We appreciate the opportunity which has been given us by the Trustees and we sincerely hope that the success of the day and of the whole celebration, as far as it is made possible by the alumni, may lead the Trustees to feel that the Quarter Centennial has been very much worth while.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) Arthur E. Bestor Chairman Alumni Committee Quarter-Centennial Colebration

AEB-M

\*

854 Peoples Gas Building, Chicago

Mr. A. C. Bertlett, o/o D. B. Heard, Phoenix, Arizona.

stalitad and read yll

Committee on the quarter-Centennial the enclosed coupon tiesets for the events of Alumni Day, June 3. We should count ourselves most fortunate if you could be present at any or all of these events which are given on the first page of the enclosed final

The Aligni Committee has felt that this was a great opportunity to emphasize the relation of the University to its alught and former students and their contribution to the life of the city, the state and the nation. We have regarded the entire Quarter-Centennial as the occasion for showing our loyalty to the University and our belief in its even-inspeasing usefulness. We appreciate the opportunity which has been given us by the Trustees and we sincerely hope that the success of the day and of the whole celebration, as far as it is made possible by the alumni, may lead the Trustees to feel that the Quarter Centennial has been very much worth while.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) Arthur E. Bestor Chairman Alumni Committee Quarter-Contennial Colobration

AEB-M

Chicago, June 2, 1916

University of Chicago, Chicago.

Dear Mr. Bestor:-

Our Committee has taken the liberty of sending two coupon tickets versity each Justice hugher much for the coupon he tickets. I shall hope to attend as many of the exercises as possible. Mrs. Judson and I may have a the number of guests for the afternoon festivities aturday we expressing my thanks, I am, us extend the same courtesy Again.

very truly yours. arthur El Lestor

E.P.J. - L.

r. Arthur B. Bestor, 854 Peoples Gas Bldg. Chicago. Obicago, June 2, 1916

Hrs As de Horslobb,

Dear Mr. Bestor:-

Thank you very much for the coupon

sionets. I shall hope to attend as many of the

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number of guests for the afternoon feativities. Again

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H.P.J. Taken on the university and one helief are been planed by the process of a process of the process of the appropriate of the section of

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(Signed) Artiur E. Seator Obstance Alteria Countries

M-SHA

Mr. Arthur E. Bestor, 854 Peoples Cas Bldg., Chicago.

83 Redgewood Terran Springfile, Mass. June 7. 1916. Dran Porendred Judon: I am so sorry not to be able to la present at the 25th accessory Celebration of the lessewing test ? are gring to express my desappoint next to you, as I already have to Dr. Steeglig & Mer. Judd. I have been at bassa for the fact fin days, sopreially to attend meetings of its aleenewar Commeil I which I am a meader. It meets only terrice a year and as I comet by away from Clusique for the November meeting I ten always togs

to the Jame meeting. I beent that the celebration is propressing Paterfactorily. I shall a capus to hear of it in detail when I relieve for du leures. Succesely yours Kaltarine Bleen! our going to represe my dearphouse to Steepled o per July I have

Chicago, June 19, 1916

Dear Miss Blunt:-

your note of the 7th inst. I wish
you had been with us. We had a very
interesting time in many ways, and I

with best wishes, I am,

think you would have enjoyed the

Very truly yours,

H.P.J. - L.

Miss Katharine Blunt, The University of Chicago.