

DR. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, PRESIDENT.

DR. FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, SECRETARY.

DR. SANGER BROWN, TREASURER

# Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago, *Medicine*

Temporary Quarters: 757-759 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

**MEDICINE**—PROFS. ROBT. H. BABCOCK, M. H. LACKERSTEEN, JNO. A. ROBISON.

**SURGERY**—PROFS. J. B. MURPHY, WELLER VAN HOOK, L. L. MCARTHUR, JOHN RIDLON, D. A. K. STEELE, W. P. VERITY, DUDLEY C. TROTT, A. D. BEVAN.

**GYNECOLOGY**—PROFS. HENRY T. BYFORD, FRED BYRON ROBINSON, HENRY PARKER NEWMAN, ALBERT GOLDSPOHN, FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, MARIE J. MERGLER.

**OBSTETRICS**—PROFS. CHAS. WARRINGTON EARLE, J. C. HOAG.

**EYE**—PROFS. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, FRANCES DICKINSON, BOERNE BETTMAN, CASEY A. WOOD.

**NOSE AND THROAT**—PROFS. T. MELVILLE HARDIE, F. D. OWSLEY, GEORGE MORGENTHAU.

**EAR**—PROFS. B. M. BEHRENS, N. H. PIERCE.

**NERVOUS DISEASES**—PROFS. DAN'L R. BROWER, SANGER BROWN, SILAS T. YOUNT.

**GENITO-URINARY**—PROF. D. J. HAYES.

**DISEASES OF THE RECTUM**—PROF. JOSEPH B. BACON.

**DISEASES OF CHILDREN**—PROFS. ROSA ENGELMANN, J. C. COOK.

**SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES**—PROFS. J. N. HYDE, W. L. BAUM, R. W. BISHOP.

**THERAPEUTICS**—PROF. JOHN KERCHER.

**MEDICAL CHEMISTRY**—PROF. JOHN A. WESENER.

**BACTERIOLOGY**—PROF. ADOLPH GEHRMANN.

Dictated

Chicago, Feb. 8, 1893.

To President Harper, and the Honorable Board of Trustees of the University of Chicago.

Gentlemen:—

The Faculty and Instructors of the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago, duly assembled for the transaction of business, unanimously adopted the following propositions and provisos, namely:—

First.—That the corporation known as the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago surrender its charter to the University of Chicago.

Second.—That the said corporation convey, as a gift to said University, all buildings, grounds and furnishings now belonging to said corporation, including all clinical arrangements which now exist between it and the various hospitals of the city, and all advantageous contracts and business arrangements of whatsoever kind

Third.—That said Post-Graduate School concede to the University of Chicago the entire business management of the institution.

Fourth.—That the Post-Graduate School grant the University of Chicago all privileges of conferring degrees.

Fifth.—The Faculty of the Post-Graduate School further agrees,



# Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago

Temporary Quarters: 737-739 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

EAR-THROAT, N. M. BENNETT, M. D. PIERCE.  
NERVOUS DISEASES-THOMAS DART, R. BROWER, SANGER BROWN,  
ELIAS T. VORST.  
GENITO-URINARY-PART D. J. HAYES.  
DISEASES OF THE RECTUM-THOMAS JOSEPH B. BACON.  
DISEASES OF CHILDREN-THOMAS ROSS KESLERMAN, V. C. COOK.  
SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES-THOMAS J. M. HYDE, W. L. BARN,  
R. W. BISHOP.  
THERAPEUTICS-THOMAS JOHN KESLER.  
MEDICAL CHEMISTRY-THOMAS JOHN A. WEEVER.  
BACTERIOLOGY-THOMAS ADOLPH KESLERMAN.

MEDICINE-THOMAS ROSS H. BARNES, M. D. LACROIX, J. M. A.  
ROBINSON.  
SURGERY-THOMAS J. B. HENRY, WILLIAM VAN HOOK, J. L. MCARTHUR,  
JOHN RIDGON, O. A. R. STEELE, W. F. VERNY, DUBLET C.  
TROT, A. E. DEAN.  
GYNECOLOGY-THOMAS HENRY T. BYRON, THOMAS BARNES BARNES,  
HENRY PARKER NEWMAN, ADOLPH GOLDBERG,  
FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, MARIE J. MESSLER.  
OBSTETRICS-THOMAS WASHINGTON EARLE, J. C. HOGG.  
EYE-THOMAS W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, THOMAS DICKINSON, ROBERT  
BETTMAN, GARY A. WOOD.  
NOSE AND THROAT-THOMAS T. MEVILLE HARRIS, F. D. OWLEY,  
GEORGE MORGENTHAU.

Chicago, Feb. 8, 1893.

Dictated

To President Harper, and the Honorable Board of Trustees of

the University of Chicago.

Gentlemen:-

The Faculty and Instructors of the Post-Graduate

Medical School and Hospital of Chicago, duly assembled for the

transaction of business, unanimously adopted the following

propositions and provisions, namely:-

First.-That the corporation known as the Post-Graduate

Medical School and Hospital of Chicago surrender its charter to

the University of Chicago.

Second.-That the said corporation convey, as a gift to said

University, all buildings, grounds and furnishings now belonging

to said corporation, including all clinical arrangements which now

exist between it and the various hospitals of the city, and all

advantageous contracts and business arrangements of whatsoever kind

Third.-That said Post-Graduate School concede to the University

of Chicago the entire business management of the institution.

Fourth.-That the Post-Graduate School grant the University

of Chicago all privileges of conferring degrees.

Fifth.-The Faculty of the Post-Graduate School further agree,



# Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago,

Temporary Quarters: 757-759 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

**MEDICINE**—PROFS. ROBT. H. BABCOCK, M. H. LACKERSTEEN, JNO. A. ROBISON.

**SURGERY**—PROFS. J. B. MURPHY, WELLER VAN HOOK, L. L. MCARTHUR, JOHN RIDLON, D. A. K. STEELE, W. P. VERITY, DUDLEY C. TROTT, A. D. BEVAN.

**GYNECOLOGY**—PROFS. HENRY T. BYFORD, FRED BYRON ROBINSON, HENRY PARKER NEWMAN, ALBERT GOLDSPOHN, FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, MARIE J. MERGLER.

**OBSTETRICS**—PROFS. CHAS. WARRINGTON EARLE, J. C. HOAG.

**EYE**—PROFS. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, FRANCES DICKINSON, BOERNE BETTMAN, CASEY A. WOOD.

**NOSE AND THROAT**—PROFS. T. MELVILLE HARDIE, F. D. OWSLEY, GEORGE MORGENTHAU.

**EAR**—PROFS. B. M. BEHRENS, N. H. PIERCE.

**NERVOUS DISEASES**—PROFS. DAN'L R. BROWER, SANGER BROWN, SILAS T. YOUNT.

**GENITO-URINARY**—PROF. D. J. HAYES.

**DISEASES OF THE RECTUM**—PROF. JOSEPH B. BACON.

**DISEASES OF CHILDREN**—PROFS. ROSA ENGELMANN, J. C. COOK.

**SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES**—PROFS. J. N. HYDE, W. L. BAUM, R. W. BISHOP.

**THERAPEUTICS**—PROF. JOHN KERCHER.

**MEDICAL CHEMISTRY**—PROF. JOHN A. WESENER.

**BACTERIOLOGY**—PROF. ADOLPH GEHRMANN.

upon receiving an acceptance of the within propositions (or satisfactory modification of same), to resign in a body; said resignation to take effect one year from date.

In consideration of the above propositions, the teachers of the Post-Graduate School ask the following concessions, namely:-

First.—That its present teaching body be retained for at least one year on probation as members of the Faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical Department of the University of Chicago, and the University be allowed to add to the Faculty from the profession at large.

Second.—That the Faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical Department of the University be allowed its own organization, with its president and secretary, and that it have authority to suggest plans for instruction and for internal management of the Department—such plans and arrangements to be subject to the approval of the authorities of the University.

Third.—That in appointing a Medical Advisory Board, for the purpose of organizing a Post-Graduate Medical Department of the University, or for conferring with the University authorities on medical subjects, the University allow on such Board a due repre-



## Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago

Temporary Quarters: 757-759 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

EAR-PROF. D. M. BROWN, M. D. PIERCE.  
 NERVOUS DISEASES-PROF. DANIEL R. BROWN, DANIEL BROWN.  
 GYNECOLOGY-PROF. D. L. HARRIS.  
 DISEASES OF THE HEED-PROF. LOUIS B. BROWN.  
 DISEASES OF CHILDREN-PROF. ROSS ENGELBACH, A. C. COOK.  
 SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES-PROF. J. N. HAYES, W. L. HAYES.  
 THERAPEUTICS-PROF. JOHN KERNER.  
 MEDICAL CHEMISTRY-PROF. JOHN A. WESSER.  
 BACTERIOLOGY-PROF. ROBERT KERNER.

MEDICINE-PROF. ROBERT H. BROWN, M. D. LACROIX, JNO. A.  
 SURGERY-PROF. J. B. MURPHY, WILLIAM VAN HOOK, J. L. MONTGOMERY.  
 JOHN RIGGS, D. R. H. STEELE, W. P. VENTY, DUNCAN C.  
 TROT, A. D. DEWANE.  
 GYNECOLOGY-PROF. HENRY T. BYRNE, FRED BYRON HARRISON.  
 HENRY HARRIS, HENRY ALBERT GORDON.  
 OBSTETRICS-PROF. CHAS. WASHINGTON EARLE, J. C. HOGG.  
 EYE-PROF. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, FRANKLIN BISHOP, BOWEN.  
 BETTMAN, CARL A. WOOD.  
 NOSE AND THROAT-PROF. T. MCILLIEN HARRIS, T. D. OWEN.  
 GEORGE HODGENTHAL.

upon receiving an acceptance of the within propositions (or satis-  
 factory modification of same), to resign in a body; said resign-  
 nation to take effect one year from date.

In consideration of the above propositions, the teachers of  
 the Post-Graduate School ask the following concessions, namely:-  
 First.-That the present teaching body be retained for at  
 least one year on proposition as members of the Faculty of the Post-  
 Graduate Medical Department of the University of Chicago, and the  
 University be allowed to add to the Faculty from the profession  
 at large.

Second.-That the Faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical Depart-  
 ment of the University be allowed its own organization, with its  
 president and secretary, and that it have authority to suggest  
 plans for instruction and for internal management of the Depart-  
 ment-such plans and arrangements to be subject to the approval of  
 the authorities of the University.

Third.-That in appointing a Medical Advisory Board, for the  
 purpose of organizing a Post-Graduate Medical Department of the  
 University, or for conferring with the University authorities on  
 medical subjects, the University allow on such Board a due repre-



# Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago,

Temporary Quarters: 757-759 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

**MEDICINE**—PROFS. ROBT. H. BABCOCK, M. H. LACKERSTEEN, JNO. A. ROBISON.

**SURGERY**—PROFS. J. B. MURPHY, WELLER VAN HOOK, L. L. MCARTHUR, JOHN RIDLON, D. A. K. STEELE, W. P. VERITY, DUDLEY C. TROTT, A. D. BEVAN.

**GYNECOLOGY**—PROFS. HENRY T. BYFORD, FRED BYRON ROBINSON, HENRY PARKER NEWMAN, ALBERT GOLDSPOHN, FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, MARIE J. MERGLER.

**OBSTETRICS**—PROFS. CHAS. WARRINGTON EARLE, J. C. HOAG.

**EYE**—PROFS. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, FRANCES DICKINSON, BOERNE BETTMAN, CASEY A. WOOD.

**NOSE AND THROAT**—PROFS. T. MELVILLE HARDIE, F. D. OWSLEY, GEORGE MORGENTHAU.

**EAR**—PROFS. B. M. BEHRENS, N. H. PIERCE.

**NERVOUS DISEASES**—PROFS. DAN'L R. BROWER, SANGER BROWN, SILAS T. YOUNT.

**GENITO-URINARY**—PROF. D. J. HAYES.

**DISEASES OF THE RECTUM**—PROF. JOSEPH B. BACON.

**DISEASES OF CHILDREN**—PROFS. ROSA ENGELMANN, J. C. COOK.

**SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES**—PROFS. J. N. HYDE, W. L. BAUM, R. W. BISHOP.

**THERAPEUTICS**—PROF. JOHN KERCHER.

**MEDICAL CHEMISTRY**—PROF. JOHN A. WESENER.

**BACTERIOLOGY**—PROF. ADOLPH GEHRMANN.

sehtation by representatives to be selected by the existing Post-Graduate Faculty.

Fourth.—In case of failure to reappoint any member of the Faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical School to the regular Post-Graduate Department of the University, the authorities of the University shall reimburse such member with a sum equal to the amount of his paid up stock in the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago corporation.

Fifth.—The University, in accepting the within propositions, and in accepting the property of the Post-Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago, shall assume all incumbrances on the property of that corporation, such incumbrances not to exceed Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00).

M. H. Lackerste  
W. Franklin Coleman  
Franklin H. Martin

Committee.



# Post Graduate Medical School and Hospital of Chicago

Temporary Quarters: 757-759 W. Harrison St.

## FACULTY.

EAR-PROF. D. M. BARKER, R. H. FINE.  
NERVOUS DISEASES-PROF. DAN L. BROWNE, SANGER BROWN.  
GYN-PROF. J. T. YOUNT.  
GYN-PROF. D. J. HAYES.  
DISEASES OF THE RECTUM-PROF. JOSEPH B. BACON.  
DISEASES OF CHILDREN-PROF. ROSS CHICKERING, J. C. COOK.  
SKIN AND VENEREAL DISEASES-PROF. J. H. HYLE, W. L. BAUM.  
R. W. BROWN.  
THERAPEUTICS-PROF. JOHN KERNER.  
MEDICAL CHEMISTRY-PROF. JOHN A. WESSER.  
BACTERIOLOGY-PROF. ROSS CHICKERING.

MEDICINE-PROF. ROSS H. BARBER, M. H. LASKERSTEIN, LEO A.  
ROSS.  
SURGERY-PROF. J. B. MURPHY, WILLIAM VAN HORN, J. MCARTHUR.  
JOHN BROWN, W. A. STEEL, W. P. VENTY, DUDLEY C.  
TROUT, A. D. BRYAN.  
GYNECOLOGY-PROF. HENRY T. BYRON, FRED BYRON ROBINSON.  
HENRY PARKER NEWMAN, ALBERT GOLDBERG.  
FRANKLIN H. MARTIN, MARIE J. MULLER.  
OBSTETRICS-PROF. CHAS. WASHINGTON EABLE, J. C. HORN.  
LIE-PROF. W. FRANKLIN COLEMAN, FRANKLIN DICKINSON, BOONE.  
BUTMAN, GARY A. WOOD.  
NOSE AND THROAT-PROF. T. MELLVILLE HARRIS, E. D. OWSELY.  
GEORGE MORSEMAN.

selection by representatives to be selected by the existing Post-

Graduate Faculty.

Fourth.-In case of failure to reappoint any member of the

Faculty of the Post-Graduate Medical School to the regular Post-

Graduate Department of the University, the authorities of the

University shall reimburse such member with a sum equal to the

amount of his paid up stock in the Post-Graduate Medical School and

Hospital of Chicago corporation.

Fifth.-The University, in accepting the within propositions,

and in accepting the property of the Post-Graduate Medical School

and Hospital of Chicago, shall assume all incumbrances on the

property of that corporation, such incumbrances not to exceed

Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00).

Committee.



GEORGE G. HOPKINS, M. D.,  
350 Washington Avenue,  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

March 13th, 1893.

Dr. W. R. Harper,  
President, &c., &c.

Rev. & Dear Sir:-

Yours of the 26th of December last came duly to hand, and it made me feel sad for the cause of medical education in this country, that circumstances have induced you to consider favorably a plan which your better judgment did not approve a year ago.

I should not have opened this subject again, but that Dr. Augustus H. Strong, who was in our city yesterday, urged me to do so.

We talked of your great university, of the plans which you were considering, for the Medical Department, which seem to us a great sacrifice to make without any corresponding gain to your institution, thus throwing away the opportunity of the century in this direction.

He suggested that I lay before you my objections, to taking any existing Medical Institutions under your wing, and the great wrong that would be thereby done to the University as an institution of higher culture, by the consummation of such an arrangement.



GEORGE G. HOPKINS, M. D.  
350 Washington Avenue,  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

March 13th, 1893.

Dr. W. R. Harper,  
President, &c., &c.

Rev. & Dear Sir:-

Yours of the 26th of December last came duly to hand, and it made me feel sad for the cause of medical education in this country, that circumstances have induced you to consider favorably a plan which your better judgment did not approve a year ago.

I should not have opened this subject again, but that Dr. Augustus H. Strong, who was in our city yesterday, urged me to do so.

We talked of your great university, of the plans which you were considering, for the Medical Department, which seem to us a great sacrifice to make without any corresponding gain to your institution, thus throwing away the opportunity of the century in this direction.

He suggested that I lay before you my objections, to taking any existing Medical Institutions under your wing, and the great wrong that would be thereby done to the University as an institution of higher culture, by the consummation of such an arrangement.



I fail to see where there can be any possible gain to the University. The fact that these Colleges are ready to surrender to you all their individuality for the sake of being covered by your mantle, is proof positive that you can take any of their teachers for the asking, and they will not then come to you with any of the traditions that you do not want. While, if you take them as Institutions, you will have two elements in the University that for years past have been working antagonistically to each other, and expect them to work without friction. I can assure you from experience, that the slightest preponderance of one or the other element is sure to cause jealousy.

Similar seductive propositions were made to the Johns Hopkins University and resisted. Had they not been, she would not be in the van guard of medical education in America.

Now you have the opportunity of taking a step even in advance of her, and should you do so, Medical Education in this country will owe you a debt of gratitude that can never be paid.

Furthermore by taking in these two institutions, you narrow down the department to those taken from these



I fail to see where there can be any possible gain

to the University. The fact that these Colleges are ready

to surrender to you all their individuality for the sake of

being covered by your mantle, is proof positive that you can

take any of their teachers for the asking, and they will not

then come to you with any of the traditions that you do not

want. While, if you take them as institutions, you will have

two elements in the University that for years past have been

working antagonistically to each other, and expect them to

work without friction. I can assure you from experience,

that the slightest preponderance of one or the other element

is sure to cause jealousy.

Similar seductive propositions were made to the

Johns Hopkins University and resisted. Had they not been,

she would not be in the van guard of medical education in

America.

Now you have the opportunity of taking a step even in

advance of her, and should you do so, Medical Education in

this country will owe you a debt of gratitude that can never

be paid.

Furthermore by taking in these two institutions,

you narrow down the department to those taken from these



schools, and leave no room for the infusion of outside talent, though I feel sure that Chicago should furnish most of the instructors.

By this great sacrifice what have you gained? You get many instructors that would not be your first choice. You get a cumbrous faculty of "head men", which is contrary to the genius of the best European Schools, the usual regular professorships being eight. The professor who is now shedding most luster upon the University is from the Old World; shall not your medical school have the privilege of seeking some like suns?

The school of the near future should have almost all the didactic lectures, given by men of wide reputation, either from home or abroad. I am convinced that such teachers could be secured, for lecture courses, at less expense than to maintain a large resident faculty. The resident faculty should be almost entirely clinical teachers. By such a plan you would draw men from all parts of the country for undergraduate and graduate work.

The cumbrous faculty which would result from the plan which you are considering, would preclude the possibility of such outside material being grafted upon the medical



schools, and leave no room for the intrusion of outside talent, though I feel sure that Chicago should furnish most of the instructors.

By this great sacrifice what have you gained? You get many instructors that would not be your first-choice. You get a cumbersome faculty of "head men", which is contrary to the genius of the best European Schools, the usual regular professorships being eight. The professor who is now shedding most luster upon the University is from the Old World; shall not your medical school have the privilege of seeking some like sons?

The school of the Year future should have almost all the didactic lectures, given by men of wide reputation, either from home or abroad. I am convinced that such teachers could be secured, for lecture courses, at less expense than to maintain a large resident faculty. The resident faculty should be almost entirely clinical teachers. By such a plan you would draw men from all parts of the country for undergraduate and graduate work.

The cumbersome faculty which would result from the plan which you are considering, would preclude the possibility of such outside material being grafted upon the medical



department. Should this plan be carried out, you will have to be content with furnishing the rank and file of the medical profession instead of its leaders, as you should do.

You will get a plant that is partly new, but largely old, and of little use to a school that is desirous of taking the lead in medical education. You will be tempted to patch up the old, which in the end will be more expensive than to purchase the new at once, and never as satisfactory. The appliances for medical teaching have improved so much from year to year, that even in the best schools the old apparatus is constantly displaced. A western school that is to compete with those of the east, must be equipped with the most approved apparatus in every department of medicine.

Only recently the Col. of P. & S. New York, has been pushing its improvements in its model Maternity, in its operating theatre, &c.

You would get a heterogeneous mass of students, who will have to be accepted at first, and your earliest graduates will not be men of whom the University should be proud.

Pardon my urgent argument, which is partly a repetition of what I have before said to you, but aside from my desire to have a hand in inaugurating such a department as is possible in your University, I beg in the name of higher



department. Should this plan be carried out, you will have  
 to be content with furnishing the rank and file of the medi-  
 cal profession instead of its leaders, as you should do.  
 You will get a plant that is partly new, but largely  
 old, and of little use to a school that is desirous of  
 taking the lead in medical education. You will be tempted  
 to patch up the old, which in the end will be more expensive  
 than to purchase the new at once, and never as satisfactory.  
 The appliances for medical teaching have improved so much from  
 year to year, that even in the best schools the old apparatus  
 is constantly displaced. A western school that is to com-  
 pete with those of the east, must be equipped with the most  
 approved apparatus in every department of medicine.  
 Only recently the Col. of P. & S. New York, has  
 been pushing its improvements in its Model Maternity, in  
 its operating theatre, &c.  
 You would get a heterogeneous mass of students, who  
 will have to be accepted at first, and your earliest graduates  
 will not be men of whom the University should be proud.  
 Pardon my urgent argument, which is partly a repeti-  
 tion of what I have before said to you, but aside from my  
 desire to have a hand in inaugurating such a department as is  
 possible in your University, I beg in the name of higher



medical education, that you pause and think before committing what seems to me, the fatal mistake of making the proposed combination in order to get your Medical Department on its feet at once.

Besides, under the proposed plan there would be a great loss to the people at large, as my profession touches more closely than any other, the every day life and comfort of the people, therefore anything that tends to elevate and increase its efficiency benefits the whole nation.

Very respectfully and truly yours,

*George G. Hopkins*



medical education, that you pause and think before committing  
what seems to me, the fatal mistake of making the proposed  
combination in order to get your Medical Department on its  
feet at once.

Besides, under the proposed plan there would be a  
great loss to the people at large, as my profession touches  
more closely than any other, the every day life and comfort  
of the people, therefore anything that tends to elevate and  
increase its efficiency benefits the whole nation.

Very respectfully and truly yours

George F. Appleton



Lackersteen

DR. M. H. LACKERSTEEN,  
4014 ELLIS AVENUE,  
HOURS, 8 TO 10 A. M. AND 6 TO 8 P. M.  
TELEPHONE, OAKLAND-279.

2<sup>d</sup> October 1904

Medical  
My dear Dr Harper,

19  
I had an interview with  
Mr A. A. Sprague yesterday afternoon, and he  
gave me a patient and very courteous  
hearing - I pleaded for the recognition of  
the necessity for establishing the Medical  
Faculty of our University, and proceeded  
to explain the character of the work which  
this department was intended to accom-  
plish - It was not difficult to assure  
him that we had already in America  
a great many too many medical colleges,  
perhaps ten times more than there was  
any need for, and yet he was not eager  
to dispute the fact that a thoroughly  
endowed Medical School well filled  
with perfectly qualified teachers would  
not be a superfluous on this Continent.  
He was made to understand that the  
University had no intention of competing  
with the existing joint-stock Companies  
and that its work would be of a Post  
Graduate character, but chiefly in the  
line of Original Research - He was  
deeply interested in the account I gave  
him of the rapid strides now being  
made in the 13 or 14 different Sciences  
Ancillary to Medicine, of our new  
and advanced Methods of treatment,  
and of our modern Conception of the  
Causes and relations of the diseased Condition.



Suddenly he interrupted me with the question: "What office, Dr Lachester, do you hold in the University?" - On being told that I was not in any way officially connected with the University, he seemed to lose all interest in the matter and brought the interview to an unsatisfactory end. I thought - I would report to you this unsuccessful termination of a very promising and apparently successful interview.

I cannot approach Medill for some time on account of his recent bereavement -

I keep my zeal in the cause warm at heart, though I am sorry I cannot do anything further for the present.

Yours very truly  
W. H. Lachester



*Admissions* 1894 *Do*

A statement of the changes in the Requirements for Admission to Rush Medical College, beginning with the Announcement for the year 1894 and 1895.

The Requirements for Admission to Rush Medical College for students entering for the session of 1894 - 5 were as follows:

"Students who begin their course of study in this college are required to furnish credible certificates of good moral standing, and as testimonials of sufficient preliminary education, a diploma from a literary or scientific college, academy, or high school, or a teacher's certificate of the first grade. Students who cannot furnish such testimonials of a sufficient preliminary education must pass an examination in writing in the branches of a good English education, including Algebra as far as equations of the second degree, the first book of Geometry, English composition, Elementary Physics, and the elements of the Latin language. Students found deficient in any of these required branches are given an opportunity of making up their conditions during the freshman year. Competent instruction in Mathematics, Physics, and Latin, is given by tutors authorized by the faculty.

"The standard which will eventually be required from those not holding the degree of Bachelor of Arts or of Science, will be that demanded for admission to the Sophomore class in Lake Forest University and institutions of similar grade.

"Candidates for admission who have studied medicine at least one year under a preceptor, may enter the college and be graduated upon the completion of four years of study with attendance upon three courses in College, provided they fulfill all other requirements and pass satisfactory examinations in the month of May, at the close of the college years 1895-96-97, respectively.

"Graduates of SCHOOLS OF PHARMACY that require three years of study and adequate preliminary education; and graduates of schools of DENTISTRY that require adequate preliminary education and two years of study, will be admitted to this college without examination, and may be graduated at the end of three full years courses. Graduates from the dental department of Lake Forest University and other reputable dental schools that require adequate preliminary education and a course of three years, including subjects taught in this college during the first two years of its course, may be admitted without preliminary examinations and be graduated at the end of two full courses.

"Examinations for admission are held during the first week of the course.

"Graduates in medicine, in arts, and in science, and students who desire to pursue a special course without graduation, are admitted without preliminary examination.

"Candidates from recognized medical schools who wish to enter advanced classes in the College must furnish satisfactory evidence of preliminary education, and pass examinations in the branches required of the members of the classes to which they seek admission. Graduates of Lake Forest University Science Course for students intending to study medicine, and of similar courses in the University of Chicago, Cornell University, Haverford College, University of Illinois, University of Indiana, Iowa College, Johns Hopkins University, University of Kansas, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Northwestern University, University of Notre Dame, Ohio Wesleyan University, University of Pennsylvania, Princeton University, Swarthmore College, Tulane University, University of Wisconsin, Yale University, and of other schools offering an equivalent course of study, are admitted without examination or previous medical study to the second year of the four required years in Rush Medical College.

#### STATE LAWS.

"Each matriculate must study medicine four years and take three courses of lectures of at least five months each, as required in Illinois, and four years of study in courses of six months each in Iowa, before he can begin the practice of medicine in these States without passing a rigid examination before the State Board of Health.

No graduate can enter upon the practice of medicine in Minnesota,



A statement of the changes in the Requirements for Admission to Rush Medical College, beginning with the Announcement for the year 1894 and 1895.

The Requirements for Admission to Rush Medical College for students entering for the session of 1894 - 5 were as follows:

"Students who begin their course of study in this college are required to furnish credible certificates of good moral standing, and as testimonials of sufficient preliminary education, a diploma from a literary or scientific college, academy or high school, or a teacher's certificate of the first grade. Students who cannot furnish such testimonials of a sufficient preliminary education must pass an examination in writing the branches of a good English education, including Algebra as far as the second degree, the first book of Geometry, English composition, Elementary Physics, and the elements of the Latin language. Students found deficient in any of these required branches are given an opportunity of making up their conditions during the freshman year. Competent instruction in Mathematics, Physics, and Latin, is given by tutors authorized by the faculty.

The standard which will eventually be required from those not holding the degree of Bachelor of Arts or of Science, will be that demanded for admission to the sophomore class in Lake Forest University and institutions of similar grade.

"Candidates for admission who have studied medicine at least one year under a preceptor, may enter the college and be graduated upon the completion of four years of study with attendance upon three courses in college, provided they fulfill all other requirements and pass satisfactory examinations in the month of May, at the close of the college year 1895-96-97, respectively.

Graduates of SCHOOLS OF PHARMACY that require three years of study and adequate preliminary education; and graduates of schools of DENTISTRY that require adequate preliminary education and two years of study, will be admitted to this college without examination, and may be graduated at the end of three full years courses. Graduates from the dental department of Lake Forest University and other reputable dental schools that require adequate preliminary education and a course of three years, including subjects taught in this college during the first two years of its course, may be admitted without preliminary examinations and be graduated at the end of two full courses.

Examinations for admission are held during the first week of the

course.

Graduates in medicine, in arts, and in science, and students who desire to pursue a special course without graduation, are admitted without preliminary examination.

"Candidates from recognized medical schools who wish to enter advanced classes in the College must furnish satisfactory evidence of preliminary education, and pass examinations in the branches required of the members of the classes to which they seek admission. Graduates of Lake Forest University Science Courses for students intending to study medicine, and of similar courses in the University of Chicago, Cornell University, Haverford College, University of Illinois, University of Indiana, Iowa College, Johns Hopkins University, University of Kansas, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Northwestern University, University of Notre Dame, Ohio Wesleyan University, University of Pennsylvania, Princeton University, Swarthmore College, Tulane University, University of Wisconsin, Yale University, and of other schools offering an equivalent course of study, are admitted without examination or previous medical study to the second year of the four required years in Rush Medical College.

# STATE LAWS.

Each matriculate must study medicine four years and take three courses of lectures of at least five months each, as required in Illinois, and four years of study in courses of six months each in Iowa, before he can begin the practice of medicine in these States without passing a rigid examination before the State Board of Health.

No graduate can enter upon the practice of medicine in Minnesota.



Washington, New Jersey, North Dakota, Florida, Alabama, or Montana unless he pass a rigid examination before the State Boards. No graduate is admitted before these boards for examination unless he have attended three courses of lectures of six months each. No one can practice medicine in New York, Virginia, South Carolina, or North Carolina without passing an examination before the State Board, nor in Mississippi without passing an examination by a County Board of Medical Censors. Other States will probably enact soon enact similar laws."

The examination which a student lacking a diploma or teacher's certificate, was required to pass was conducted by a member of the faculty, namely; Prof. Lyman, and was not very rigid. Very few students, however, entered without a diploma or certificate. Although it had been stated in the Announcement for 1891-92, that a teacher's certificate would not be received after the session of 1893-94, succeeding Announcements continued to make a contrary statement up to and including the session of 1897-8.

The requirements for 1895-96 differed from those of the previous year only in the following particulars: 1) it was required that a teacher's certificate must be coupled with an examination in the elements of the Latin language; 2) it was stated that a certificate of having passed the entrance examinations of the colleges mentioned in a separate paragraph (see list for 1894-95 with the addition of Harvard University and Purdue University,) would be accepted, and students were "advised to take one of these examinations, time and place of which can be learned by writing to the respective colleges." 3) In reference to conditions on entrance examinations the statement was modified to read that "those students found deficient in not more than two of these required branches, excepting English, are given an opportunity of making up their conditions during the Freshman year." 4) Definite dates for the entrance examinations were announced.

For 1896-97 the only change was to the effect that the entrance examination would be conducted by the faculty of the University (Lake Forest.)

No changes were made in 1897-98 or 1898-99 excepting that in the latter year it was stated that the certificate of the Regents of the State of New York would be accepted for entrance. In reference to Admission to Advanced Standing of the holders of a Bachelor's degree, it was specified that the science course which had been taken must have included "General Biology, at least 150 hours. General Chemistry, at least 200 hours. Botany, at least 100 hours. Physics, at least 150 hours. Physiology, at least 200 hours. Histology, at least 100 hours. Bacteriology, at least 50 hours. Embryology, at least 50 hours."

At about this time, and before affiliation with the University of Chicago was contemplated, it was decided, as I distinctly recollect, to announce the next year that the requirements would be made one year of college work for the session of 1900-01, and two years of such work for 1901-02. I am, however, unable to find record of such action in the rather loosely kept minutes of the faculty meetings of that year.

In January, 1898 affiliation with the University of Chicago was definitely agreed upon, to go into effect July 1st of that year. The first Announcement of the affiliation period was, therefore, that for the session of 1898-99. In this Announcement the Requirements were stated as follows:

"In order to be admitted to this college, the following requirements were exacted from each student:

I.- He must present to the faculty certificates of good moral character, signed by at least two physicians of good standing in the State in which the applicant last resided.

II.- He must fill out and file with the clerk, the required Blank Application for Admission.

III.- He must pay the Registrar the matriculation fee of \$5.00.

IV.- He must furnish, as evidence of adequate preliminary education either

1. A diploma from a high school, normal school, academy, or other similar institution of learning, requiring at least three years of study before graduation; or

2. A certificate of admission to the Freshman class of a recognized literary or scientific college; or

3. He must pass an examination conducted by a State Superintendent of Public Instruction, by the Principal of a high school, or by the examiner



Washington, New Jersey, North Dakota, Florida, Alabama, or Montana unless he pass a rigid examination before the State Board. No graduate is admitted before these boards for examination unless he have attended three courses of lectures of six months each. No one can practice medicine in New York, Virginia, South Carolina, or North Carolina without passing an examination before the State Board, nor in Mississippi without passing an examination by a County Board of Medical Censors. Other States will probably enact soon enact similar laws.

The examination which a student lacking a diploma or teacher's certificate, was required to pass was conducted by a member of the faculty, namely, Prof. Lyman, and was not very rigid. Very few students, however, entered without a diploma or certificate. Although it had been stated in the Announcement for 1891-92, that a teacher's certificate would not be received after the session of 1893-94, according to announcements continued to make a contrary statement up to and including the session of 1897-98. The requirements for 1898-99 differed from those of the previous year only in the following particulars: 1) It was required that a teacher's certificate must be coupled with an examination in the elements of the Latin language; 2) it was stated that a certificate of having passed the entrance examinations of the colleges mentioned in a separate paragraph (see list for 1894-95 with the addition of Harvard University and Purdue University,) would be accepted, and students were "advised to take one of these examinations, time and place of which can be learned by writing to the respective colleges." 3) In reference to conditions on entrance examinations the statement was modified to read that "those students found deficient in not more than two of these required branches, excepting English, are given an opportunity of making up their conditions during the Freshman year." 4) Definite dates for the entrance examinations were announced.

For 1898-99 the only change was to the effect that the entrance examination would be conducted by the faculty of the University (Lake Forest). No changes were made in 1897-98 or 1898-99 excepting that in the latter year it was stated that the certificate of the Regents of the State of New York would be accepted for entrance. In reference to Admission to Advanced Standing of the holders of a Bachelor's degree, it was specified that the science courses which had been taken must have included "General Biology, at least 150 hours, General Chemistry, at least 200 hours, Botany, at least 100 hours, Physics, at least 100 hours, Zoology, at least 200 hours, Histology, at least 100 hours, Bacteriology, at least 50 hours, Embryology, at least 50 hours." At about this time, and before affiliation with the University of Chicago was contemplated, it was decided, as I distinctly recollect, to announce the next year that the requirements would be made one year of college work for the session of 1900-01, and two years of such work for 1901-02. I am, however, unable to find record of such action in the rather loosely kept minutes of the faculty meetings of that year. In January, 1898 affiliation with the University of Chicago was definitely agreed upon, to go into effect July 1st of that year. The first announcement of the affiliation period was, therefore, that for the session of 1898-99. In this announcement the requirements were stated as follows:

- "In order to be admitted to this college, the following requirements were exacted from each student:
- I. - He must present to the faculty certificates of good moral character, signed by at least two physicians of good standing in the State in which the applicant last resided.
  - II. - He must fill out and file with the clerk, the required Blank Application for Admission.
  - III. - He must pay the Registrar the matriculation fee of \$5.00.
  - IV. - He must furnish, as evidence of adequate preliminary education either
    1. A diploma from a high school, normal school, academy, or other similar institution of learning, requiring at least three years of study before graduation; or
    2. A certificate of admission to the Freshman class of a recognized literary or scientific college; or
    3. He must pass an examination conducted by a State Superintendent of Public Instruction, by the Principal of a high school, or by the examiner



of the University of Chicago in the following branches: (for the session of 1898-99):

- (a) English-composition, grammar, rhetoric;
- (b) Mathematics, comprising higher arithmetic, algebra as far as quadratic equations, and plane geometry;
- (c) Latin - equivalent to one year's study in an accepted high school, including the elements of the language and the first two books of Caesar's Commentaries, or an equivalent amount of some other author;
- (d) Elementary Physics;
- (e) United States History;
- (f) Geography.

Should a student fail to pass in in not more than two of these branches he may be admitted to the Freshman class, conditioned in these branches, but these conditions must be removed by examination before he can be admitted to the Sophomore class.

Instruction in the branches required in the preliminary examination is offered by the University of Chicago in its University Extension department or in its affiliated schools and academies. Facilities for such instruction will be provided, in the vicinity of the college, for students who are making up conditions in these branches.

Examinations for admission will be held at the College at 9 o'clock A.M., on the following days: May 24, September 12, and 27, and October 3rd. These examinations are conducted by the Examiner of the University of Chicago, and the fee for such examination is \$5.00. Examinations will be arranged for at any time and in any city where five students desire to take the examination.

For the session of 1899-1900 the requirements for admission will differ from the foregoing in the following particulars:

IV - 1. The diploma to be accepted must be from a high school, academy, or institute, requiring at least four years of study before graduation.

3 -(a) In the examination in English some knowledge in English Literature will be required.

(b) The examination in mathematics will include the whole of Algebra and solid geometry.

(c) In Latin the equivalent of two years' work in a high school, comprising at least six books of Caesar's Gallic War and two books of Vergil, or an equivalent amount of other authors.

(d) Elementary French or German the equivalent of one year's work in an accepted high school.

For the session of 1900-01 the requirements will be further increased so that (III-1) there will be required a certificate of admission to the Freshman class of the University of Chicago, or some other institution of equal rank; or (III-3) an examination in the branches required for admission to the University of Chicago.

For the session of 1902-03 there will be required a certificate of admission to the second year of one of the regular courses of the University of Chicago, or to the Sophomore class of an institution of equal rank, or, in lieu of this, examination in the corresponding branches.

For the session of 1904-05, the student must be prepared to enter the Junior class of the University of Chicago, or the junior class of an institution of similar rank."

For Admission to Advanced Standing the requirements were as follows:

"Graduates of reputable medical schools fully recognized by the Illinois State Board of Health, are eligible for admission to the Senior class. By completing all of the work of the Senior year, and such branches of the curriculum of previous years as he has not successfully completed elsewhere, such student may graduate after attendance upon one session at Rush Medical College. Students from other fully recognized schools medical schools may receive full credit for each course taken and all branched successfully completed at such schools.

Graduates of reputable and regularly established colleges of dentistry, of pharmacy, of veterinary medicine, which require before graduation attendance on a course extending over two or more years, may be admitted to the Sophomore class on condition that they comply with the entrance requirements (see requirements for admission) and pass examinations on the branches of the Freshman year which they have completed elsewhere.



of the University of Chicago in the following branches: (For the session of 1898-99):

- (a) English-composition, grammar, rhetoric;
- (b) Mathematics, comprising higher arithmetic, algebra as far as quadratic equations, and plane geometry;
- (c) Latin - equivalent to one year's study in an accepted high school, including the elements of the language and the first two books of Caesar's Commentaries, or an equivalent amount of some other authors;
- (d) Elementary physics;
- (e) United States History;
- (f) Geography.

Should a student fail to pass in as many as two of these branches he may be admitted to the Freshman class, conditioned in these branches, but these conditions must be removed by examination before he can be admitted to the Sophomore class.

Instruction in the branches required in the preliminary examinations is offered by the University of Chicago in its University Extension department or in its affiliated schools and academies. Facilities for such instruction will be provided, in the vicinity of the college, for students who are making up conditions in these branches.

Examinations for admission will be held at the College at 9 o'clock A.M., on the following days: May 24, September 12, and 27, and October 3rd. These examinations are conducted by the Examiners of the University of Chicago, and the fee for such examination is \$5.00. Examinations will be arranged for at any time and in any city where five students desire to take the examination.

For the session of 1899-1900 the requirements for admission will differ from the foregoing in the following particulars:

- IV - I. The diploma to be accepted must be from a high school, academy, or institute, requiring at least four years of study before graduation.
- 2 - (a) In the examination in English some knowledge in English literature will be required.
- (b) The examination in mathematics will include the whole of Algebra and solid geometry.

(c) In Latin the equivalent of two years' work in a high school, comprising at least six books of Caesar's Gallic War and two books of Vergil, or an equivalent amount of other authors.

(d) Elementary French or German the equivalent of one year's work in an accepted high school.

For the session of 1900-01 the requirements will be further increased so that (III-1) there will be required a certificate of admission to the Freshman class of the University of Chicago, or some other institution of equal rank; or (III-2) an examination in the branches required for admission to the University of Chicago.

For the session of 1902-03 there will be required a certificate of admission to the second year of one of the regular courses of the University of Chicago, or to the Sophomore class of an institution of equal rank, or, in lieu of this, examination in the corresponding branches.

For the session of 1904-05, the student must be prepared to enter the Junior class of the University of Chicago, or the Junior class of an institution of similar rank.

For admission to Advanced Standing the requirements were as follows:

"Graduates of reputable medical schools fully recognized by the Illinois State Board of Health, are eligible for admission to the Senior class, by completing all of the work of the Senior year, and such branches of the curriculum of previous years as he has not successfully completed elsewhere, such student may graduate after attendance upon one session at Rush Medical College. Students from other fully recognized medical schools may receive full credit for each course taken and all branches successfully completed at such schools.

Graduates of reputable and regularly established colleges of dentistry, of pharmacy, of veterinary medicine, which require before graduation attendance on a course extending over two or more years, may be admitted to the Sophomore class on condition that they comply with the entrance requirements (see requirements for admission) and pass examinations on the branches of the Freshman year which they have completed elsewhere.



Such students may accept condition in such branches of the Freshman curriculum as he has not completed in the schools above referred to, which conditions may be made up during his attendance at this college.

Graduates of colleges of arts or science which require a regular attendance of three or more years as essential to graduation may be admitted to the Sophomore class without examination, provided that they furnish beside their diploma or certificate of graduation satisfactory evidence of having creditably done at least 140 hours of work in each of the following branches: Chemistry, Biology or Comparative Anatomy, Botany, Zoology, Physics, Physiology, Histology, and Embryology. They will be given credit without examination for such work of the Freshman year as has been successfully completed in other college courses, but will be conditioned in such Freshman branches as have not been taken elsewhere. Such conditions may be made up during the course at this college."

The faculty of Rush had decided to require one year of college work in 1900 and two years in 1901, but at the suggestion of the University the time was extended so that two sessions should elapse for each increase of one year in the requirements. It was pointed out by the University that if the annual advance were made a full year, the student preparing himself to enter would be unable to "catch up" with the requirements.

For the session of 1899-1900 changes in the requirements were in accord with the statement made in the previous year, viz; the diploma was required to be from a four year high school, normal school or academy; the entrance examination was conducted solely by the Examiner of the University of Chicago.

In the Announcement for the session of 1900-1901, the requirement was exactly that for admission to the Junior College at the University of Chicago and the statement was taken bodily from the Circular of information for the Colleges, excepting that, in reference to the list of accredited schools the following addition was made:

"For the year beginning July 1, 1900, credits from the following schools, in addition to the foregoing list, will be accepted for admission to Rush Medical College: Four year High Schools and Academies on the accredited lists of the following Universities. The University of Wisconsin, the University of Michigan, the University of Minnesota, the University of Iowa, the University of Illinois, the University of Nebraska, the University of Kansas, the University of Indiana, and the University of Ohio. These credits from these schools will not be accepted for admission to the University of Chicago, but only for admission to Rush Medical College."

The requirements for 1901-02, were substantially the same as for the previous year.

Early in 1902, it was decided, however, to modify the further advance which had been announced by spreading the increase in requirements as uniformly as possible over the three succeeding sessions instead of making an increase of one full year for 1902-03, and a second full year for 1904-05. The following statement was therefore made in a special Bulletin issued during the Winter Quarter, 1902.

I. "Admission requirements to the medical work at the University of Chicago and Rush Medical College will consist, after June 19, 1902, of the admission requirements to the Junior College, and, in addition thereto one year of college work, or in lieu thereof six majors of college work chosen from the twenty-one majors especially recommended for students preparing the study medicine on page 19 of this Bulletin; from June 19, 1903, to June 19, 1904, twelve majors of college work, of which six must have been chosen from the twenty-one majors recommended, or in lieu thereof at total of nine majors chosen from the twenty-one majors recommended; after June 19, 1904, eighteen majors of college work of which nine have been chosen from the twenty-one recommended, or in lieu thereof a total of thirteen majors chosen from the twenty-one majors specially recommended.

II. Students who have admission credits to the Junior College of the University of Chicago, may be admitted to the Medical Courses during the



Such students may accept condition in such branches of the Freshman curriculum as has not completed in the schools above referred to, which conditions may be made up during his attendance at this college.

Graduates of colleges of arts or science which require a regular attendance of three or more years as essential to graduation may be admitted to the sophomore class without examination, provided that they furnish beside their diploma or certificate of graduation satisfactory evidence of having creditably done at least 140 hours of work in each of the following branches: Chemistry, Biology or Comparative Anatomy, Botany, Zoology, Physics, Physiology, Histology, and Microbiology. They will be given credit without examination for such work of the Freshman year as has been successfully completed in other college courses, but will be conditioned in such Freshman branches as have not been taken elsewhere. Such conditions may be made up during the course at this college.

The faculty of Rush had decided to require one year of college work in 1900 and two years in 1901, but at the suggestion of the University the time was extended so that two sessions should elapse for each increase of one year in the requirements. It was pointed out by the University that if the annual advance were made a full year, the student preparing himself to enter would be unable to "catch up" with the requirements.

For the session of 1899-1900 changes in the requirements were in accord with the statement made in the previous year, viz: the diploma was required to be from a four year high school, normal school or academy; the entrance examination was conducted solely by the Examiner of the University of Chicago.

In the Announcement for the session of 1900-1901, the requirement was exactly that for admission to the Junior College at the University of Chicago and the statement was taken bodily from the Circular of information for the Colleges, excepting that, in reference to the list of accredited schools the following addition was made:

"For the year beginning July 1, 1900, credits from the following schools, in addition to the foregoing list, will be accepted for admission to Rush Medical College: Four Year High Schools and Academies on the accredited lists of the following Universities: The University of Wisconsin, the University of Michigan, the University of Minnesota, the University of Iowa, the University of Illinois, the University of Nebraska, the University of Kansas, the University of Indiana, and the University of Ohio. These credits from these schools will not be accepted for admission to the University of Chicago, but only for admission to Rush Medical College."

The requirements for 1901-02, were substantially the same as for the previous year.

Early in 1902, it was decided, however, to modify the further advance which had been announced by spreading the increase in requirements as uniformly as possible over the three succeeding sessions instead of making an increase of one full year for 1902-03, and a second full year for 1904-05. The following statement was therefore made in a special Bulletin issued during the Winter Quarter, 1902.

I. "Admission requirements to the medical work at the University of Chicago and Rush Medical College will consist, after June 19, 1902, of the admission requirements to the Junior College, and, in addition, one year of college work, or in lieu thereof six months of college work chosen from the twenty-one majors especially recommended for students preparing the study medicine on page 19 of this Bulletin, from June 19, 1902, to June 19, 1904, twelve majors of college work, of which six must have been chosen from the twenty-one majors recommended, or in lieu thereof at total of nine majors chosen from the twenty-one majors recommended; after June 19, 1904, fifteen majors of college work of which nine have been chosen from the twenty-one recommended, or in lieu thereof a total of thirteen majors chosen from the twenty-one majors especially recommended.

II. Students who have admission credits to the Junior College of the University of Chicago, may be admitted to the Medical Courses during the



year beginning June 19, 1902, deficient in not more than six majors of college work. In this event, the student will be expected to remove these conditions before he is allowed to register for any of the courses included in the second nine majors of work of the Medical Courses as outlined on pp. 20, 21 of this Bulletin. In choosing courses to remove such conditions, he will make his selection entirely from the twenty-one majors of work especially recommended to students preparing for medicine on page 19 of this Bulletin.

III. A student entering with deficiencies in admission requirements shall be permitted to register for three majors of work only during his first quarter, but later, provided his work during that first quarter has been satisfactory, he may be permitted to register for three and one-half or four majors per quarter."

In the subsequent (sixtieth) Announcement for 1902-03, it was further specified that the preparatory work for 1903-04 must have included one year (or two majors) of College Chemistry, and a thorough course in Elementary Biology; for 1904-05, there was specified in addition to the above, one major of Organic Chemistry, and one major of College Physics; for the session of 1905-06 it is further demanded that the student shall possess a reading knowledge of German and French.

The subsequent requirements have adhered strictly to these statements.

From the beginning of the session of 1902-03 graduates in Dentistry, Pharmacy, and Veterinary Medicine have not been admitted to advanced standing.

Since June 1901, graduates of Literary or Scientific colleges have not been admitted directly to the second year, as they were, under certain conditions, previous to that time, but have been given credit only for such completed work as is an actual equivalent of any of the medical courses. They are required to complete all of the work of the medical curriculum excepting that for which they may be given full credit by the heads of the respective departments.



Year beginning June 19, 1903, deficient in not more than six  
majors of college work. In this event, the student will be expected to  
remove these conditions before he is allowed to register for any of the  
courses included in the second nine majors of work of the Medical Courses  
as outlined on pp. 20, 21 of this Bulletin. In choosing courses to remove  
such conditions, he will make his selection entirely from the twenty-one  
majors of work especially recommended to students preparing for Medicine  
on page 19 of this Bulletin.

III. A student entering with deficiencies in admission requirements  
shall be permitted to register for three majors of work only during his  
first quarter, but later, provided his work during that first quarter has  
been satisfactory, he may be permitted to register for three and one-half  
or four majors per quarter."

In the subsequent (sixteenth) Announcement for 1903-04, it was  
further specified that the preparatory work for 1903-04 must have included  
one year (or two majors) of College Chemistry, and a thorough course in  
Elementary Biology; for 1904-05, there was specified in addition to the  
above, one major of Organic Chemistry, and one major of College Physics;  
for the session of 1905-06 it is further demanded that the student shall  
possess a reading knowledge of German and French.

The subsequent requirements have adhered strictly to these stan-

ards.  
From the beginning of the session of 1903-04 graduated in Dentistry,  
Pharmacy, and Veterinary Medicine have not been admitted to advanced

standing.  
Since June 1901, graduates of Literary or Scientific colleges have  
not been admitted directly to the second year, as they were, under certain  
conditions, previous to that time, but have been given credit only for  
such completed work as is an actual equivalent of any of the medical  
courses. They are required to complete all of the work of the medical  
curriculum excepting that for which they may be given full credit by the  
heads of the respective departments.



Mla

FROM THE MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE  
MEETING HELD DECEMBER 29, 1897.

The Committee also made a report recommending that upon a petition of the Rush Medical College for affiliation the University enter into terms of affiliation on certain conditions. After full consideration the recommendation was approved and the conditions named were adopted in the following form:

1. The Board of Trustees of Rush Medical College shall be reorganized in such manner as that it shall consist of men satisfactory to the Board of Trustees of the University who are interested in education and have no pecuniary interest in the earnings of the school.

2. The Board of Trustees as thus reorganized shall pledge itself to increase the preliminary requirements for entrance to the Rush Medical School in accordance with the action already taken by its trustees so that in 1902 the requirements for admission shall include the freshman and sophomore years of College work.

3. That affiliation shall take effect June 1, 1898 provided the debts of Rush Medical College shall have been paid at that time.

In case it shall appear on June 1, 1898 that the College needs more time for the payment of its debts, the trustees of the University of Chicago will entertain a request to extend the time for a period of not to exceed eighteen months, but in no event shall affiliation be entered into until said debts shall have been paid.



THE MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE

MEETING HELD DECEMBER 29, 1897.

The Committee also made a report recommending that upon a petition of the Rush Medical College for affiliation the University enter into terms of affiliation on certain conditions. After full consideration the recommendation was approved and the conditions

named were adopted in the following form:

1. The Board of Trustees of Rush Medical College shall be reorganized in such manner as that it shall consist of men educated in education and have no pecuniary interest in the earnings of the school.

2. The Board of Trustees as thus reorganized shall pledge itself to increase the preliminary requirements for entrance to the Rush Medical School in accordance with the action already taken by the trustees so that in 1902 the requirements for admission shall include the freshman and sophomore years of college work.

3. That affiliation shall take effect June 1, 1898 provided the debts of Rush Medical College shall have been paid at that time.

In case it shall appear on June 1, 1898 that the College hands more time for the payment of its debts, the trustees of the University of Chicago will entertain a request to extend the time for a period of not to exceed eighteen months, but in no event shall affiliation be entered into until said debts shall have been paid.



Mla

FROM THE MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE  
MEETING HELD APRIL 11, 1898.

The following communication was presented from the  
Board of Trustees of the Rush Medical College:

April 11, 1898.

To the Board of Trustees  
of the University of Chicago.

Gentlemen:

Referring to the action taken by you on January, 1898,  
granting the request of the Rush Medical College for affiliation  
with The University of Chicago on certain conditions, I am in-  
structed to inform you that the College has now fulfilled all  
of the three conditions named:

1. The Board of Trustees has been reorganized, all the  
professors of the College having resigned their positions on  
the Board and the vacancies having been filled by the election  
of new members, citizens interested in education but having no  
connection with the faculty of the College.

2. The debts of the College amounting to \$71,000 have  
been provided for in full, most of the money having been already  
paid into the treasury and the balance having been subscribed by  
responsible parties and its immediate payment guaranteed by Dr.  
E. Fletcher Ingals.

3. The requirements for admission are being increased  
and it is understood that the standard will continue to be ad-  
vanced in accordance with the requirements of the University  
Board.

The conditions named by the Trustees of the University  
having been thus fulfilled the trustees of the College request



#2 - April  
that the

FROM THE MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE

MEETING HELD APRIL 11, 1898.

The following communication was presented from the

Board of Trustees of the Rush Medical College:

April 11, 1898.

To the Board of Trustees  
of the University of Chicago

Gentlemen:

Referring to the action taken by you on January 18, 1898,  
granting the request of the Rush Medical College for affiliation  
with the University of Chicago on certain conditions, I am in-  
structed to inform you that the College has now fulfilled all

of the three conditions named:

1. The Board of Trustees has been reorganized, all the  
professors of the College having resigned their positions on  
the Board and the vacancies having been filled by the election  
of new members, citizens interested in education and having no  
connection with the Faculty of the College.

2. The debts of the College amounting to \$10,000 and have  
been provided for in full, most of the money having been already  
paid into the treasury and the balance having been subscribed by  
responsible parties and its immediate payment guaranteed by Dr.

E. W. Wicksburg.

3. The requirements for admission are being increased  
and it is understood that the standards will continue to be ad-  
vanced in accordance with the requirements of the University

Board.

The conditions named by the Trustees of the University  
having been thus fulfilled the Trustees of the College request



#2 — April 11, 1898.

that the affiliation may be made to take effect at this time.

On behalf of Rush Medical College.

(Signed) T. W. Goodspeed

Asst. Secretary



42 - April 11, 1898.

that the exhibition may be made to take effect at this time.

On behalf of Rush Medical College.

(Signed) E. W. Goodspeed,  
Asst. Secretary



5

M16

PROPOSED ARTICLES OF AFFILIATION BETWEEN THE  
UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO AND RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, ARRANGED  
BY DR. HARPER IN CONFERENCE WITH MR. J.D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.  
AND F.T. GATES.

April 19 1898

The University Agrees:

1. To conduct the entrance examinations of students entering the college, the full cost of such examinations to be paid by the College.

2- To conduct the examinations of students in the College, according to such plan as may be mutually agreed upon the cost in every case to be paid by the College.

3. To grant fellowships affording free tuition for one year, in the Colleges or Schools of the University, to three students, annually, who shall have taken the degree of Rush Medical College ( This to take effect only when the requirements for entrance to Rush Medical College shall be equivalent to the requirements for entrance to the University)

4 To grant free tuition for residence work in its graduate schools to all instructors in the College under regular salary.

5 To furnish to the College for temporary service at cost, teachers from among the University fellows and special instructors from its faculty.

6. To furnish the College scientific apparatus and supplies at cost.

7. To furnish books for the library, students or officers of the College at cost.

8. To furnish the library of the College copies of all books and journals issued by the University of Chicago Press.



PROPOSED ARTICLES OF AFFILIATION BETWEEN THE

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO AND RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE, ARRANGED

BY DR. HARPER IN CONFERENCE WITH MR. J.D. ROCKEFELLER, JR.

AND F.T. GATES.

April 19 1898

The University Agrees:

1. To conduct the entrance examinations of students entering the college, the full cost of such examinations to be paid by the College.

2. To conduct the examinations of students in the College, according to such plan as may be mutually agreed upon the cost in every case to be paid by the College.

3. To grant fellowships affording free tuition for one year, in the College or Schools of the University, to three students, annually, who shall have taken the degree of Rush Medical College. This to take effect only when the requirements for entrance to Rush Medical College shall be equivalent to the requirements for entrance to the University.

4. To grant free tuition for residence work in its

graduate schools to all instructors in the College under regular salary.

5. To furnish to the College for temporary service at cost, teachers from among the University fellows and special instructors from its faculty.

6. To furnish the College scientific apparatus and supplies at cost.

7. To furnish books for the library, students or officers of the College at cost.

8. To furnish the library of the College copies of all books and journals issued by the University of Chicago.

Press.



9. To loan to the instructors of the College, books and apparatus, where practicable at net cost of transit and handling.

10 To consider with reference to approval or disapproval, the names of all instructors proposed for membership in the College Faculty.

34  
The College agrees:

1. To accept the decision of the University in reference to the examination of all candidates for admission.

2. To adopt so far as may be practicable, the general regulations of the University.

3. To elect only such instructors, during the period of this affiliation as shall have been approved by the University.

4 To terminate the service of such instructors as shall have been suggested as unsatisfactory by the University.

5 To increase the requirements for entrance as rapidly as the University may require.

6 To grant free tuition to members of the University staff who may wish instruction in the College.

34p  
It is mutually agreed and understood:

1. That nothing in affiliation as described by these articles shall be understood to give encouragement that Rush Medical College is ever to become the Medical School of the University.

2. That it is the distinct purpose of the University to establish such a Medical School when funds shall have been provided.



9. To loan to the instructors of the College, books and apparatus, where practicable at net cost of transit and handling.

10. To consider with reference to approval or disapproval, the names of all instructors proposed for membership in the College Faculty.

The College agrees:

1. To accept the decision of the University in

reference to the examination of all candidates for admission.

2. To adopt so far as may be practicable, the general regulations of the University.

3. To elect only such instructors, during the period of this affiliation as shall have been approved by the University.

4. To terminate the service of such instructors as shall have been suggested as unsatisfactory by the University.

5. To increase the requirements for entrance as rapidly as the University may require.

6. To grant free tuition to members of the University staff who may wish instruction in the College.

It is mutually agreed and understood:

1. That nothing in affiliation as described by these

articles shall be understood to give encouragement that

such Medical College is ever to become the Medical School of the University.

2. That it is the distinct purpose of the University to establish such a Medical School when funds shall have been provided.



OK

~~Burroughs~~

100 STATE STREET,  
CHICAGO.

May, 1st 1898

My dear Mr. President:

I telephoned you yesterday that I had heard from Dr. Senn in Springfield by wire in response to my letter. He says: "Faculty action approved". So you are quite free to go on in the matter of the Faculty enlargement. I am much pleased.

Kindly excuse my confusing in my last to you the name of the excellent Secretary of the University with a physician of our city who having lately called me to see one of his cases had his name impressed upon my mind. I wished to ask Dr. Goodspeed, not Dr. Goodkind, to be our Commencement chaplain unless you had another suggestion to make in that connection.

One of our friends yesterday suggested that I send you the enclosed memorandum, which I do with pleasure.

Will you take special pains at the meeting of the Board of Trustees to ask every member of it in the name of the Faculty and on the part of the Marshal to be present on Wednesday, May 25th, at 2 p. m. in Central Music Hall where our Commencement Exercises will be held. The address on that occasion will be given by the Rev. Geo. S. Burroughs, President of Wabash College.

The occasion will be one of special interest in view of the late affiliation of the College with the University and the starting of our institution under its new management and with a new Board of Trustees. There will be places on the stage for all the Trustees and they are especially asked to take positions in the processional toward the stage with the others taking part in the proceedings. Their position in the line is next to the last, the very last being the President, the Speaker, the chaplain, and the President of the Board of Trustees.



100 STATE STREET  
CHICAGO

May, 1st 1898

My dear Mr. President:

I telephoned you yesterday that I had heard from Dr. Senn in Springfield by wire in response to my letter. He says: "Faculty action approved." So you are quite free to go on in the matter of the Faculty enlargement. I am much pleased.

Kindly excuse my confusing in my last to you the name of the excellent Secretary of the University with a physician of our city who having lately called me to see one of his cases had his name impressed upon my mind. I wished to ask Dr. Goodspeed, not Dr. Goodkind, to be our Commencement chaplain unless you had another suggestion to make in that connection.

One of our friends yesterday suggested that I send you the enclosed memorandum, which I do with pleasure.

Will you take special pains at the meeting of the Board of Trustees to ask every member of it in the name of the Faculty and on the part of the Marshal to be present on Wednesday, May 25th, at 2 p. m. in Central Music Hall where our Commencement Exercises will be held. The address on that occasion will be given by the Rev. Geo. S. Burroughs, President of Washburn College.

The occasion will be one of special interest in view of the late affiliation of the College with the University and the starting of our institution under its new management and with a new Board of Trustees. There will be places on the stage for all the Trustees and they are especially asked to take positions in the processional toward the stage with the others taking part in the proceedings. Their position in the line is next to the last, the very last being the President, the Speaker, the chaplain, and the President of the Board of Trustees.



Mla

FROM MINUTES OF MEETING OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MAY 3, 1898.

President Harper made interesting statements relating to his recent visit to New York.

He presented the following articles of affiliation which had been agreed upon in New York recommended by the Faculty of Rush Medical College to the Board of Trustees of the College and adopted by said Board:

The University agrees:

1. To conduct the entrance examinations of students entering the College, the full costs of such examination to be paid by the College.
2. To conduct the examinations of students in the College according to such plan as may be mutually agreed upon, the cost in every case to be paid by the College.
3. To grant fellowships affording free tuition for one year in the Colleges or Schools of the University, to three students, annually, who shall have taken the degree of Rush Medical College (This to take effect only when the requirements for entrance to Rush Medical College shall be equivalent to the requirements for entrance to the University).
4. To grant free tuition for residence work in its graduate schools to all instructors in the College under regular salary.
5. To furnish to the College for temporary service at cost teachers from among the University fellows and special instructors from its faculty.
6. To furnish books for the library, students or officers of the College at cost.



FROM MINUTES OF MEETING OF BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF MAY 3, 1898.

President Harper made interesting statements relating to

his recent visit to New York.

He presented the following articles of affiliation which

had been agreed upon in New York recommended by the Faculty of

Rush Medical College to the Board of Trustees of the University

adopted by said Board:

The University agrees:

1. To conduct the entrance examinations of students

entering the College, the full costs of such examination to be paid

by the College.

2. To conduct the examinations of students in the College

according to such plan as may be mutually agreed upon, the cost in

every case to be paid by the College.

3. To grant fellowships affording free tuition for one year

in the College or Schools of the University, to three students,

annually, who shall have taken the degree of Rush Medical College

(This to take effect only when the requirements for entrance to

Rush Medical College shall be equivalent to the requirements for

entrance to the University).

4. To grant free tuition for residence work in the

graduate schools to all instructors in the College under regular

salary.

5. To furnish to the College for temporary service at

cost teachers from among the University fellows and special

instructors from its Faculty.

6. To furnish books for the library, students or officers

of the College at cost.



7. To furnish the College scientific apparatus and supplies at cost.

8. To furnish the library of the College copies of all books and journals issued by the University of Chicago Press.

9. To loan to the instructors of the College books and apparatus where practicable at net cost of transit and handling.

10. To consider with reference to approval or disapproval the names of all instructors proposed for membership in the College faculty.

The College agrees:

1. To accept the decision of the University in reference to the examination of all candidates for admission.

2. To adopt so far as may be practicable the general regulations of the University.

3. To elect only such instructors, during the period of this affiliation as shall have been approved by the University.

4. To terminate the service of such instructors as shall have been suggested as unsatisfactory by the University.

5. To increase the requirements for entrance as rapidly as the University may require.

6. To grant free tuition to members of the University staff who may wish instruction in the College.

It is mutually agreed and understood:

1. That nothing in affiliation as described by these articles shall be understood to give encouragement that Rush Medical College is ever to become the Medical School of the University.

2. That it is the distinct purpose of the University



to establish  
provided.  
It  
mediate

7. To furnish the College scientific apparatus and supplies at cost.
8. To furnish the library of the College copies of all books and journals issued by the University of Chicago Press.
9. To loan to the instructors of the College books and apparatus where practicable at net cost of transit and handling.
10. To consider with reference to approval or disapproval the names of all instructors proposed for membership in the College faculty.

The College agrees:

1. To accept the decision of the University in reference to the examination of all candidates for admission.
  2. To adopt so far as may be practicable the general regulations of the University.
  3. To elect only such instructors, during the period of this affiliation as shall have been approved by the University.
  4. To terminate the service of such instructors as shall have been suggested as unsatisfactory by the University.
  5. To increase the requirements for entrance as rapidly as the University may require.
  6. To grant free tuition to members of the University staff who may wish instruction in the College.
- It is mutually agreed and understood:
1. That nothing in affiliation as described by these articles shall be understood to give encouragement that Rush Medical College is ever to become the Medical School of the University.
  2. That it is the distinct purpose of the University



to establish such a Medical School when funds shall have been provided.

It was voted that these articles be adopted to take immediate effect.

President Harper was appointed a Committee with power to represent the University in carrying out the aforesaid affiliation.



to establish such a Medical School when funds shall have been  
provided.  
It was voted that these articles be adopted to take  
immediate effect.  
President Harper was appointed a Committee with power  
to represent the University in carrying out the above  
affiliation.



BALTIMORE, April 8, 1899

Dear Dr. Ingals:-

In reply to your letter of April 4th, <sup>asking</sup> for further information about Dr. Dobbin, <sup>he</sup> would say that he graduated at the University of Maryland, in the Spring of 1893, and came to me at the Johns Hopkins the following year, where he has been ever since. During this entire period he has been a resident of the Johns Hopkins Hospital and has done no outside practice, except occasionally in consultation.

For the first two years he was with me, he organized the Out Patient Obstetrical Department and delivered every woman who applied for treatment. On the opening of the Ward, three years ago, he was appointed Resident Obstetrician to the Hospital, which office he still holds, as well as that of Assistant in ~~Obstetrics~~ <sup>Obstetrics</sup> in the University. During this period he has seen about 1100 women delivered ~~in my service~~ and has done the greater part of the operative work in the service. He has assisted me in teaching for the past four years, has certain classes of his own, and fills my place when I am absent.

All his spare time has been spent in the pathological laboratory, where he has worked under my supervision upon a number of questions of obstetrical interest and has published a number of very interesting scientific articles.

He has never been abroad; he is 29 years old, comes of one of the oldest families in Maryland and is very popular with every one with whom he comes in contact. He is a good teacher and is popular among the students, and the only drawback which I can mention about him is that he stammers slightly, though not enough to interfere with his lecturing. He has improved markedly in this respect, and I imagine that with more practice in lecturing that defect will <sup>actually</sup> disappear. It would be a personal loss to me if he were given the place, as I do not







-2-

know where I can lay my hands upon a man who would suit me so well in every respect.

I do not want to appear to say too much in his favor, but he is the only man <sup>whom I know,</sup> who can at present carry out the methods which we <sup>have</sup> started at the Johns Hopkins.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Dr. E. Fletcher Ingals,  
34 Washington Street,  
Chicago, Ill.

J. Whitridge Williams

P.S.

I believe from a practical standpoint that Davis would be the most available man for the work. I know him well, and his success would be certain.

Stobbin, on the other hand, is young, and ~~untested~~ untried. But I believe, if you can not get Davis, he will be the best man for you.

If you don't think well of Stobbin, you might consider J. C. Webster of the Ill. University. Webster has assistant for 1-1 to Prof. Simpson of Edinburgh, and is now Associate Prof. of Anatomy at Med. Coll., and is competent to teach both Histology and Anatomy. J. H. W.



BALTIMORE

-2-

know where I can lay my hands upon a man who would suit me as well in

every respect.

I do not want to appear to say too much in his favor, but

he is the only man who can at present carry out the methods which we

started at the Johns Hopkins.

With kind regards,

Yours sincerely,

Dr. E. Fletcher Ingalls

24 Washington Street

Chicago, Ill.



For President Harper  
from Lowells & Barker

*Plans for Research Hospitals*  
PLANS FOR RESEARCH HOSPITALS.

Three modes of developing hospitals for medical research at the University may be suggested. No matter which mode is followed, the first thing that ought to be done would be to decide as to the general plan of ultimate development. The four blocks on the Midway should be parcelled out by a landscape gardener in consultation with the architect. The position of the main buildings should be decided upon. These main buildings would include

- (1) Research Hospital for Internal Medicine
- (2) Research Hospital for Surgery
- (3) Research Hospital for Obstetrics and Gynaecology
- (4) Out-patient Department
- (5) Administration Building
- (6) Nurses Home
- (7) Kitchen Building
- (8) Pathological Building
- (9) Private Wards
- (10) Buildings for Psychiatry, Pediatrics and various specialties
- (11) Institute for Infectious Diseases

The general plan of buildings having been decided upon, and a decision as to the scale of development and endowment having been reached, the research hospitals could be

- a. Developed very gradually.
- b. Developed all at once
- c. Developed at a rate intermediate between a and b.

(ad. a.) Plan of very gradual development. According to this plan no attempt would be made to construct all the buildings at once. On the other hand a decision would be come to as to the most desirable sequence for gradual construction and organization. If the very gradual plan be followed, probably the best sequence would be to begin with the construction of an out-patient department on Cottage Grove Avenue or 61st Street



PLANS FOR RESEARCH HOSPITALS.

Three modes of developing hospitals for medical research at the University may be suggested. No matter which mode is followed, the first thing that ought to be done would be to decide as to the general plan of ultimate development. The four blocks on the Midway should be parcelled out by a landscape gardener in consultation with the architect. The position of the main buildings should be decided upon. These main

buildings would include

- (1) Research Hospital for Internal Medicine
- (2) Research Hospital for Surgery
- (3) Research Hospital for Obstetrics and Gynecology
- (4) Out-patient Department
- (5) Administration Building
- (6) Nurses Home
- (7) Kitchen Building
- (8) Pathological Building
- (9) Private Wards
- (10) Buildings for Psychiatry, Pediatrics and various special-
- (11) Institute for Infectious Diseases

The general plan of buildings having been decided upon, and a decision as to the scale of development and endowment having been reached, the

research hospitals could be

- a. Developed very gradually.
- b. Developed all at once
- c. Developed at a rate intermediate between a and b.

(ad. a.) Plan of very gradual development. According to this plan no attempt would be made to construct all the buildings at once. On the other hand a decision would be come to as to the most desirable sequence for gradual construction and organization. If the very gradual plan be followed, probably the best sequence would be to begin with the construction of an out-patient department on Cottage Grove Avenue or 61st Street



so as to be very convenient to lines of transportation. This building should be made from the beginning suitable for the ultimate needs of the institution as a whole. The space not used for patients in the first few years after its construction to be temporarily utilized for laboratory work and teaching. As soon as this building has been constructed one of the three main hospitals, preferably the Hospital for Research and Internal Medicine, should be begun. It would require from one to three years to build it, and the plans for it should be drawn while the out-patient department is being constructed. This first research hospital should be built to suit the ultimate needs of Internal Medicine, but while those needs ~~are~~<sup>are</sup> gradually developing, it could be utilized also for research work in Surgery. As soon as the combined needs of Medicine and Surgery exceed the capacity of this first research hospital, the second hospital, that for Research in Surgery, should be built, the plans for it having in the meantime been fully worked out. This second research hospital should be built to suit the ultimate needs of Surgery, but while these needs are developing, the hospital space and facilities could be divided between Surgery and Obstetrics and Gynaecology. As soon as this hospital became insufficient to meet the needs of these two subjects, the third research hospital, that for Obstetrics and Gynaecology, should be built.

An Institute for Infectious Diseases would be desirable early, but if the McCormick Institute should build near the University and would permit the University faculty to utilize its material and facilities, there would be no need of the University building an additional institute for this purpose.

The Administration Building could be small, if desired, and contain merely the business offices of the hospitals.







The private wards might profitably be developed early, for they could easily be made a source of income to the hospital fund. Only trained nurses would be employed until a training-school was developed, and then a nurses home should be built.

Expenditures, according to gradual plan.

1904-1906

1. Drawing up of general plan for ultimate development
2. Appointment of Research Professor in Internal Medicine
3. Building out-patient department
4. Drawing plans of hospital for Internal Medicine and beginning construction of same
5. Toward end of period, appointment of Research Professor of Surgery and staffs for Medical and Surgical laboratories

1906-1908

1. Completion of construction of Medical Research Hospital Equipment, staff, maintenance.
2. Drawing plans and building Research Hospital for Surgery. Equipment, maintenance, staff.
3. Drawing plans for Research Hospital in Obstetrics and Gynaecology.
4. Building some private wards

1908--

- Building Research Hospital for Obstetrics and Gynaecology
2. Administration Building
  3. Kitchen
  4. Nurses Home
  5. Pathological Building
  6. Laundry
  7. Psychiatric and other clinics

(ad b.) Plan of development all at once. According to this

plan the plant would be constructed as a whole. In many ways this would be ideal, but it would, of course, necessitate a very large endowment—at least six or eight million dollars. The best way to proceed would be to appoint the three professors in the main research branches, one in



Internal Medicine, one in Surgery (say Dr. Cushing) one in Obstetrics and Gynaecology (say Dr. Webster). These three professors, together with Dr. Billings, Dr. Dodson, Dr. Mall, the architect and the landscape gardener, with the President of the University ex officio, might form a committee to work out the whole plan of building and organization, first in gross, then in detail. As was done when the Lying-in Hospital in New York was built, some members of the committee should be especially directed to study the plans of the best hospitals in this country and in Europe. After the plans had been settled, say at the end of one year, the construction could be undertaken at once, and would require at least two or three years, at the end of which time, very large expenditures for equipment, staff, maintenance, etc. would be required. Undoubtedly if the money could be made available, this plan would yield the best results.

(ad. c) Plan of development intermediate between a and b. Various modes of proceeding faster than in plan a and yet less rapidly than in plan b are easily conceivable. Two hospitals could be built where one is indicated in plan a, etc. etc.



Internal Medicine, one in Surgery (say Dr. Cushing) one in Obstetrics and Gynecology (say Dr. Webster). These three professors, together with Dr. Billings, Dr. Dodson, Dr. Mall, the architect and the landscape gardener, with the President of the University ex officio, might form a committee to work out the whole plan of building and organization, first in gross, then in detail. As was done when the Lying-in Hospital in New York was built, some members of the committee should be especially directed to study the plans of the best hospitals in this country and in Europe. After the plans had been settled, say at the end of one year, the construction could be undertaken at once, and would require at least two or three years, at the end of which time, very large expenditures for equipment, staff, maintenance, etc. would be required. Undoubtedly if the money could be made available, this plan would yield the best results.

(ad. c) Plan of development intermediate between a and b. Vs-

rious modes of proceeding faster than in plan a and yet less rapidly than in plan b are easily conceivable. Two hospitals could be built where one is indicated in plan a, etc., etc.



Internal Medicine, one in Surgery (say Dr. Cushing) one in Obstetrics and Gynecology (say Dr. Webster). These three professors, together with Dr. Ballinger, Dr. Dodson, Dr. Mall, the architect and the landscape gardener, with the President of the University ex officio, might form a committee to work out the whole plan of building and organization, first in gross, then in detail. As was done when the Irving Hospital in New York was built, some members of the committee should be especially directed to study the plans of the best hospitals in this country and in Europe. After the plans had been settled, say at the end of one year, the construction could be undertaken at once, and would require at least two or three years, at the end of which time, very large expenditures for equipment, staff, maintenance, etc. would be required. Undoubtedly if the money could be made available, this plan would yield the best results.

(ad. c) Plan of development intermediate between a and b. Various modes of proceeding faster than in plan a and yet less rapidly than in plan b are easily conceivable. Two hospitals could be built where one is indicated in plan a, etc. etc.



General plan for the union of Rush Medical College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons and for their incorporation as the Medical School of the University of Chicago.

1. The Trustees of Rush Medical College will make over to the University of Chicago the property and good will of the institution.

2. The College of Physicians and Surgeons will make over to the University of Chicago the property and good will of the institution.

3. The University of Chicago will *all the obligations and* assume the bonds of both institutions.

4. The money paid as salaries to the professors of the College of Physicians and Surgeons will be understood to cancel in each case the stock owned by the particular professor until the whole amount of stock has been canceled or delivered to the University.

5. The University will maintain and foster such relations as may have been entered into by the Colleges with the hospitals

6. The names of both institutions will be included in some form in connection with the general title of the school as incorporated in the University.

7. All professors in both colleges will resign. A specified number in each institution will be reappointed; others will be appointed in accordance with general regulations.

8. Until a permanent income is secured the salaries of professors in the Medical School will be adjusted in proportion to the income of the school from all sources, the particular amount in each case to be calculated upon the basis of the time spent in service *and* of the skill and reputation of the instructor, it being understood that instructors giving all or the greater part of their time, and instructors in the non-practical departments, shall receive first consideration.

9. Entrance to the Medical School as reconstituted will be limited to those who have in general fulfilled the requirements of the Academic College of the University of Chicago.



General plan for the union of Rush Medical College and the College of Physicians and Surgeons and for their incorporation as the Medical School of the University of Chicago.

1. The Trustees of Rush Medical College will make over to the University of Chicago the property and good will of the institution.

2. The College of Physicians and Surgeons will make over to the University of Chicago the property and good will of the institution.

3. The University of Chicago will assume the bonds of both institutions.

4. The money paid as salaries to the professors of the College of Physicians and Surgeons will be understood to cancel in each case the stock owned by the particular professor until the whole amount of stock has been canceled or delivered to the University.

5. The University will maintain and foster such relations as may have been entered into by the Colleges with the hospitals.

6. The names of both institutions will be included in some form in connection with the general title of the school as incorporated in the University.

7. All professors in both colleges will resign. A specified number in each institution will be reappointed; others will be appointed in accordance with general regulations.

8. Until a permanent income is secured the salaries of professors in the Medical School will be adjusted in proportion to the income of the school from all sources, the particular amount in each case to be calculated upon the basis of the time spent in service of the skill and reputation of the instructor, it being understood that instructors giving all or the greater part of their time and instructors in the non-practical departments shall receive first consideration.

9. Entrance to the Medical School as reconstituted will be limited to those who have in general fulfilled the requirements of the Academic College of the University of Chicago.



10. The course will include four years, it being understood that the first years will be especially devoted to pure science and that students may receive at the end of the first two years the degree of Bachelor of Science.

11. Students already admitted to these institutions will be graduated according to the announcements of the catalogues, but their degrees will be conferred by the present institutions and not by the University of Chicago.

12. Work in Chemistry, Biology and pure science work <sup>for the first year</sup> will be carried on on the University campus; technical work in the buildings of the Medical Colleges.

13. The work of the Medical School will be conducted in accordance with the general regulations of the University.

14. The Medical Faculty will sustain the same relation to the University as is sustained by other Faculties, the President and Board of Trustees exercising the same powers in reference to the Medical School as are exercised in connection with other Faculties. The school will be organized under a head dean with special deans for each <sup>100 students</sup> ~~year of the course~~. <sup>15</sup> The sum of \$25,000. a year will be secured for five years for expenses.

*3. 11. 1900*



10. The course will include four years, it being understood that the first years will be especially devoted to pure science and that students may receive at the end of the first two years the degree of Bachelor of Science.

11. Students already admitted to these institutions will be graduated according to the announcements of the catalogues, but their degrees will be conferred by the present institutions and not by the University of Chicago.

*for the first year*  
12. Work in Chemistry, Biology and pure science work will be carried on on the University campus; technical work in the buildings of the Medical Colleges.

13. The work of the Medical School will be conducted in accordance with the general regulations of the University.

14. The Medical Faculty will sustain the same relation to the University as is sustained by other Faculties, the President and Board of Trustees exercising the same powers in reference to the Medical School as are exercised in connection with other Faculties. The school will be organized under a head dean with special deans for each <sup>100 students</sup> year of the course. The sum of \$25,000. a year will be secured for five years for expenses.

*E. M. ...*



# RUSH MEDICAL COLLEGE

(OFFICIAL AND CONFIDENTIAL)

The following regulations adopted by the Board of Trustees are herewith announced:

1. That on and after July 1, 1899, the salaries of all officers of Rush Medical College be arranged upon the basis of a schedule, it being understood that nine Majors of sixty hours each constitute a year's work.

2. That the recitation hour be taken as the unit for calculation of salary, and that only such time be allowed as is actually spent in class work, it being understood that clinical and laboratory hours shall be counted as half hours, excepting for teachers of lower rank than assistant professor in the Departments of Materia Medica, Physiology, and Chemistry, in which case the laboratory hours count the same as the recitation hour.

3. That the salaries attached to the various ranks be as follows:

Professor	-	-	-	-	\$3,000
Associate Professor	-	-	-	-	2,000
Assistant Professor	-	-	-	-	1,500
Instructor	-	-	-	-	1,000
Associate Instructor	-	-	-	-	750
Assistant Instructor	-	-	-	-	500

4. That unless otherwise notified by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, officers of instruction will be paid according to the schedule above announced in proportion to the amount of work performed, *e. g.*, a professor for each major of instruction receives \$333.33; each associate professor, \$222.22; each assistant professor, \$166.66; each instructor, \$111.11; each associate, \$83.33; each assistant, \$55.55.

5. That all contracts made with officers, unless special notification to the contrary is given by the Secretary of the Board of Trustees, shall be upon the understanding that 25 per cent. of the proposed salary shall be withheld at the discretion of the Board of Trustees, and that monthly payments shall be based upon 75 per cent. of the salary, the remaining 25 per cent. to be voted by the Board of Trustees if, at the close of the year, in their judgment the funds of the institution will permit.

6. That all arrangements for work which involve money shall be revised thirty days before the publication of the Spring Announcements for the Summer and Autumn Quarters and the Winter Announcements for the Winter and Spring Quarters, by the head of the department and the Dean, and approved by the Comptroller and the representative of the University of Chicago, and that in each individual case the approval be written and signed by the officers concerned.

7. The following appointments have been made to administrative positions for the year beginning July 1, 1899:

Dr. F. C. Coolidge, now Examiner, to be Dean of the Freshman class.

Dr. J. M. Dodson, now Junior Dean, to be Dean of the Sophomore and Junior classes.

Dr. Frank Billings to be Dean of the Senior class.

Dr. H. M. Lyman, now Senior Dean, to be Dean of the Faculty of the College.

Dr. L. Hektoen to be Librarian.

Dr. E. Fletcher Ingalls to be Comptroller.

8. Dr. A. D. Bevan is transferred from the Department of Anatomy to the Department of Surgery, with the rank of Associate Professor. He is, however, requested to continue temporarily in charge of the Department of Anatomy with the title of Professor of Surgical Anatomy.

9. The resignation of Professor E. Klebs has been accepted.

10. Dr. W. T. Belfield is transferred from Bacteriology to the Department of Surgery with the rank of Associate Professor.

11. Assistant Professor E. O. Jordan, of the University of Chicago, is appointed to give instruction in Bacteriology.

12. Dr. J. C. Webster, of McGill University, Montreal, Can., is appointed Professor of Obstetrics and Gynecology and head of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology.



14. Dr. Christian Fenger, of the Chicago Medical College, is appointed Professor of Clinical Surgery.

15. The following new appointments are made for one year beginning July 1, 1899 :

In the Department of Chemistry :

Ralph W. Webster to an assistantship.

In the Department of Anatomy :

John B. Ellis to an assistantship.  
C. H. Parks to an assistantship.  
E. G. McEwen to an assistantship.  
H. W. Horn to an assistantship.  
D. D. Lewis to an assistantship.

In the Department of Physiology :

George F. Zaum to an instructorship.  
Edwin F. Burton to an associateship.

In the Department of Pathology :

Thomas R. Crowder to an assistantship.  
Isidor B. Diamond to an assistantship.

In the Department of Laryngology and Chest Diseases:

Glenn N. Hammon to an assistantship.  
C. J. Habegger to an assistantship.  
J. E. Raycroft to an assistantship.

In the Department of Mental Diseases, etc.:

Kate B. Williams to an assistantship.

In the Department of Medicine :

Julia D. Merrill to a clinical assistantship.

In the Department of Ophthalmology :

Stuart Webster to a clinical assistantship.  
Edward V. L. Brown to a clinical assistantship.  
A. B. Keyes to an assistantship.

THOMAS W. GOODSPEED,  
*Ass't Sec. of the Board of Trustees.*

WILLIAM R. HARPER,  
*Representative of the University of Chicago.*

May 25, 1899.



Mr. Dr.  
Jordan recom.  
This. M.H.

Rush Medical College  
IN AFFILIATION WITH  
The University of Chicago

28

Pres. W. R. Harper,

University of Chicago.

My dear Sir:

I am a graduate of the University of Kansas (A.B., 94) and am now a Junior in the Rush Medical College and assist in histology for my tuition. I desire to obtain permission to take in the laboratories of the Rush, under the direction and supervision of Dr. Jordan, sufficient work in bacteriology to entitle me to a Master's degree <sup>from</sup> the University of Chicago, and to do so, if possible, without the payment of any other fees than those of the Rush Medical College. This, in view of my assistantship in histology - the Rush and the fact that the work leading to the degree would all be done in the laboratories of the Medical College, is, I venture to hope, not an

I recommend that Mr.  
Mustard be allowed to register for  
unusual work under these  
conditions.  
W. D. Jordan

Chicago, Ill. 640 W. Congress St.

Sept. 30, 1899

Approved M.H.

Mustard







Rush Medical College  
IN AFFILIATION WITH  
The University of Chicago

Chicago

unreasonable request.

During the summer quarter of 1895, I took work in the University of Chicago under Dr. Jordan and Dr. Eycleshymer. The quality of this work can doubtless be ascertained upon inquiring of these gentlemen.

Hoping to hear from you at your earliest convenience, I am,

Very kind yours,

J. H. Mustard



Truett Medical College  
IN ASSOCIATION WITH  
The University of Chicago

Chicago

unusually rapid

During the summer quarter of 1907, I had some 25 specimens of *Truett*  
under the name of *Truett*. The quality of the work is excellent.

occasionally upon inspection of these specimens.

Referring to the form of your earliest communication, I am

Very truly yours,  
W. H. Henshaw



THE OGDEN (GRADUATE) SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

OFFICE OF THE DEAN

The University of Chicago

FOUNDED BY JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER

CHICAGO

October 17, 1899.

My dear President Harper,-

I am in receipt of your communications  
concerning Mr. J. H. Mustard. Your letter of the 12th to him  
makes it possible for him to get a master's degree from the Univer-  
sity without even paying the matriculation fee. I cannot help  
thinking that the whole arrangement is an unwise one, even apart  
from this matter of the matriculation fee.

Yours very truly,

*R. D. Salisbury*

*Get my letter  
of 12th*



THE BOARD OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO  
OFFICE OF THE DEAN

The University of Chicago  
CHICAGO, ILL.

CHICAGO

October 11, 1892

Bellevue  
15

My dear President Carter:-

I am in receipt of your communication

concerning Mr. J. S. Ward. Your letter of the 12th to him

makes it possible for me to get a master's degree from the University

without even paying the matriculation fee. I cannot help

thinking that the whole arrangement is an unusual one, even apart

from this matter of the matriculation fee.

Yours very truly,

C. S. Johnson



COPY.

Oct. 12th, 1899.

My dear Sir:

Upon the recommendation of Mr. Jordan, you will be allowed to register upon the basis proposed. Will you confer with Dean Salisbury, to whom your letter has been sent?

Yours very truly

Mr. J. H. Mustard.

When is his letter

Mr. Mustard wisely asked for his letter, after it passed through my hands. The chief point of it is included in the quotation in my letter of the 20<sup>th</sup> to the Register. In answer to the request embodied in that quotation the President wrote as above.



COPY

Oct. 18th. 1892.

My dear Sir:

Upon the recommendation of Mr. Jordan, you will be allowed

to register upon the cards proposed. Will you confer with Dean Sells-

burg, to whom your letter has been sent?

Yours very truly

W. J. H. Woodard.

Where is this letter?

The following card was sent for the letter after it passed  
through my hands. The chief point of it is contained in  
it printed in my letter of the 18th of the month. I  
enclose to the original enclosed is the printed letter.  
Respectfully yours as before.



The University of Chicago

FOUNDED BY JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER

CHICAGO      October 20, 1899.

To the Registrar,

Dear Sir,-

I have received Mr. Mustard's registration cards returned by you to this office, with the statement that matriculation and laboratory fees must be paid. With reference to this case, I have to report the following:

1) Mr. Mustard wrote to the President asking to be allowed to do work at Rush for a master's degree here, "without the payment of any other fees than those of Rush Medical College."

2) The President wrote to Mr. Mustard that he might do the work on the terms which he suggested. This explicitly frees him from paying any fees except those of Rush College. Since the work is to be done at Rush there are no laboratory fees here.

The fact that this case sets aside a fee which, so far as I know, was never set aside before, does not alter the President's letter.

Respectfully yours,

*R.D. Salisbury*

*This letter was in response to one from the Registrar, calling for matriculation fee.*



The University of Chicago

CHICAGO

Oct 4 - 1911

To the President

Dear Sir,

I have received Mr. Henshaw's resignation with  
regret and have been in this office, with the  
idea and intention of seeing that it is  
done, I have to report the following:

1) Mr. Henshaw's resignation is not allowed to  
stand as such for a number of days, but the  
other two members of the Board of Trustees.

2) The President wrote to Mr. Henshaw that he  
was not allowed to do so. This is the only  
thing that has been done. Since the work is

to be done as soon as possible and no  
The fact that this case is a free will, so far as I  
know, has never been made before, does not alter the President's

letter.

Respectfully yours,

*W. H. Henshaw*

*This is the only case of a free will  
case for the President.*



*Dupree, Judah, Willard & Wolf*

*Attorneys & Counselors at Law.*

*Charles A. Dupree,*

*Noble B. Judah,*

*Monroe L. Willard,*

*Henry M. Wolf.*

*Adams Express Building,*

*Chicago.*

October 17, 1899.

*Judah*

Dr. William R. Harper,

President University of Chicago,

City.

Dear Sir,

A brief absence from the city has prevented my answering before this your letter of October 13 in relation to the medical school matter.

I have examined the Illinois statute in relation to medicine and surgery, and find therein nothing to prevent your carrying out your intentions as expressed in your letter.

It seems to me that there is only one section which in any manner requires your attention. It provides that it shall be the duty of the preceptors, professors, etc., who shall receive any dead body in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, to decently bury the same in some public cemetery or to cremate the same, etc., etc., and provides a penalty for breach of the provisions of the section.

I enclose you a full copy of the section. I judge, however, that the Rush Medical College will take charge of the final disposition of the bodies. If it does not, the University must comply with this section 4.

Yours truly,

Enc.

*Noble B. Judah*



Notes of a case

Yours truly,

ply with this section 4.

position of the bodies. If it does not, the University must com-  
that the Rush Medical College will take charge of the final dis-  
I enclose you a full copy of the section. I judge, however,

section.

etc., and provides a penalty for breach of the provisions of the  
bury the same in some public cemetery or to cremate the same, etc.,  
dead body in pursuance of the provisions of this Act, to decently  
duty of the preceptors, professors, etc., who shall receive any  
manner requires your attention. It provides that it shall be the  
It seems to me that there is only one section which in any

out your intentions as expressed in your letter.

and surgery, and find therein nothing to prevent your carrying

I have examined the Illinois statute in relation to medicine

school matter.

before this your letter of October 13 in relation to the medical

A brief absence from the city has prevented my answering

Dear Sir,

City.

President University of Chicago,

Dr. William R. Harper,

October 17, 1899.

Chicago

Chicago  
University of Chicago  
President  
Dr. William R. Harper

Superintendent  
Chicago  
University of Chicago  
President  
Dr. William R. Harper

Enclosure



C O P Y .

Oct. 13th, 1899.

My dear sir:

I write to ask you to look up for me, if you please, a legal question relating to the dissection of cadavers. We are not planning to have a medical school, but we have a pre-medical course. A good many of the Rush Medical students have been assigned to the University to do this pre-medical work. All of these students will be matriculated in Rush Medical College, as well as in the University of Chicago. It is proposed to have a Rush Medical professor give instruction. The cadavers will be the property of Rush Medical College and will be handled by Rush Medical College, but the actual work of dissection will be done in the anatomical building of the University of Chicago on the University grounds. Would this involve any legal complication? I think I have given you all the facts.

Yours very truly

Mr. Noble Judah,  
Chicago.



COPY

Oct. 18th. 1893.

My dear Sir:

I write to ask you to look up for me, if you please, a  
legal opinion relating to the dissection of cadavers. We are not per-  
mitting to have a medical school, but we have a pre-natal course. A  
good many of the Rush Medical students have been assigned to the Uni-  
versity to do this pre-natal work. All of these students will be  
matriculated in Rush Medical College, as well as in the University of  
Chicago. It is proposed to have a Rush Medical Professor of Anat-  
omy. The cadavers will be the property of Rush Medical College and  
will be handled by Rush Medical College, but the actual work of dissec-  
tion will be done in the anatomical building of the University of Chi-  
cago on the University grounds. Would this involve any legal consid-  
eration? I think I have given you all the facts.

Yours very truly

Mr. Noble Johnson

Chicago



*M. Donaldson*

*Com.  
on 11/11  
The*

4. Duty of Professors, etc., to bury body, etc. It shall be the duty of preceptors, professors and teachers, and all officers of medical colleges or schools, public or private, who shall receive any dead body or bodies, in pursuance of the provisions of this act, decently to bury, in some public cemetery, or to cremate the same in a furnace properly constructed for that purpose, the remains of all bodies, after they shall have answered the purposes of study aforesaid, and for any neglect or violation of the provisions of this act, the party or parties so neglecting, shall on conviction, forfeit or pay a penalty of not less than fifty dollars, nor more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail not less than six, nor more than twelve months, or both, at the discretion of the court; such penalties to be sued for by school officers, or any person interested therein, for the benefit of the school fund of the county in which the offense shall have been committed.



shall have been committed.  
by school officers, or any person interested therein, for the  
benefit of the school fund of the county in which the offense  
at the discretion of the court; such penalties to be sued for  
and not less than six, nor more than twelve months, or both,  
more than one hundred dollars, or be imprisoned in the county  
jail or pay a penalty of not less than fifty dollars, nor  
forfeit or pay a penalty so neglecting, shall on conviction,  
and for any neglect or violation of the provisions of this  
act, they shall have answered the purposes of study aforesaid,  
constructed for that purpose, the remains of all bodies,  
lic cemetery, or to cremate the same in a furnace properly  
of the provisions of this act, decently to bury, in some pub-  
vate, who shall receive any dead body or bodies, in pursuance  
all officers of medical colleges or schools, public or pri-  
shall be the duty of preceptors, professors and teachers, and  
4. Duty of Professors, etc., to bury body, etc. It

*Done, July 13*

*Wm. G. Galloway*



OFFICERS  
OF  
THE BOARD OF T

MARTIN A. RYZ  
T. W. GOODSP  
CHAS. L. F  
HENRY

*Medical*

July 16th, 1901.

My dear Dr. Goodspeed:

I do not see how we can require students who are transferred from Rush to pay an additional matriculation fee. They ought to matriculate, but not pay the fee. In accepting them from Rush, we are compelled to accept Rush matriculation. This, of course, does not apply to those who come in after the announcement.

Very truly yours,



July 16th, 1901.

My dear Dr. Goodspeed:

I do not see how we can re-  
quire students who are transferred from Rush to pay  
an additional matriculation fee. They ought to  
matriculate, but not pay the fee. In accepting them  
from Rush, we are compelled to accept Rush matricula-  
tion. This, of course, does not apply to those who  
come in after the announcement.

Very truly yours,

RUSTEES

PERSON, President  
FEED, Secretary  
MUTCHINSON, Treasurer  
A. RUST, Comptroller

Dear Dr.



THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES

MARTIN L. PERSON, *President*  
T. W. GOODFRIEND, *Secretary*  
CHAS. L. HUTCHINSON, *Treasurer*  
HARVEY A. RUST, *Comptroller*

The University of Chicago

FOUNDED BY JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER

WILLIAM R. HARPER, PRESIDENT

OFFICE OF . . .  
THE SECRETARY  
AND REGISTRAR

CHICAGO

Dear Dr. Harper,

Dr. Dodson shows me a statement from you that students of the present Freshman class at Rush will not be required to pay a matriculation fee at the University. I am not quite able to see how they are to enter then. Please instruct me in the matter.

T W Goodfriend



OFFICE OF  
THE SECRETARY  
AND REGISTRAR

The University of Chicago

CHICAGO, ILL.

WILLIAM R. HARTEN, PRESIDENT

CHICAGO

THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES  
OF  
THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

MARSHALL A. HARRIS, President  
J. W. BOONER, Secretary  
CLAUDE L. BURNETT, Treasurer  
HARRY A. HARRIS, Comptroller

Dear Dr. Harten,

Dr. D. C. Johnson has a statement  
from you that the students of the  
University of Chicago will not be  
permitted to take a master's  
degree in the University of Chicago.  
I am very sorry to hear of this  
and am sure it will be a great  
loss to the University.