

Frederick Starr Papers

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43 of 57 notebooks

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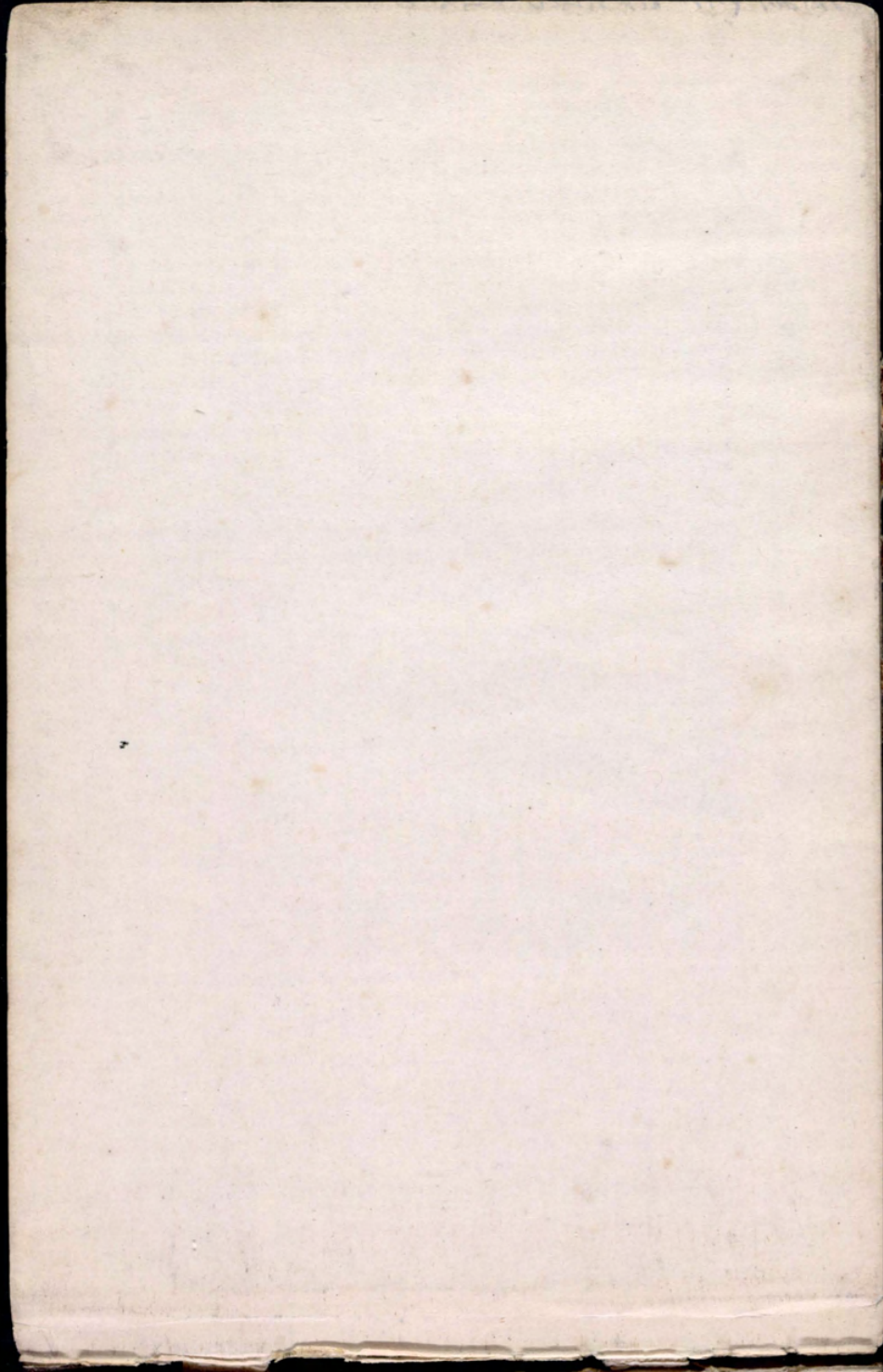
Mexican trip: 1904

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Frederick Starr

University of Chicago,
Chicago, Illinois.





Trip to Mexico: Sept - Dec. 1904.

(1)

Sept. 27th Left pretty closely to time at 6:05 pm. and had a lower berth through to Kansas City, where Spencer was to join me. When Manuel went there was no Tourist Sleeper run on the train and I had expected there would be none here. So Mr. Spencer had agreed to get two opposite lower from St. Louis through to El Paso to ensure us. We were more than two hours behind when 28th we reached Kansas City and the Conductor of the Pullman said the St. L. car would go on. Arrived there however, I found that Mr. Spencer was all adrift. He had only been able to buy to Kansas City, being told that their car would not go further. There they decided to send it off and after some compression we secured lower 15 and 16 in the car I had been in. We did not get away until one o'clock, three hours late. We had a close hot ride through Kansas, but with rain in the late afternoon. Toward evening we had an irruption of a California farmer, his sting-minded wife and their child, - also two Mexicans all being "transpired" and understanding that they were to have lower 15 and 16. The matter was adjusted and we were

left in possession though not until some feeling had been aroused. Among our fellow passengers we struck up acquaintance with Miss Edith Edwards and her mother. The young woman is a conscientious teacher, Ills. Normal School training; she is leaving Mayon, where she knew Mr. Stoy & had heard of me, to go to Bisbee, Arizona. The poor mother has a scattered family, a son in Galveston, one in India, one in Philippines, one in Hawaii. — A queer case is a Swiss girl, from Illinois, going alone to California, named Lorraine; she is pretty & pleasant, dresses with care, is nervous & excitable, gay, a little unwisely sociable, but not bad. — We 29th were greatly delighted with the change to the fine air of Oklahoma and Tex. New Mexico. We continued losing time and at Dalhart a woman on our car seemed likely to die. She was suffering terribly from asthma. A Dr. was sent for and the Conductor ordered him to do all in his power as the train would be held until he was through. He gave her an injection of morphine and left her more comfortable. We were more than six hours late at Tucumcari, but were told we would wait there at least an hour as there was a washhouse ahead. So we went uptown, mailing letters, getting a

chance and so on. The hour had changed to two. There is a bridge down and talk of transfer was common. This however was replaced by talk of trying to run out back - from Dalhart to French, so from the Santa Fe - as there was another washout below the bridge. No plan was the same for ten minutes. We had a number of false cries of all aboard from the Conductor and were started for Dalhart but stopped before we left the yards. We ate a late noon meal at the station eating house for which we paid and at evening supper there at the Company's expense, except such as had passes! Went to bed early with a lot of talk of going out to climb the mesa in the morning. - We were still waiting 30th. still uncertain in the morning. The dining car kept there who cared to patronize it, paying, waiting until 10 o'clock for breakfast. Four young men took horses (only one of the men had ridden before) and went to the mesa. A considerable party including lively Louise went on the wreck car engine down to the bridge, which they reported as barely passable for foot passengers and likely not to be ready for a long time. The same uncertainties as yesterday starts & stops, orders, counter orders, no way out by Dalhart. French as Santa Fe is washed out in that vicinity. Our Conductor was drinking and showed it in his manner and breath, as Mr. Spencer observed. At last, well on in the afternoon we were started northward, for Dalhart with the likelihood of

getting back to Bucklin and thence to La Junta and
so out on the Santa Fe. We were all deeply impressed, if
not scared by the raging and threatening aspect of the Cana-
dian River as we crossed. The bridge is a high one with
no side constructions and we looked down on an immense-
ly swollen, angry, torrent of brown water, which whirled
along quantities of great tree trunks. We were all re-
lieved when we were safely across and we united in
a general exclamation that we would not willingly
cross it again except on foot. We were hurrying on
and perhaps had passed Romero when, in going up a
grade through a cut, we felt that succession of jolts
and jolts to which I am now rather accustomed
and found ourselves derailed. The regular Pullman,
our tourist, & the engine remained on the track: the
other tourist, the chair car, the day coach, express &
mail, baggage and tender, were off the rails! I at
once said it would take us twenty-four hours to get
into shape again. The track was all torn to pieces,
rails spread, rotten ties broken to pieces. No one was
killed and only one person was seriously hurt - a lady
whose arm & shoulder were wrenched. When we
had become quiet - wreck at 6:20 - I went to bed.
Our Engine had gone to Dalhart: a wreck train came
from Tucuman and dragged our two cars down to Ro-
mero. A heavy freight passed the Canadian during
the night. In the early morning we were carried
to Abilene, where we lay all day. Passengers
were brought down from the other cars. Two meals
were served in the dining car - no fresh meats, no

Addresses.

D. Porfirio Parra. Cocheras, 1.

Lic. Julio Guerrero. de la Moneda, 6.

Meneses. 5^a de clina, 4.

Romualdo Zuechol. 1^a de Guerrero, 67. Morelia.

Benito M. Pacheco. Concepcion 12. Puebla.

José M. Alcocer. Valiente, 19, Morelia.

D. Cristobal Treviño, Uruapan.

Juan Calderon,

C. S. Brooks, Apartado 13, Uruapan.

ly ham & eggs, for the first of which I paid, but not for the second. Watermelons and mushrooms brought here we found that the big bridge went out early this morn-
ing by the neighborhood, found a ready market. — A Dr

Oct. 1 Herbert of Pasadena(?) had been extremely officious. He came from St. L. by train, with Spencer, but was transferred at Kansas City to a regular. Did he pay difference? I don't know, but from there on he swelled. He hobnobbed with conductor, occupied the best seats at table, recd. previous tips of information from the Dining Car conductor, seemed to run the train. He had a little talk with a young fellow who works at Elgin, Ariz. whom he informed was no gentleman because he ate breakfast before all the ladies were served. In the afternoon he came through the cars with a communication addressed to J. M. Allen, Genl. Passenger Agt. of the line, commending the whole force from Conductor & Engineer down to Porters. He had a goodly number of signatures, where he offered it to me. I said I did not feel much like signing it but that I would do so not to be singular. When, however, he proceeded to describe the cool & collected way in which the Engineer had conducted himself, which he had himself seen, being in the engine, I ordered my name crossed off. "You were on the engine?" "Yes sir." "Are you an officer of the road?" "No sir." "What rights had you on the engine?" "I had a right to be there." "Perhaps so but I don't know it." He was very angry so was I, and I expressed my abjection to the paper vigorously, so that it received few signatures in our car. We had some

words, in which I ended by saying he might be sure
that I had said nothing and should say nothing but
what I had warrants for. As he was returning from
the car I said - "one word Dr!" "I will have nothing
to say to you" he replied and flounced out. With him

are a bridal couple, a Dr. Frank L. Blair, oculist, who
goes out as his assistant, and his lady. Their names
were first on the document. As for me, I feel the

document an outrage. A drunken conductor in charge,
an engineer with a passenger in the engine at the
moment of accident, an inefficient & servile dining
car Conductor (Mr. Stiles), to most passengers a sulky
porter on our car, - there was no reason for such a
whitewashing.

Late in the afternoon, we be-
gan preparations for leaving: at 6.40 just 20 min-
utes more than a day from the hour of wreck, we
were made up and started from the scene of the wreck
and at about 8 o'clock were in Dalhart. There was
a noisy time. Another train was stalled there. A
part of it had been despatched but part of it was
added to ours - a Pullman, a Tourist - & there was
doubling up until every berth was taken. Spencer
gave up his lower & took my upper. We were at
Dalhart long enough to make up the train and car
and were then put into the hands of an Excursion
Manager, who when he saw my pass said - you
can get out at Herington and go back to Chicago
or you can go to Ft. Worth on this train and pay

\$1840 from there to El Paso! Our plan of Bucklin-La Junta
was destroyed - Santa Fe washouts. - On awakening we
Oct. 2. were plunging along at a good rate no. and finally
reaching Herington, took the line co. for Ft. Worth
we had hopes of a good dinner at Caldwell, where a
telegram for dinner was sent. Nough but a counter
lunch - great difficulty in getting it, for the crowd.
This we paid for and it was the only food of the day
except such fruit or cakes as we could snatch. We
went through an Indian country - Reno, &c. Lively
Louise got to talking religion and got up a service in the
other car with the porter as preacher. in the eve.
a "sing" in our section. A Mrs. Catchings with her boy
Walter, 13 yrs. old, widow, music-teacher in San Francisco
has been home to Kentucky; they were in a fearful head-
to-head collision in Tennessee: were some days at St.
Louis. Early in eve. Spencer whispered to me that
a bridge ahead was reported serious, just no. of Chica-
go. We pulled right home to it but dared not cross it.
While uncertain, I went to bed and was soon asleep.
Oct. 3. We ran back to Reno and to Geny, where they
really crossed the bridge over the Canadian only to find
a serious washout behind. Danger ahead & behind but
equal danger in standing in a flat that might be
flooded so back again. I awoke as we backed
across the bridge; the water was actually close to
the track & was frightful. Every instant our totter-
ing bridge threatened to let us be engulfed. We cor-

Manual para la precisa re - Palafox
Puebla. 1789. \$50. 10p.
Benito Pacheco - Concepcion 12.-

Promptuario - Paredes. Contij: complete

back however and at daybreak were standing in
quarry side by side with another train from Chicago.
There was just one more chance - a bridge below Okla.
City, on the S.F. So we ran across to Oklahoma City
where we arrived in the late morning almost famished.
We were marched in a body through the streets, and
dropped off at Restaurants in detachments and fed
by the Company. Got a shave, a wash, medicine drink
and took a walk about town. To the train again at
12. something; "all aboard", back, & a rear end collision
with an advancing freight train. Its locomotive front
was badly damaged and the platform of an regular
Pullman was smashed. My head was bumped &
several in our car were thrown. Real injuries were con-
fined to the daycoach & chair car. The lady injured
before was hurt again and so was her daughter. Mrs.
Beair in trying to jump from the Pullman was ren-
dered senseless and received a head injury. When
at 2.³⁰ we were ready to leave we switched out onto the
tracking of the Santa Fe and again were so. bound. At
last we were at the bridge which really looked threaten-
ing but we made the passage in safety. A foot bridge
at the station where we crossed had broken and two
sections gone. And the railroad bridge was out soon
after we made the crossing. When we reached Pauls
Valley, which we did in the late afternoon. To
our great regret we found that we were to leave
the Santa Fe & return to our own line at Chicago.

Frejés: Conquista de los Estados.	}	2.60
" Conquista particular de Jalisco.		—
Saltes: Huexotla, Texcoco y El Gauran.		—
Barbero: Calles de Mexico.		.05
Cravalon: Grabado en Mexico		.10
Catálogo - - Mexicaine: Paris Export ⁿ 1855.		.10
Aguilera y Ordoñez. Popocatepetl.		.10
Almaraz: Com. cient. de Pachuca.		.40
Annual Repts. Natl. Ry. Co. of Mexico. (3)		—
Arce y Molina: Reglas, &c. 1767.		3.50
Coleccion polidionica Mex. 1860.		3.50
Confessionario breve - Saavedra. 1746.		.95
de la Rosa. Lecciones de la Gram. 1899.		.25
García: demando. Doct. y Catecismo - Tarahum.		—
Villata. Viaje a la Caverna de Cacahuas.		—
Ruz: Sermones en Maya. 4 vols.		16.00
Molina: Doctrina cristiana. 1888.		5.00
de la Rosa. Gramatica, &c. 1871.		1.00
Chimalpopoca: Silibario. 1883.		.50
Pimentel: Observaciones - Mendoza. —		.50
Gastelu: Arte - - mexicana. 1885.		1.50
Sobron: Los Idiomas de la America Latina. —		—
Zambrano Bonilla. Arte Tolmeco. 1752.		71.50
Arce y Leon. San Don Vasco de Quirigua.		—
" Fr. Antonio de S. Miguel.		—
" Linguistic map of Mexico.		—
Boletins de Instituto Bibliografico.		—

I promptly went to bed tho we were promised supper at Chickasha at 9. - We at once had difficulties with upgrades & wasted hours on acct. of our heavy weights. We really did not reach Chickasha until 12 at night. Some of those who waited for supper had to pay 50 cents for it and the woman refused to let them go, locking the door on them until paid. — On walking

Oct. 4. in the morning we were again going so. on the R.I.. Yesterday we had struck up acquaintance with a sweet little Gyr. old, Bernice Roselle of K.C. who with her sister Bessie (perhaps 17 or 18) and her mother (Consumptive) go to El Paso. The three are from a single mould and the children will be tubercular. The little one is pretty & dainty, very affectionate, & knows more riddles than any child I ever saw. She & Wallin had a story a day. We arrived at Ft. Worth at about 11 & tired & hungry as we all were were kept waiting a full hour in the yards, while tanks were filled, &c. Then taken up to the T.P. station, we & the two Roselles got a good breakfast, paying 75 cents. Many were unable to get to the tables and had to pay outrageous prices at the lunch counter. Before reaching Ft. Worth the Excursion Mgr. had told me not to buy a ticket; he would see what could be done; ^{anyway} ~~meanwhile~~ pay on the train if necessary. I hunted up the Supt. of Joint tracks and asked him for a T. & P. pass. He said "who says you will have to pay 18.40" I replied "Oh I got that idea." "Very strange if you do" said he. "The R.I. pay us so much a mile to go over our track."

Coin and Medals.

Mex. pieces @ 2/6 = 1/-

Zacatecas 1/8. 1863.	.10
Columbus. 400 yrs. com.	.13
San Jose. rel. med. brass.	.12
Manila proclamation.	2.00
1830. N.S. de Los Angeles de Mexico. brass.	.25
1843. Asilo á la constancia, &c.	.30
N.S. de la Soledad de Grapuate. Silver.	} 4.50
N.S. de la Soledad de Santa Cruz de Mexico. Silver.	
S. Juan de Dios de Mexico: oval. Silver.	
Nuestra Sra. de Ocotlan: oval: silver.	
media: 1742	} .20
1/4 real silver 184-	

and we don't know anything of any 1840 charge. If
you have to have a pass, well give you one but you
ought not to need one. But Mr. Honey is here. Let's go
and see him." With this, we walked down to the train &
he introduced me to Mr. Honey. "This is a Rock Island
train, isn't it Honey?" "Yes." "Well Rock Island transpor-
tation is good over it, isn't it?" "Yes, of course." "Well, this
is Prof. Shaw of Chicago; he has transportation to E.O.
Butler introduce him to your Conductor, so there'll
be no mistake." The Excursion Mgr. came around
shortly after we started, which was at 1 p.m., and
told me "he had arranged it and I need not leave
to pay." I thanked him & told him "I had arranged it too."
Walter and his mother were among those who missed
breakfast so I invited him to take dinner with me
when we should have opportunity. This was not
until evening, at _____, where we got a good
country meal at 50¢. We crossed the last bridge
over the Pecos during the night. It had been reported as
subject to terrible flood but we saw nothing of it. It
was also reported, I know not how truly, that it went
out soon after. We had nothing to eat until about
Oct. 5 noon when, at Tierra Blanca, we had a fighting
mob struggling to get something as a miserable lunch
counter. Many on our train have suffered. They
have gone two or three days without food, not
having money with which to buy. The day's ride
was hot & dusty, with interruptions, so we arrived tired

at El Paso at 5 p.m. Mr. Spencer, in view of my pass
for him over the M.C., invited me to be his guest at
the Omdorff. We got a shave, cold drinks, bath, saw the
M.E. minister in behalf of the Roselles, called on them
as the Peerson, and ate a good dinner; saw our
companions of travel off about 7.30. But neither
of us slept as well in the comfortable beds as usual,
we needed the movements, the noise! — We got
Oct. 6. away promptly on the Central train at 10.10
Sleeping car crowded partly with our grand old Com-
panions, partly with others. Met a Mrs. Moore, two
daughters from Chicago, who had been in one of the other
trains. Also Mr. M. who is traveling auditor of
the Pinal-Durango R.R. & who came to meet
them at E.P. He has long been in the employ of the
C. & A. R.R. but thinks he now has a chance to do some
thing for himself. She was worked by the 1840 Street
& gave the Excursion Mgr. money to pay the fare. When
he returned it after having "fixed things", she begged
him to keep out what he felt his services worth: he
kept \$5. — Mr. clove was the first to inform me
that we would be delayed by a bridge burned below
Chihuahua. The road was down for twenty days
lately by washouts. Among these was the bridge
near Ortiz, which was replaced by a temporary
structure, which now has burned. We passed Chihua-
hua about on time & ran on down to the break
where the train lay all night. We had to wait for

Curiosities

In Silver. = 47

1. Cilicios - bed. Chuapas.	}	\$60.-
2. " harness. "		
3. Disciplina		
4. " "		
5. " "		
6. Cup with peculiar decoration: Cholula. 2.-		
7. Plaques of sirimo wood. San Juan Colchas.		
8. " with black ground. Uruapam		
9. " with green decoration on black. "		
10. " various - diff. size - complete. "		
11. Aje - for lacquer	}	Uruapam.
12. albayalde		
13. Tepoxcala.		
14. Rayadores.		"
15. Cilicios band - waist belt. <u>Guad</u>		.15
16. disciplina		.10
17. Corazon		.15
18. Plantas - new. <u>Guadalajara</u> .		1.00
19. Rodilleros. " "		1.25
20. Corazon & cross "		.75
21. Freno.		—

the up train and when we had made the transfer
and were headed so. left about ten hours late. Our
load lightened from Jimulco and our last day we
were comfortable. There had one disagreeable ex-
Oct. 7. perience during the day. Suddenly we felt
the jin-jan-jan, regularly repeated a hundred times
or more. As soon as we could stop, we found a rock
stump caught in the Pullman trucks. Wonder we
were not derailed; we had dragged it fully 200 ft.
It was too large to have been missed by the cowcatch-
er & it looks as if it were thrown onto the track
after the engine passed, catching only on the low
trucks of the Pullman. This was our last adventure.
— A curious passenger is Patrick Morris MacMahon,
the "poet of passion" from Honolulu; he has lived there
eight years as court stenographer. He writes a good
deal of verse. Has visited Samoa. Knows Hawaiian.
Tells love experiences and customs. Wore a bath towel
— sometimes a kimono, when at home, to the despair of
some neighbors. Has a volume of verse regarding
Hawaii, printed there & bound in fern-patterned
tapa. Going to Mexico, by invitation of Donthworth,
to help him with his publications. Good natured, but
a fighter. Hates missionaries. — When we
8th reached Tacatecas in the morning we were
thirteen hours late. The ride has been delight-
ful all the way so far as fear & rain. Place that

Tourney

Regular

Chicago to El Paso.	1465
E.P. - Mexico.	<u>1224.</u>
	2689

Extraordinary

Chicago - Tucumcari.	1134.
Tuc. - Romero.	60.
Romero - Nararisa.	13.
Nararisa - Herington.	421.
Herington - Poc. Chic.	260.
Poc. Chic. - Reno.	28.
Reno - Geary.	32.
Geary - Oklahoma City	48.
Oklahoma Cy. to Pauls.	33
	5
Pauls to Chickasha.	40
Chickasha - Ft. Worth.	211.
Ft. Worth - El Paso.	614.

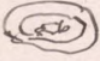
2903

are usually desert are really green: only a little
stretch really dry & dusty. At Dilao at 345 D. Hyde
was at the station to meet Mr. Spencer who stopped
off for a little rest. Through MacMahon met a
Dr. Pereira who has just been to Queretaro, looking
into opal. He has an idea that a new vein, which
yields greens & blues & blacks will be valuable. He shows
samples of Mex. the red and white ones & his idea
is to work up into necklaces, bracelets, masses for
the breast, &c. He hopes to interest American capitalists.
His wife was a Miss Stan of Philadelphia! —
We finally reached the City of Mexico at midnight
and I went to the Two Republics as being nearest.
9th Sunday. After writing letters to Mother and Mam-
el I went to Gante for breakfast and mail; also ar-
ranged for room at Hotel Lara. After sorting letters,
writing and getting books from trunk, I removed all
my stuff to my new quarters and then began look-
ing around. Had a pleasant visit with Sanchez-Ma-
mol and also Agüero with both of whom I left books.
Then to the Baratilla, which was crowded. At the
agua fresca place I found the two Abadianos and
Luis Gargales Abregón with whom I left a book. Gen-
raro was away. Padre Clarín I found at the Hos-
pital after finding no one at the house. He was not
in his old room so I wandered through sad and decay-
ward full of sick till I found him in a private,

room. The young fellow whom I have seen before
there saw me and directed me. Padre's sister and two
old women were there. My heart had sunk as I came
but the reality was worse than my fears. The Padre
has suffered terribly and at last the Dr. told him that
his life could only be saved by amputation of both his
legs. This was done less than ten days ago. The chief
surgeon, Gonzales, by the way is an Indian.

The padre has done remarkably well and the stumps
are healing. But it was very sad. He is thin and pale
not at all himself. And, apparently, he is in need. Yet
he has refused to sell Dorton my cilicios and showed
me B's letter offering to buy: and when I said I could
not pay immediately he bravely said that made no
difference.

Called on Neneja, who is revising
his general work on zoography. Through a handman
found my way to place, which seemed un-
usually interesting. We talked a good deal about
Maximiliana; he has an English made pitcher
bath tub; also six silver knives, three small three
large. The latter & crystal are often imitated, but
he bought the six for 5 pesos, which would not pay
anyone. He showed me Talavera wares and gave
me a little idea of prices ranging from 8p. to 20p.
according to size and decoration. Besides the white
fontanation there are some with a cream's blue-white
that are rather scarcer than the common white.

He had some interesting eslabons - silver sup-
ports with dog figures, a revolving steel inked bar, @
5p. - a beautiful large one with good engraving @ 4,
and a curious one, steel  with a copper disk
within that he will not sell. He sold me a

curious proclamation medal, Manila, Chas. iii. which
was designed and executed in Mexico. He has had
soap tokens from Guadalajara and wooden ones from
Queretaro. All in all, I had an exceptionally pleasant
and profitable talk with him. — Dropping in

to Dr. Butler's to say how are you, I found them just
sitting down to tea and stayed. D. was in Puebla. Mrs.

and her husband both live with D.B. Mrs.
Butler has lately made a curious study of Catholic
pictures and brings together a remarkable collec-
tion. It numbers over 50 and is chiefly virgins. She
has worked out their story and gives it on the re-
verse. The set has pleased and she has made
seven duplicate sets. I was more than interested
and she has promised to make me up a set also.
Of course, her point of view differs from mine but her
results & method are both good. She showed me

also a picture of the little grandchild, choked in
birth by the cord about its neck. Only a little time
ago. I feel sorry for Evelyn. — After a most refresh-

Autografo
Libros

Go.-

8

68.p.

Sermoes

16

84.

Paid

Oct 25, 1904

10th. - In night's sleep I started out early. Had a visit with W.W. Blake, who has been home only a few days. Tried to find Mr. VanAntwerp in his office but he does not begin there until next month. Wasted two precious hours waiting for Pres. Brown at the National office. It was a day of special business appointments and I finally left without seeing him. Then to see Mr. Hawley. He was out & Mr. McCorm engaged; Mr. Hawley soon returned and greeted me unusually pleasantly. On my handing him my old pass and asking if he could renew it he said - "Oh yes, I think so" - and disappeared. In a few minutes he reappeared - "Mr. McCorm was away; he was sorry he could not fix it just now; the new rules were very strict and he did not know." "When should I call to learn?" "When was I going out." "At four." "Well come in before that." A pleasant little call with Mr.

Robinson and some talk over the Co. Heavy losses by washouts, &c. No rept. because change in fiscal year. One will finally appear for eighteen months. He goes to States on the 12th, but will be back in November.

Hence I hurried to Paddy's house where I was to be at 12. and secured the cilicins. They were from Chiapas and were truly terrible. A bed, fully six feet long by 2 1/2 or 3 wide. Coarse meshing and strong points. The other is a covering for the back, shoulder straps & breast

band with rainband all in one piece, besides some
arm & leg bands of the same type. Padre says that S.
Lem claims that he assisted in removing such a
hamen as this from a woman into whose flesh the
points were deeply punctured. I must look into this.
— Took coach to get to Mr. VanAntwerp's house where
I wished to leave these cilicios and his book. Found
Mr.

There, who is just going back to the States
with Mr. Robinson. He has roomed here for some months.
He has lately bought some beautiful rugs and blankets
at Tulaneville: some, of Australian wool at 12p.
are as fine as any I have seen. Others less
expensive are more characteristically Mexican
but are also fine. Stayed to a pleasant lunch. Mr.
VanAntwerp was dismissed July 15 and has done
roughly since. He now takes the Agency of the Mex-
ican American Steamship Co. at least temporarily.
Mrs. VanAntwerp plans to go to Kansas to visit her
parents, leaving the 12th. Will probably be back for
their 15th wedding anniversary in November. —
It was then a rush home & around to the two stations.
Mr. Harney nor Mr. Morcom in so I got my trunk, leav-
ing my hand baggage. Just as I got back Mr. M.
got off the train. We greeted pleasantly enough. I
congratulated him upon the new position. Asking
about passes he said the Company now gave none.

I was a bad American custom, which he never liked and he was glad the orders from the Directors in England put the matter, where he could absolutely refuse all. . . . Next year it would be worse yet! . . . They have to pay for steel rails, why should hands expect not to pay -- Let Macmillan's pay, if they want your book -- I'm telling you the simple truth -- no one gets passes." Of course there was no remedy. I had to buy my ticket. We got to Puebla a little after 8. Manuel was there in a Conductor's cap, with a friend of modest calibre, and his mother. My bags were entrusted to his man and we walked in state to the Hotel and my old room. They stayed but a little while as he has to get to work at dawn.

11th — I came here with the intention of staying three days so as to catch up with writing and reading that has fallen sadly behind. This morning I wrote a dozen letters, made up my notes to date, and read somewhat at Bulnes Pouvenir de los Países Hispano-Americanos. This book I have had for a year but have waited about reading it. And now that I am here I find Bulnes sprung into a glare of public light. He has lately published a book El Verdadero Juarez and his name is on every tongue. In the Chamber of Deputies an effort was made to prevent his seating; his son has nearly had a duel with another man because of his father's utterances; broadsides are posted up by Liberal clubs denouncing his work; in the Comic Measures El Verdadero Bulnes

is presented. — Here in Puebla one sees still some of the political announcements of the Candidacy of Don Porfirio Diaz (Jr.) as Governor of this State. The full inwardness of this I cannot see. Don Mucio was re-elected; the State Secretary announced the re-election as unanimous, a remonstrance has been made as some of the electors did not vote for him. Meantime Don Mucio is in the Capital City ill, and the President called upon him personally to express his interest. It is whispered that something will be found for him and that Porfirio may still be Governor here. Don Mucio is a native of one of Nuevo Leon (?) but a resident of this State. He is said to have conducted a successful meat business here. — Ramon Corral was called from Sonora to the Capital just about the time when trouble began between Limantour and Reyes. There were three candidates for V. P. — Mariscal, Limantour, & Corral. In the afternoon I took a walk for rest and to call on Manning. He will try to secure for me one of the Anti-Bulnes broadsides of the Melchior-Ocampo Liberal Club. Between 5 and 6. There was rain, very heavy and with lightning. At 7.15 Manuel came to see me. I was in the a.m. to see the others. Found Lola alone, lying in rags on the floor, where she has been for a month suffering terribly with rheumatism or some such trouble. (M. whispers that she is embrijada because four doctors have tried in vain to do something for her). Mrs. Vasquez came in and both told sad stories

about the boy - as an undutiful son and an unloving brother. It is hard to strike a real balance in the case. He does not sleep at home but with a companion. This seems to me all right: their room is small, he can sleep there & leaving at dawn would disturb them, and it is far from his work; he claims to have tried to get them to move with him. That he answers too quickly when nagged is undoubtedly true. I have no doubt too that he has friends and spends. He claims to have saved until Lola's case used up his savings. They claim that he gives little and grudgingly. It is hard to know what to do. — brought extraordinary on Wednesday. I 12¹⁵ wrote many letters, notes, &c. and read at Bulnes. Went to the market, saw some books, &c. Went to see how Dolores was. She was sitting up but suffering a good deal. They were surprised to see me as Emanuel, who is not working, told them he was going with me out to El Valor! It began raining at five o'clock, after the blackest possible clouds from 2 o'clock on, but neither in rain nor lightning approached last night. The Plaza was decorated prettily with a good quality of little flags today on account of the State Government's announcement of the election of Porfirio Diaz and Ramon Corral to serve for the six year period as President and Vice-President respectively. Illumination and fireworks to be postponed until

Vicente Moscoso, Canoa 1, Puebla.

Knows a nun who has a fine cilicós camisa.

Saturday in case of bad weather.

The seventeen year old grandson of our host, named Carlos Carey, son of an American father has been here this time. I remarked to him this evening that "the family" is large. He said "yes, Grandfather had eighteen children." "Ten still living" I said "I heard him telling someone today that he had ten hijos and seventeen nietos." "Seventeen, yes - seventeen legitimos and many others sprinkled around."

13th A day of no achievement and many uncertainties. Read Bulnes all the morning which was a depressing business. Called to see Dolores, which was no less depressing. Listened to tales of Emanuel's depravity - that he was there a moment this am. but would not help raise her to a sitting position. That he had pushed his mother forcibly twice the other day. That she came near beating him and that he said he was not subject to her; while the Jefe says he is so. That she is near asking to have him send to the army for two years, because he will not be as a son to her. That he spends his time with bad girls and spends his money lavishly on foolish friends; that he is drinking pulque and spirits. Also depressing. As he is not working today I begged her to go to see him and tell him I wished to see him at 12 o'clock. He did not come then, nor at 1 o'clock. So I went to her house & then to his -

Coin's to seek.

Morelia.	1852	1/8.	2. <u>00</u>	1843 also.
Quintupan.	1854.	1/8.	. 50	
Xamora.	1858.	1/8.	. 25	
ario		1/8.		

Alfaro 19. He was just rising from his bed. He
lives in a room two or threetimes the size of
theirs: the walls are white and with some pictures.
There is a bed, on which he was, apparently for
two - probably his young man friend - and two
petates on the floor. He was not cordial and
made a lame excuse that his mother did not
come until after 12. and that he was going to
come when he went to see Pene, about leav-
ing. That Pene's hour was 2 to 3. As it was
then 2, I told him to go there. We walked a
little together and I told him I needed his help.
Yet tho I was home from 3 on he came not.
- From about 5 until after 7, there was a heavy
downpour of rain with brilliant sky-filling
lightning in wonderful, high, dividing, zigzaggy
flashes. ————— I expected Manuel to come around
14th in the morning, but time passed without his do-
ing so. I found that he and his mother were around
after I went to bed last night. At nine o'clock I went
over to the house, where Lola seemed to be in much
pain. Mrs. Basquez had much to say about the boy
blaming him right and left and among other things
that he had expressed doubts about my desire that
his box had not yet come. This irritated me exten-
sively because I had intended making a search with
him for the box yesterday - had already, this am.

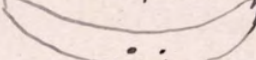
been to the school and set the machinery at work to find out about its whereabouts. I gave Lola Spers and then left with the intention of having nothing more to do with the boy. By the time I reached the Hotel however I decided to arrange the matter of the box anyway & so sent the woman (portera) with a note to come. He came with his mother. I had a long talk with him & then sent him to the freight house. Macario had just been there stirring up matters: the box has been there twenty days! We went down to the school and I arranged with Valdarama to get it out & give it over to the boy. I then had dinner with him and sent my stuff over to the Ry. I tried to reach some just arrangement of pay with the boy for going with me; he had arranged with the Co. but it was impossible. He recd. 14 p. the last quincena, of which he gave 3 for his capa; this quincena he will receive 7.75 of which a final payment of 3 goes for his capa. This makes actually turned over to his mother for the month of Lola's illness 15 p. Out of this is roomers 3p. and his breakfast & dinner. I told him I would care for him & turn in 15p. to his mother. He could not see why she should not have 28p. which + his high expenses, I could not think of paying. So I sent him home. Train left on time at 1.30 and arrived at Apizaco on time; but the uptrain was a full hour late & we gained no time reaching the City at 8.05 p.m. To Hotel Lara & Rest. Selmonia

15th. I made a pleasant call upon Guereau, leaving a copy of my book. He is now a diputado having successfully carried out his campaign. He is anxious to found a monthly magazine here and believes there would be large money in it: he wishes to know whether it would be possible to raise money for the enterprise in the U.S. He would wish to be the editor. He thinks the subscription list and sales would give a great return without counting the advertisements which he believes would prove a mine of wealth. From 16000 to 20000 pesos is the capital he thinks would be necessary. His idea is for illustrated, popular, paid-authors, &c. He seems to have taken my Jour. Soc. Review pretty seriously writing letters of explanation meeting my criticisms in detail to his publisher: he claims that I did not understand his meaning. He has published roughs lately. He is much stirred up over the Bulnes matter, tho he thinks the outbreak against him and the talk of not-seating him, &c., &c. unwarranted and foolish. — From him I went out to the Mexican Central Ry. and got some exchange — Met W.S. Spencer on the street and took him for a niece. He lives at the Shubide and has begun work. He thinks he will not open an actual office — at least for the present. — He went with me to call upon Padre Marin, who was doing fairly well. I paid the poor old man the Cop. I owed him. — From here I walked slowly out to Alfredo Chaverro's, so as not to reach there too early. He has been ill most of the time since his return from St. Louis. He lives in an

elegant home - real marble steps, beautiful and curious
ancient artworks on the walls etc. He was gratified at
the little loan and looked at all the pictures. He made
running comment on the authors as he went: Molina
Solis has died: Alaminano was his classmate in
school - and he says he was ~~not~~ a full Indian - that his
father was, but that his mother was white, one of the most
notably white women he ever knew; Choniga he ordines -
"a mere copier"; Gamboa is his sobrinio and both he
and his wife are ill in Washington; Delgado is his dear
friend; Paprio Pana a man of most notable intellectual
power, no one in Mexico to compete with him. He was
delighted with the way in which his country treated the
Geographers. The President's Reception was to his taste &
the Banquet was astonishing to the foreign guests, who as-
sured him that neither in the Court of Vienna nor in the
French Republic functions could it have been surpassed.
- Walked then to Bates' house, where I met a warm
reception. He has just published a pamphlet on his
work at Huixtla, Tixcoco & El Garilan, of which he
gave me a copy. It is a marvel of extravagance, having
cost 5p. a copy, but contains two items - a true & a
real interest. One is the great wall at Huixtla, with
the upper course covered with risch stones, rounded with
rounded ends & set in full depth of the conical bodies,
the second is the curious construction of adobes ere-
cting three sides of a rectangle & with a little cist
at the centre of an included construction, which con-
tained two bolols, one capping the other, within which
were bits of copal, some jade laminae and a jade ear-

ornament; the third was the round construction, pyramidal as El Gabilan. Interesting to me also were the pieces of pottery architectural decoration like those from Teotihuacan. He is also working at the bringing out of a reproduction of the maps of the Aztec pilgrimage, which he plans to prove post-Congress in date. He is also "answering" Chavero on the Taloc matter and showed me his illustrations. For my own part I believe he is on a wrong trail. Chavero rarely writes a better article than the one on this matter & while I am not convinced of his identification, I am satisfied with his arguments against it being Taloc. Strains show the kind, and I was amused to find that Seler called upon him, for the first time! and that Saville has lately written him a friendly letter. He says he is to have a half-million dollars for work at San Juan de Teotihuacan, which is more money than he ought to have for any piece of work from the Mexican government. He claims that he was offered & has refused the Directorship of the Museum; he says its condition is deplorable. That the former enmity of Justo Sierra has given place to great friendship and that soon, after Sierra's daughter's wedding, he is going to give him a banquet. He is building a great new home behind his present property and is anxious to sell all his collections. He has a remarkable collection of obsidian showing all its applications and forms, which he will sell for 10000p. He is offering the Dept. a collection of human teeth, eight in number.

ber, showing forms of modification employed in Mexico
for 400 p. which he claims an American dentist
has offered him. He has a beautiful and remarkable
piece of copper, crescentic, with gold coating remaining
in small patches

 - the piece may
be eight inches from tip to tip. He has a curious bead,
that looks black inside & dull brown-red outside, until
held up to the light when the interior looks like a dull
green glass. I believe this to be European, tho from his
excavations.

He tells me not to despair of the birds;
that he will pilot the whole matter. I tell him I will
make no more to sell. — ~~At~~ ^{After} noon, before meeting
Spencer, dropped in to see Herrera. He is sulking over
his maltreatment by Trans. of Biology and Science, to
both of which he sent articles that have not been ac-
cepted. He thinks himself badly treated and "will send
nothing more to the TCS." He was much interested in
looking over my Authors and insists that I know
much more about Mexico than he does. I looked some-
what through the cases there and was gratified with
the work he is doing. I had never well grasped the idea
of the work of the Commission before. It is doing what
with us would be part of the work of the Dept. of Agricul-
ture — a study of insects and other foes to cultivated plants
and how to combat them. They publish a Boletín, in
which specific forms of pests are considered. — In
the afternoon I recd. passes, reports, and a pleasant
letter from the office of Pres. E. N. Brown of the National
Railways of Mexico. — At 5 o'clock I called on Dr. J. C.

Pay learning a copy of my book with him. After supper I dropped in to Dr. Butler's and later called on Dr. Leon. He has inveigled Bombitch into reproducing a ms. for him. The total cost was 240 p. the work being done here. It is really pretty good reproduction and cheaply enough done. 50 copies were printed, of which 25 went to Bombitch and 25 to Leon. Leon holds his for sale at 10 p. to institutions and 18 to individuals. -

16th Sunday. After writing a lot of letters in the am. I took car for Coyocacan and called pleasantly on Rosa who was very pleasant and put his library at my disposition. He has been ill for a long time: had an accident with broken leg since I was here before and now suffers severe after-effects of a hard attack of grip. In the little town plaza there was a band playing. Upon a pedestal near the bandstand is set up one of the stone mops of the old ballplay. It is sculptured on both sides but not well preserved. - On returning from Coyocacan, I stopped at the market to see what I could do in medals. I was dickering with one man, when a Germanic-looking man looking at books turned and said "I know that voice" and then shook me by the hand. I was a long time in really placing him tho he said "I've given you many a dinner!" It proved to be the Swede Nelson, who used to serve table at Mrs. Morrison's. He took me over to his room inviting me to dinner. He has a nice "first floor" room of the common kind right across from the "Ante-Algate." He shares this with a Spanish music teacher and pays 30 p. a month for room & board. He went to teach mod. Langs. at the Agricultural College in Wash.

ington State, where he left the University on a salary of
\$900. They were in financial difficulty & he had to leave
at the end of a year. He went last year to Herminillo, where
he taught English in the State College and to students outside.
Coming here some weeks ago he teaches English having
nine students now & thinks to try examinations for
English teaching in the Escuela preparatoria. We ate a
very decent Spanish dinner together and had quite a talk.
He saw a review of my *Authors* in a recent number of
The Herald, which tho' criticising some points was pretty
favorable. He said he was going to give the Herald a tip
about my being here, which he did with remarkable exp.
a note appearing announcing "Prof. Felix Blau" - "Kumme
in Mexico for his book Mexican Authors" - &c. - In
morning over to San Andres, Ines D. Baca and was
received after by Miss Lepton, Miss Lewis, Dr. Lewis, & Dr. Lice-
aga, who invited me to go with them by coach to the Bull
Fight. I pleaded other engagements but promised a call
in the evening. The Padre was better & glad to see me.
We had a long talk about books &c. - To Tacuba to see
Albany and leave his book. Had a hard time finding
him in a new house on 2^a de Industria. Had a rather
stiff call. Reaching home at 5.45 found a 5.30 card
from Spencer inviting me to supper, if I returned in time.
We went to Cambrinus, where we picked out a rather
good aggregation of plato sueltos, to a pretty high price
of 2.50 + 25. We then went around to call on Miss Lepton
& Miss Dr. Lewis at the Palace Hotel. They have come for
Miss Lepton's health & have been here about a month. The
Lewis will return Thursday, Miss Lepton will stay a
week or so longer. Plainly Dr. L. is interested in Miss L.
It is the first visit of all. They got some of the *Geograph*

ers gayety and have had a fine time — Monday
17th was a busy day, so full that I did not eat a mouthful
from breakfast until 4.15 when I got two sandwiches as
I was ready to mount the train. My linguistic catalog
sent by Hardy, by certified mail, came to hand all
right so I took it and went to look over Padre Mena's
linguistic works. Found several that were new and I
also looked hurriedly over his books of autographs
which I decided to take "pig in the poke" at the price
he named yesterday. When I then took the whole lot
to the Hospital for his inspection, he set a price of 8
pesos on the books and one of sixty on the autogs.
I took them, to settle for on my return from this little
trip. Padre is much better and looks more like life.
Leaving at 4.15, I took occasion to look over my
purchase and feel well satisfied. There are a lot
of vcrims, one at least regal, one of Hidalgo, a num-
ber of presidents among the autographs, a lot of
quad portraits and some interesting Maximilian
and Guadalupean stuff. — The ride was as beau-
tiful as ever, but we were late, reaching Toluca
at 8 p.m. After eating at the Leon de Oro, I went to
call on Dr. Burrell, but he had gone out, would not
be likely to return before ten. Leaving word that
he should come around then, I took a moonlight
stroll around town. Returning at 9.45 I found him
waiting and we visited until 12.15. I never realized
before that when we made our Dulles trip to

gether, he had already been several months in the Republic during which time he traveled a good deal in the Puebla-Heracruz borderland. He is really a good observer and remembers remarkably. He was near Tepic, Tan and went up a mountain Chim--- On coming down an old man told him that that mountain used to be one of the fire stations - the second from the coast, for signalling up to Tonochtitlan. He interestingly describes a battle be-

-tween tarantulas and scorpions that he once saw in the Papantla district. Two men had the insects in tubes of bamboo. One of tarantulas, the other of alacranes. They were dropped into a big basin & there was great interest on the part of the spectators. He described the methods of the combatants and said that usually good spirit was shown in both.

He referred to the particular reputation for venom of the alacranes of Orizaba and of a little area in Guanajuato around Salvatierra. The region is peculiar geographically and is one of recent vulcanism, the chimneys & other craters being exceptionally fresh and clean. The alacranes of the region are of a yellow-brown color and small, but when held up in the light are iridescent.

18th The Dr. is now Prof. of English in the Instituto & showed me some articles in the Boletín. One of these was upon the early population of Anahuac, apparently confined to Tlaltecatlan; another by a

Señor Villada upon a trip to the Cavern of Cacahuamilpa he gave me. He had also borrowed to show me a stone serpent in a rather heavy hard dark greenish stone; it is not very well made but is rather interesting because it is in an unusual position and is clearly a rattlesnake as shown by the flat head and rattled tail . Leaving at 10.05 we reached Acambaro at 4.45. I had not forgotten the broad, low, rolling, lufas beyond Toluca with the mts. bordering, nor the great plain of Xaltahuaca, but I had completely forgotten the little wild cañon & the wonderful way in which the road comes out on the very brink of a great bank of the main valley at its mouth. This is really one of the most impressive railroad scenes I remember. Nor did I one half remember the picturesque old bridge at Charavatio and the cypresses in the red water all along here. I spent most of the time till 9.30 in walking around the town: the great grove in the church enclosure, the dense tree growth in the older Plaza, the granite the crude carved stone border of the basin fountain I had forgotten. The old bridge is fine. I walked to its middle height by moonlight. The guarding pillars, the good stone work, the seats for tired & lovers, the single arch of the old bridge higher upstream, all were striking. Between mosquitoes and too much egg-eating I had a bad

La perla del rocío.
La gota de agua

Novelia

"

might without sleep. — Took the Uruapan train
19th at 9:10 and reached Morelia at 12:30. It was
a beautiful day. The salt making at Huenigo
still goes on and the waste piles, the leaching
vats and the scraping of the salt soil were all in
evidence. What I never saw before were the big
log troughs for evaporation, with rain shells. Nor
do I remember seeing so much cutting and
drying of rushes (cattails) in the Lake. They are
laid out side by side in the sun and look as
if arranged for sewing together into matting. The
huts here are almost all made of rushes — i.e.
rush walls and rush thatching. — Went at once
up town, stopping at Hotel del Jardin. After dinner
went to the Colegio de San Nicolas. The old building
has two quite large patios cut off from each other by
a middle wall altho the corridors run through unin-
terruptedly. The students were waiting for call to
classes and were walking up and down in the corridors.
There are all ages and conditions. I was rather in-
terested in three young men who were certainly pure
Indians, presumably Tarascons. One of them was
short, all were rather stout, but the faces were all
distinctly of one type — with the heavy Indian face
and the broad lower face, straight black hair, and the
rather unexpressive features. They were the three
best dressed there and I could but wonder a little
about them. After waiting a full hour and no
Romualdo appearing I asked the Secretario about
him. He has not been here for three days past.

Santa Isabel Xiloxochfla. $1\frac{1}{4}$ league from Sta. Ana: in the sacristy (a) a cuadro, time of Velasco 2^d view - with names of the principes and portraits after the style of the codices: (b) a cuadro of the apparition of Ocotlan (c) notice also the decoration of the temple. (d) external inscriptions.

does not know where he lives, somewhere near the Plaza de Toros. I went then to the Meson de San Francisco, where he used to live, but he had gone "somewhere near the Plaza de Toros. So I hunted up the Plaza of Toros. From an old man at the corner inquired. After some questioning and learning that he was at the Colegio, he directed me to a house where "hay algunos colegiales" and where, by good luck, Romaldo was. We had quite a visit together there. He told me of his Tepeaca visit after his examinations last year. It is a great town for Indians and their language is a large one. Otomis and Aztecs both patronize it and he had some conversation with the Otomis in regard to their ideas of the spirits. He says there is a very curious system of bacteria to be observed among the Indians in this market, which he did not know of before. The market day is Friday. He told me of the documents regarding which he wrote me, at Santa Isabel. He had quarrels with his family and the Governor took away his permission so he left Puebla and came here. Since he came misfortunes have overtaken his family and repentance the Governor, but he does not care. His examinations

here begin tomorrow and will conclude next week. He will not go to Puebla until the middle of December to sell his books & gather together his belongings, etc. Here he is studying Spanish grammar. He proposed that we should take a walk and thinking we might find some of his Tarascan friends there - mostly from Santa Fe de la Laguna - we went around to the Meson de San Francisco. No Indias were there but I really found it extremely interesting. It is market day and the patio was full of animals and men. One man came in with five ^{boxes} each with two crates full of guayabas: these were packed in with hay and only glimpses of the contents were to be had between the stiches of which the crates were made. A regular account is kept, by a man at the table by the door, as they come & go. In columns are put names, towns, rooms if they take one, price to pay for accommodation, etc. Altho I have been in Mesons, only one was on market day - at Chilchota - and I have never realized the business, as such. It was interesting to notice, that whenever a room was taken a little boy was left on guard. From here we walked out over a really open country road to the Bosque de San Pedro, which I but badly remembered. It is far more extensive and more in a state of nature than I remembered. The broad driveways and promenades though it are fine and made but there is much neglect and the shade; mud and dense is a little oppressive. It is a great place for students and we met many who belonged to San Nicolas who were studying, pacing, at the same time. I got a much better idea of the Aguedones than before. It brings water until now & Romualdo indicated to me in the mts. at some distance, where the water emerges. It comes

Señor José María Alcocer, 19 Calle del Valiente.

from a narrow ravine, between hills, gushing out in force, and is carried around a long way before emerging boldly into the open lights of day in the raised aqueduct, which is of a reddish stone. Romualdo did not know of the Aztec garden, said there was none when I spoke of it, but was committed on my producing it. It is a little rectangular garden, to one side of the Boyre near the calzada. It is pretty & while irritating in its half-way truth, deserves better than I had been inclined to admit. It represents an idea of someones, really embodied, and as such deserves respect. We had a great time asking for the Calle del Valiente; no one here knows the streets. I finally let Romualdo go & I pursued my own inquiries. At last I found the st. which is near the Hotel and left word for senior Alcocer who was not at home, that I would call tomorrow at 8 a.m.

After supper I walked by moonlight again to the Boyre. — In the morning I wrote up notes at 20th before breakfast and at 8 o'clock was at Sr. Alcocer's. He is an older man than I had expected — looking a little like Justo Sierra. His work in art is really a side issue though he sells. He showed me such samples of work as were around. Three or four table tops with elaborate interwoven designs, a few plaques and trays, &c. There were no examples with the Aztec designs. His prices are for table top photographed 35, for trays photographed; 12 a pair; for plaques with a simple pattern in yellow and black 10p. etc. He considers the art really ancient and claims that there are still pieces of the age of the Conquest. Originally, of course, the work was done with native colors from about Uruapan, black and yellow, both mineral colors. At present no dyes applied to ground &c. etc. in

41 53

Chiapas today, but later to wooden foundations. With the coming of the missionaries we have the introduction of a wider range of foreign colors, the separation of the workers into a special quarter of the town and the development of the art to something like its present status in Uruapan. He says we may still secure the raw black & yellow materials that were originally used and promised me a card to Dr. Trevino of Uruapan.

(a) Round table top, diam. 48 cm., a leather brown foundation with central designs in white; a chain of ^{not exact} three different sized links the two larger black, with yellow border, and the larger ones with a border of white spots: the smaller circles are red with white inner & outer borders: through all are white patterns; outside a zone with a plaid effect of red, yellow, & black lines; a border line of white dots & a black line; a narrow zone of white patterns on leather background, a border line of white dots & black line & a final border with rays of black, yellow, & red: dotting with red and yellow occur variably.

(b) oval tray - one of a pair: measures 31 x 23. Has a complicated pattern of interlacing bands shading from ^{gray} white through olives & leathers; these are bordered on both sides with white spots: at the four quadrants points of the border a curious patterns like developments of owl-heads - with two mud eye spots and a triangle beak: the eyes have a white centre, dull yellow borders, a brown band white dotted, dull yellow band & brown band; the beak triangle is brown white dotted centre, yellow & thin brown bands; around it the shaded yellow, to gray band with white spots brown band border & the narrow yellow border. The spaces in the central interlacing bands

are brown white-dotted. The parts outside of these described are divided into irregular spaces with white-pink-lt. yellow shaded lines each of which spaces are filled with concentric or banded agate like fillings of brown, yellow, brown white-dotted, yellow-brown alternating. On the whole a capricious but gracefully carried out piece. On the whole the Señor delights in dull and delicate colors and avoids those which are most characteristic of the Indian work of Huapam. His house is

close to the photograph gallery of Arcadio Calderon where I arranged to have two negatives made and where time was lost in talk, breakfast eating, etc. But to ensure the things being done I sat right down and held a siege, tho I would have liked to look around town. When finally the two negatives were made and set to dry it was nearly eleven o'clock and I only had time to make a hurried trip to the Museo Etnoethnografico which, while far from being in proper shape, has grown and somewhat improved. Among things that either are new or this time attracted my attention were—(a) a pottery cover, consisting of two rather narrow strips of clay—crossing at right angles and arched; at the lower ends, each had a figure of a human being facing outward: the figures are small, crude, broad in proportion to height. (b) Another arch, almost solid, with two of the feet gone: there is decorative work in incised lines—e.g. but I do not remember its nature. Both of these are entirely comparable with the specimens from Lake Chapala. (c) (d) Two glass, broad figures, entirely comparable with the Hyde-Brigden type, tho with differences. The red coloring used in detail is astonishingly bright. The

two figures while of the same character are quite different in size: one may be 15 inches the other 10. They are said to have come in latity and were found nine leagues north. (e) a magnificent elegantly made obsidian car wheel: must measure 3 inches diam or two in height, very thin, broken. (f) a metal object, also from Tzintzuntzen not carefully enough examined to describe. It is in the same satin-lined case with the last. (g.h.) Two fine and large obsidian knives with "mango". (i) a fine double human monster: two well-formed heads, two bodies. A fairly recent local piece. Photographs, with description by Lim of a parasitic monster, local, Indian, living, female, where the different parts of a human face show themselves in the sacral region. (k). Some collection of coins and medals very badly placed. Among them a pretty good Mexico '18 of 1843; also a '18 from Ario, in bad condition.

Hurrying now to the photographer's found the negatives hardly beginning to dry and left to be re-washed ready for Saturday, when the photographer suggested I could send a cargador comiendo for them. Arrived at the Hotel and waiting a little cargador presented himself, whom I decided to take along to Umapan for help and company and to have ready for this "heavy call" - Martin Calderon, No 23, father also a cargador. - Leaving at 12.30 we had no incidents to Umapan. Quite a rain at Patzcuaro. After crossing the lake shore, seeing prettily some of the little towns and islands we began to rise, getting a good view back over the dried valley - of the whole lake. Presently it is

our left we saw the pretty little Lake Tziahuen, which all the Conductions here think the finest in the region. It is really pretty, with very regular outline, nestled among hills and with a few little islands: the water is said to be remarkably clear & immediately below the surface very cold. We pretty nearly creviced in before we were through. From here we presently began to run over the fears of engineering - where curve after curve is made & our road may be seen at several different levels at one time. All this reminded me of the apparently endless descent we made hereabouts on horseback in 1897. It was even by the time we reached ^{Jiquaco} ~~Jiquaco~~ from where we made a steady descent along one downslope. It was dark before we reached Uruapan, where we found the Station far from town and a long uphill ride on the hamway. — Dr. Cristobal Trevino to whom I brought 21st a card from Dr. Alcocer was on the train with us as we came last night. I had suspected as much hearing someone call him "Doctor", but did not venture to speak to him. He has just had an accident, his horse falling over upon his leg. He received me cordially this morning and only regretted his inability to personally accompany me. He put me in charge of his muzz, Juan, who did all in his power for us. On our way to the painters, he took us to the Dr's ice factory where a dozen little tanks of ice are made at once & where more interesting to me were two little mills for tortilla masa. These

are run by the same water power as runs the ice factory and have just the capacity of a little basket full of the soaked grain. It is poured into a receptacle at the side of the mill, worked in & falls out as masa on a clean board below where the woman collects it and transfers it to her cloth lined basket. She pays a cuatilla for the service. Both were running when we were there and a third woman was waiting her turn. Juan says there is a steady demand and that they come until late at night. There is a good deal of this grinding done now in the country, both on the large and small scale. In Puebla there is a large factory of tortillas. This I don't like, but I do not object to the women bringing their little messes to the mill. — We crossed the river here on one of the picturesque, shingle-roofed bridges so characteristic of this Tarascan district and I was pained to see below it, down stream a modern style of bridge of stone. The natural ones are far more picturesque. — Juan took me directly to the house of the Compa-rans, who are according to the Doctor, the best workers. Two men draw the designs and four women do the work. The wood used is Sirimo, as it is porous and without resin. The plaques of this wood are brought to market ready made by the Indians of San Juan de las Colches. In response to too directly put questions they told us that the batallas of medium size sell at 10 reales a dozen; small ones at 2 r. a dozen. As another horse they said when you buy a dozen they come piled up

a pile and pressing from below upward and that you have to buy as they come. This was not stated in answer to any question but in family complaint at price I ^{must} pay for plain ones, and I suspect it is true. Besides the batallas and table tops and oval trays - all old forms they are making tooth-brush soap-dishes, wall pouches, panels, pillars, fruit dishes, &c., &c. And as this house they are using many art designs and patterns from outside. The form is first covered with a rather thick layer of oil mixed with ajé and plaster and with a foundation color. This coating may be gray, blue, pink, green, black - any color, but these are the commonest. Ah Comparans may delight in the gray and a dull green. After this has been lusted and dried the designs are penciled and then cut with a little pointed steel implement - sharp at one end and developed into a blade at the other. The point cuts the lines, the blade scrapes out the space in the outline exposing the bare wood. A mixture of oil, ajé, and tepoxtuta is filled into these spaces and rubbed with the hand palm until the hollows are actually filled and firmly and smoothed. The color, in very small quantity is then mixed with a little albayalde and applied with fingers and still more with a bit of cotton. When enough color has been rubbed in & taken up, the whole is repeatedly and hardy rubbed to clean with the palm and the lustre then developed with a bit of oil and ajé and the palm. The ajé comes from Huastamo; the tepoxtuta from "the tierra caliente". To reward the woman for her demonstration we brought a number of little plaques and one

pair of medium standard size, paying 25c. a pair for
the little ones and 10 reales a pair for larger ones. These
prices were in my opinion a little high, tho the little
ones involve almost as much work as the larger. I
could not however get them to sell me any showing made
of manufacture, no matter how hard I tried. All that were
making were ordered - promised and we had to get along
without. So we went to another house, where we were
able after some talking to get two plain baletas. ^{unpainted}
for 5 reales. We also secured a series of three with a
black ground one of which was to be finished up in
flower designs of green, the other only "dibujado". I
let Juan give the order, but believed all was well as he
surely knew what I wanted. All the finished work
here was green on black and some was solid green
wall & others only outlined in green. When we
left here Juan proposed we should see the Disfrutá
which we found quite extensive. It is a dense plant-
ing of cape, but there are fruit trees as well. Juan
told the gardener's wife we were friends of the ~~garden~~
and then proceeded to cull some fruit - bunches of orange
and of limes and of narajolimas. These were new to
me and I don't like them much. They are almost like
an orange in shape and form but have a bit of a
button opposite the stem attachment like a lima &
are of a whitish-yellow color. They have little juice
& little flavor, like a lima. Juan also gathered some
exceedingly sweet-scented pure white flowers for me
"las palomas." They grow in clusters at the end of

upright stalks, sheathed with leaves like a canna (!). The flowers are pure white, large, long-tubed, with spreading corolla elements, giving the general impression of an orchid. Single flowers were torn and from clusters where past were already faded, others not yet opened. Loaded with our fruit, blossoms, and batallas we now walked back over the old bridge of my former memories which still exists with its pretty roof, its benches for rest, its beautiful tumbling water with bath place for horses. Now only on one side and above the bridge is the bathing permitted; on the same side below there is a large factory of cotton goods which is about to be still further enlarged by building. Walking down the st. which runs along side of this we were next led by a little path, between a narrow aqueduct & the river's edge to a little foot-bridge with benches, and the lights plant. Here was an extremely lovely fall of the blue clear water amid dark volcanic rock in which it had produced many irregular artesian and admirable potholes Juan says, after hesitation that the River is Cupaticio. Tho he thinks this beautiful he thinks we ought to see the Cascade of Zararacua. No doubt he is right - others think so too. From here we went into town where we found aje and albayalde both for sale as regular articles. We had been given some tepalcates as our first home. We secured a steel instrument as the market, unlike the one we had seen

Tarascan Words : San Juan de las Colchas.

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| 1. ma | 11. lembinkama |
| 2. tẓiman | 12. lembinkatẓiman |
| 3. tanimo | 13. tēmbin katanimō |
| 4. tāmo | 14. kēmbin katamo |
| 5. yumo | 15. lembinkayum. |
| 6. kurimo | 16. lembinkakwimo |
| 7. yuntẓiman | 17. lembinkayuntẓiman |
| 8. yuntanimō | 18. lembinkayuntanimō |
| 9. yuntāmo | 19. lembinkayuntāmo |
| 10. tēmbin. | 20. meikwa ^s |
| | 21. meikwas ^s kama |
| | 22. meikwa ^s katẓimani |
| | 30. meikwa ^{xc.} skatembin. |
| | 40. tẓimani ^s kwats. |
| | 50. tẓimani ^{xc.} kwats ^{xc.} tēmbin |
| | 60. tanimikwa ^s |
| | 70. tanimikwa ^s skatembin |
| | 80. tamokwa ^s |
| | 90. tamokwa ^s skatembin |
| | 100. yumik ^{xc.} kwats |

Katei = hand

achiātē = man

achamas "

han-dzire. fast.

Abel Ceras.

in use and left word to have another made. —
While waiting at the Hotel in the early afternoon
we got to talking with the 12 yr. old boy there employed.
He is high and gave me some ideas. He is from San
Juan de las Colchas, where they make batallas, but
left there when five years old. He speaks Tarascan
and says he is an indio, tho he is far from it. He gave
me the Tarascan numerals, which are purely quin-
ary-vigesimal. which I did not clearly realize
from Remondos' list the other day. He says his papa
grande, mother's father, had three books in Tarascan
of different sizes, which he indicated. Unfortunately
he could not remember his grandfather's name & yet more
unfortunately he is now dead. The boy himself is Abel
Ceras: his mother is Rosario Romey; he has an uncle,
I think still at San Juan, Longinos Ceras. I don't know
what a search might do. This boy insists that the
artists use three different shaped cayados, which
he sketched and no one of which was like the one we
first saw. This makes four, apparently, — all alike in
reality being point at one end and blade at other. When
our ordered one was secured it was like one of Abel's forms
and not our original one. We ordered another made but
the thing botched. — Abel says in Chichapa (?)
there is an indio, Ventura Hernandez who has six ^{figs}
on each member: the fingers at least are minus &
stand out from the side of the hand's articulation: one child
in form, a little girl, is also a full case of hexactyly.
— Thus started Martin told me of a case in Mexico

The Padre at Paracho (long settled) is an excellent
master of Tarascan. (Quirino says)

of a boy, about his size, who often keeps upon the st
and as the train, who has no real hand, but from the
end of his stumpy arm there grow nine dedetos.
also as Mmellia is a rich man, whose name he does
not know, who has at least on one hand a triple
thumb. ————— In the early afternoon it rained
but cleared along about 4 o'clock. I went to see Dr.
Juan Calderon, to whom the Dr. had referred me, as hav-
ing some antiquities and some mmellas. To my sur-
prise I found that he had a really good collection. The
Coins I did not see, but he says he has 500, 300 of
copper and 200 silver: he has many curiosities as old
fashions, high rings, shoes and "wares"; in archaeology
he has a beautiful local series: the general aspect is
typically Tarascan, but there are many new & fine
things. A great shallow circular dish of stone with a
neatly fitting cover; a good stone figure about a foot
high from San Juan de los Colechas; some good tripods
and bowls in white-black-red decoration; two minia-
ture metates with nibblers; a fine claw, pierced, of a
rich green stone; a very little face in minute, almost
microscopic detail, in a white stone; great quantities
of copper bells in two forms & sizes, larger common type,
smaller wonder - found in three lots in different
parts of the town; a pair of near pottery figures 8 or 9
inches high from Xehuatzyn; seven (six entire) glas
figures of pottery, light colored, with wonderful variety
of hair dressing in strange forms, some hanging down
as the face sides, &c. — all found in one broken vessel

of pottery within the time limits, a beautiful pottery figure with wonderful detail of feature, ornament, tattooing &c. perhaps eight or nine inches high from a neighboring town; a polished stone jaguarules; a life size clay phallus; a number of the Newlynica-Tarasco stone clubheads. — these are among his more interesting things. He wants to sell and has them ready wrapped. Two Americans — are a Mr. Capps? are prospective buyers. But he must sell everything or nothing; curiosities & antiquities and his price is 1000 pesos. If he can't get that he'll keep all.

Through here I found preparations for celebrating the day — Oct. 21. — commemorative of the death of the martirs, whose monument stands in the little Plaza. The monument had been draped and the lion railing around it with the national colors. At 6 pm. the procession started eight or ten men with the colors, the music, a band of soldiers and the gentlemen of the town in their best clothes but a band of crepe across the arm. Arrived, the color bearers flanked the speakers side of the monument, the soldiers distributed themselves to keep off the crowd, the guests seated themselves. The dead march was played and Juan (an Juan) fired the cannon. The orator mounted the cage & proceeded to read his oration. He began with grace & gesture but the electric lights were bad and he ended in a sweat, with his face buried in his upheld ms. and with no traces of gesture. Wreaths of flowers were then handed into the enclosure & quadded about the base of the monument. One ms. was taken from the

prefect of the district, the second from the town govt.,
the third from the Governor of the State: there was one
from the Circulo Cientifico, one from the bar, &c., &c. -
some ten in all. Each was brought up by a representa-
tive and the recipient and locator announced from
whom each came. The national hymn was rendered
and the cannons salutes were sounded from time to
time. — As the Hotel is a lonesome Texan, who
introduced himself. He is a Mr. Wilson, interested in
the Pan-American world. He was blue and dispirited
and visited with me in the early afternoon, in the
later afternoon, at supper, in the early evening he
is not very well content with his results here and
22^d went to bed in two minds about staying tomorrow.
I left my hat in his room and had to roust him out
of bed. That decided him and though 'it was only a half
hour to leaving time he left with us. Train left at 7:30
No incidents of importance. Martin got my negatives,
all rights and was left behind. Mr. Harriman was
at the station and recognized me. He is still interested
in this region. He told me that his daughter is now
living in Ills. wife of a Professor in a Normal School.
He hears from the McCornicks, who seem well
situated in Puerto Rico. We had been delayed some
in reaching Chovelica by a car off track on a freight
train, but were at Acambao in season. Sorry not
to have seen the road from there to Empelne Juncos
by daylight. There was a man here who was

a vague idea. Seem to be a clean, rolling plain
with a river on an left & mountains of broad base
bordering the valley on both sides. A good many
goats and some villages that look Indian-like. A
good supper at Empalme Yoyales, and the through
train nearly on time. Arrived in Mexico at time
23^d at 6.30 Letters, odds and ends, & rambles all
the am. In the afternoon I called on Francisco Abadi-
ano and Father Clarin and at Co's. Looked in upon
W. Green. Also received and looked over Mrs. Butler's
collection of saints. She has not gone into the thing
quite so fully and systematically as I thought, but
it is interesting and creditable. Hardly deserves the
24th term "researches" which she uses in referring to it.
Having decided to buy the Ruiz Sermones en Maya
against Ortiz I went early to Padre Marin's to get
them but no one was in; so I walked around until
9.30 when "she" should be back. She had not yet come
but the young woman let me in and I spent a
couple of hours at books. Got the book, and then
went to Ortiz where I picked up some little things
on linguistics and ~~looked~~ as a fine Zambona Bonif-
-la he had. After due deliberation decided to buy
this. Then went to Dr. Butler's and borrow a Compen-
-dis of National History and made out a list of Dic-
-tary and Presidents for autograph checking. At
three o'clock appeared at Ortiz's to arrange my deal
and waited until five! Too bad as there were other

Codice/ Mariano Jimenez. / Cronica de los Indios
de los pueblos/ Otlaypan y Tepexic. En geroglifico
Aztica y Lengua Castellana y/ Nahuatl. 1549.
Lo publica el Dr. Nicolas Leon, Profesor de Etnologia
en el Museo Nacional de Mexico. — Gov. of Mex
and Mich. Founder of both museums; d. 1892.

Some introductory remarks over the two toms & the
history of the codex. Contains eight pueblos heimgly-
phics, before unknown. The Nahuatl text translated
into Spanish. Was republished by Mr. Bowditch.
16 pages. Statement of what should be paid to the vari-
ous officers of the toms and what they had to pay
as tribute to the Spaniards.

Work done Oficina Impresor del Timbre.

Compendio de la Hist. Gen. de Mexico, Madrid.
1901. — La Bibliografia Mex. del siglo XVIII. 2 vols.
Una apendice sobre Icaz. — Los Tecos — Los Mat-
lalgincas — Los Juaves, — Los Tarascos. — Varios
sobre arq. y ling. in Boletin — Biografia de
Fray Diego Valadez — Many articles in El
Tiempo Ilustrado — El templo mayor de los
Tarascos. (Stuttgart) — N.Y. article in 20 ceps.
— Boletin del Instituto Bibliografico Mexicano.
iii. Los Ex-libris simbolicos de los Bibliofilos Mex-
icanos. — In Memoriam. El Ilmo y Exmo. Sr. Dn.
Dr. Antonio de S. Miguel, Obispo de Michoacan.

El Quino Señor Don Vasco de Quiroga —

Sen says the original colors were white, red, and blue - all earth colors. He showed me a vessel for tortillas made from a calabazo; it is large and is covered with figures of persons. The ground is orange-yellow-red; the figures are a red brown; spots of white are less in more or less geometrical forms. It belonged to his mother's mother, but is well preserved in color & polish, tho it has cracked & been mended by sewing. — He has a wooden plate from Pirichuan, which presents a special Indian art tho affected by Span. ideas. Chicalote oil was used; it gives a remarkable lustre and dries very rapidly. — At Quiroga is also an art of this kind still active; they also use this oil and earth colors. It is called mague. These two pieces are both old; the shell is surely more than a hundred years old.

Things on my list. A Señor Rivas was also waiting who knew me and talked of books. After supper I went to call on Dr. Green to arrange finances, but he was away. Then to Leon's where I had an exceptionally interesting and useful call. We talked over the reproduction, paintings, bookplates, pinturas, &c. — In the morning early I went to Dr. Green, and found him just leaving for his garden. After 25th. - in questioning him in all finance I concluded not to trouble him as he would lose interest on

20

4

Genaro Garcia. — Doncelles, 33.

Carácter de la Conquista Española en América y
en México segun los textos de los historiadores primos-
Fijos. 1 vol. 80. 3,—

Las Antiguas Relaciones de la Florida (escrita una por
Bartolomé Barrientos en el siglo XVI y la otra por fray
Andrés de San Miguel á principios del siglo XVII. 1 vol.
40. 5,—

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1808 Agotado.

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perhaps he might advance to me from last
April. To make good to him his loss and to
pay interest even at his low rate for the time
I would need it would really cost as much as
to borrow directly at the Bank. So to the Bank
I went as soon as it was open and arranged
a loan. I then went to Oronty and paid him the
70p. remaining due on my purchases of yester-
day. He was not open so I called at Genaro
Garcia's but he was not at home. I sat
for some time in his well-filled library at

- waiting him but finally left without seeing him.
From Orizaba I went directly to the National Library
where the Secretary was exceedingly polite and
gave me Leon's second part of the Bibliografica
and the two other Boletines de la Instituto de
Bibliografia including his book-plate paper.
From here I went to see Chavero and waited an
hour without his arrival. After dinner I packed
and leaving all for Mr. Spencer to bring with
him in the coach I started out. Called on
Padre Marin, who really improves daily, and
paid him 84 p. due him. He is much interest-
ed in my book-plate ideas and promises to
have some ready and waiting when I get
back. Called then on Mr. Bates, whom I
found in high feather. He has just got out
his Coattinchara reply to Chavero. It is appro-
priately bound in red cover. When I read it over
as I did promptly on my way to town, I was
really surprised at his showing. It is much
stronger than I anticipated. He told me of
runs well up on the foldas of the volcan
de Colima and referred us to a Señor Rive-
ra in Guadalajara. I had expected to get
my call upon him finished just in time for
train but found myself with time left and
decided to go and get a drink of pinia at the

To add to Card Catalogue of Linguistics.

Molina: Doctrina. 1888. Icazbalceta.

Pimentel. Observaciones -- Mendoza,
Sobron. Los Idiomas de la Am. Lat.

bookstalls stand. As I was passing by the Cathedral I saw a little fellow begging. His feet were all twisted out of position, toes turned upward and one had six toes while the other had only four. I hurried over to find Francisco Abadiano but as he was not there went to find a yessero in 2^a de Reloj. The maestro was not there. As I started back I found a boy selling calaveras from whom I had already bought two. I bought what new ones he had, when a saucy little fellow no more than eleven or twelve years old begged me to alternate purchases with him. On my paying no attention to his suggestion he said, thrusting a narrow folded pink slip of paper before me - "No compras está; es tumbón calavera." "¿Que cosa es?" and looking I saw it was obscenity-headed by a confessional scene and with some bad verses. E muy mal "I said" pero hay otros "Si hay - de Bulnes" he said. "Trae una de Bulnes" I said and he ran returning in a moment, not only with Bulnes but with two others. They were sold me at 3 centavos each and the boy was very fearful lest the gendarme should see him selling them. When I came to examine them I found them really pretty bad. They are actually "calaveras" however and I had not dreamed of

1. view of Nevado + volcano from RR. tracks.
2. view in crater looking w. - house + corral.
3. Nearly similar view - more to n. view looking
4. view from n. of gap on w. side of crater - ne.
5. " " " " " " " "

the existence of such a series before. As I walk-
ed away from Abadian's place after another ef-
-fort to find him I met him in the garden and
took him directly to my little subject. We found
the family together - mother, boy, and two little
sisters. We found when we came to examine
him that his left hand was also hexadactylic and
also amput. The case is entirely sporadic, neither
parent is affected and neither of the other chil-
-dren both of whom are girls younger than he.
Two children have died but neither of them
was affected Abadiano arranged to make me
the three moulds for Spesso. - I now hurried
to the station where Mr. Spencer soon appeared &
we supped and left at 6 o'clock. There were
26th no incidents upon the road. We arrived at
Guadalajara on time and Feliberto Valdivia was
at the station to meet me. We put up at the Cos-
-mopolita, from where - after dinner - we went
to the Aguacal, where Mr. Spencer and I took
a bath. He then slatted out on his business while
Feliberto and I took a long walk. We went first to
call on Mr. Howland. Today ends the school work
for the year. The last examinations were this
morning and tonight they have a velada literar-
-ia. Feliberto has done very well and Mr. Howland
says he appears to be gaining in strength of char-
-acter. I paid 3. for books used in bookkeeping
and 2. rental for other books. The coming year

I agree to pay for his books and they will belong to him. He is also to have lessons in typewriting if in their judgment it seems desirable. He was injured two weeks ago in some athletics; he was playing basket ball and someone struck him in the back of his head. He was senseless for some little time and has had some head pains since.

The next went to the Seminario Mayor, which is but now being completed. It is a fine, great, stone building that would be a credit anywhere. It is three or four stories high, built around a large court. The decorative stone is a purple red. There is considerable carved stone work including angel heads and the portraits of the twelve apostles. We hunted sometime before finding Padre Areola, who received us heartily and introduced us to Padre the Rector. He then showed us about the building: the library is a fine room, shelved to the ceiling and already full of books. The Comestory is on the ground floor and looked neat and clean. Padre Areola lives in the building, as apparently the rest of the teachers do. Their rooms are little ones recalling the cells of the old monasteries. The Padre took us up onto the flat roof from which we saw the City of Guadalupe to better advantage than ever before. It is more compact, and far nearer equal in length and breadth than I had realized. We were shown an extinct volcanic crater, from which the City's water supply is drawn and near is a crater which still shows some dim signs of a dying life. On this roof are two observatories - Meteorological and Astronomical. The former has a double system of open slat protec-

-tion, which the Padre considers particularly good in plan. The door was locked so we did not see the instruments themselves. The astronomical observatory is supplied with two glasses and a chronometer as well as a reference library of practical works apparently adequate for studies such as should be in place here. Padre Arnola has lately been to Aguas Calientes, where he spent some weeks in establishing and organizing a meteorological observatory. He promised us a letter to the mayordomo of the Hacienda of Huacalapa close by the Volcan del Huando. He says it is possible that an ascent of the Volcan proper might be made, in case the rains have washed away a stream of the recently fallen fine material which is difficult alike for man or beast. It would be impossible offhand to say, where such an ascent would be. His own advice was to ascend the Volcan del Chavado, which is higher than Tuzgo and from one point on which one may look down upon the volcano, trace and even measure its crater, and observe any activity. He advised going to the Station of Zapatliltéc, from which the Hacienda of Huacalapa, less than a league distant could be easily reached. He would give a letter to Don Rafael Romero who would arrange details. He would call at 9 o'clock with the letter tomorrow morning. He says a good many things have lately been found at Tacuales, but that the stock is running out. One of his colleagues has a head of a ~~stone~~ ^{piece} stone perhaps approaching jadeite, which he would bring for inspection. Also he would

lend us a camera for photographic work on the trip — We went thence to call on Don Rivera, at a Botica opposite the Hotel Rivera, to find out about the "ruins on Colima" mentioned to me by Bates. He regretted not having photos. having sent sets to both Chaves & Bates. He says to reach the site of his examinations we should go by train to Tux-pam, thence to the Hacienda of San Marcos: there a guide could be secured for Rancho Durazno, the site of the ruins, and the crater if desired. He can not say, without excavation, to what degree the ruin is warranted. What has been found there is sculptured stones. This information we really secured the next day. — From here we walked to the Templo Bautista, where we found Victor and Ramon and a number of the church people. Ramon, according to Feliberto, has had a bad year. Howland had written me something of the trouble. Feliberto was a little scared in telling me all but told a consistent tale. Ramon rented a room, to which he lured a girl belonging to the Congregation. He kept her there against her will five days and violated her. As the church they expelled him. Victor and Mr. Howland tried to get him to marry the girl which he refused totally to do. A family rupture took place. Ramon remained away from the Colegio some days but finally returned & has been there until a month ago when he went to work. He has thus missed his examinations for the year & is

has been born as a result of his folly. As president.
is working on decorating the Temple. Both of
them were entirely glad to see me and had their us-
ual lot of saved-up questions for plumping at me.
Hammig made engagements to see them both later
we left. Feliberto I invited to take supper with us at
7 and from there we went - all three - to the belada
literaria, closing the year's work of the school. Here
as the close we found both Ramon and Ismail Ro-
bles, who accompanied us home. Dismissing the
two boys I gave Ramon his promised interview.
It lasted until after R.O.C. It began with his re-
ligious doubts, his professional career, witch-
craft, &c. - and only when I brought him direct-
ly to it did he deal with his year's fracas. His
story was of course less black than Feliberto's, or
even than Mr. Howland's. He says the girl was by no
means an innocent - that she was a streetwalker
and had other lovers before; that the indiscretion
on his part was foolish and inexcusable - an in-
come thing; but that he ought not to marry her
& bring an abrupt end to his study and an inter-
ference to a career; that he did not know whether
or there was a child, as when replying to
Juan's advice to marry her he had promised to
have nothing whatever to do with her for the
future. I stated my own views if he were stat-
ing the case accurately. But equally

plainly, in case his story were not quite ex-
act — His witchcraft stories were highly interest-
ing. Some acquaintance had secured a property
in which buried treasure was believed. It was re-
ported that four barrels of money had been taken
out and yet shortly beings continued to visit the
place. At night a man and woman walked there,
satiated themselves and disappeared. Those things were
described to Pablo and Ramon who were begged to
make a test with *aguja marcial*. Finally
victor, Pablo and Ramon made the search. The
rods promptly acted and directed them, next to
any spot in the *huerfana* but to the next build-
ing, a house occupied by a soldier's concubine.
She has her one husband who is a drunken
wretch who is no help but only a worry to her.
On some pretext the key to her cottage was se-
cured and she herself sent on some errand.
The sticks promptly pointed to a place inside
a mazo dug and found, placed under a tile, at
a depth of about fifteen cm. a moned of black wax
undergoing witchcraft. It is assumed that she
wished to bewitch her husband. The keys have
the *aguja* they used and the *fyine* saved to
show me. — Ramon Ruons an oldish man,
well-to-do, but reserved and with few friends
who showed him a black wax *moned*, on which

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